

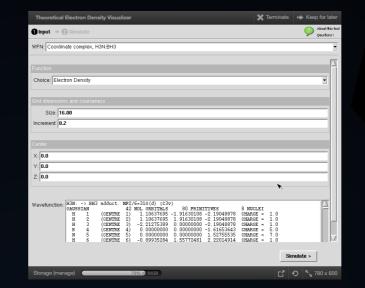
Using Automatic Detection and Characterization to Measure Educational Impact of nanoHUB

Nathan Denny, George Bunch Adams III, Gerhard Klimeck, Krishna Madhavan, Swaroop Samek, Michael Zentner



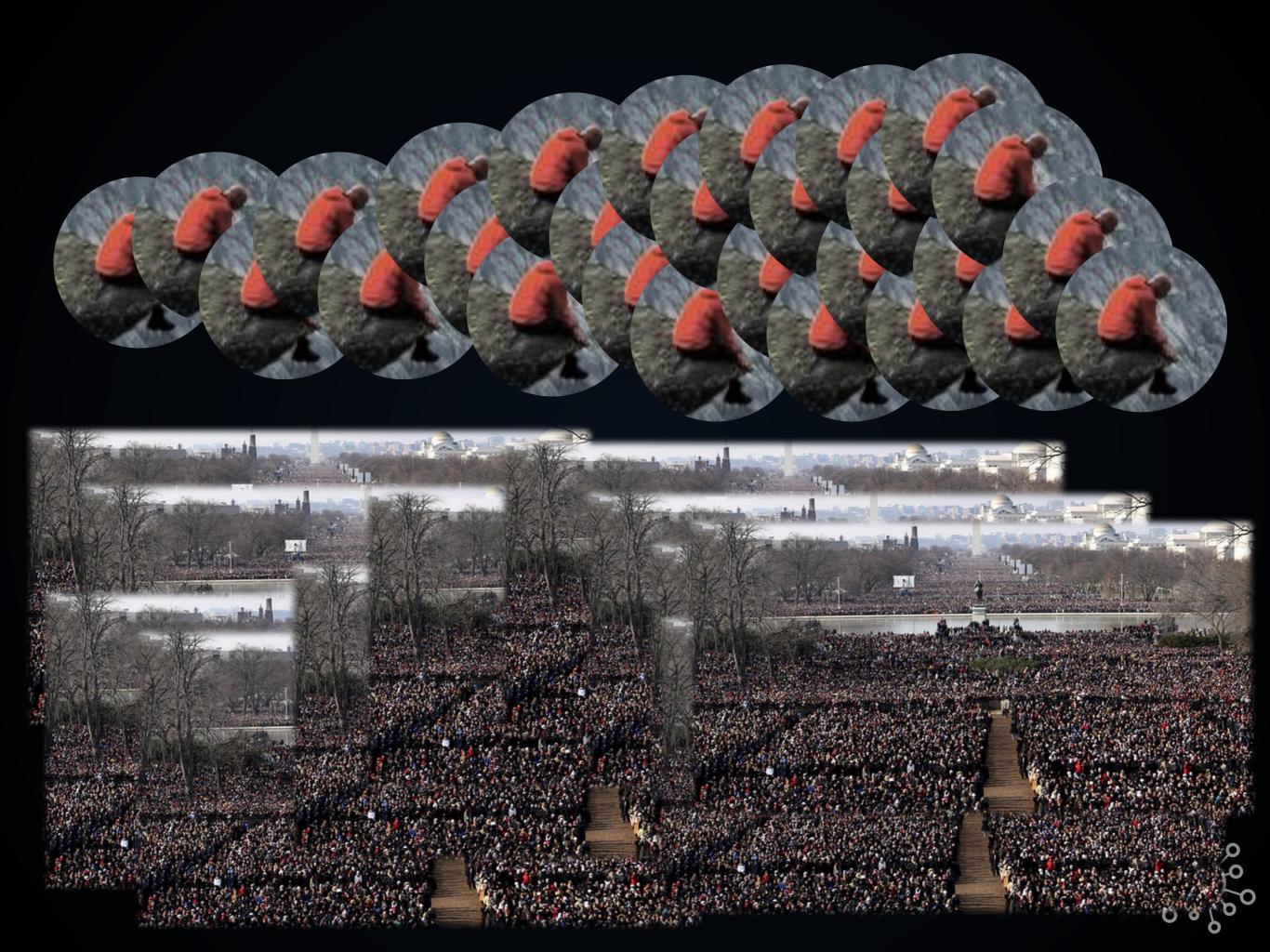


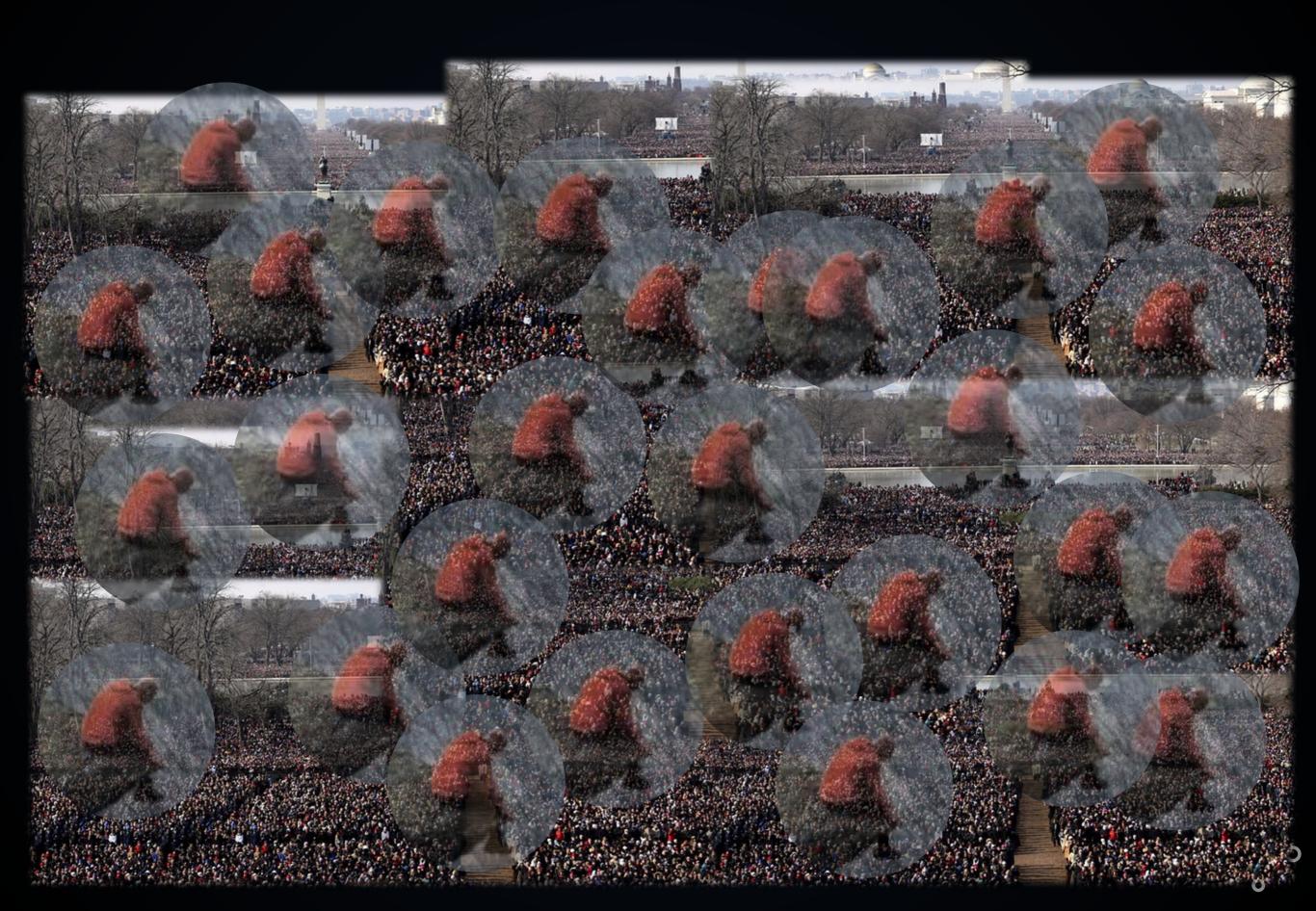










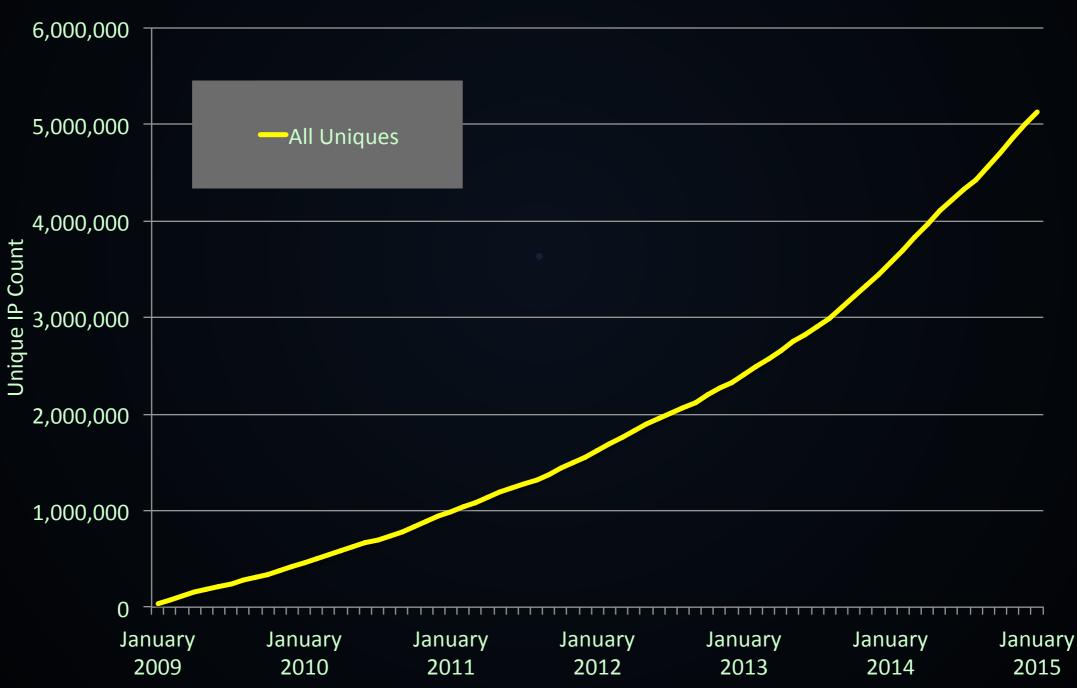


NANOHUB



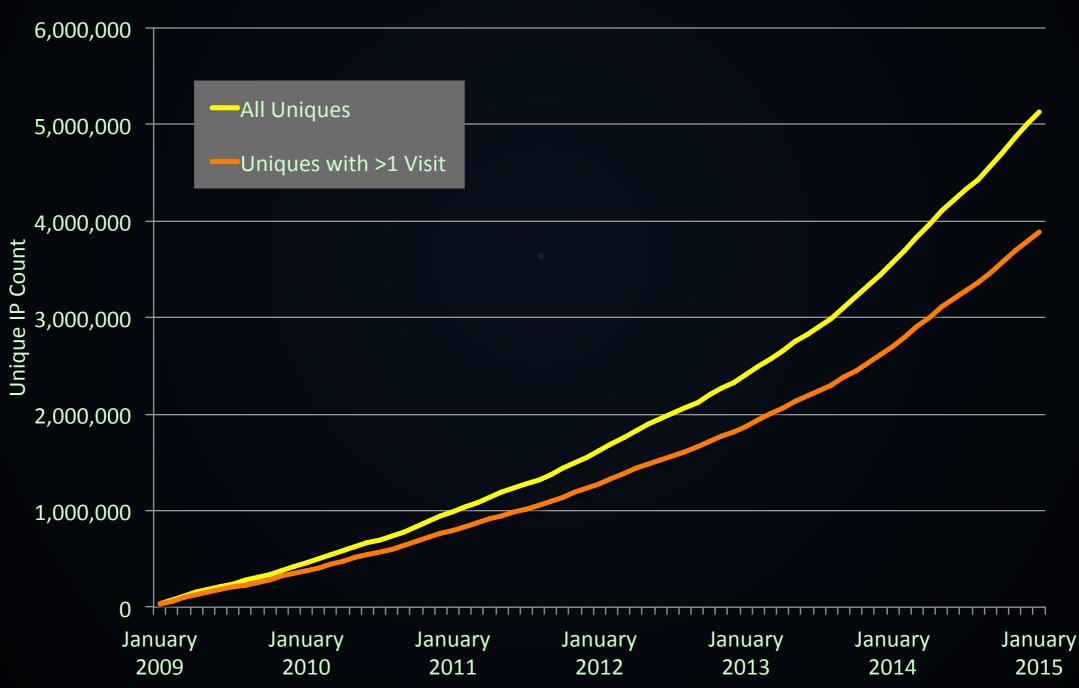
