

EPA's Rapid Exposure and Dosimetry (RED) Project



The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. EPA



EPA's

Rapid Exposure and Dosimetry Project

Co-leaders Kristin Isaacs and John Wambaugh

NCCT

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- Richard Judson
- Matthew Linakis*
- Andrew McEachran*
- Ann Richard
- Risa Sayre*
- Woody Setzer
- Rusty Thomas
- John Wambaugh**
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NRMRL

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- NHEERL**
- Linda Adams
- Christopher Ecklund
- Marina Evans
- Mike Hughes
- Jane Ellen Simmons

***Trainees**

NERL

- Cody Addington*
- Craig Barber
- Namdi Brandon*
- Peter Egeghy
- Hongtai Huang*
- Kristin Isaacs**
- Ashley Jackson*
- Charles Lowe*
- Dawn Mills*
- Seth Newton
- Katherine Phillips

- Paul Price
- Jeanette Reyes*
- Randolph Singh*
- Jon Sobus
- John Streicher*
- Mark Strynar
- Mike Tornero-Velez
- Elin Ulrich
- Dan Vallero
- Barbara Wetmore

- Chemical Safety for Sustainability (CSS)**
- Jeff Frithsen, Acting National Program Director
- Lead CSS**
- Matrix Interfaces:**
- John Kenneke (NERL)
- John Cowden (NCCT)

Collaborators

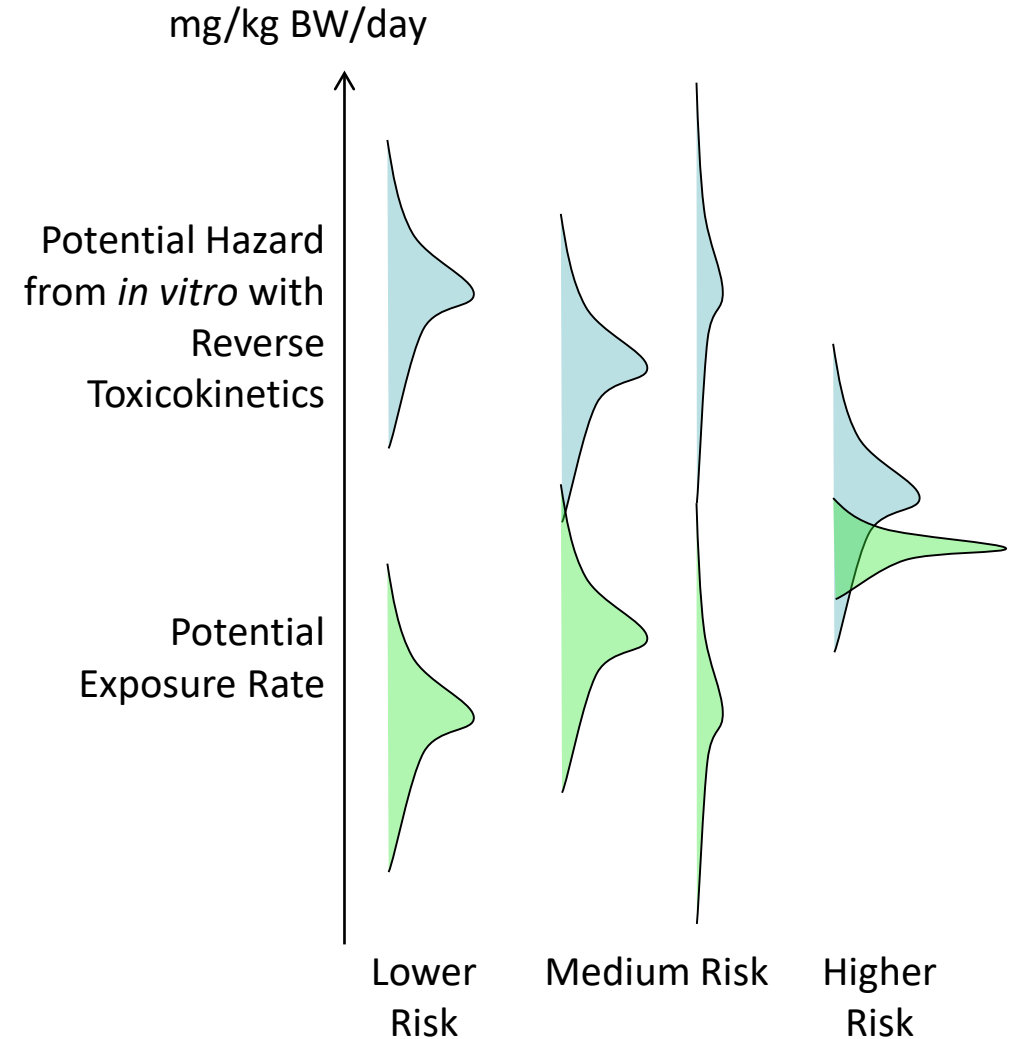
- Arnot Research and Consulting**
- Jon Arnot
- Johnny Westgate
- Institut National de l'Environnement et des Risques (INERIS)**
- Frederic Bois
- Integrated Laboratory Systems**
- Kamel Mansouri
- National Toxicology Program**
- Mike Devito
- Steve Ferguson
- Nisha Sipes
- Ramboll**
- Harvey Clewell
- ScitoVation**
- Chantel Nicolas
- Silent Spring Institute**
- Robin Dodson
- Southwest Research Institute**
- Alice Yau
- Kristin Favela
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- Lesa Aylward
- Technical University of Denmark**
- Peter Fantke
- Tox Strategies**
- Caroline Ring
- Miyoun Yoon
- Unilever**
- Beate Nicol
- Cecilie Rendal
- Ian Sorrell
- United States Air Force**
- Heather Pangburn
- University of California, Davis**
- Deborah Bennett
- University of Michigan**
- Lei Huang
- Olivier Jolliet
- University of Texas, Arlington**
- Hyeong-Moo Shin

We develop exposure and toxicokinetic models, statistical methods, and chemical analyses of environmental samples including water, dust, blood, and household products

We do exposure forecasting or "ExpoCast"

Chemical Risk = Hazard x Exposure

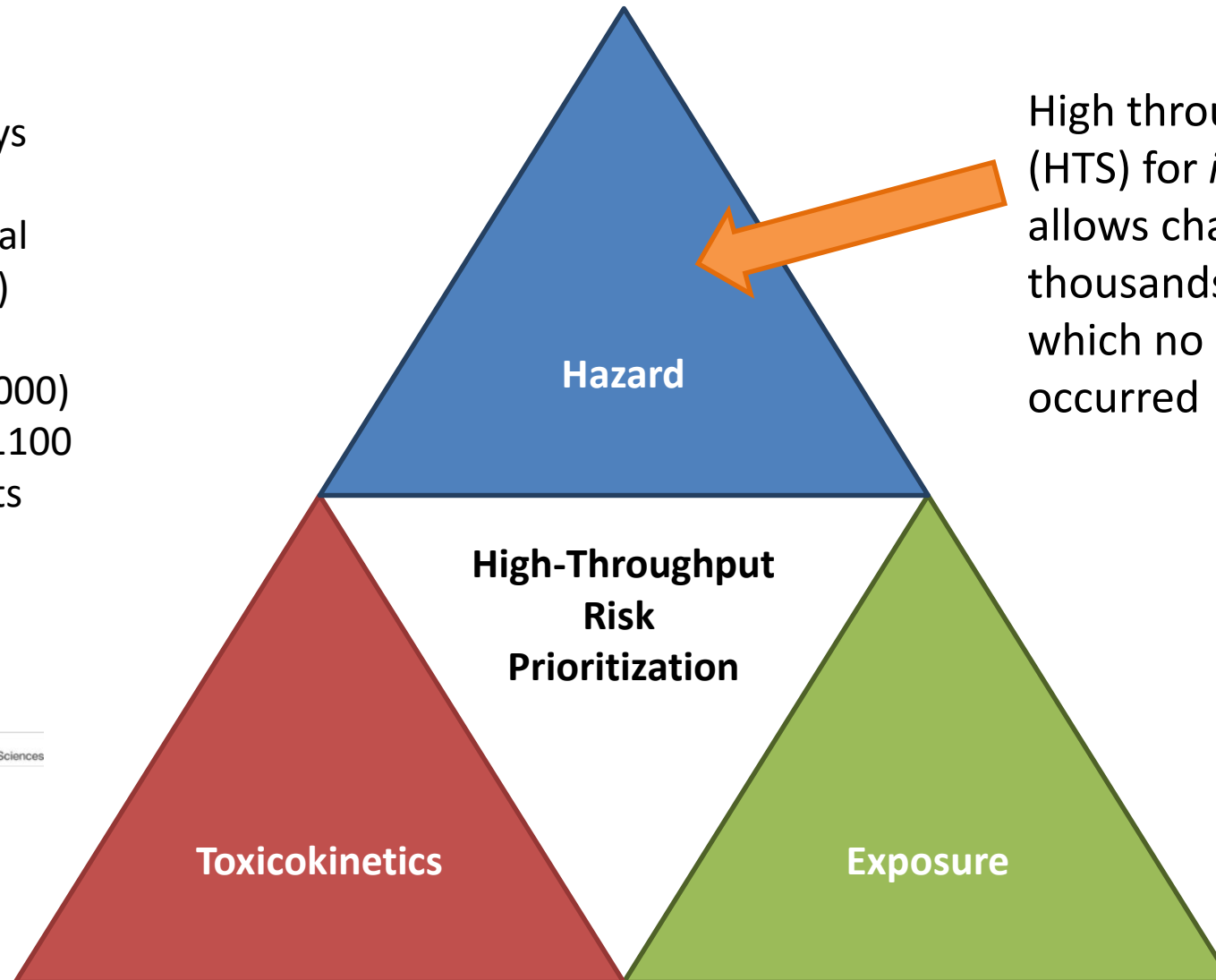
- National Research Council (1983) identified chemical risk as a function of both inherent hazard and exposure
- To address thousands of chemicals, we need new approach methodologies (NAMs) that can inform prioritization of chemicals most worthy of additional study
- High throughput risk prioritization needs:
 1. High throughput hazard characterization (Dix et al., 2007, Collins et al., 2008)
 2. High throughput exposure forecasts (Wambaugh et al., 2013, 2014)
 3. High throughput toxicokinetics (i.e., dose-response relationship) linking hazard and exposure (Wetmore et al., 2012, 2015)



High-Throughput Risk Prioritization

Tox21: Examining >8,000 chemicals using ~50 assays intended to identify interactions with biological pathways (Schmidt, 2009)

ToxCast: For a subset (>2000) of Tox21 chemicals ran >1100 additional assay endpoints (Kavlock *et al.*, 2012)



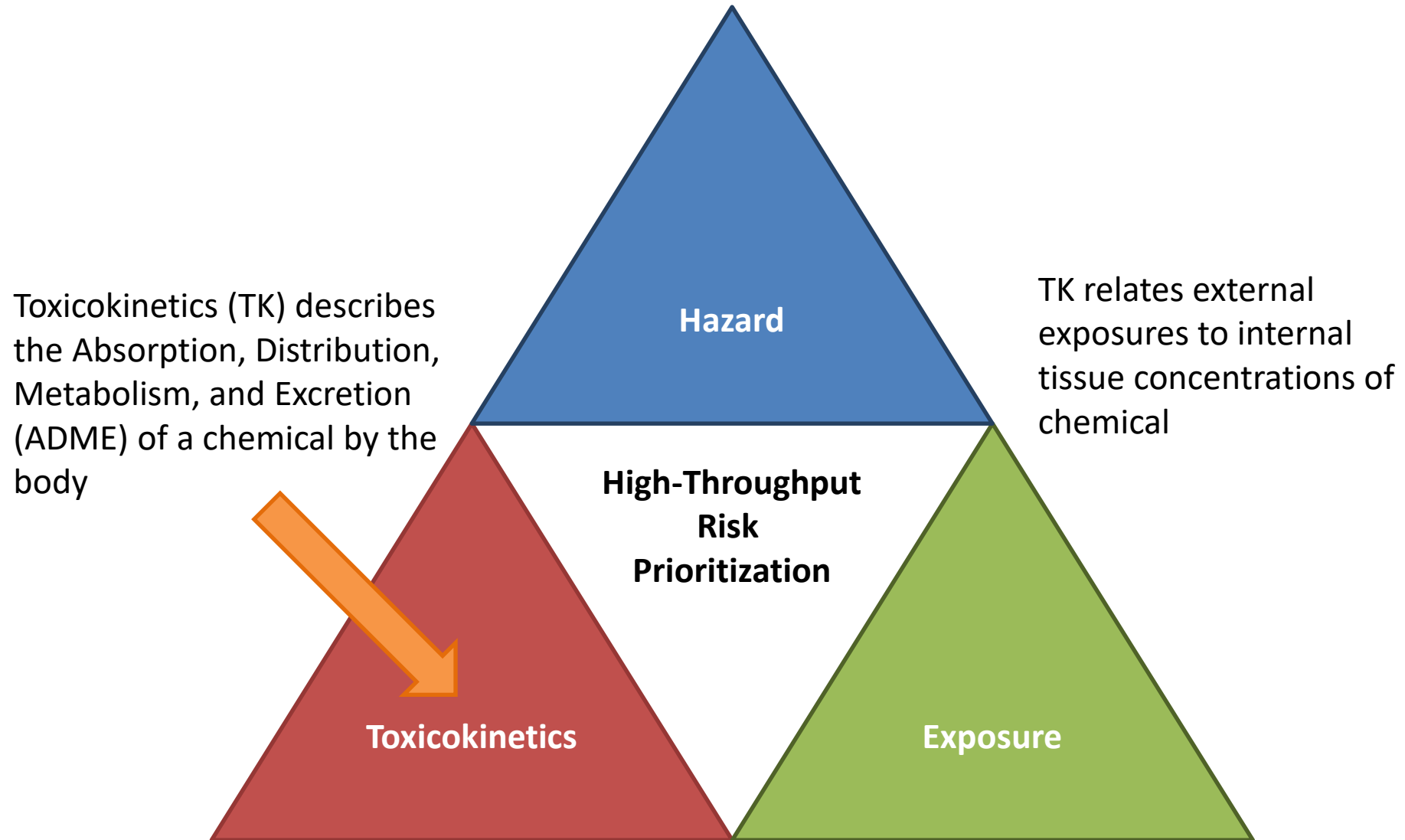
High throughput screening (HTS) for *in vitro* bioactivity allows characterization of thousands of chemicals for which no other testing has occurred

Rapid Exposure and Dosimetry “ExpoCast” Research

We are systematically addressing the areas contributing the greatest uncertainty to high throughput exposure methods:

- **Procurement and Mining of Exposure-Related Data for Support of Rapid Exposure Tools**
 - New Databases (such as CPdat)
 - Suspect screening and non-targeted analysis (SS/NTA)
- **High Throughput Toxicokinetics (HTTK) for Rapid Dosimetry**
- **Development and Evaluation of High-Throughput Human and Ecological Exposure Models**
 - SHEDS-HT: High Throughput Stochastic Human Exposure Dose Simulator
- **Statistical Methods for Model Evaluation and Calibration**
 - High throughput exposure models calibrated to exposure biomarker data (SEEM)

High Throughput Toxicokinetics (HTTK)

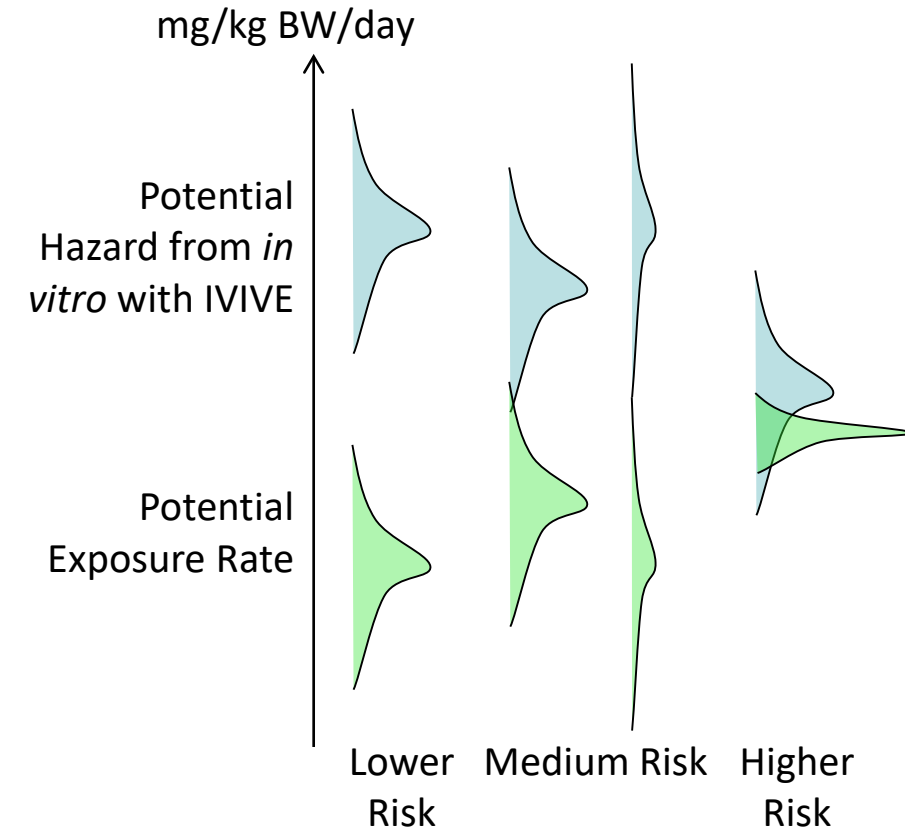


In Vitro - *In Vivo* Extrapolation (IVIVE)

Definition:

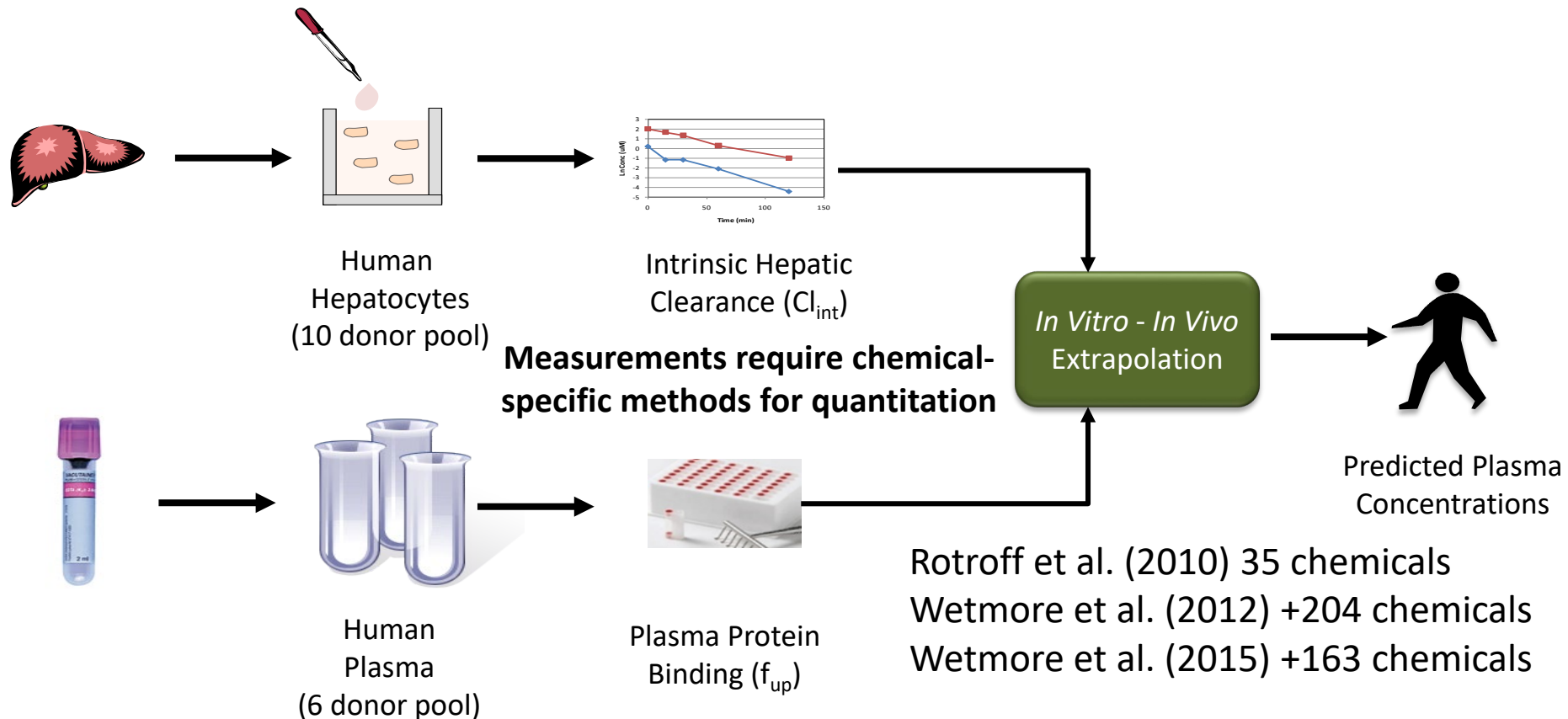
IVIVE is the utilization of *in vitro* experimental data to predict phenomena *in vivo*

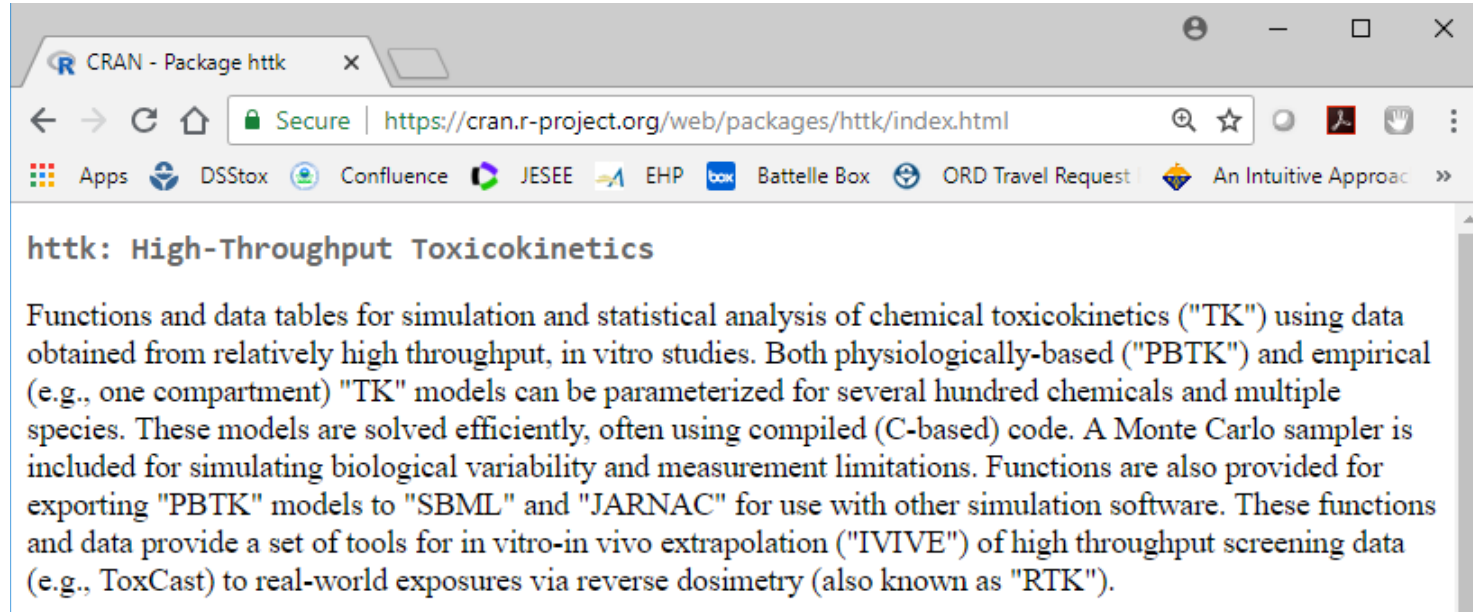
- IVIVE-PK/TK (Pharmacokinetics/Toxicokinetics):
 - Fate of molecules/chemicals in body
 - Considers absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion (ADME)
 - Uses empirical PK and physiologically-based (PBPK) modeling
- IVIVE-PD/TD (Pharmacodynamics/Toxicodynamics):
 - Effect of molecules/chemicals at biological target *in vivo*
 - Assay design/selection important
 - Perturbation as adverse/therapeutic effect, reversible/irreversible
- Both contribute to predict *in vivo* effects



High-Throughput Toxicokinetics (HTTK)

- **Most chemicals do not have TK data** – we use *in vitro* HTTK methods adapted from pharma to fill gaps
- In drug development, HTTK methods estimate therapeutic doses for clinical studies – predicted concentrations are typically on the order of values measured in clinical trials (Wang, 2010)





CRAN - Package httk

Secure | <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/httk/index.html>

Apps DSStox Confluence JESEE EHP Battelle Box ORD Travel Request An Intuitive Approach

httk: High-Throughput Toxicokinetics

Functions and data tables for simulation and statistical analysis of chemical toxicokinetics ("TK") using data obtained from relatively high throughput, in vitro studies. Both physiologically-based ("PBTk") and empirical (e.g., one compartment) "TK" models can be parameterized for several hundred chemicals and multiple species. These models are solved efficiently, often using compiled (C-based) code. A Monte Carlo sampler is included for simulating biological variability and measurement limitations. Functions are also provided for exporting "PBTk" models to "SBML" and "JARNAC" for use with other simulation software. These functions and data provide a set of tools for in vitro-in vivo extrapolation ("IVIVE") of high throughput screening data (e.g., ToxCast) to real-world exposures via reverse dosimetry (also known as "RTK").



Journal of Statistical Software
July 2017, Volume 79, Issue 4. doi: 10.18637/jss.v079.i04

httk: R Package for High-Throughput Toxicokinetics

Robert G. Pearce U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	R. Woodrow Setzer U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Cory L. Strope U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Nisha S. Sipes National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences		John F. Wambaugh U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Version: 1.8

Depends: R (≥ 2.10)

Imports: [deSolve](#), [msm](#), [data.table](#), [survey](#), [mvtnorm](#), [truncnorm](#), [scales](#)

Suggests: [ggplot2](#), [knitr](#), [rmarkdown](#), [R.rsp](#), [GGally](#), [gplots](#), [scales](#), [RColorBrewer](#), [TeachingDemos](#), [classInt](#), [ks](#), [reshape2](#), [gmodels](#), [colorspace](#)

Published: 2018-01-23

Author: John Wambaugh, Robert Pearce, Caroline Ring, Jimena I Woodrow Setzer

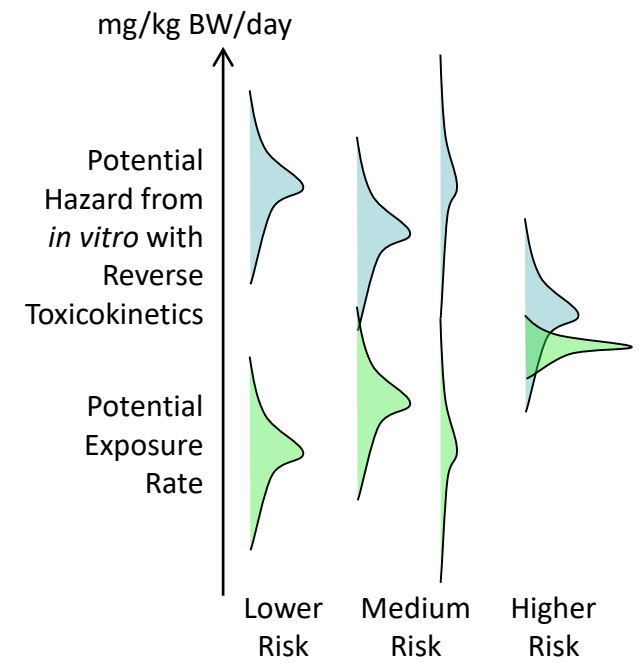
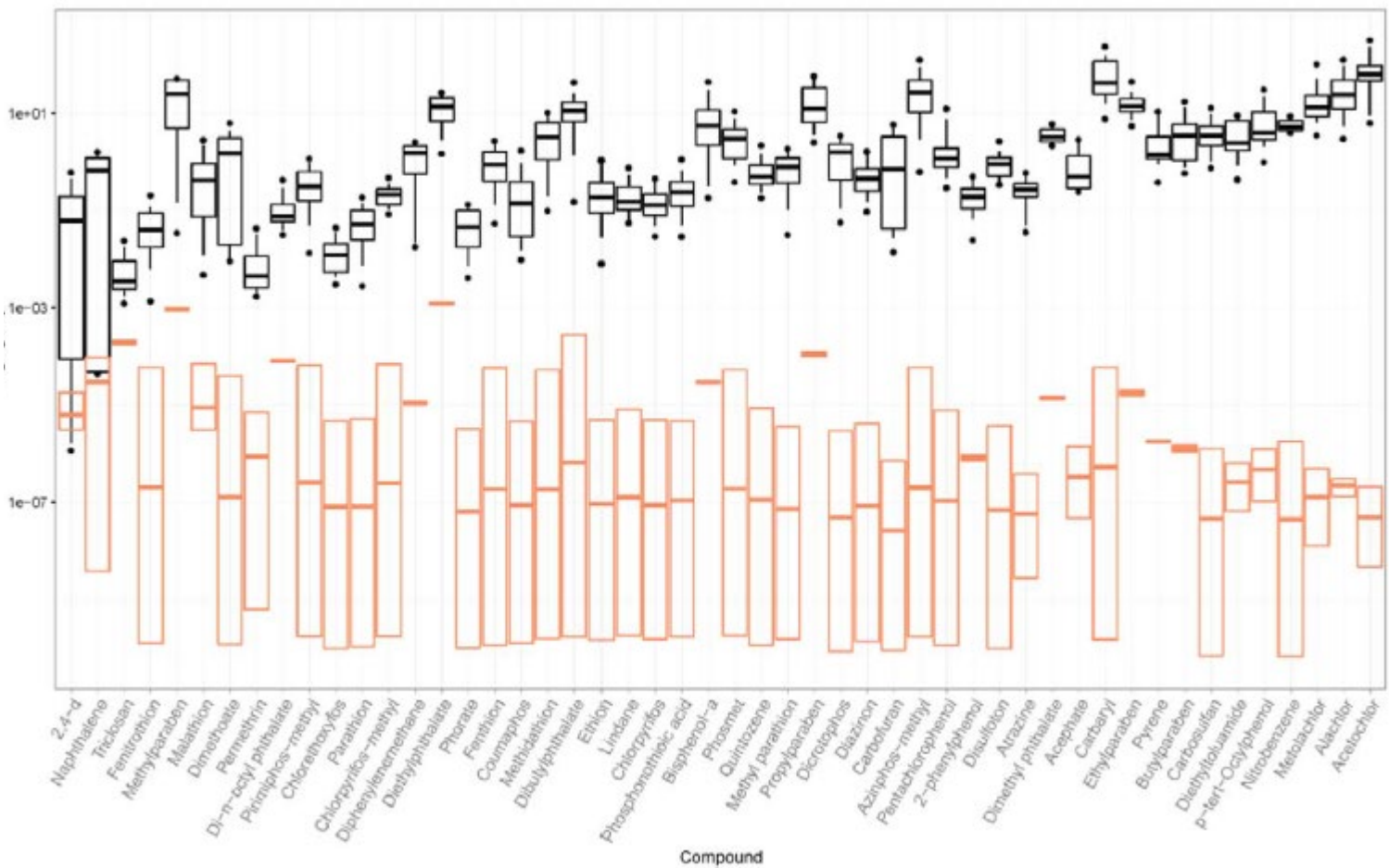
Maintainer: John Wambaugh <wambaugh.john@epa.gov>

R package "httk"

- Open source, transparent, and peer-reviewed tools and data for **high throughput toxicokinetics (httk)**
- Currently 579 chemicals with human *in vitro* TK data, and 97 chemicals with rat data
- Allows *in vitro-in vivo* extrapolation (IVIVE), reverse dosimetry, and physiologically-based toxicokinetics (PBTk)

Risk-Based Ranking for Total NHANES Population

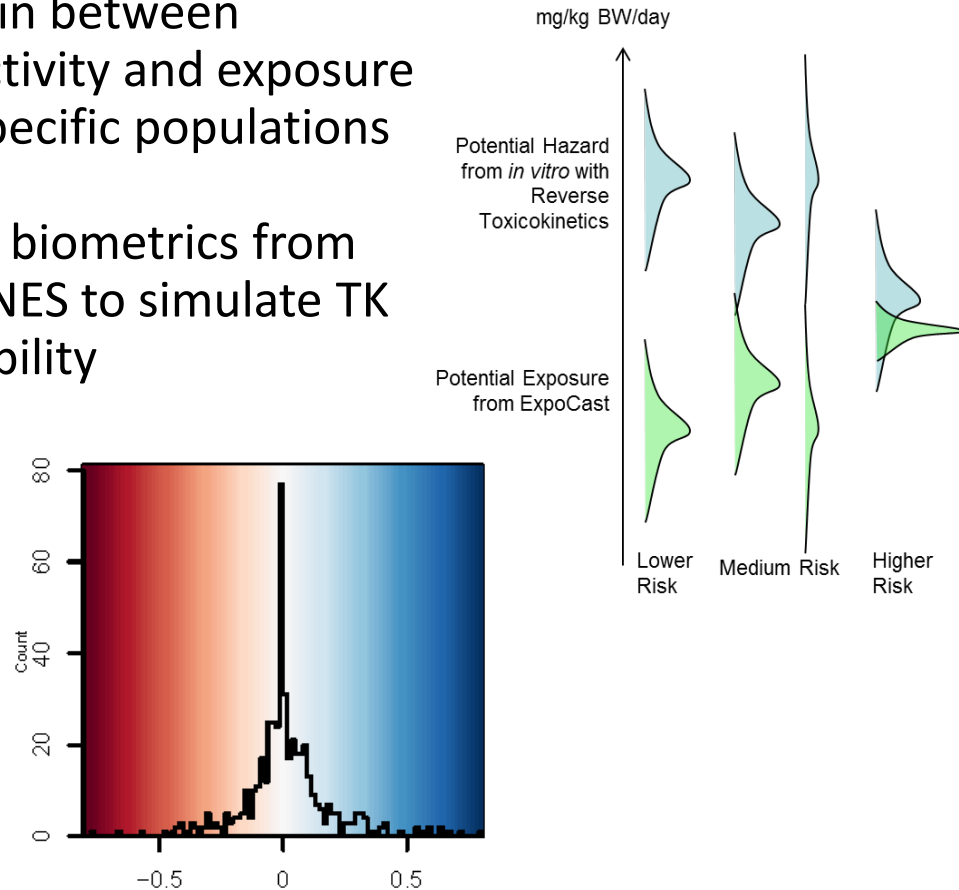
Estimated Equivalent Dose or Predicted Exposure
(mg/kg BW/day)