Credit: Nathan Denny

We knew a lot of people came





We knew a lot of people came back





And a lot of people came back pretty much





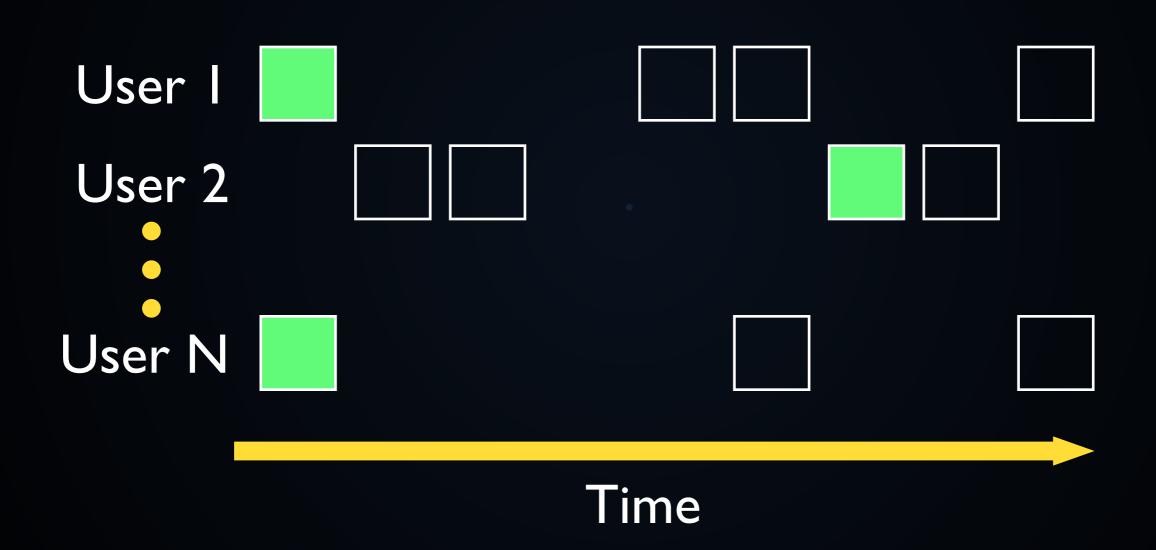
The Savannah of nanoHUB





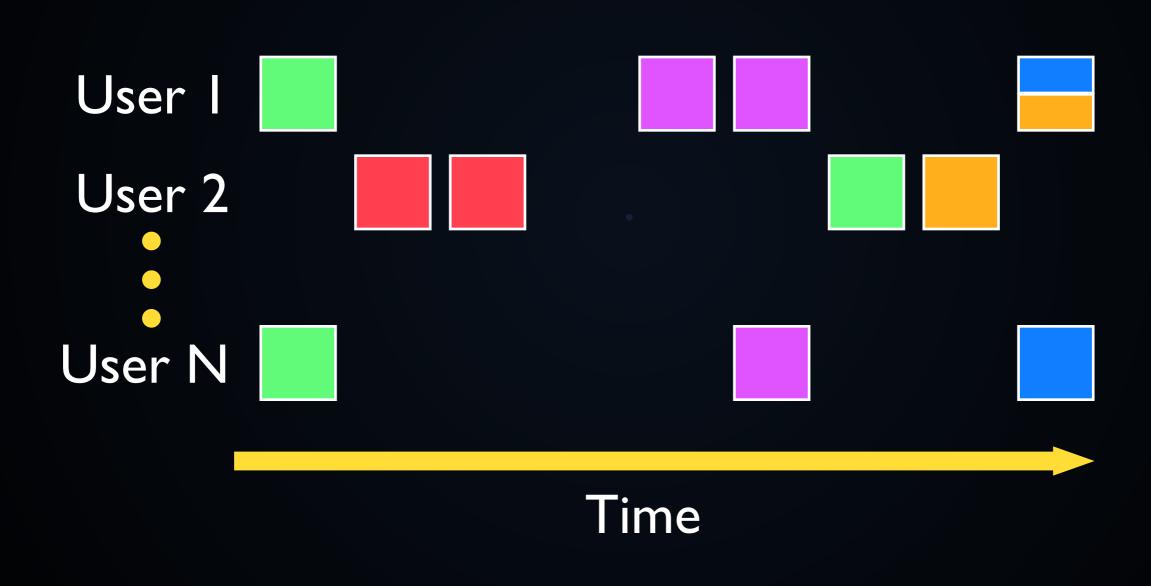
User I		
User 2		
User N		
	Time	





Tool I





Tool I Tool 2 Tool 3 Tool 4



Pattern I

Pattern 2





























Pattern I

Pattern 2









How many do we need?