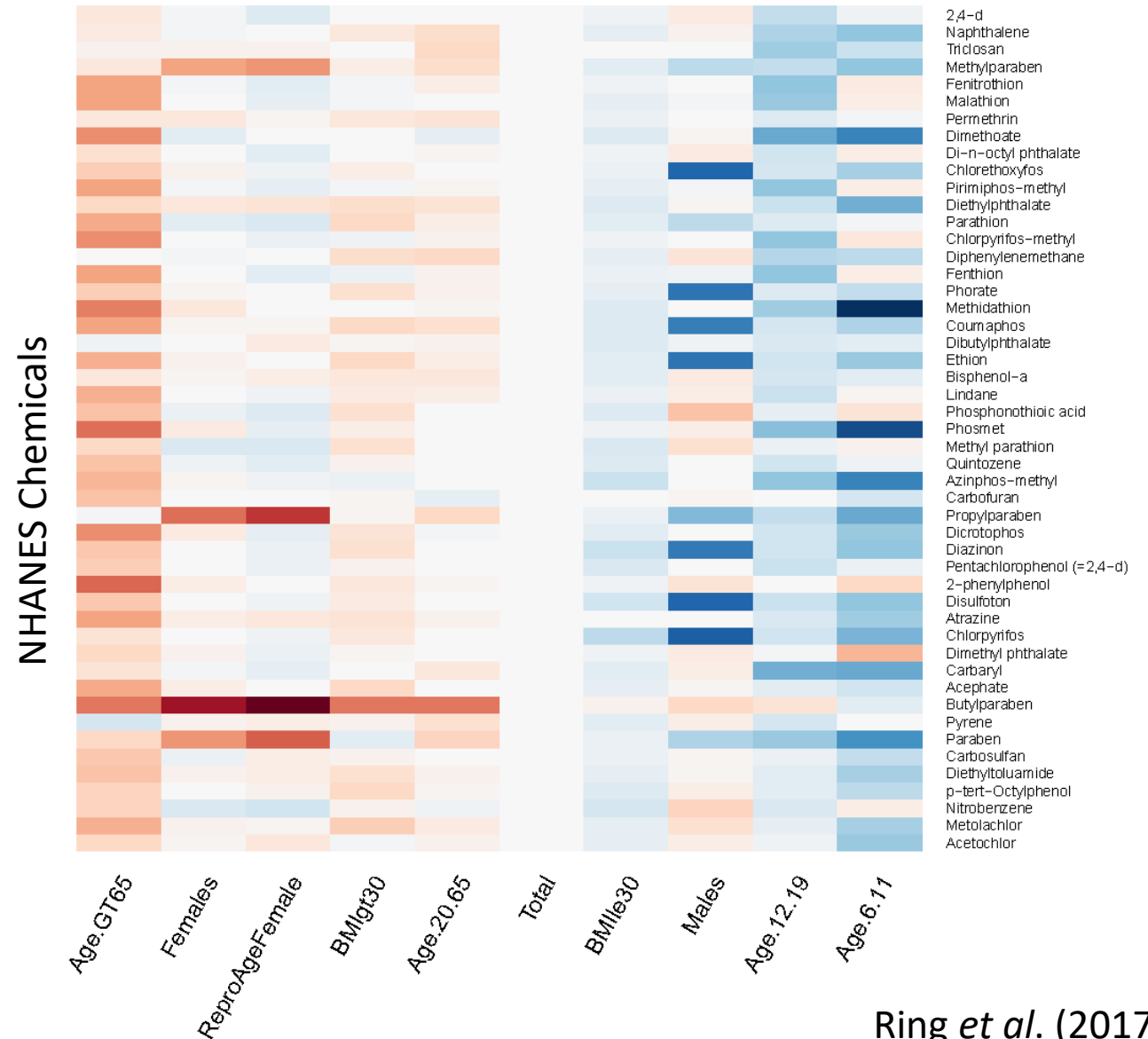
Life-stage and Demographic Specific Predictions

Change in Activity:Exposure Ratio

- We can calculate margin between bioactivity and exposure for specific populations
- Use biometrics from NHANES to simulate TK variability



Change in Risk Relative to Total Population



Ring *et al.* (2017)

Building Confidence in HHTK

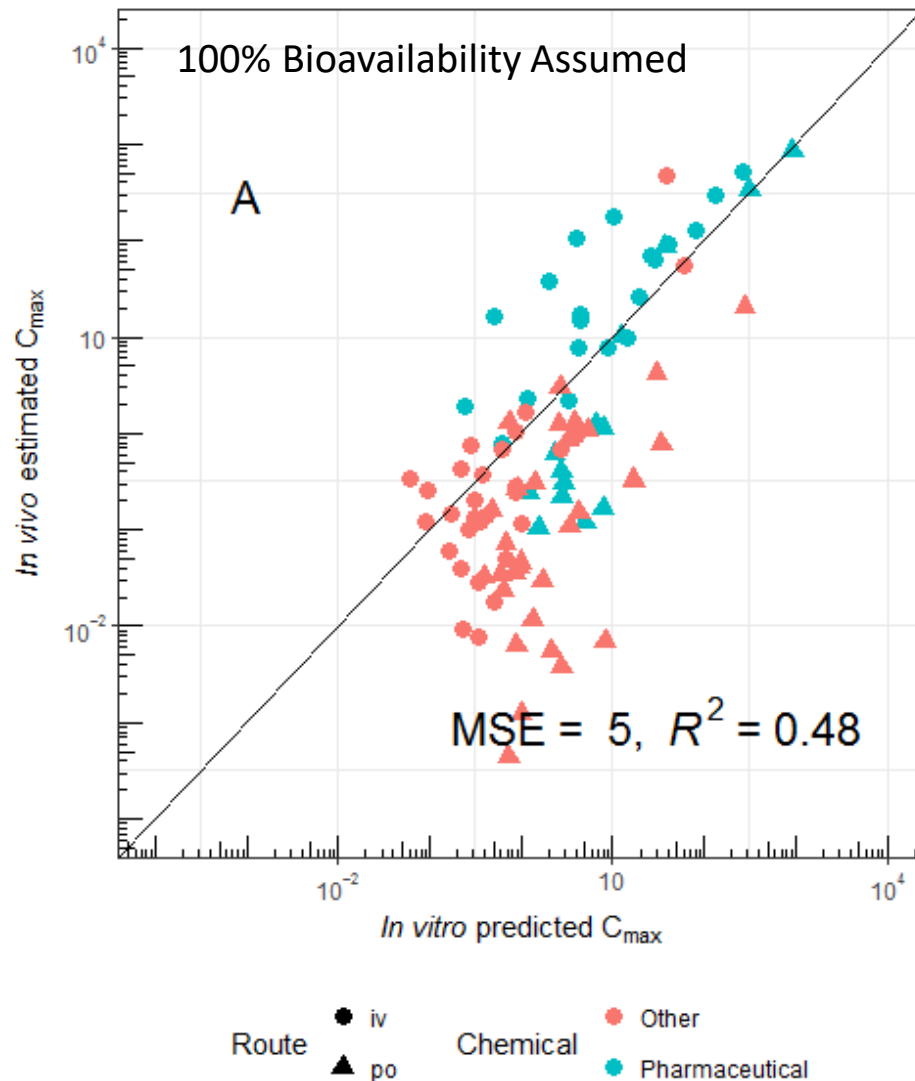
New *in vivo* TK data was collected by
EPA/NHEERL (Mike Hughes) and RTI (Tim Fennell)

“...the steady-state, peak, and time-integrated plasma concentrations of non-pharmaceuticals were predicted with reasonable accuracy... HHTK and IVIVE methods are adequately robust to be applied to high throughput *in vitro* toxicity screening data of environmentally-relevant chemicals for prioritizing based on human health risks.”



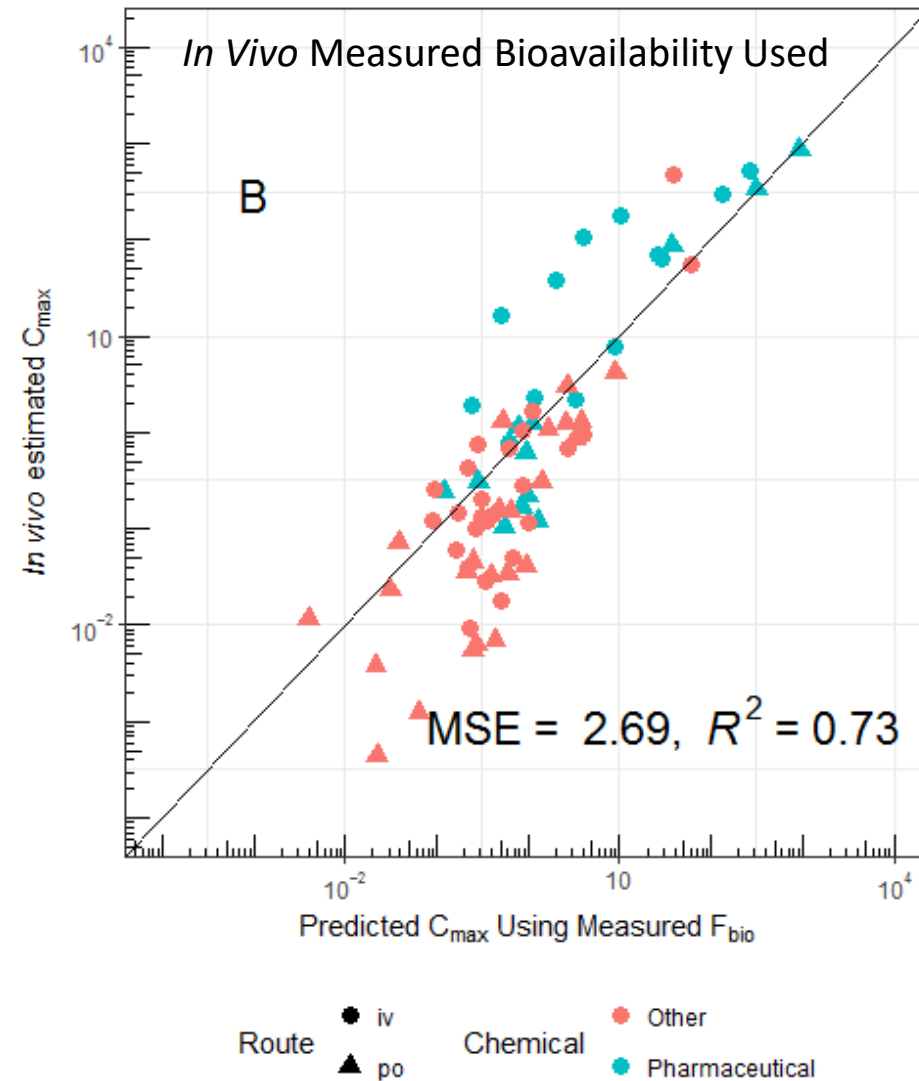
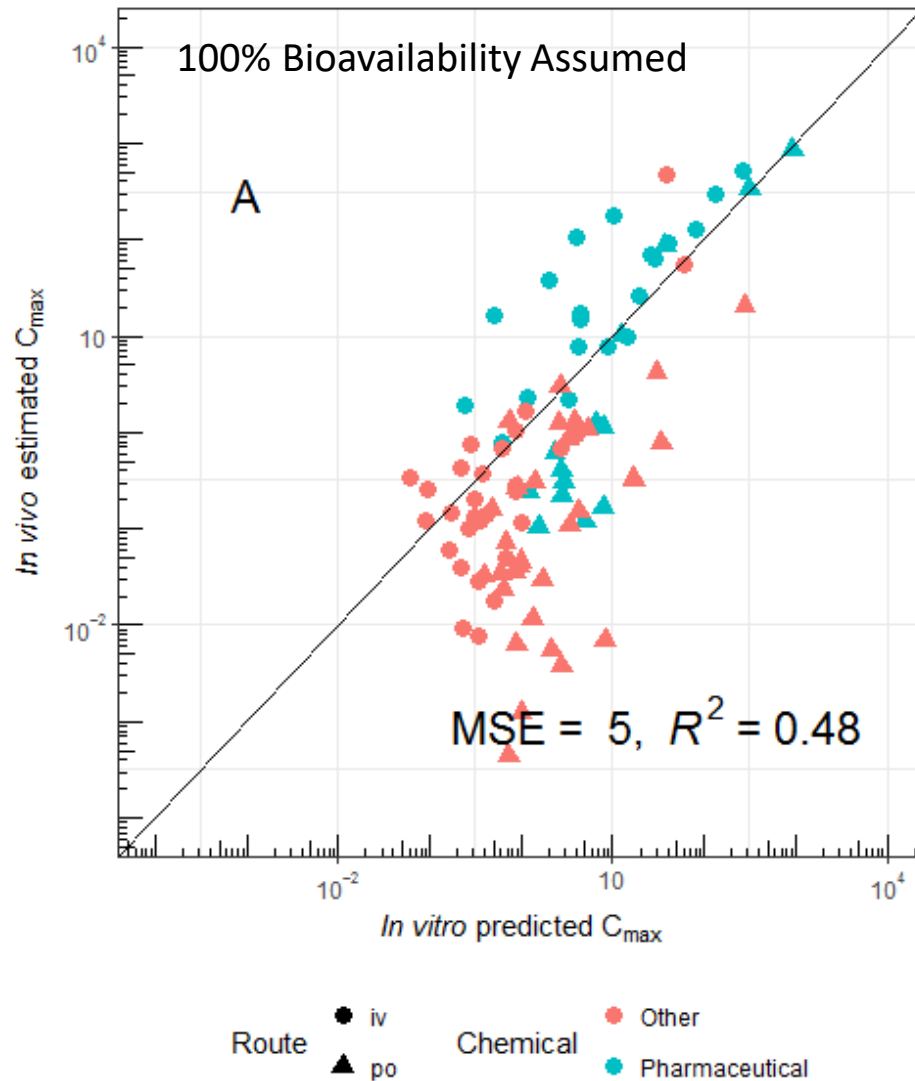
We are working to identify and areas of greatest (most impactful) uncertainty and reduce these uncertainties with new data and methods