What do we do with the stuff that doesn't fit our differentiation characteristics?



$$S_{xdt} = p_s(n-d) \tag{1}$$

$$n > d \wedge t \in U_{xn} \wedge \neg \exists m : (m > d \wedge t \in U_{xm} \wedge m < n)$$
 (2)

$$N_{xdt} = p_N |n - d| \tag{3}$$

 $n: t \in U_{xn} \neg \exists m: (m \neq d \land t \in U_{xm} \land |m - d| < |n - d|)(4)$

$$I_{xdt} = \frac{p_I \left(D_{\text{max}} - D_{\text{min}} \right)}{\left| \bigcup_{d} U_{xd} \right|} \tag{5}$$

$$I_{xdt} = \frac{p_I \left(D_{\text{max}} - D_{\text{min}} \right)}{b \min \left(T, \left| \bigcup_{d} U_{xd} \right| \right) + c \max \left(0, \left| \bigcup_{d} U_{xd} \right| - T \right)}$$
(6)

$$E_{ij} = \sum_{d=D_{\min}}^{D_{\max}} \left(\sum_{t \in U_{id} - U_{id}} M_{idt} + \sum_{t \in U_{id} - U_{id}} M_{jdt} \right)$$
(7)

$$M_{xdt} = \min(S_{xdt}, N_{xdt}, I_{xdt})$$
 (8)

$$C_i = \left\{ P_i \right\} \bigcup_{x: E_{ix} < H} \left\{ P_x \right\} \tag{9}$$

$$C_i = C_i \cup C_j \tag{10}$$

$$C = C - C_j \tag{11}$$

$$i, j: |C_i \cap C_j| \ge q |C_j| \tag{12a}$$

$$\Lambda(\neg \exists m : m \neq i \land |C_m| > |C_j| \land |C_i \cap C_m| \ge q|C_m|) \tag{12b}$$

$$\Lambda(\neg \exists k, l : k \neq l \land k \neq i \land |C_k| > |C_i| \land |C_k \cap C_l| \ge q|C_l|) \quad (12c)$$



Similarity

User I





User N





I: add orange

2: add purple

Penalties Assessed

= 3.04



Similarity



I: move orange

2: move green

3: add red

4: add red

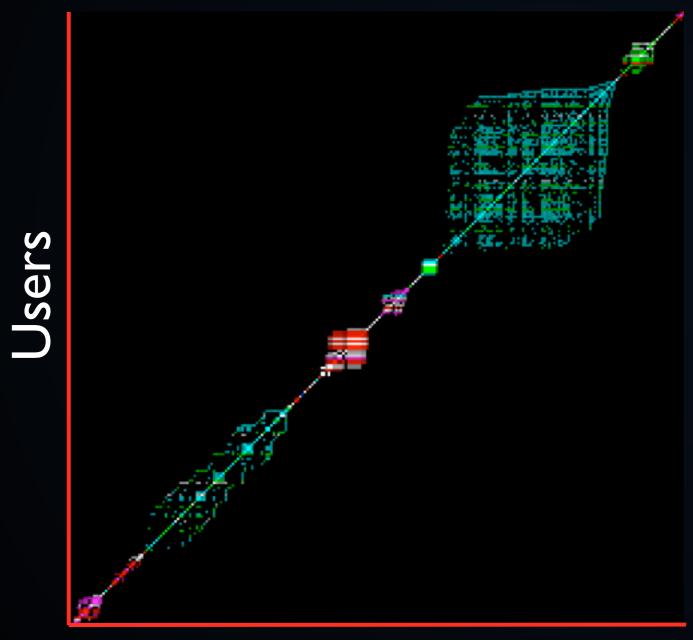
5: add purple

6: add purple

7: add blue

Penalties Assessed



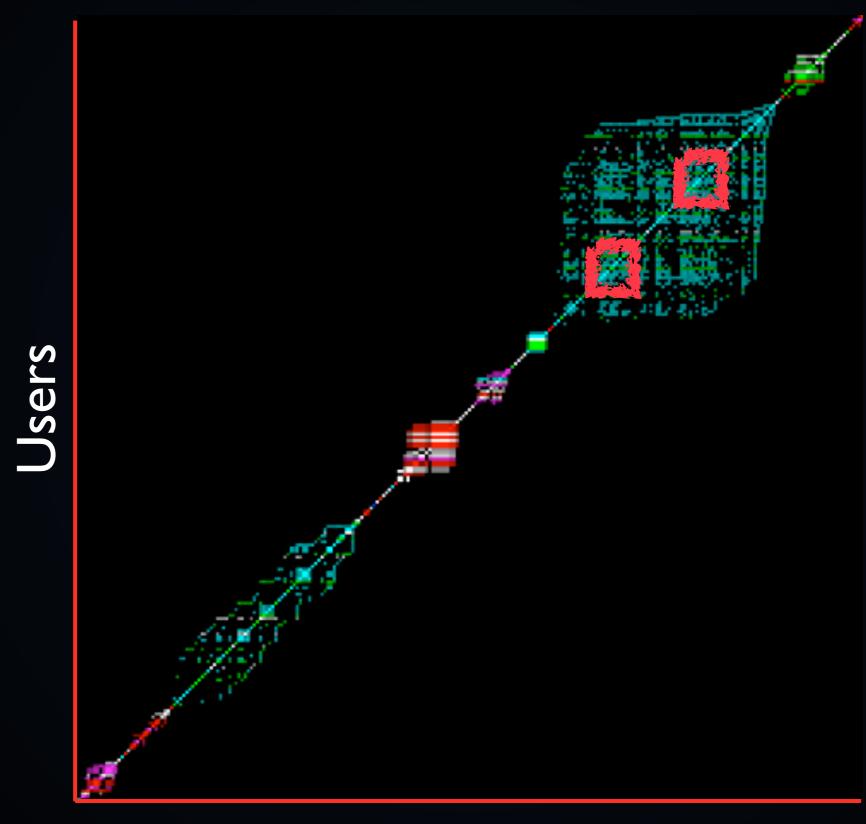


Dot intensity is the strength of User-User similarity