Evaluating HTTK



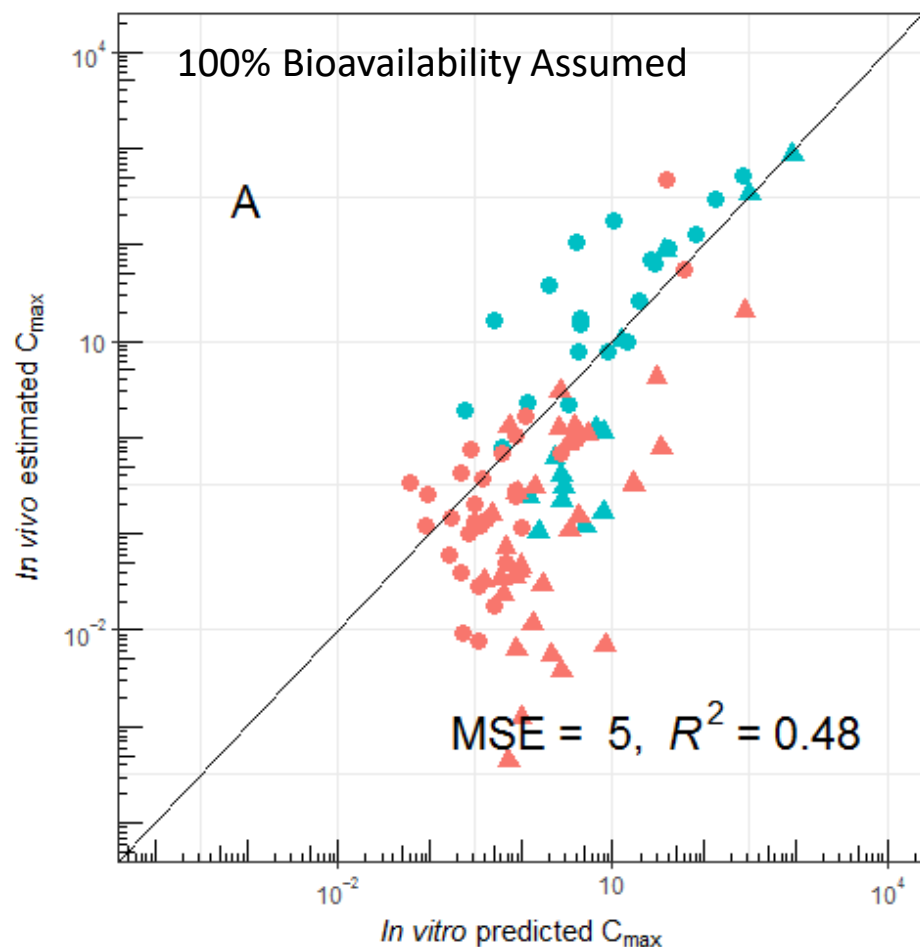
Evaluating HTK

Impact of Oral Bioavailability Data



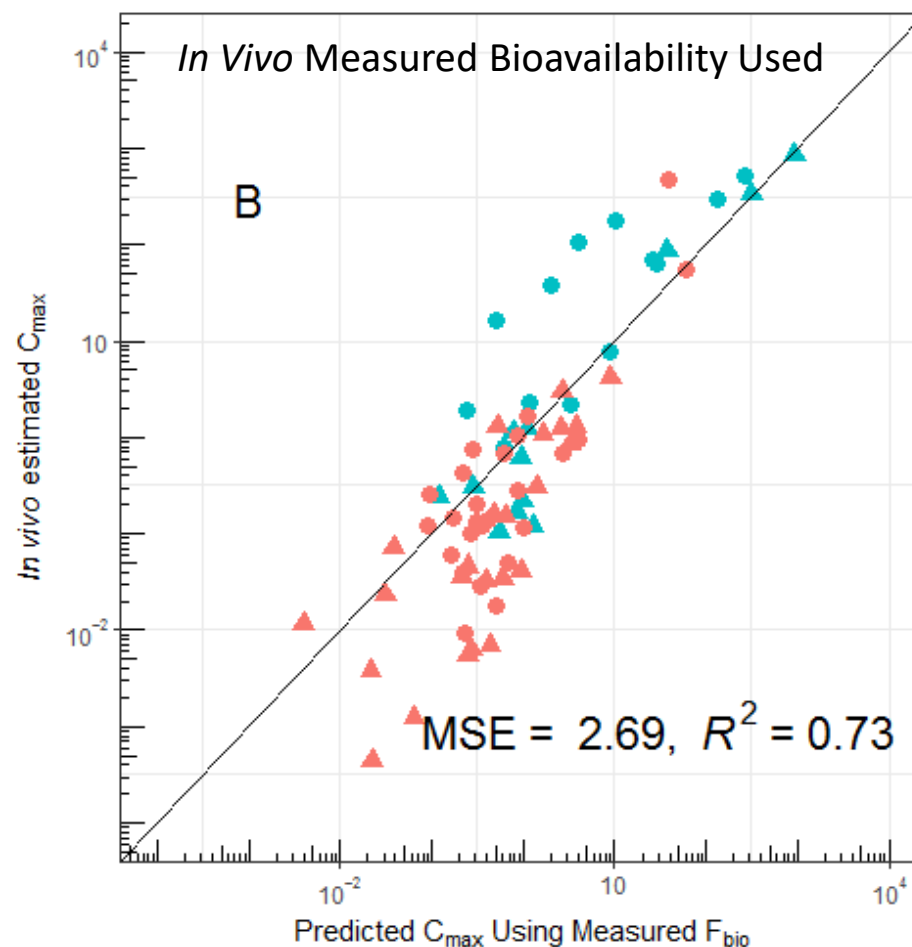
Evaluating HHTK

Impact of Oral Bioavailability Data



Route ● iv
▲ po

Chemical ● Other
● Pharmaceutical



Route ● iv
▲ po

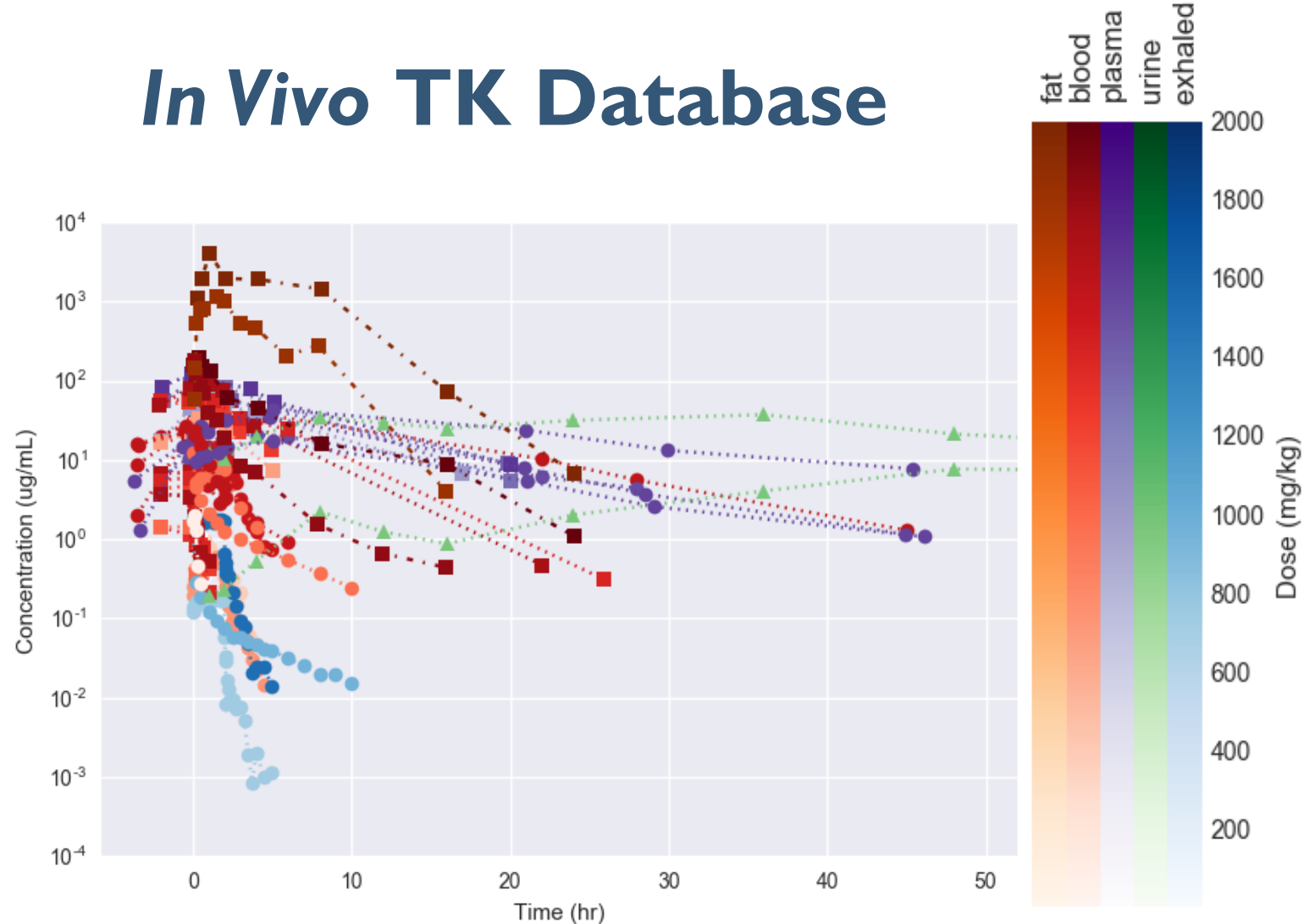
Chemical ● Other
● Pharmaceutical

Greg Honda (NCCT) made a SOT2018 presentation on using Caco2 *in vitro* data to predict absorption for ~300 ToxCast chemicals

- EPA is developing a public database of concentration vs. time data for building, calibrating, and evaluating TK models
- Curation and development ongoing, but to date includes:
 - 198 analytes (EPA, National Toxicology Program, literature)
 - Routes: Intravenous, dermal, oral, sub-cutaneous, and inhalation exposure
- Database will be made available through web interface and through the “httk” R package
- Standardized, open source curve fitting software invivoPKfit used to calibrate models to all data:

<https://github.com/USEPA/CompTox-ExpoCast-invivoPKfit>

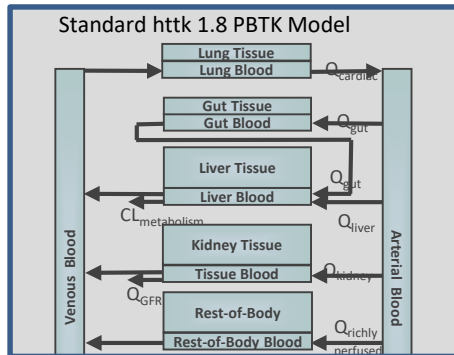
In Vivo TK Database



Measured data allows evaluation of new models

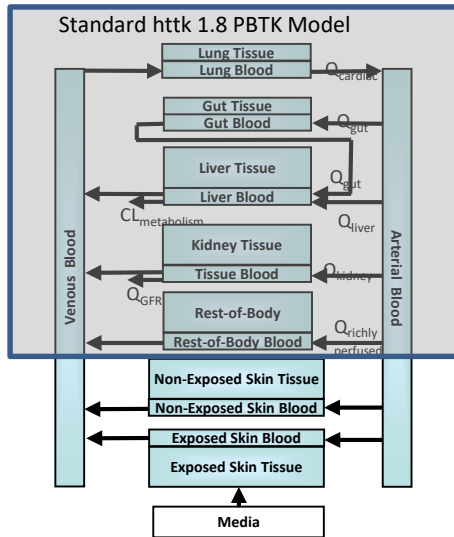
Sayre et al., in preparation

New HT-PBTK Models



- We are working to augment the basic HT-PBTK model with new PBTK models
- Each model will be released publicly upon peer-reviewed publication
- Pre-publication models can be shared under a MTA
- We assume there will be coding errors and over-simplifications, so each publication involves curation of evaluation data from the scientific literature and through statistical analysis
- In Vivo TK (Concentration vs. Time) database (Sayre et al.) is critical to these efforts

New HT-PBTK Models



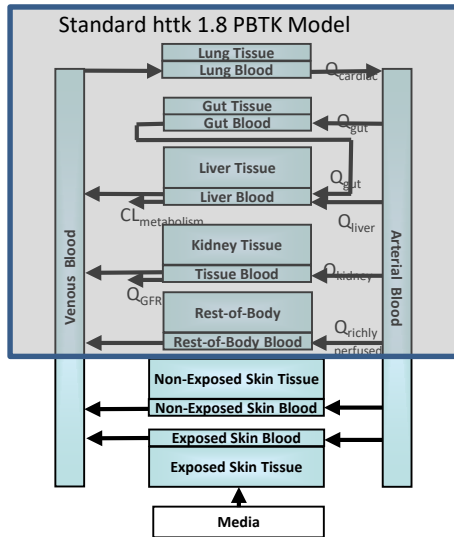
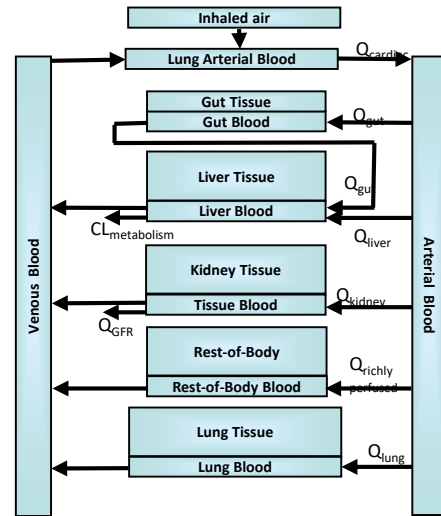
Dermal Exposure Route

EPA, Unilever, INERIS

New HT-PBTK Models

Gas Inhalation Exposure Route EPA, USAFSAM

Linakis et al., in. prep

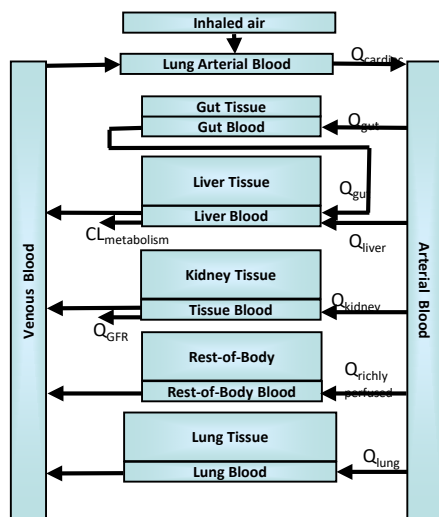


Dermal Exposure Route

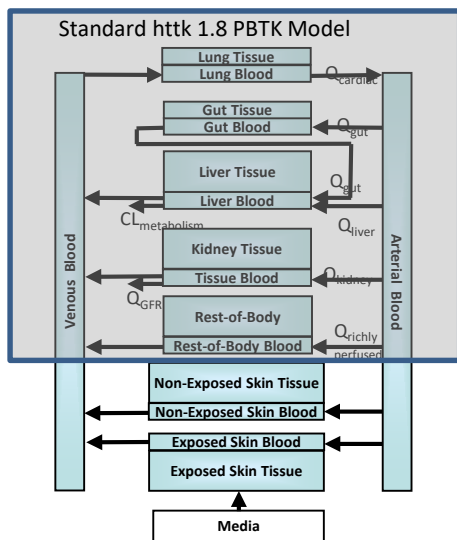
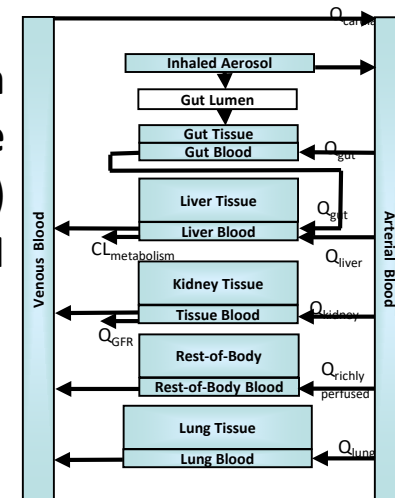
EPA, Unilever, INERIS

New HT-PBTK Models

**Gas Inhalation
Exposure Route**
EPA, USAFSAM
Linakis et al., in. prep



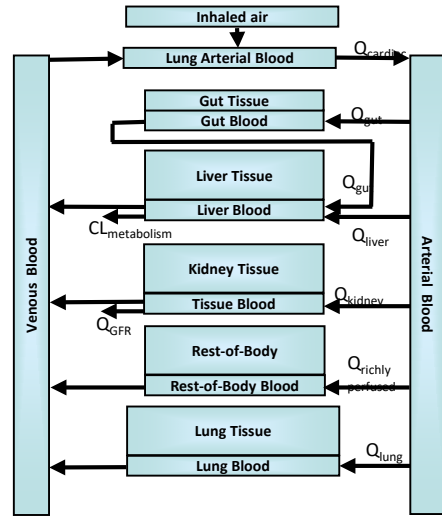
**Aerosol Inhalation
Exposure Route
(with APEX model)**
EPA, USAFSAM
Linakis et al., in. prep



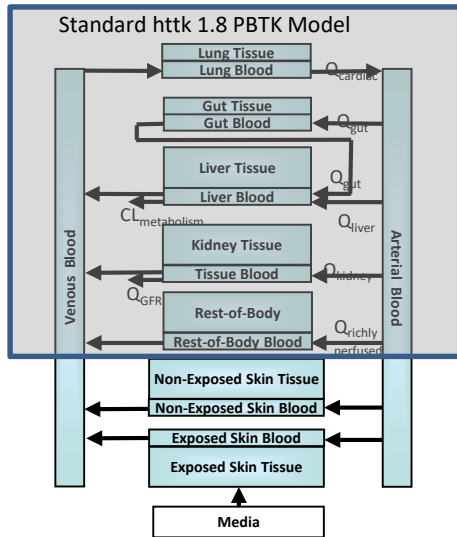
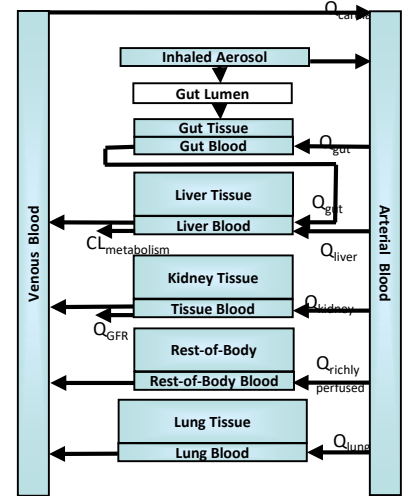
Dermal Exposure Route
EPA, Unilever, INERIS

New HT-PBTK Models

**Gas Inhalation
Exposure Route**
EPA, USAFSAM
Linakis et al., in. prep

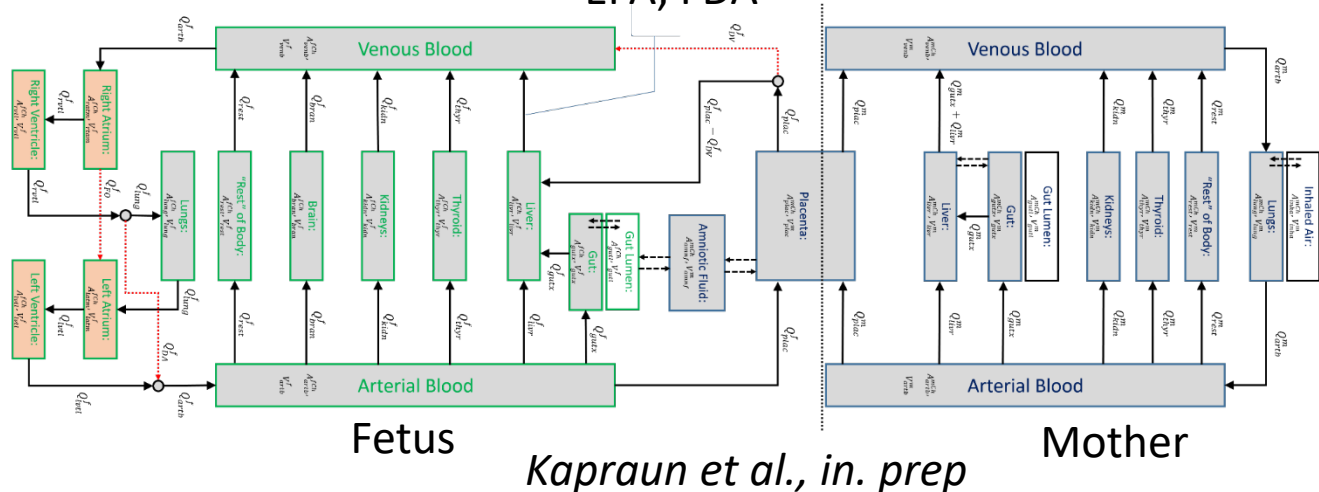


**Aerosol Inhalation
Exposure Route
(with APEX model)**
EPA, USAFSAM
Linakis et al., in. prep



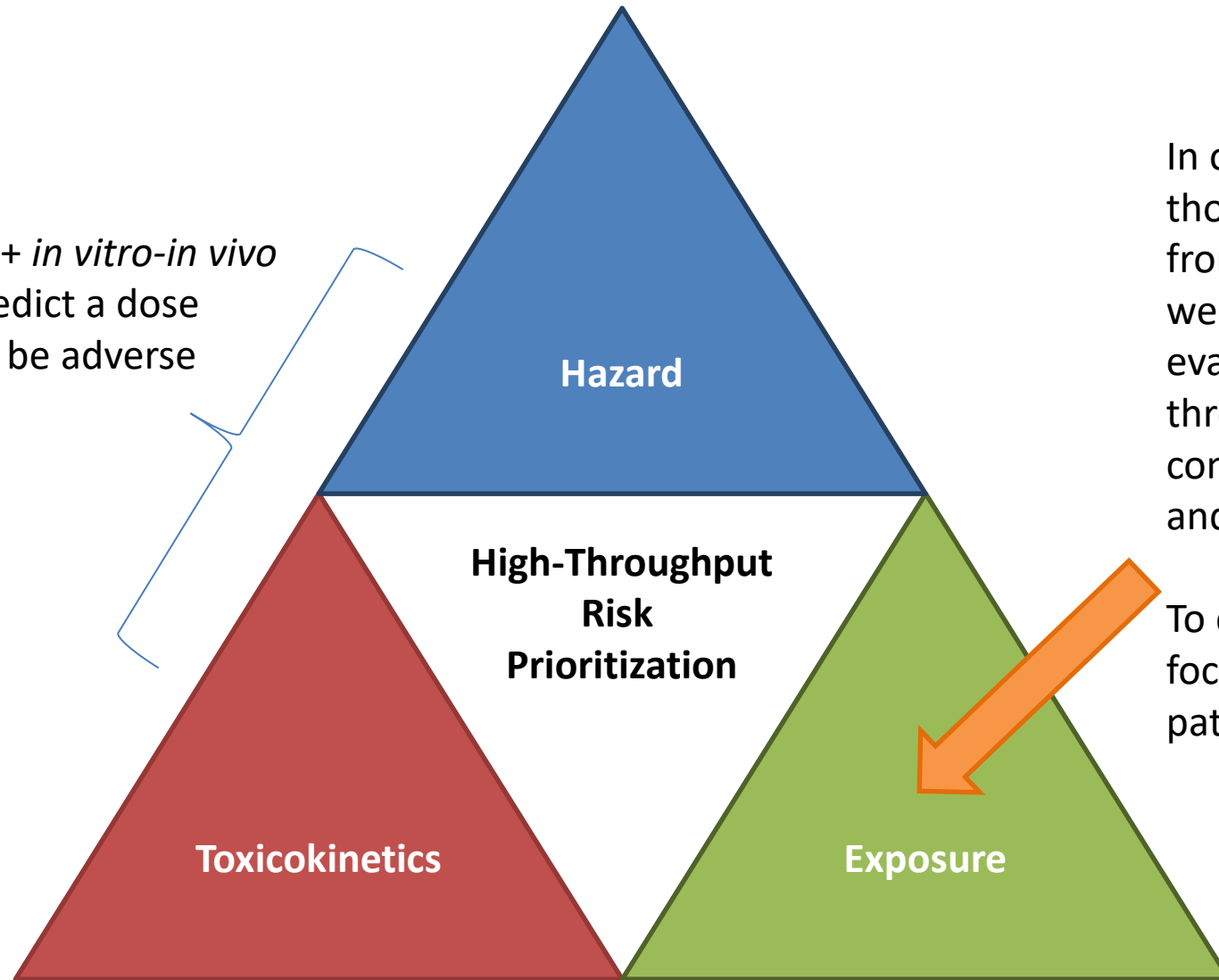
Dermal Exposure Route
EPA, Unilever, INERIS

Human Gestational Model
EPA, FDA



New Exposure Data and Models

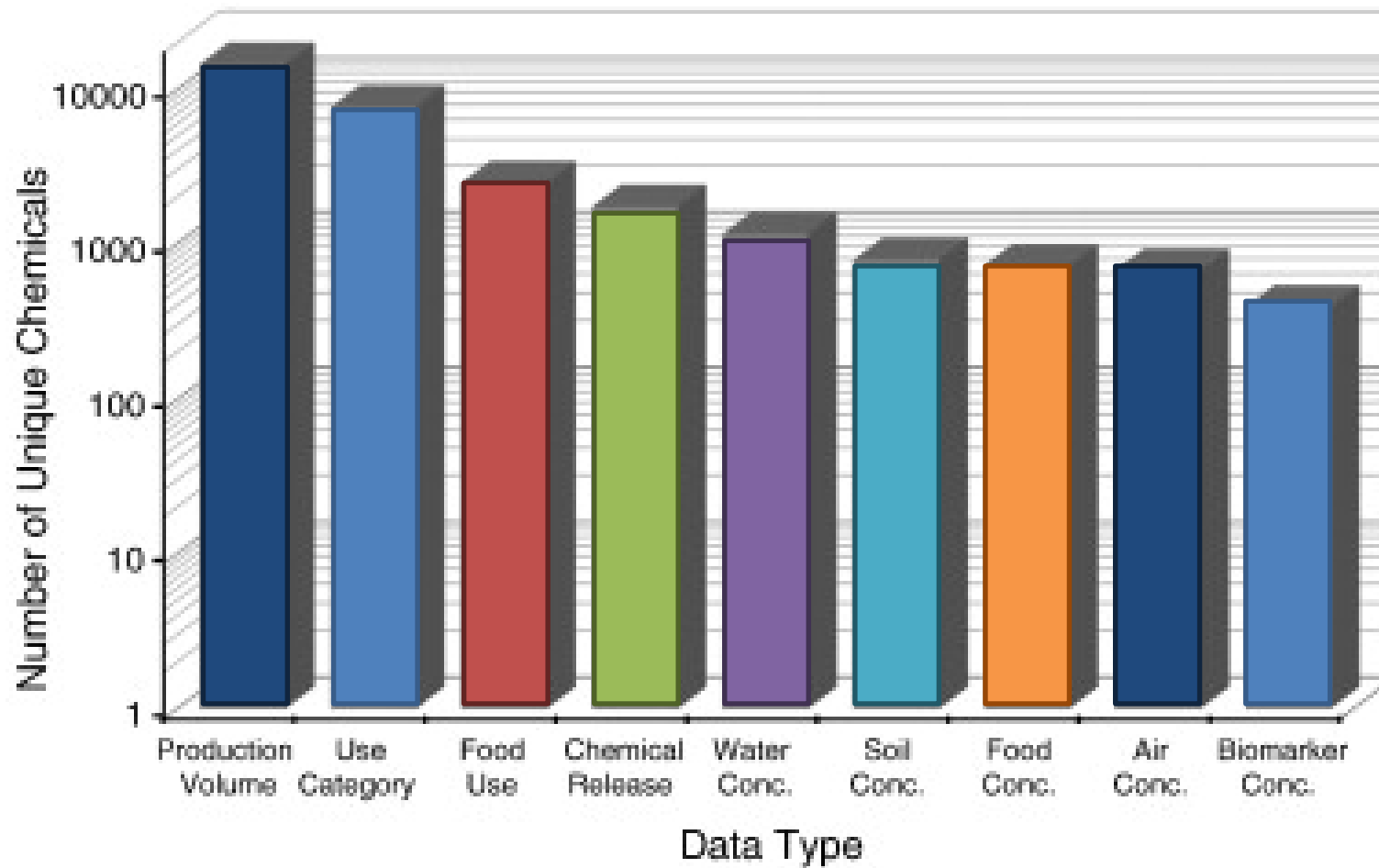
High throughput screening + *in vitro-in vivo* extrapolation (IVIVE can predict a dose (mg/kg bw/day) that might be adverse



In order to address thousands of chemicals from limited information, we are working to evaluate and develop high throughput models for consumer, occupational, and ambient pathways

To date, most efforts have focused on consumer pathways

Limited Available Data for Exposure Estimations



- Most chemicals lack exposure data (Egeghy et al., 2012)

Forecasting Exposure is a Systems Problem

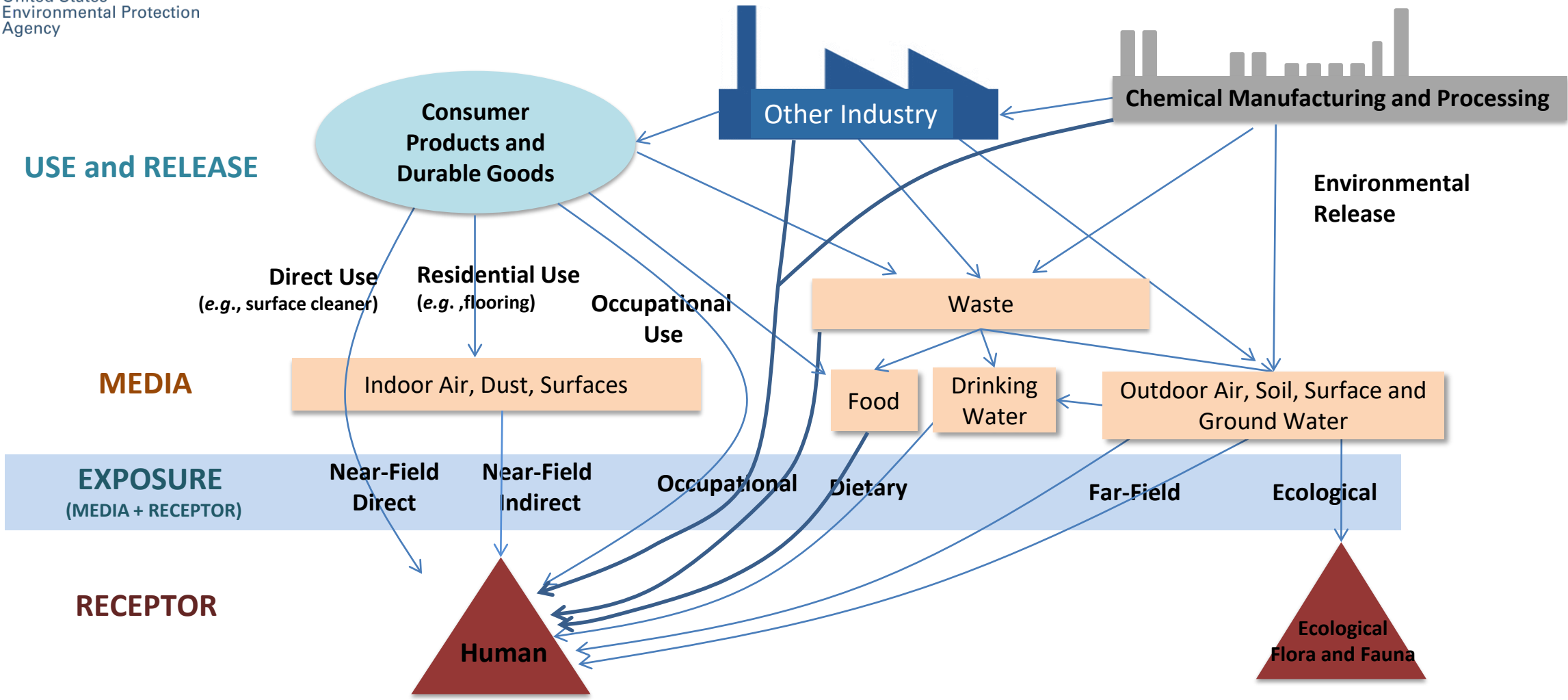


Figure from Kristin Isaacs

Forecasting Exposure is a Systems Problem

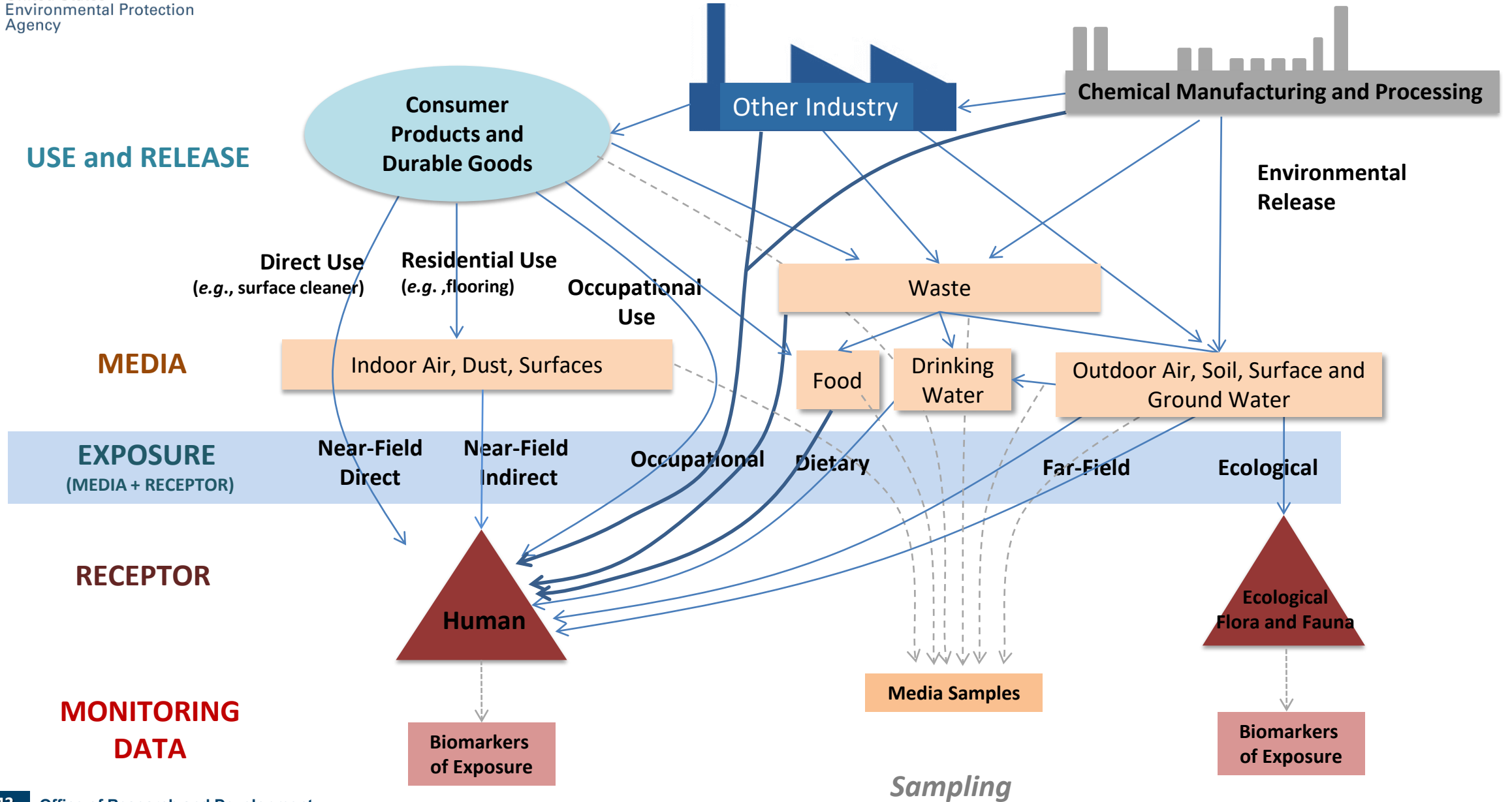


Figure from Kristin Isaacs

Consumer Pathways

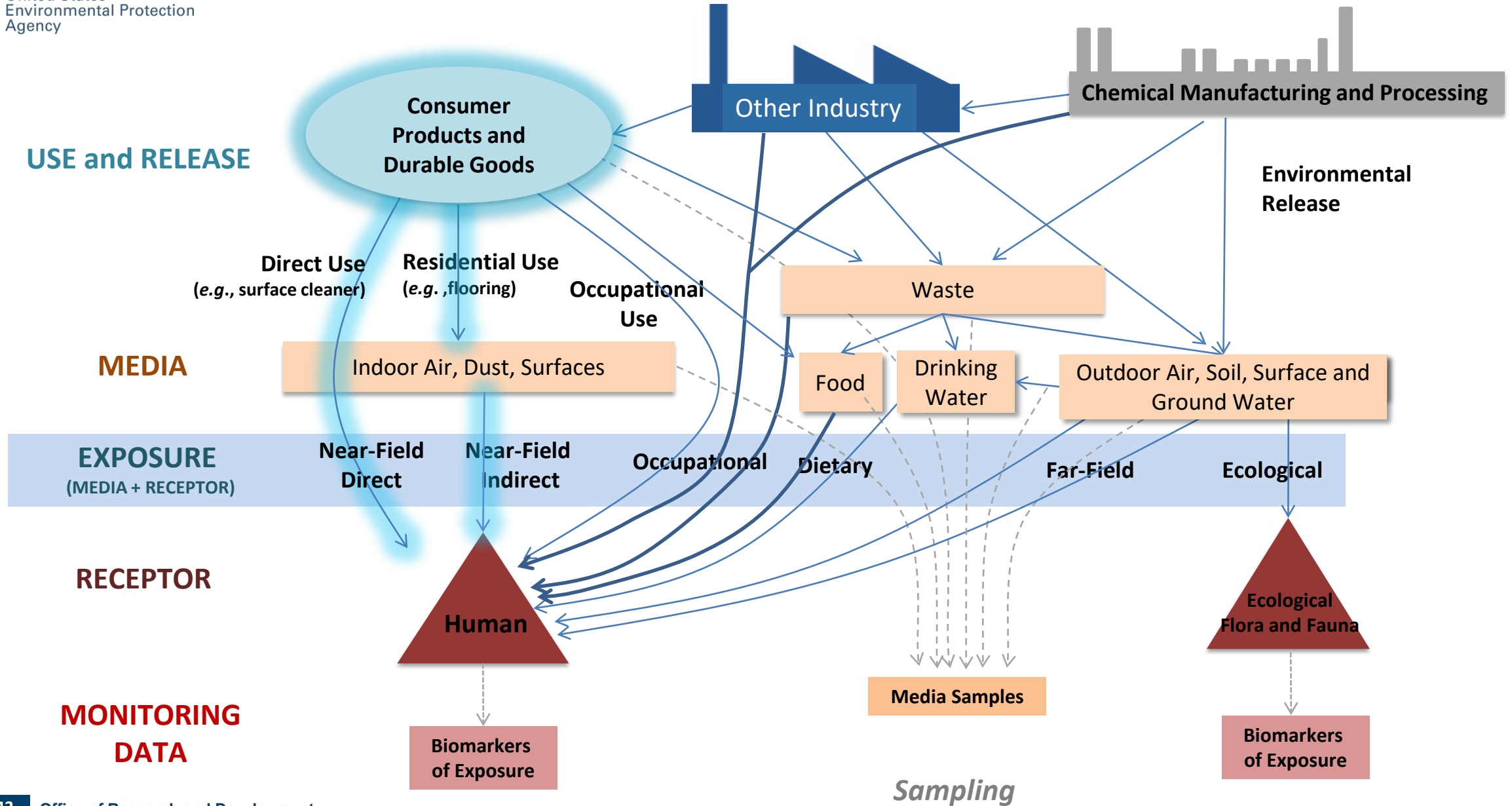
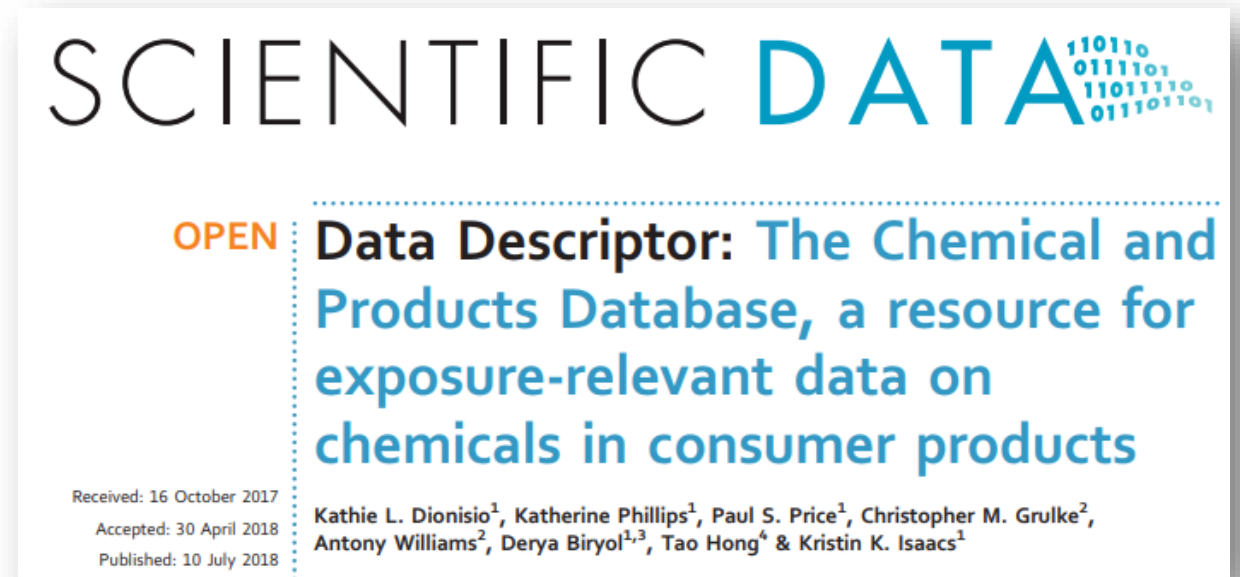
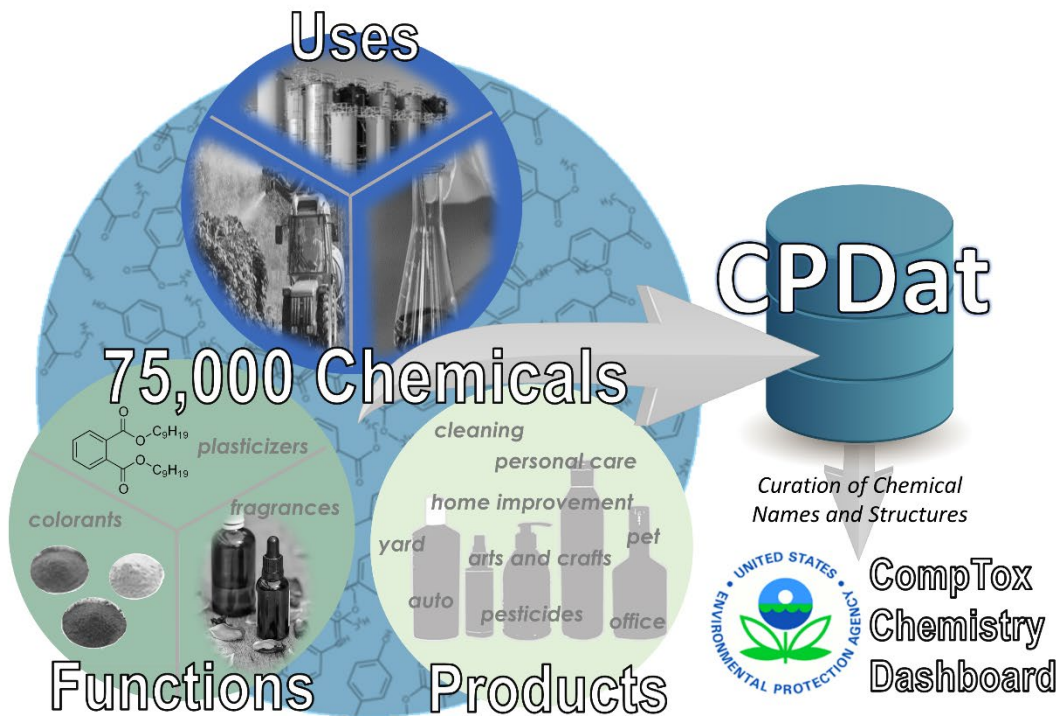