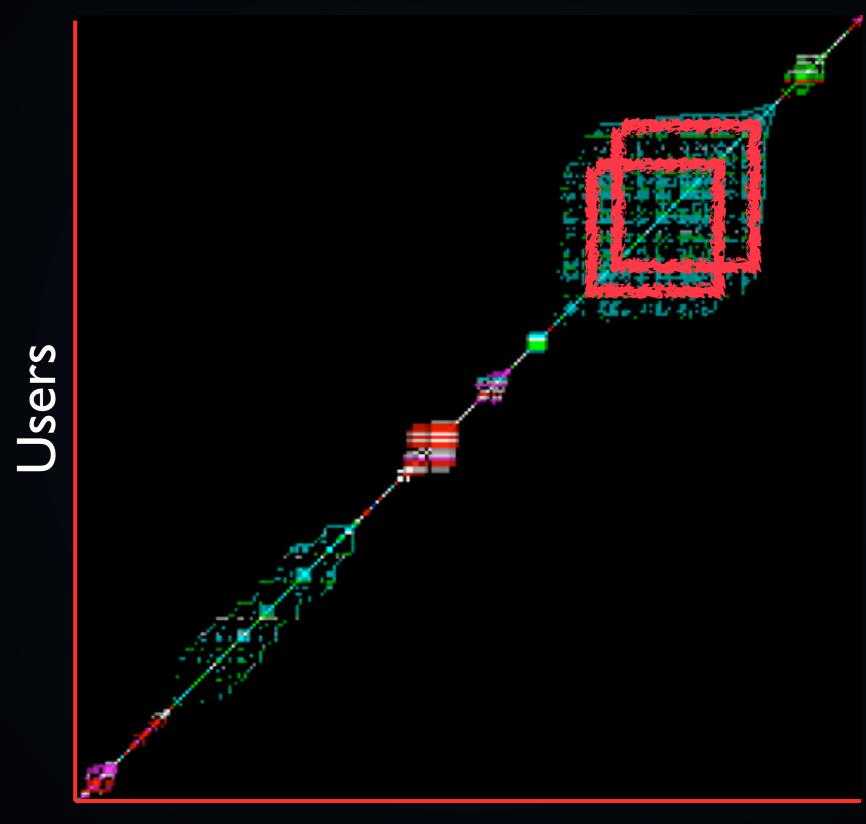
Existence of clusters becomes evident



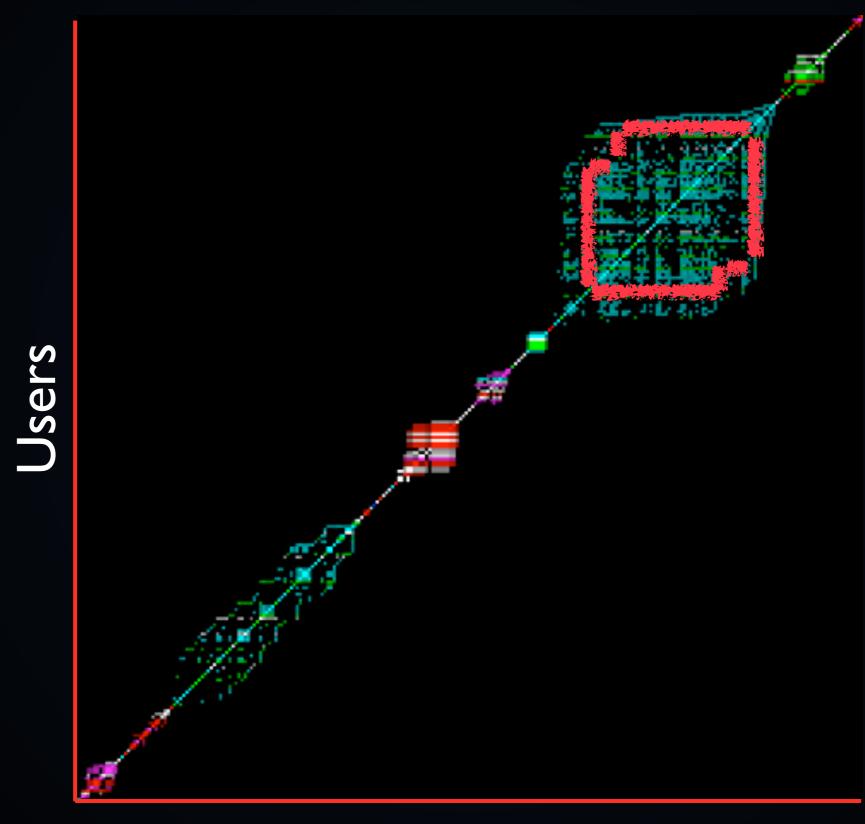
Users





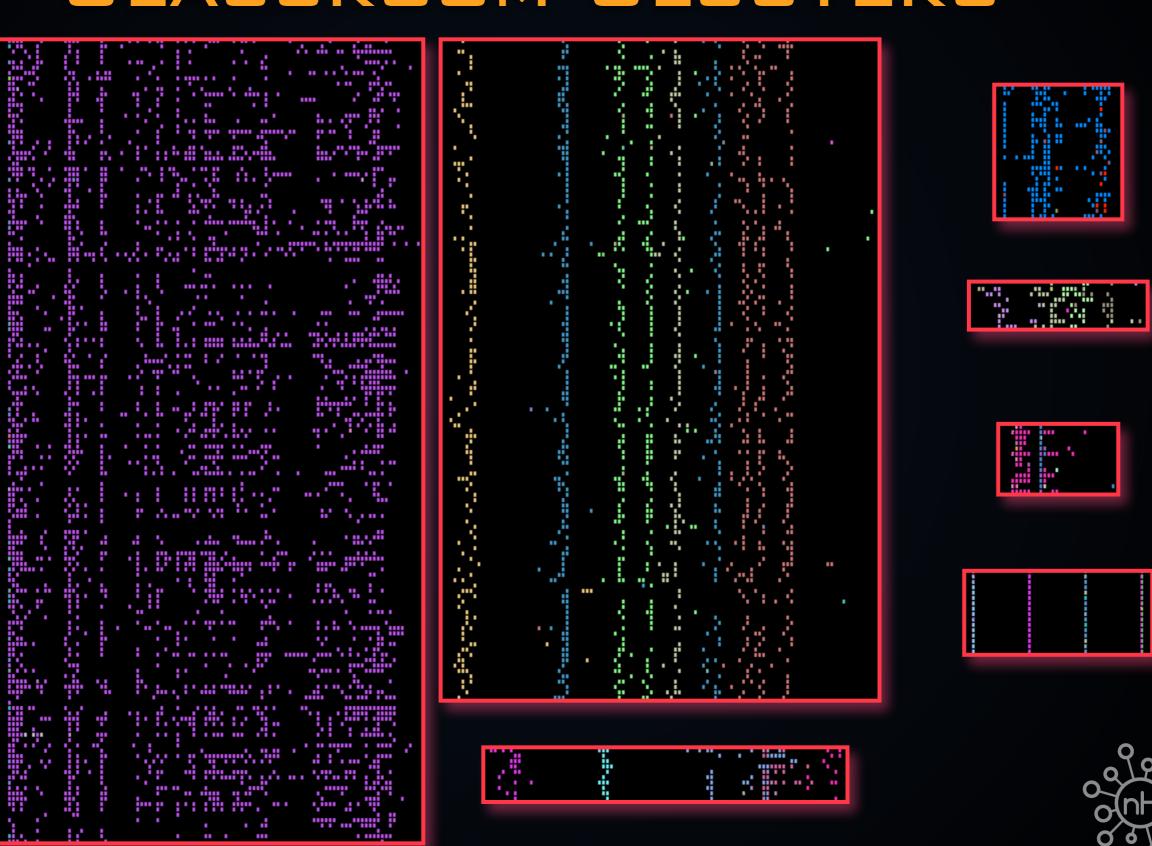






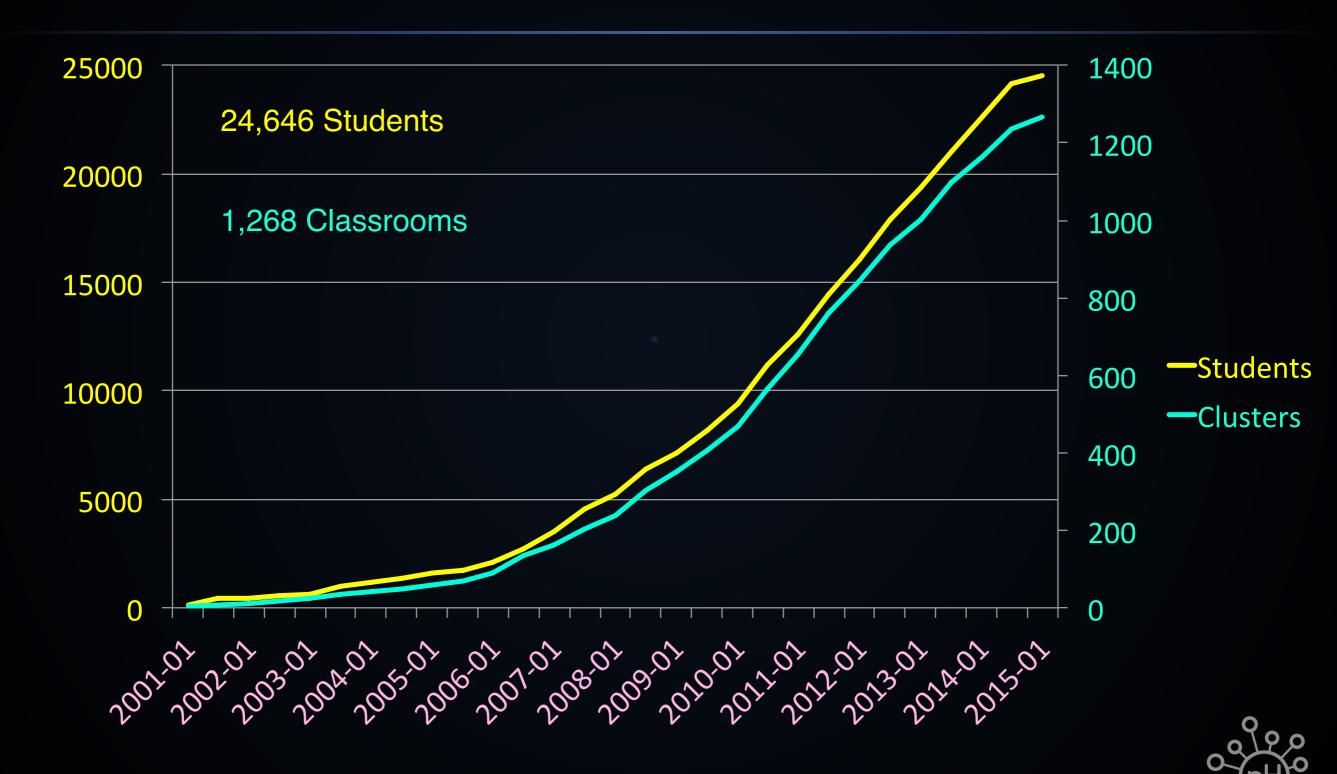


CLASSROOM CLUSTERS



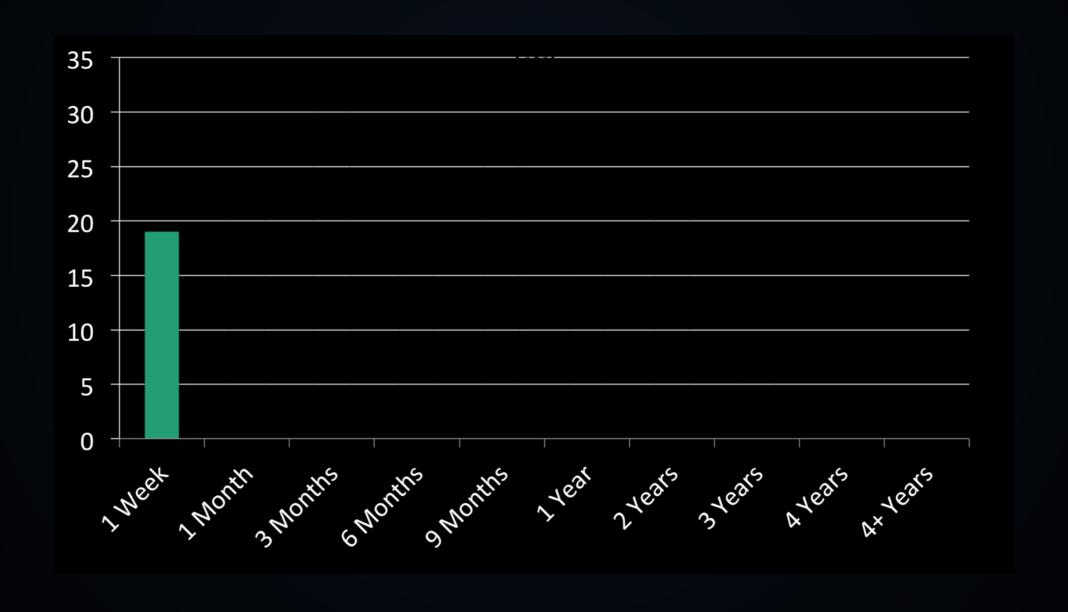


CLASSROOM IMPACT



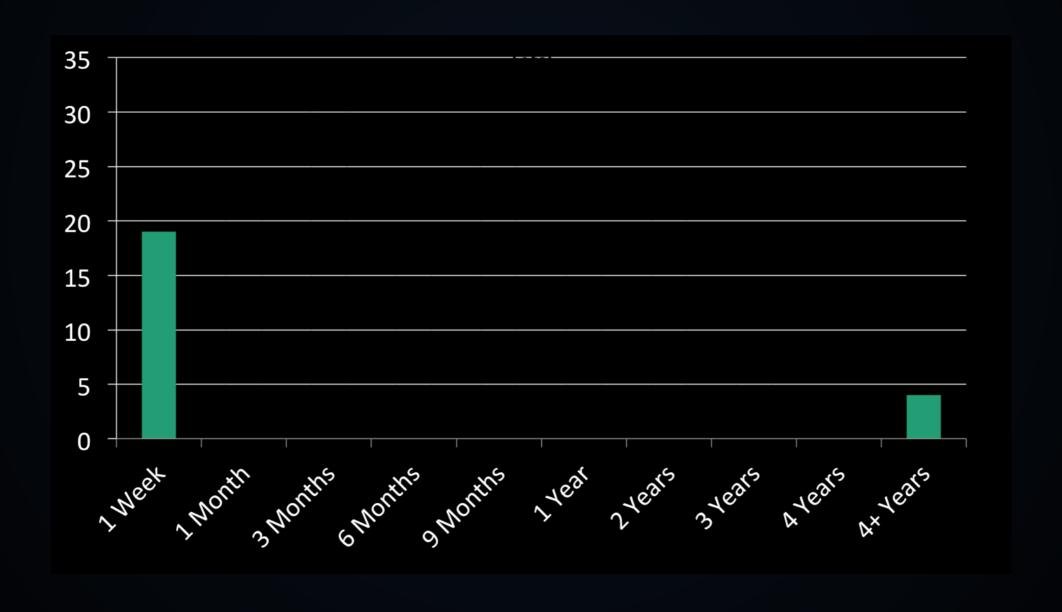


IMPACT - ADDPTION