Figure from Kristin Isaacs

Chemical and Products Database (CPDat)

<https://comptox.epa.gov/dashboard/>

- New database of chemical and product information
- General uses, functional uses, product ingredients and compositions
- Data on 75,000 chemicals and 15,000 consumer products
- Data available via individual chemical search or via bulk download the CompTox Chemistry Dashboard



Package 'CPDat'

Chemical Use: Chemicals and Products Database (CPDat)

Occurrence and quantitative chemical composition

Broad "index" of chemical uses

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Toxicology Reports

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/toxrep

Exploring consumer exposure pathways and patterns of use for chemicals in the environment

Kathie L. Dionisio^a, Alicia M. Frame^{b,1}, Michael-Rock Goldsmith^{a,2}, John F. Wambaugh^b, Alan Liddell^{c,3}, Tommy Cathey^d, Doris Smith^b, James Vail^b, Alexi S. Ernstoff^e, Peter Fantke^e, Olivier Joliet^f

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Food and Chemical Toxicology

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/foodchemtox

Development of a consumer product ingredient database for chemical exposure screening and prioritization

M.-R. Goldsmith^{a,*}, C.M. Grulke^a, R.D. Brooks^b, T.R. Transue^c, Y.M. Tan^a, A. Frame^{a,c}, P.P. Egeghy^a, R. Edwards^d, D.T. Chang^a, R. Tornero-Velez^a, K. Isaacs^a, A. Wang^{a,c}, J. Johnson^a, K. Holm^a, M. Reich^f, J. Mitchell^g, D.A. Vallerio^a, L. Phillips^a, M. Phillips^a, J.F. Wambaugh^a, R.S. Judson^a, T.J. Buckley^a, C.C. Dary^a

MSDS
Data

CPCat
(Chemical
and Product
Categories)

CPDat
Dionisio et al.,
(2018)

Functional
Use Data
and
Predictions

Ingredient
Lists

Household
Product
Analysis

Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology (2018) 28, 216–222
© 2018 Nature America, Inc., part of Springer Nature. All rights reserved 1559-0631/18
www.nature.com/jes

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Consumer product chemical weight fractions from ingredient lists

Kristin K. Isaacs¹, Katherine A. Phillips¹, Derya Biryol^{1,2}, Kathie L. Dionisio¹ and Paul S. Price¹

Occurrence data

Environmental Science & Technology

Cite This Environ. Sci. Technol. 2018, 52, 3125–3135
pubs.acs.org/est

Suspect Screening Analysis of Chemicals in Consumer Products

Katherine A. Phillips[†], Alice Yau[‡], Kristin A. Favela[‡], Kristin K. Isaacs[†], Andrew McEachran^{§,||}, Christopher Grulke^{||}, Ann M. Richard^{||}, Antony J. Williams^{||}, Jon R. Sobus[†], Russell S. Thomas^{||}, and John F. Wambaugh^{*,||}

Green Chemistry

PAPER


View Article Online
View Journal | View Issue

High-throughput screening of chemicals as functional substitutes using structure-based classification models[†]

Katherine A. Phillips^{*,a,c}, John F. Wambaugh^b, Christopher M. Grulke^b, Kathie L. Dionisio^c and Kristin K. Isaacs^c

High-Throughput Stochastic Human Exposure and Dose Simulation Model (SHEDS-HT)

- High-throughput model for simulating population exposures to chemical in consumer products via multiple product types, scenarios, and routes
- Provided publicly as an R package
- R package, code, and default input files for consumer products (derived from CPDat) available at:
<https://github.com/HumanExposure/SHEDSHTPackage>



Package 'ShedsHT'
September 9, 2016

Title To run the SHEDS-HT screening model for estimating human exposure to chemicals.
Version 0.1.1
Author Kristin Isaacs [aut, cre]
Maintainer Kristin Isaacs <isaacs.kristin@epa.gov>

ENVIRONMENTAL
Science & Technology



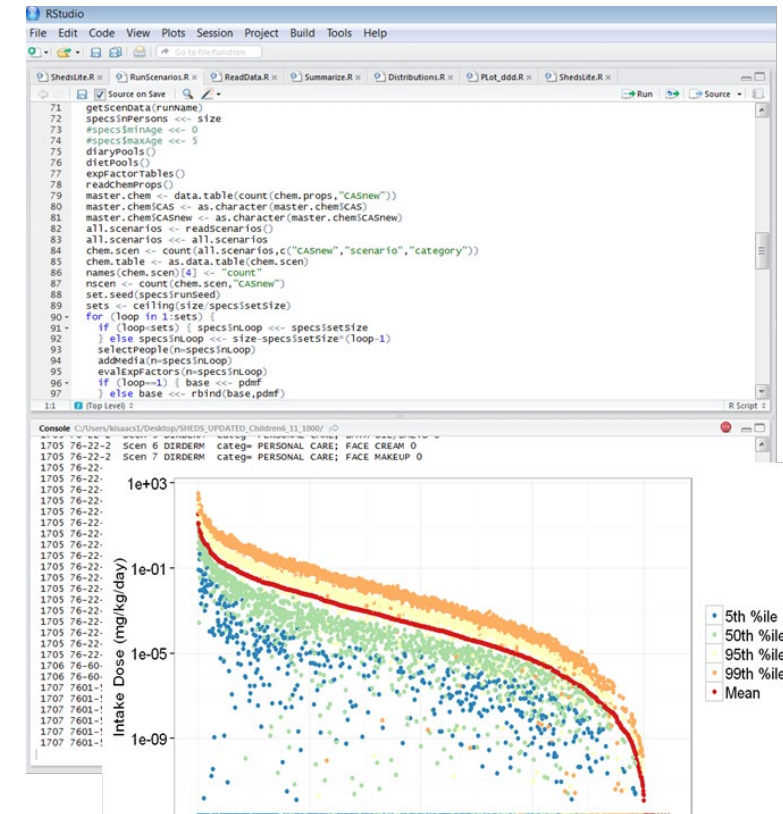
SHEDS-HT: An Integrated Probabilistic Exposure Model for Prioritizing Exposures to Chemicals with Near-Field and Dietary Sources

Kristin K. Isaacs,^{*,†} W. Graham Glen,[‡] Peter Egeghy,[†] Michael-Rock Goldsmith,^{§,○} Luther Smith,[‡] Daniel Vallero,[†] Raina Brooks,^{||} Christopher M. Grulke,^{⊥,○} and Halûk Özkaynak[†]

[†]U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development, National Exposure Research Laboratory, 109 T.W. Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709, United States

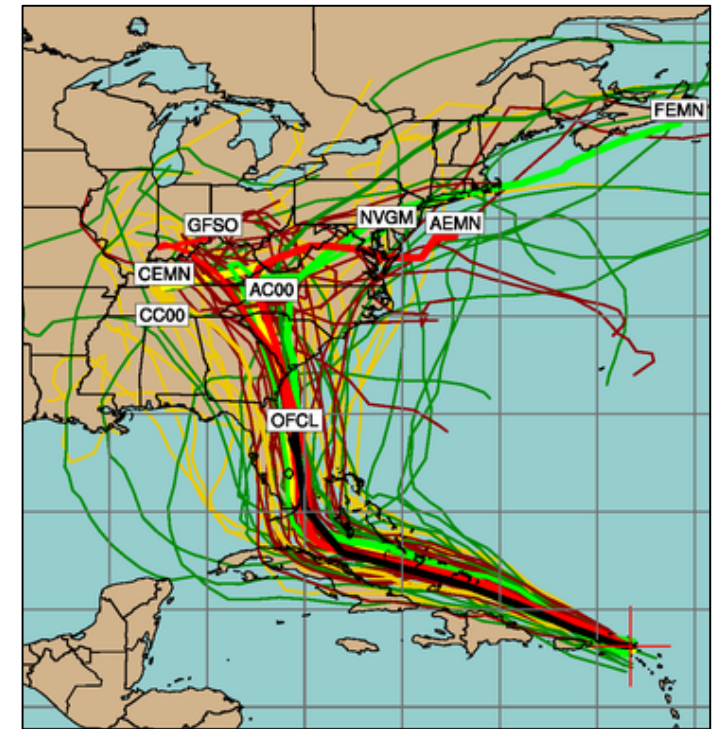
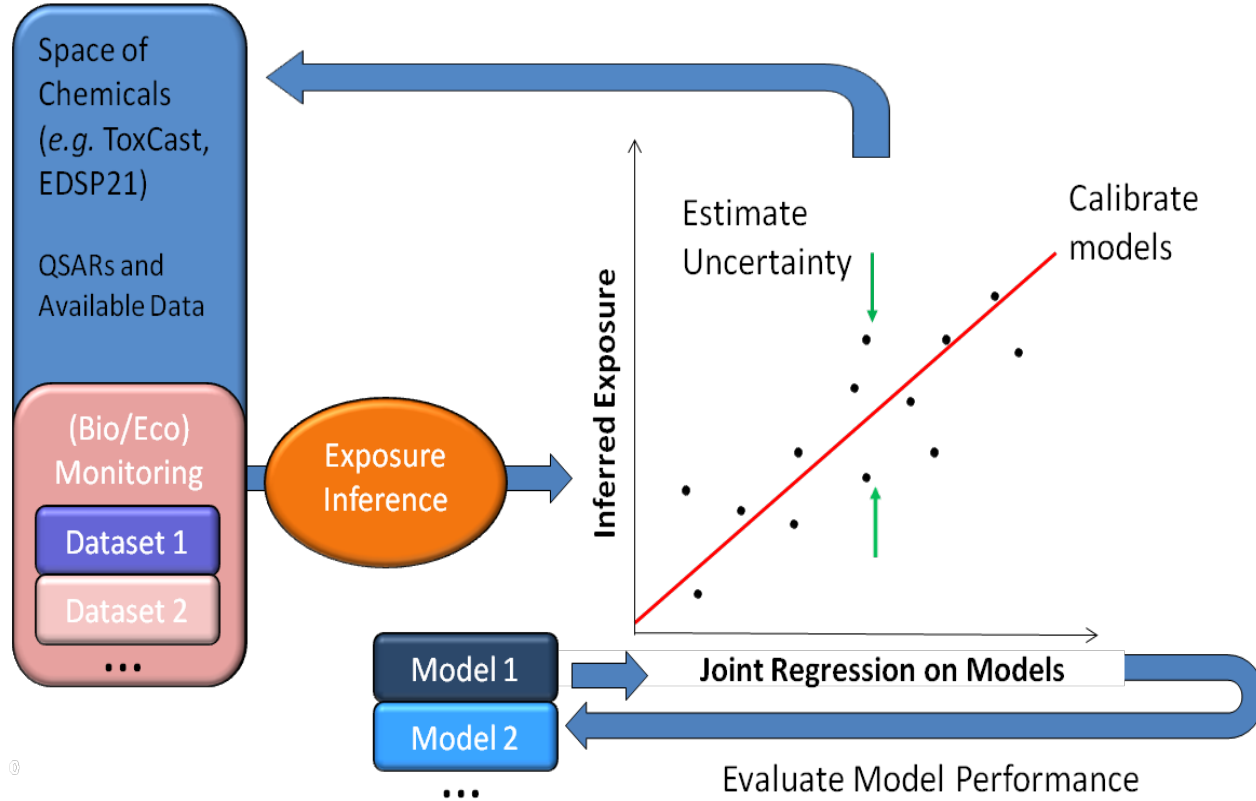
[‡]Alion Science and Technology, 1000 Park Forty Plaza Suite 200, Durham, North Carolina 27713, United States

[§]Chemical Computing Group, Suite 910, 1010 Sherbrooke Street West, Montreal, QC H3A 2R7, Canada



Consensus Exposure Predictions with the SEEM Framework

- Different exposure models incorporate **knowledge**, **assumptions**, and **data** (MacLeod et al., 2010)
- We incorporate multiple models (including SHEDS-HT, ExpoDat) into consensus predictions for 1000s of chemicals within the **Systematic Empirical Evaluation of Models (SEEM)** (Wambaugh et al., 2013, 2014)
- Evaluation is similar to a sensitivity analysis: What models are working? What data are most needed?



Hurricane Path Prediction is an
Example of Integrating Multiple Models

Collaboration on High Throughput Exposure Predictions

Jon Arnot, Deborah H. Bennett, Peter P. Egeghy, Peter Fantke, Lei Huang, Kristin K. Isaacs, Olivier Jolliet, Hyeong-Moo Shin, Katherine A. Phillips, Caroline Ring, R. Woodrow Setzer, John F. Wambaugh, Johnny Westgate




Predictor	Reference(s)	Chemicals Predicted	Pathways
EPA Inventory Update Reporting and Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) (2015)	US EPA (2018)	7856	All
Stockholm Convention of Banned Persistent Organic Pollutants (2017)	Lallas (2001)	248	Far-Field Industrial and Pesticide
EPA Pesticide Reregistration Eligibility Documents (REDs) Exposure Assessments (Through 2015)	Wetmore et al. (2012, 2015)	239	Far-Field Pesticide
United Nations Environment Program and Society for Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry toxicity model (USEtox) Industrial Scenario (2.0)	Rosenbaum et al. (2008)	8167	Far-Field Industrial
USEtox Pesticide Scenario (2.0)	Fantke et al. (2011, 2012, 2016)	940	Far-Field Pesticide
Risk Assessment IDentification And Ranking (RAIDAR) Far-Field (2.02)	Arnot et al. (2008)	8167	Far-Field Pesticide
EPA Stochastic Human Exposure Dose Simulator High Throughput (SHEDS-HT) Near-Field Direct (2017)	Isaacs (2017)	7511	Far-Field Industrial and Pesticide
SHEDS-HT Near-field Indirect (2017)	Isaacs (2017)	1119	Residential
Fugacity-based INdoor Exposure (FINE) (2017)	Bennett et al. (2004), Shin et al. (2012)	645	Residential
RAIDAR-ICE Near-Field (0.803)	Arnot et al., (2014), Zhang et al. (2014)	1221	Residential
USEtox Residential Scenario (2.0)	Jolliet et al. (2015), Huang et al. (2016,2017)	615	Residential
USEtox Dietary Scenario (2.0)	Jolliet et al. (2015), Huang et al. (2016), Ernstoff et al. (2017)	8167	Dietary

Knowledge of Exposure Pathways Limits High Throughput Exposure Models


“In particular, the assumption that 100% of [quantity emitted, applied, or ingested] is being applied to each individual use scenario is a very conservative assumption for many compound / use scenario pairs.”

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Risk-Based High-Throughput Chemical Screening and Prioritization using Exposure Models and in Vitro Bioactivity Assays

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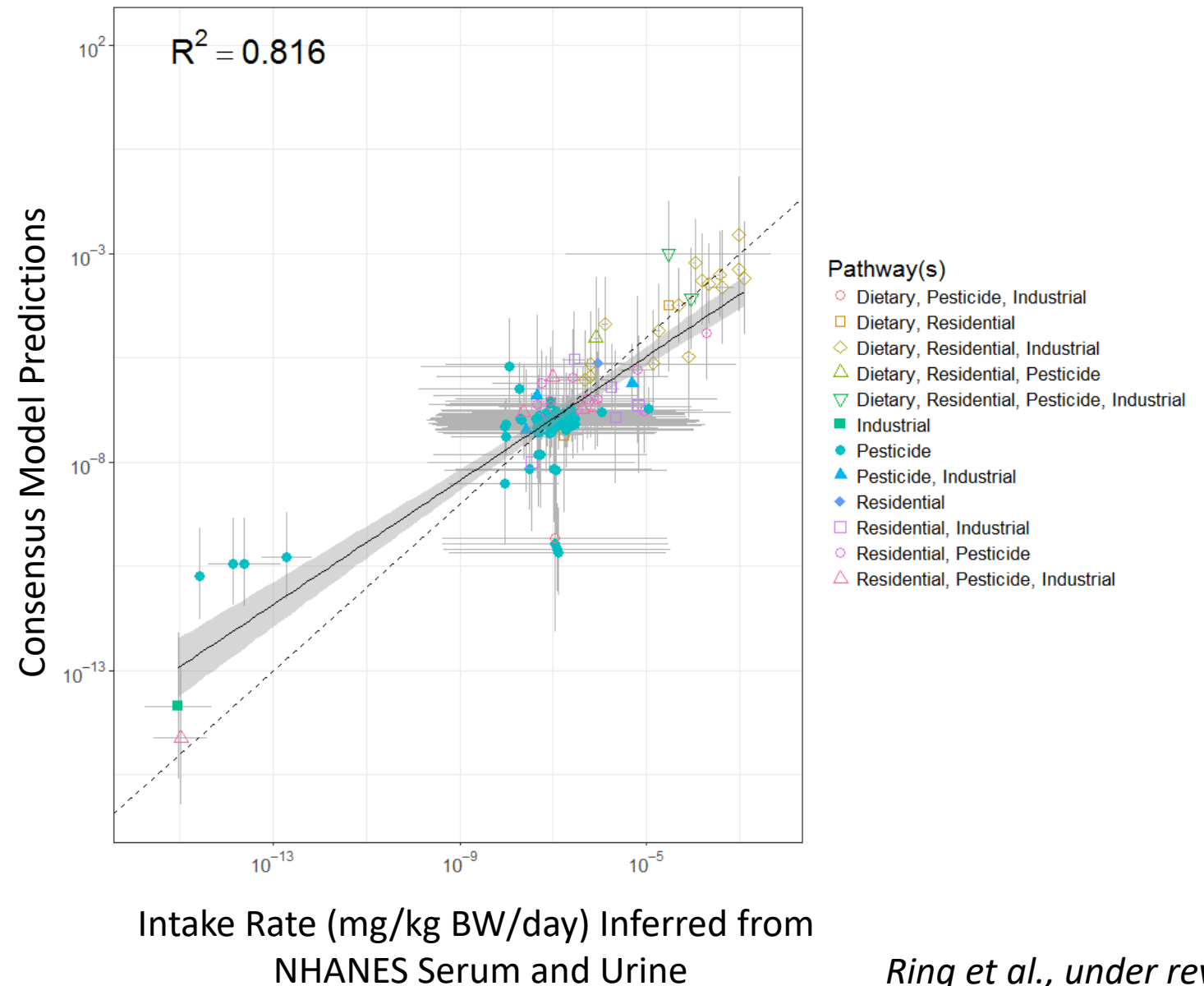
Reducing Uncertainty by Predicting Pathways

We use the method of Random Forests to relate chemical structure and properties to exposure pathway

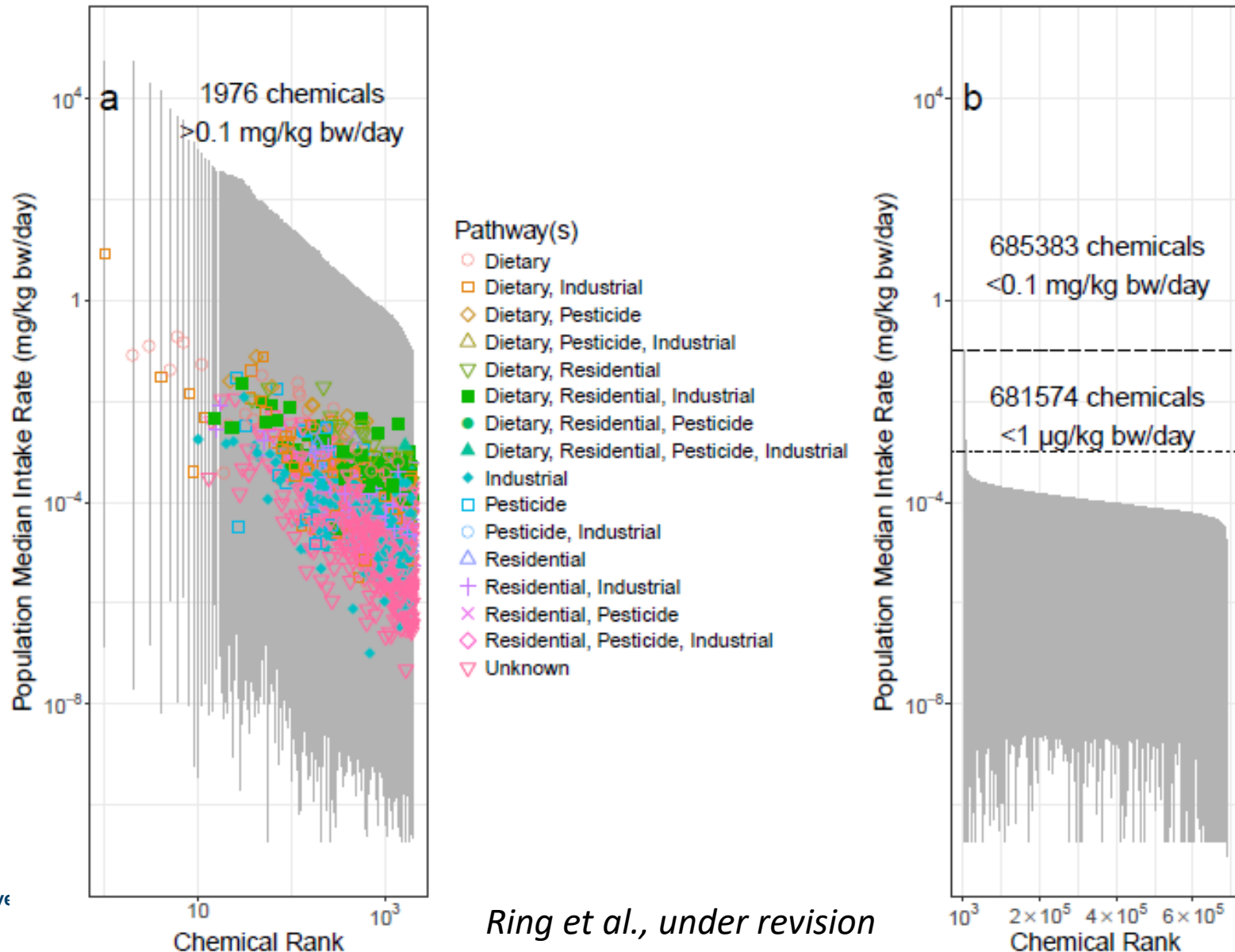
	NHANES Chemicals	Positives	Negatives	OOB Error Rate	Positives Error Rate	Balanced Accuracy	Sources of Positives	Sources of Negatives
Dietary	24	2523	8865	27	32	73	FDA CEDI, ExpoCast, CPDat (Food, Food Additive, Food Contact), NHANES Curation	Pharmapendium, CPDat (non-food), NHANES Curation
Near-Field	49	1622	567	26	24	74	CPDat (consumer_use, building_material), ExpoCast, NHANES Curation	CPDat (Agricultural, Industrial), FDA CEDI, NHANES Curation
Far-Field Pesticide	94	1480	6522	21	36	80	REDs, Swiss Pesticides, Stockholm Convention, CPDat (Pesticide), NHANES Curation	Pharmapendium, Industrial Positives, NHANES Curation
Far Field Industrial	42	5089	2913	19	16	81	CDR HPV, USGS Water Occurrence, NORMAN PFAS, Stockholm Convention, CPDat (Industrial, Industrial_Fluid), NHANES Curation	Pharmapendium, Pesticide Positives, NHANES Curation <i>Ring et al., under revision</i>

Pathway-Based Consensus Modeling

- Machine learning models were built for each four exposure pathways
- Pathway predictions can be used for large chemical libraries
- Use prediction (and accuracy of prediction) as a prior for Bayesian analysis
- Each chemical may have exposure by multiple pathways



Consensus Modeling of Median Chemical Intake



Ring et al., under revision

Suspect Screening and Non-Targeted Analysis (SSA/NTA)

- We are working to reduce the uncertainties in high throughput exposure models. To do this we would like to to:
 - Increasing the chemical diversity of the biomonitoring data that the models are calibrated against
 - Better characterize what we are exposed to
- New SSA/NTA analytical chemistry methods allow simultaneous identification of many chemicals in a single sample (Sobus, et al., 2017)
- EPA has applied SSA/NTA methods to house dust (Rager et al., 2016), drinking water filters (Newton et al., 2017) and household products (Phillips et al., 2018)



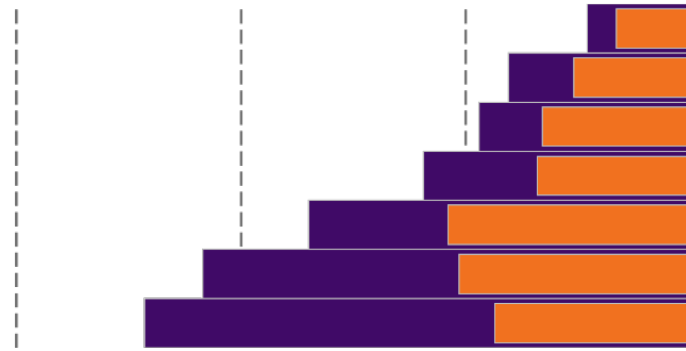
Developing Pathway-Specific Chemical Data

In order to use models like SHEDs-HT we must approximately know the composition of household items

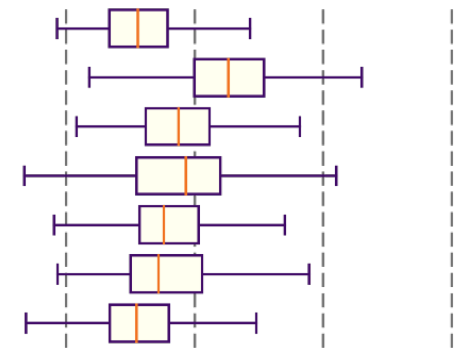
ExpoCast household item pilot study analyzed 5 examples each of 20 diverse household items.

Of 1,632 chemicals confirmed or tentatively identified, 1,445 were not present in CPCPdb

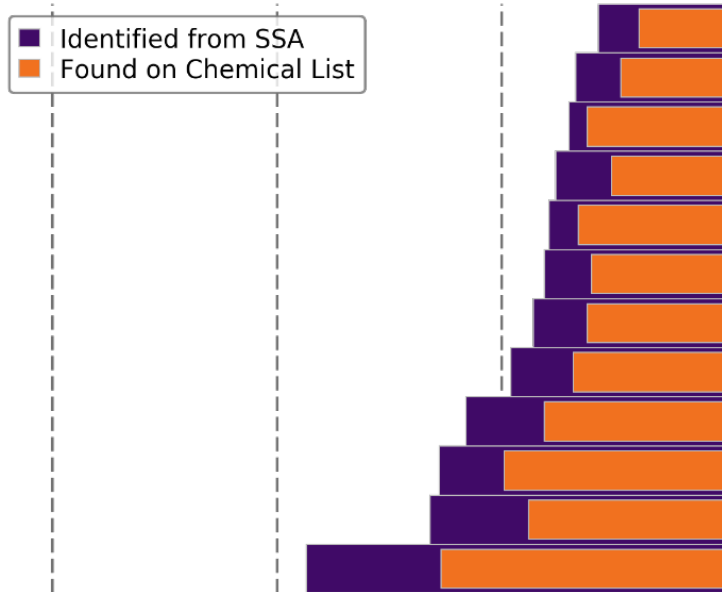
Articles



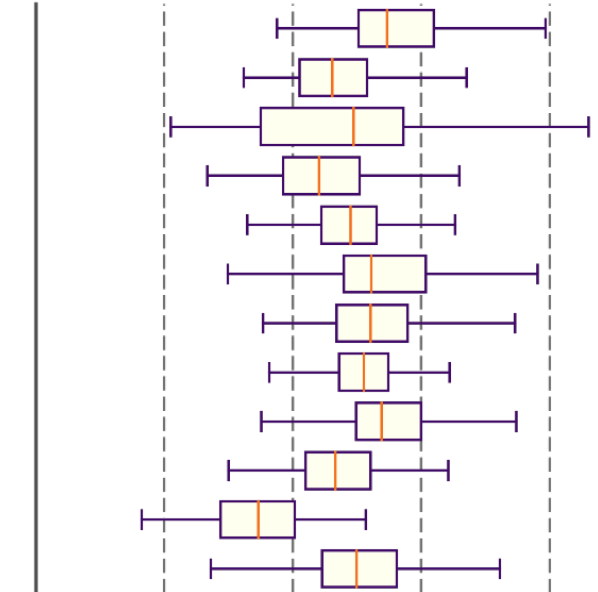
Carpet
Carpet Padding
Fabric Upholstery
Shower Curtain
Vinyl Upholstery
Plastic Children's Toy
Cotton Clothing



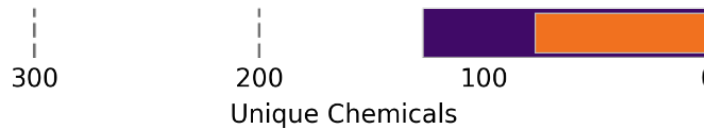
Formulations



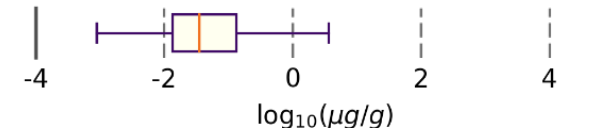
Lipstick
Toothpaste
Sunscreen
Indoor House Paint
Hand Soap
Skin Lotion
Shaving Cream
Baby Soap
Deodorant
Shampoo
Glass Cleaner
Air Freshener



Foods



Cereal

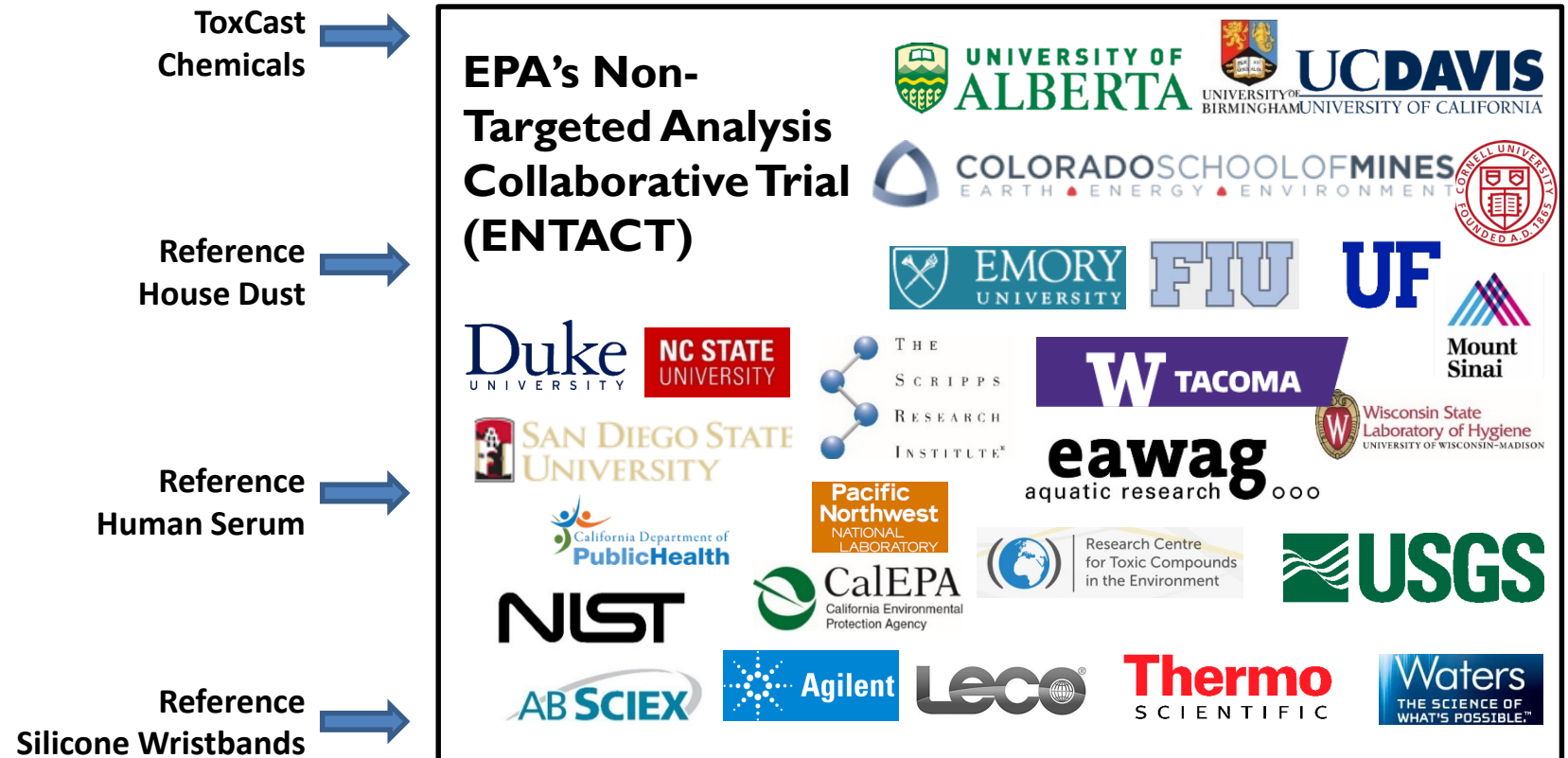


Phillips *et al.* (2018)

Suspect Screening and Non-Targeted Analysis (SSA/NTA)

- In order to characterize the reliability of SSA/NTA techniques, the EPA is leading a collaborative trial across more than two dozen academic and industry laboratories
- EPA's Non-Targeted Analysis Collaborative Trial is starting with synthetic mixtures formulated from the ToxCast library – will eventually look at wristbands, standard reference material (SRM) house dust, and SRM human plasma

*EPA collaborative trial
workshop was held
August 13-15 in
Research Triangle Park,
NC, USA*