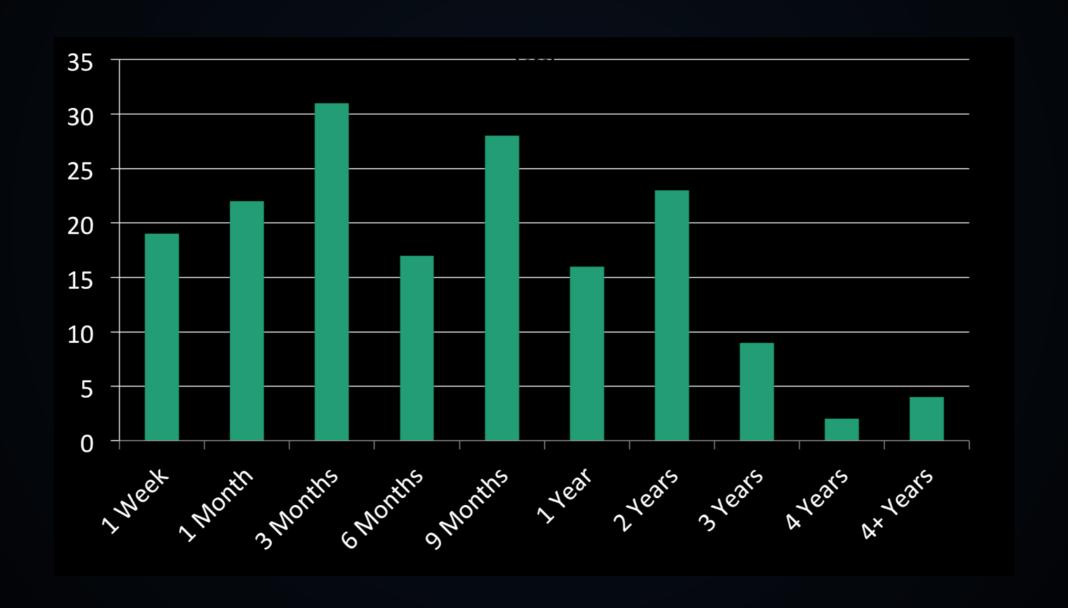


IMPACT - ADDPTION



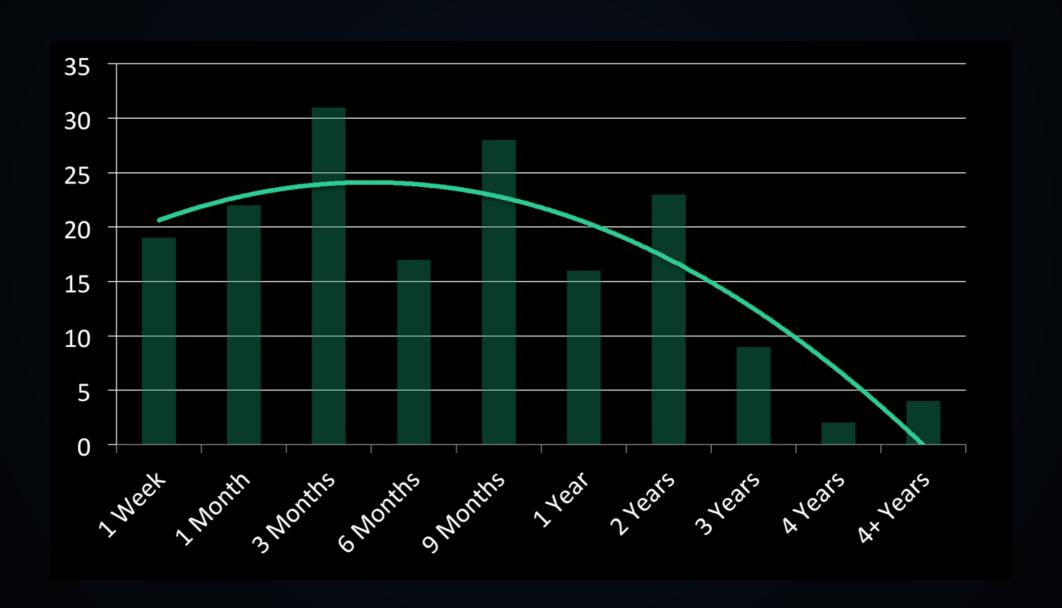


IMPACT - ADDPTION



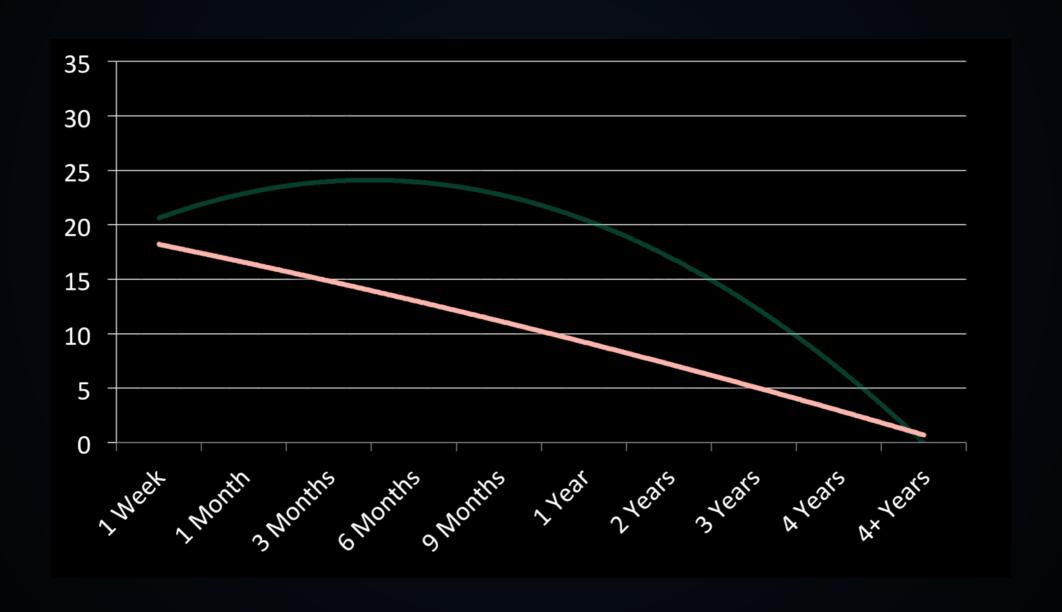


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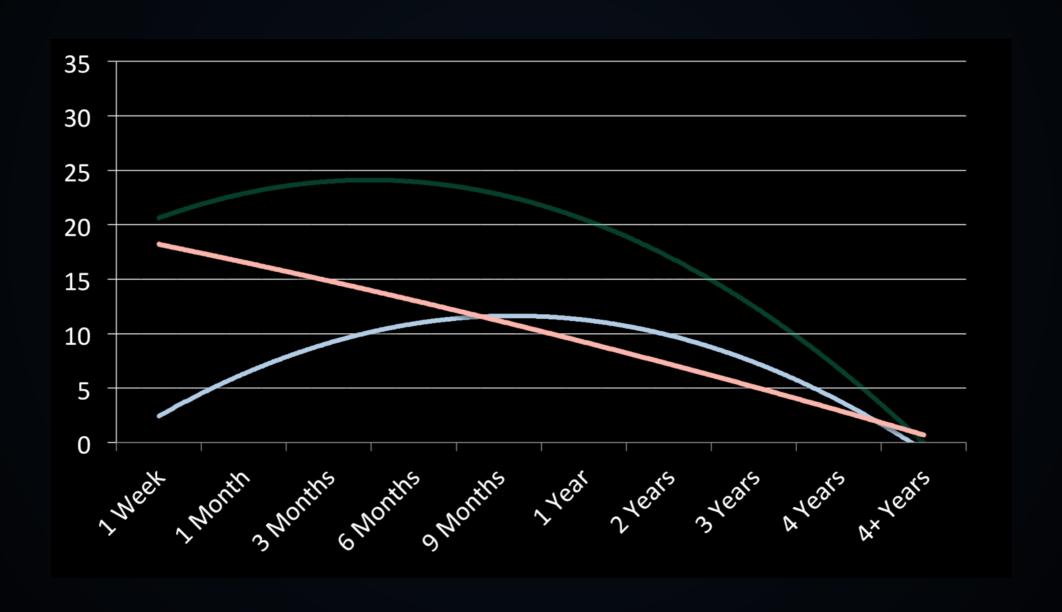


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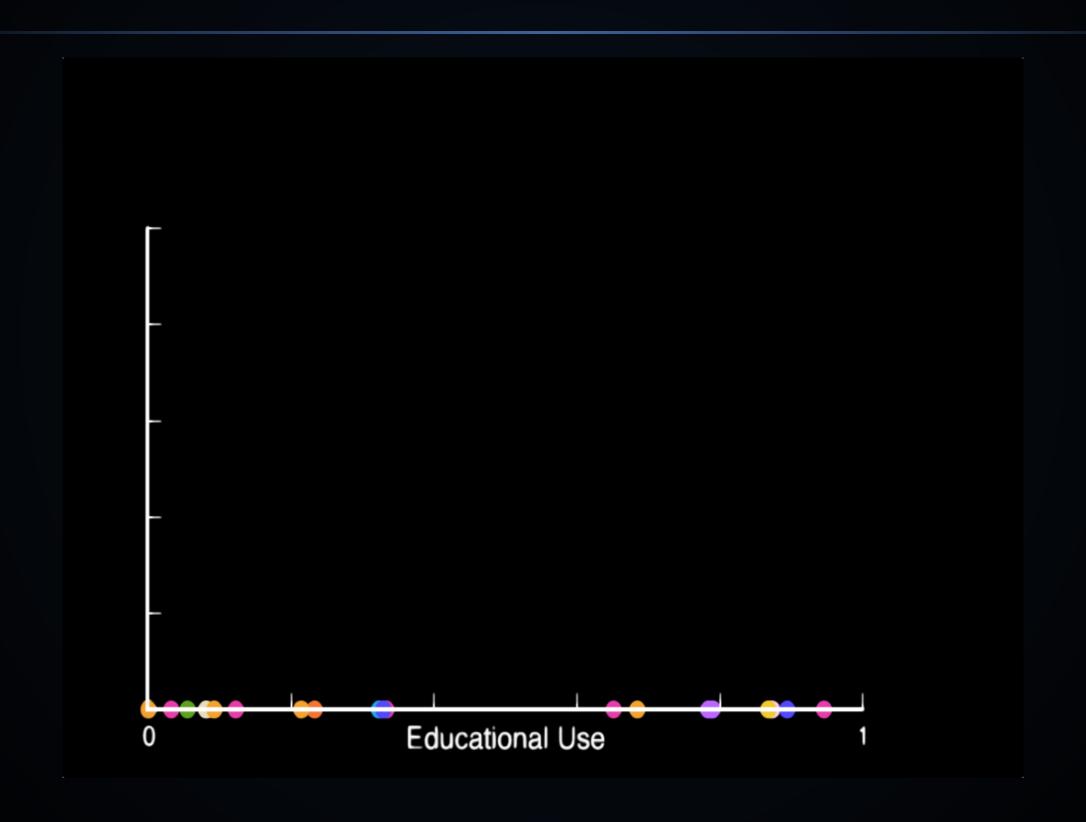