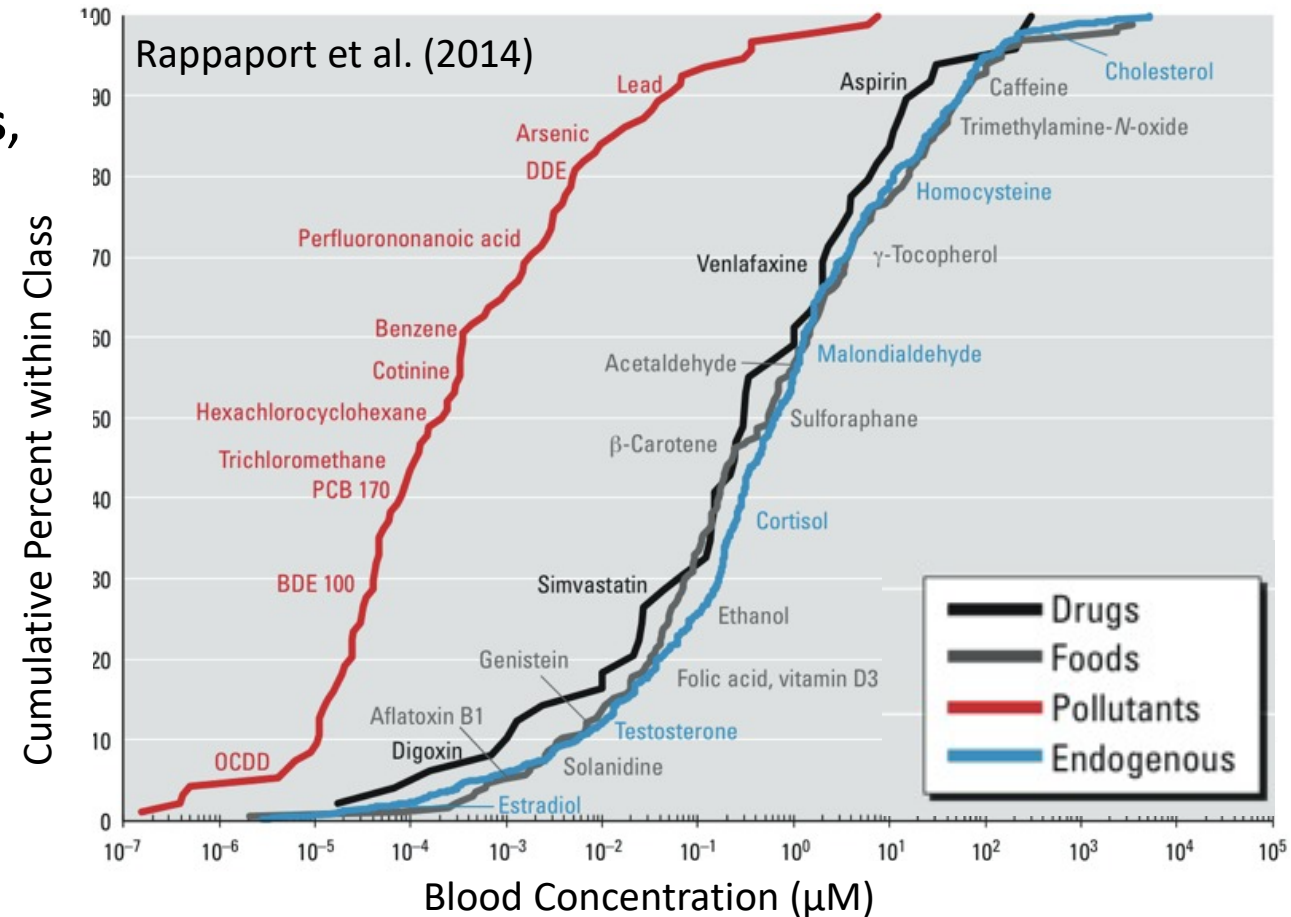


Suspect Screening of Human Tissues

We propose databases for five categories of substances found in human biomonitoring samples:

- 1) **endogenous metabolome**,
- 2a) **exogenous nutrients**,
- 2b) **markers of exposure to exogenous nutrients**,
- 3a) **xenobiotics**, and
- 3b) **markers of exposure to xenobiotics**

Substances are defined by their biological function, and are expected to be structurally heterogeneous. Some compounds can appear in more than one category. For example, cholesterol: it is present in cellular membranes (1), from consumption of animal fat (2a), or as an effect of glucocorticoid medication (3b).



Ambient Pathways (Human and Ecological)

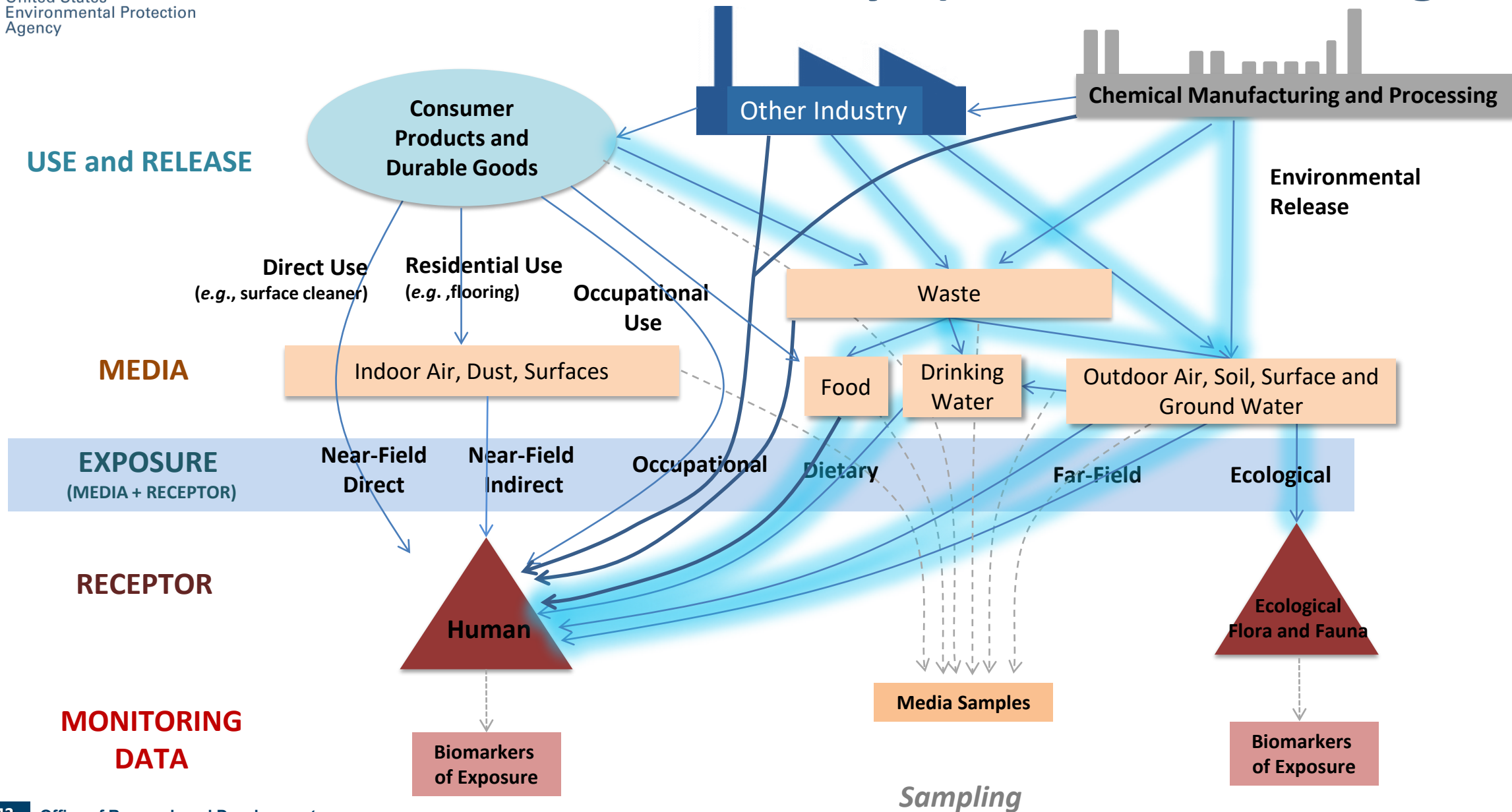
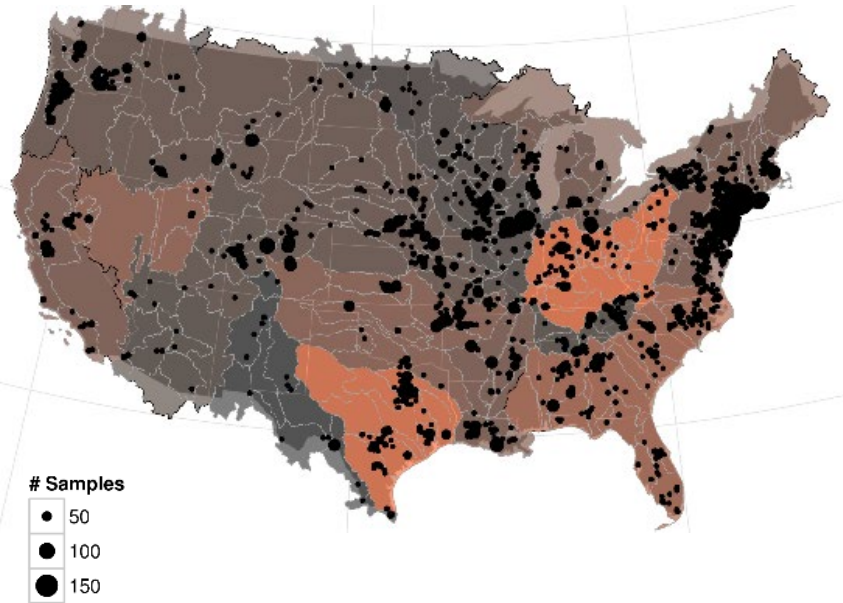
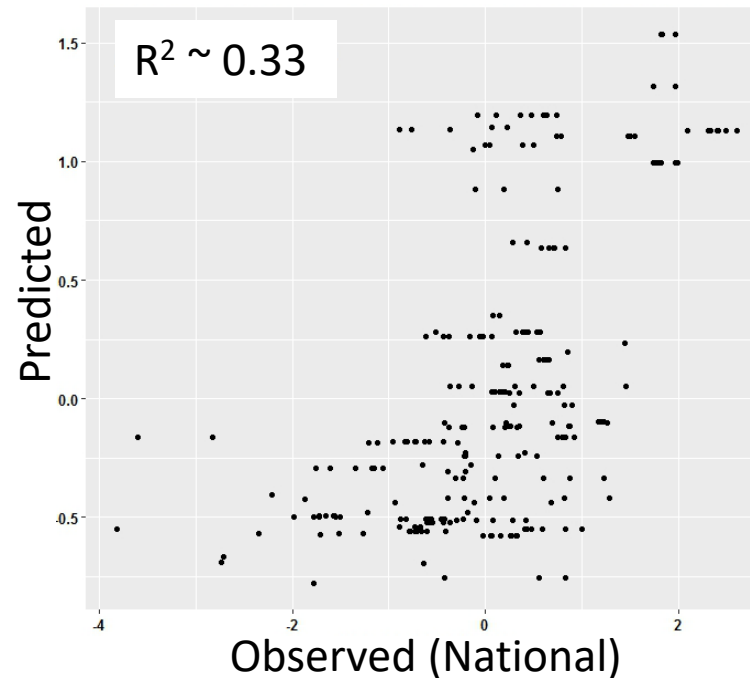
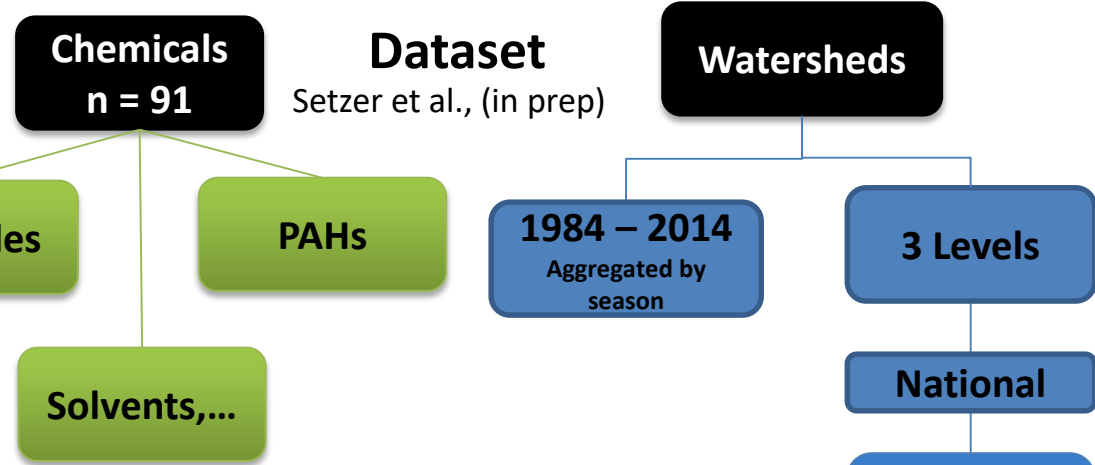
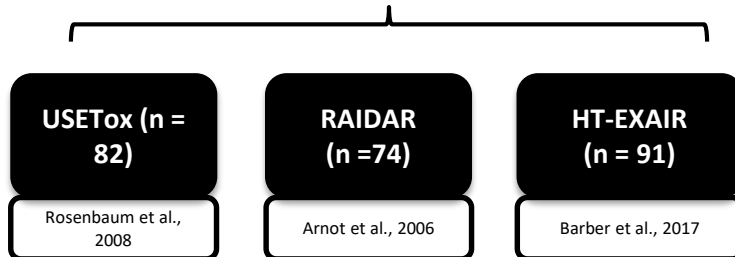


Figure from Kristin Isaacs

Ecological SEEM



Fate and Transport Models



HUC = hydrological unit

Setzer et al., (in prep.)
Sayre et al., (in prep.)

Occupational Pathways

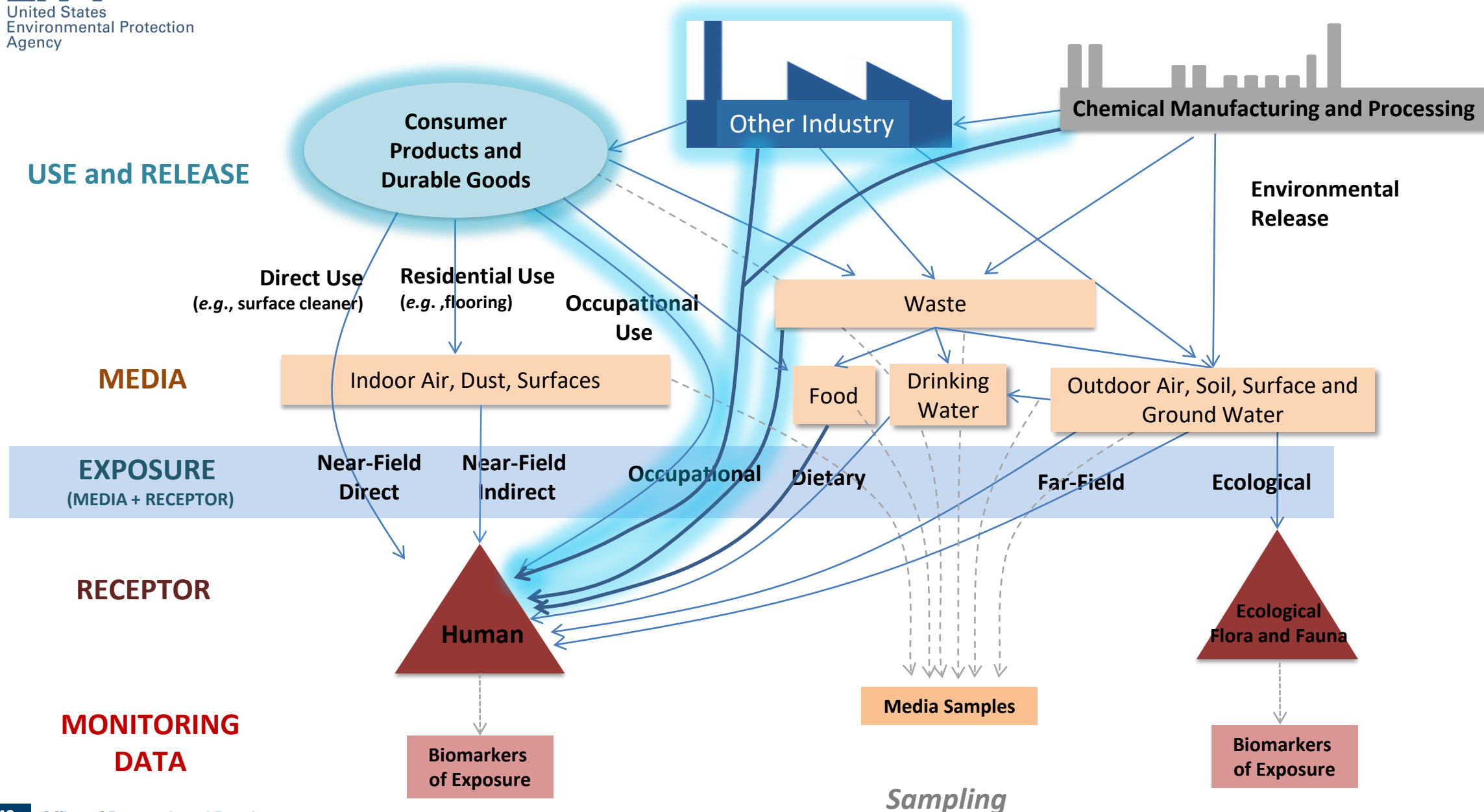


Figure from Kristin Isaacs

Summary

- High throughput screening (HTS) provides bioactivity data for thousands of chemicals as a surrogate for hazard, but you also need exposure and toxicokinetics to assess risk
- Toxicokinetics for IVIVE provides real world context to hazards indicated by HTS
 - Using *in vitro* methods developed for pharmaceuticals, we can predict TK for large numbers of chemicals, but we are currently limited by analytical chemistry
- High throughput exposure approaches can make coarse predictions of exposure
 - We are actively refining these predictions with new models and data
 - In some cases, upper confidence limit on current predictions is already many times lower than predicted hazard
- We are working to systematically identify and address those areas contributing the greatest uncertainty
- All data being made public:
 - R packages “httk”, “CPDat”. “SHEDS-HT”
 - The Comptox Chemicals Dashboard: <http://comptox.epa.gov/>

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. EPA

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