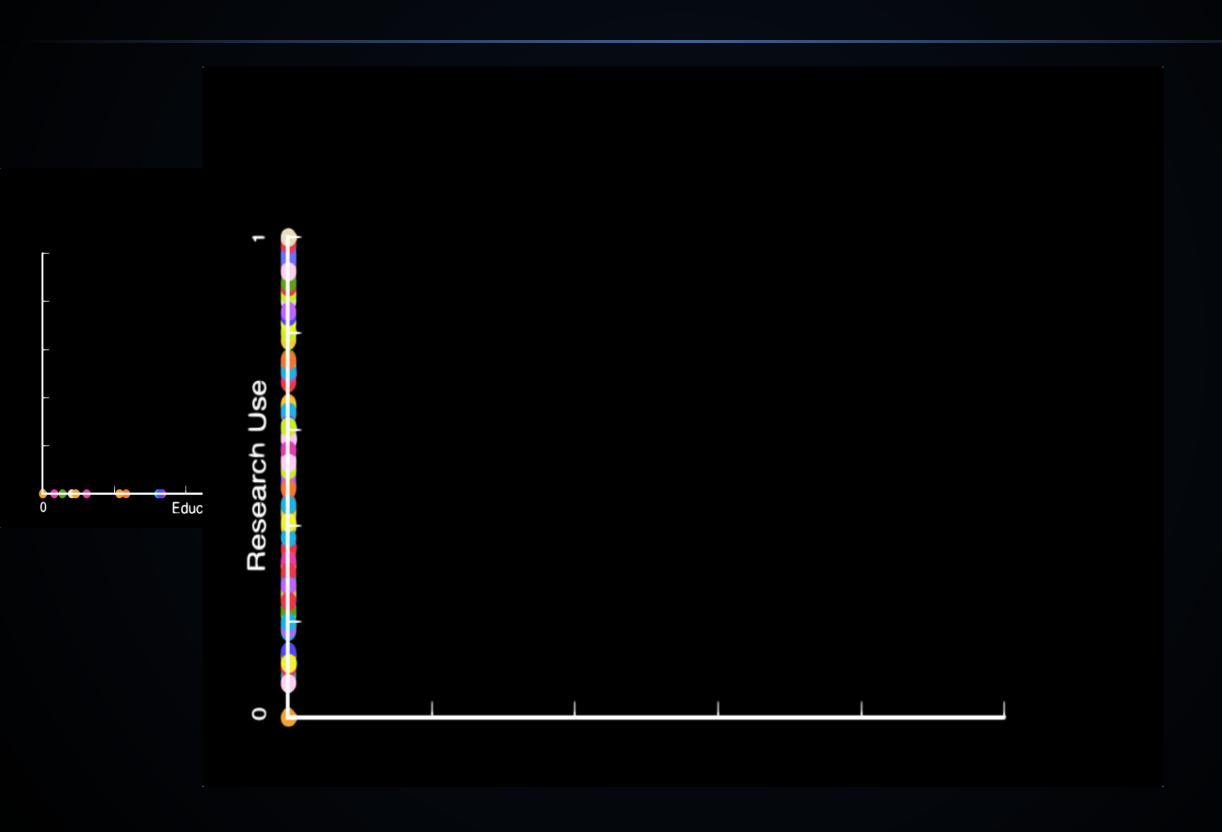
IMPACT - ADDPTION



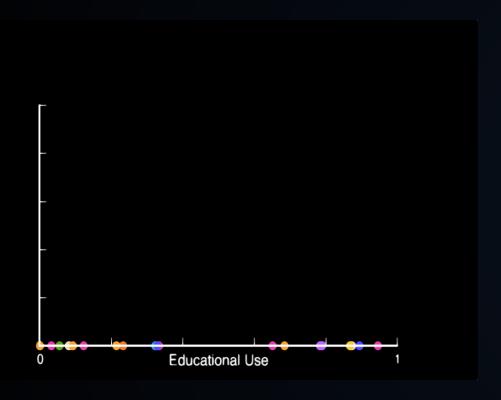


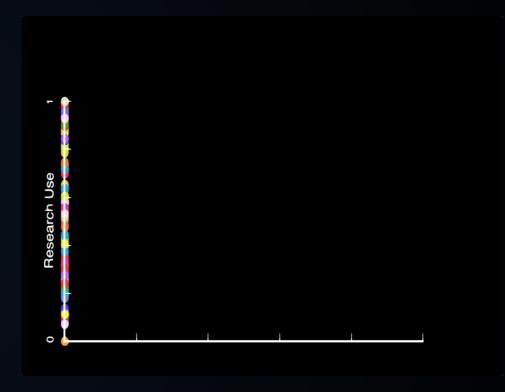




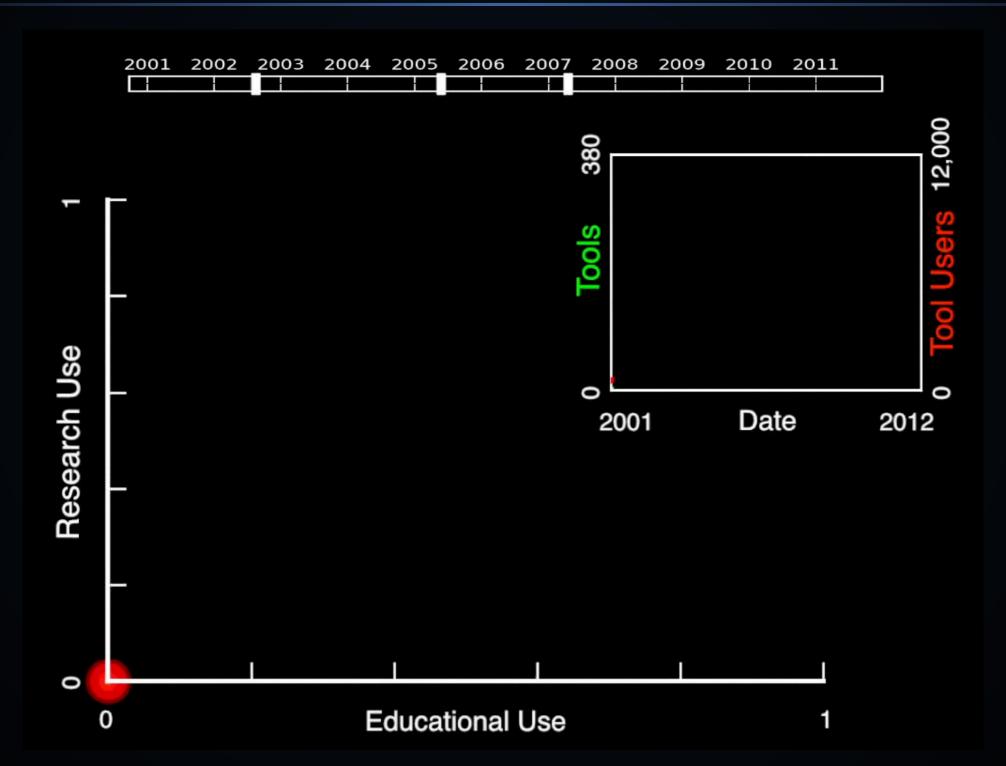










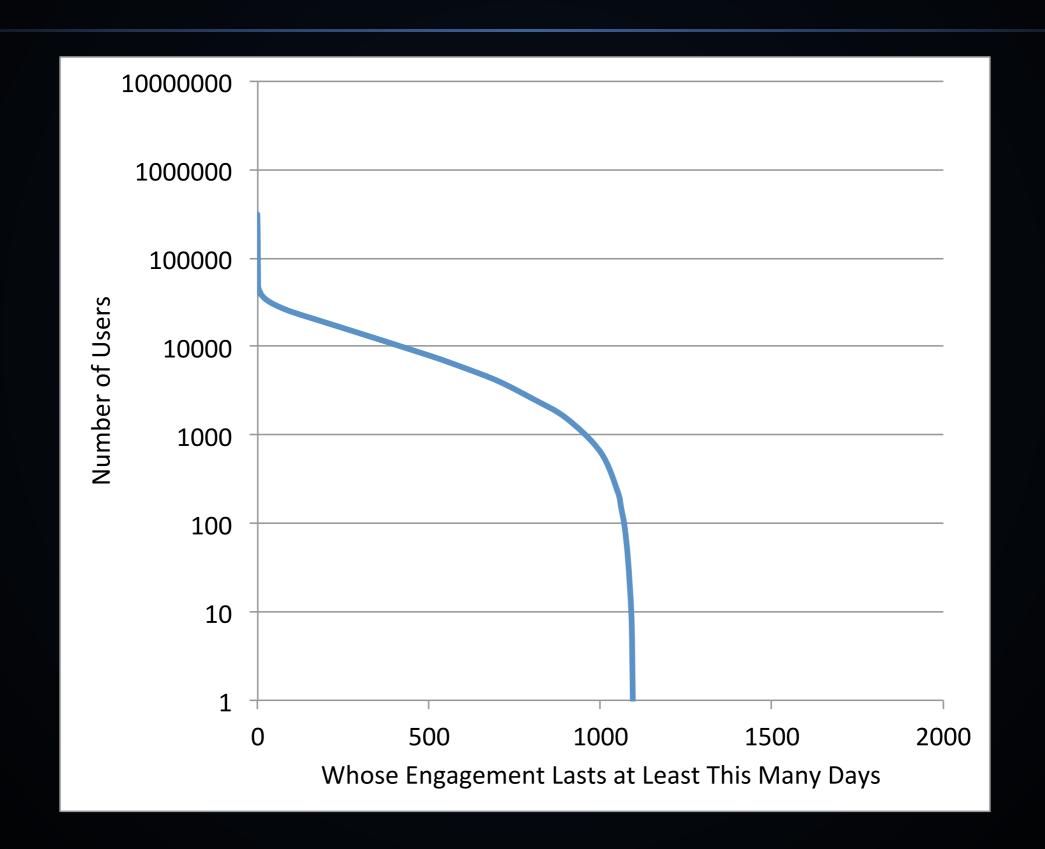


Credit: Dwight McKay

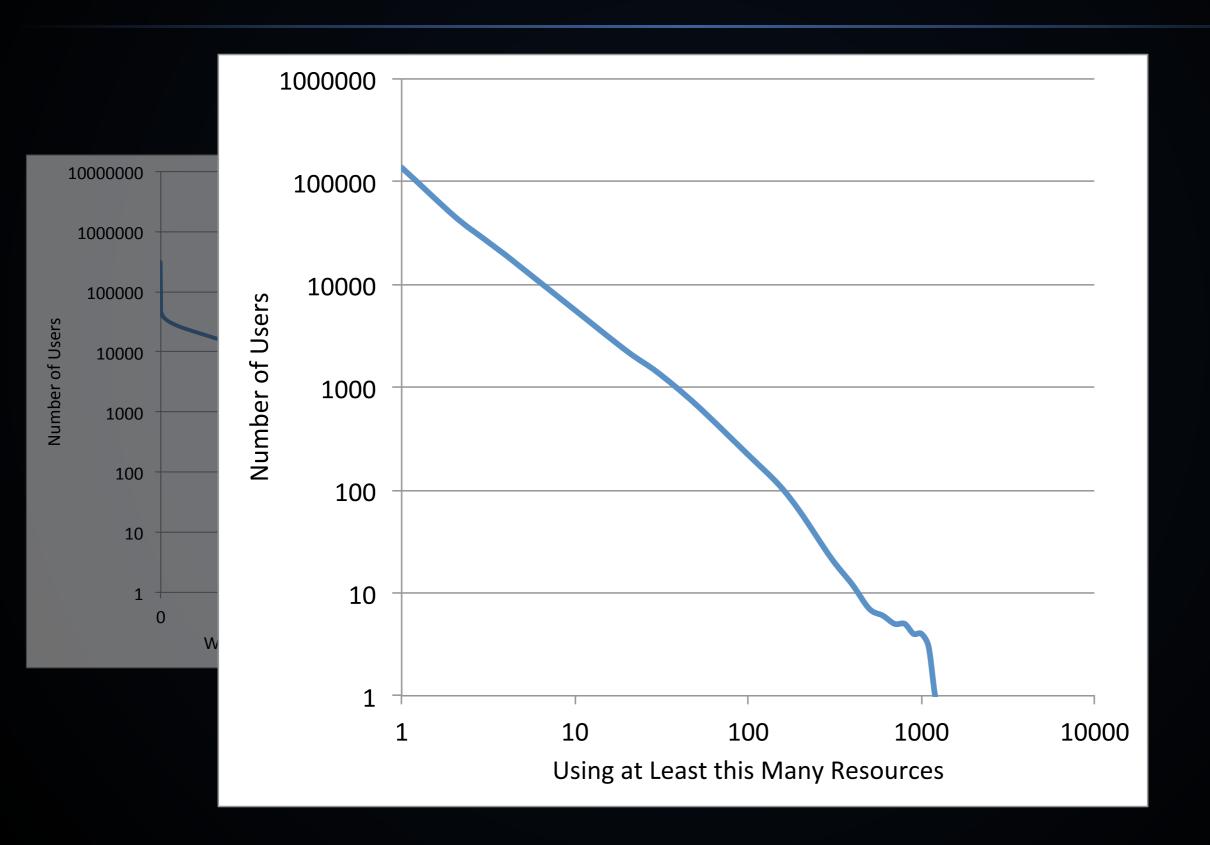


Who Cares?

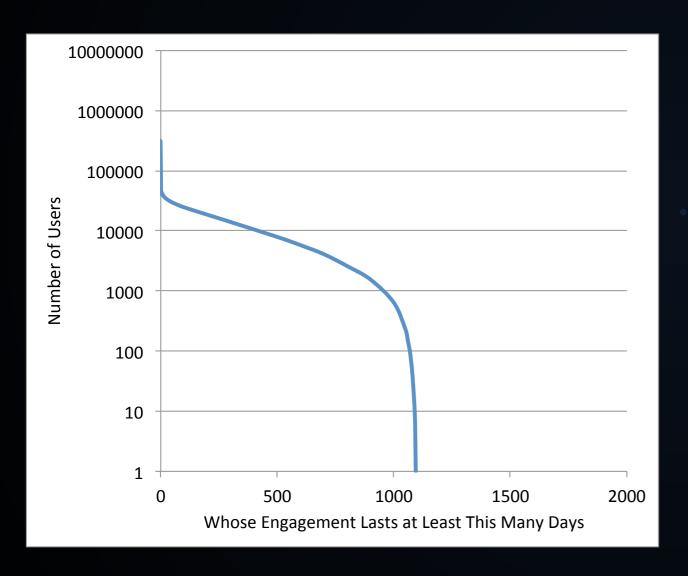


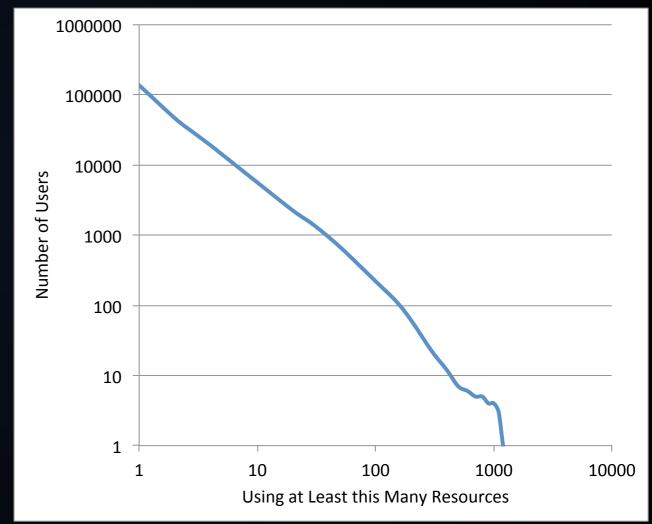






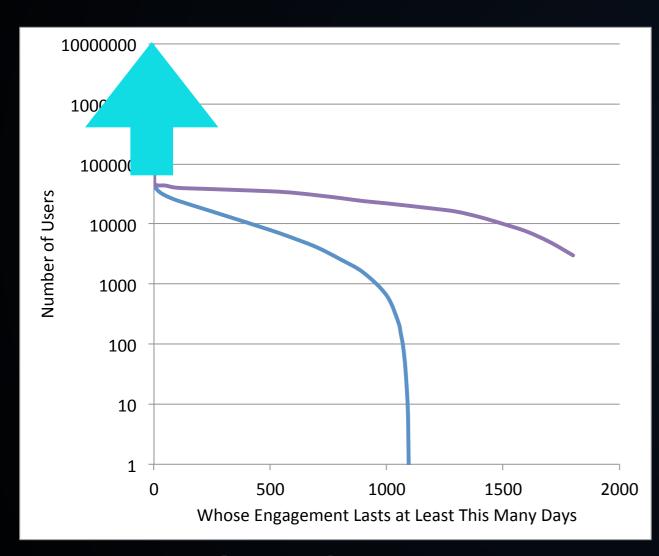


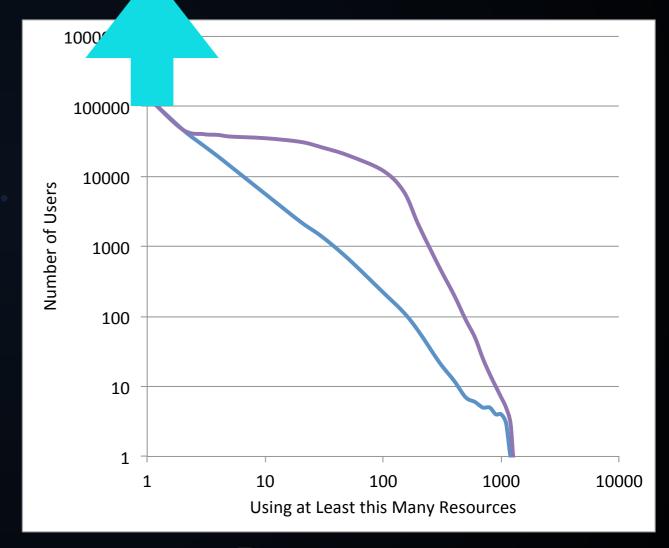






To Increase User Engagement...





Lengthening

Deepening



POTENTIAL DATA DRIVEN SUSTAINABILITY INTERVENTION

Lengthening

- Recommend new simulations based on the behavior of others
- Show instructors how their tools may be used more comprehensively in other classroom settings

Deepening

- Recommend related simulation tools to those a user has accessed
- Show instructors tools related to those used in their classroom settings

Growing

- Data driven identification of educational domain champions
- Producing "packaged" instruction kits to new instructors