Supporting Information of "Phase Behaviors in Compressible Polymer Blends"

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Abstract

Supplementary derivations for the scaling behavior and data for phase behaviors are shown in this supporting information.

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1. Scaling relation of K_i

To find out the leading term in χ_c^{eff} , we just need to solve the leading order of K_1 and K_2 as a function of $\rho_A^{(0)}$ and $\rho_B^{(0)}$. By using the L' Hopital's rule, we have the expression of K_1 and K_2 :

$$K_{1} = \frac{1}{k_{B}T} \left[\mu_{A}^{\text{ex}} \left(0, \rho_{B}^{(0)} \right) \rho_{A}^{(0)} - \mu_{B}^{\text{ex}} \left(0, \rho_{B}^{(0)} \right) \rho_{B}^{(0)} - f_{\text{ex}} \left(\rho_{A}^{(0)}, 0 \right) + f_{\text{ex}} \left(0, \rho_{B}^{(0)} \right) \right]$$

$$K_{2} = \frac{1}{k_{B}T} \left[-\left(\mu_{A}^{\text{ex}} \left(\rho_{A}^{(0)}, 0 \right) + \mu_{A}^{\text{ex}} \left(0, \rho_{B}^{(0)} \right) \right) \rho_{A}^{(0)} + \left(\mu_{B}^{\text{ex}} \left(\rho_{A}^{(0)}, 0 \right) + \mu_{B}^{\text{ex}} \left(0, \rho_{B}^{(0)} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{(0)} + 2f_{\text{ex}} \left(\rho_{A}^{(0)}, 0 \right) - 2f_{\text{ex}} \left(0, \rho_{B}^{(0)} \right) \right]$$

$$(1)$$

As N is large, the density $\rho_A^{(0)}$, $\rho_B^{(0)}$ at the critical point is small, so that the leading term in equation (1) can be solved by using the Taylor expansion of $f_{\rm ex}\left(\rho_A^{(0)},\rho_B^{(0)}\right)$ nearby (0,0). They are given by

$$K_{1} = \frac{\pi}{6} \left[\frac{1}{N_{B}} \sigma_{A}^{3} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{1 + N_{B}}{N_{B}} \sigma_{A}^{2} \sigma_{B} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{1 + N_{A}}{N_{A}} \sigma_{A} \sigma_{B}^{2} + \frac{1}{N_{B}} \sigma_{B}^{3} \right] \rho_{A}^{(0)} \rho_{B}^{(0)}$$

$$- \frac{\pi}{12} \frac{5 + 3N_{A}}{N_{A}} \sigma_{A}^{3} \left(\rho_{A}^{(0)} \right)^{2} - \frac{\pi}{12} \frac{5 + 3N_{B}}{N_{B}} \sigma_{B}^{3} \left(\rho_{B}^{(0)} \right)^{2} + O(r^{3})$$

$$K_{2} = O(r^{3})$$

$$(2)$$

with

$$r = \sqrt{(\rho_A^{(0)})^2 + (\rho_B^{(0)})^2}$$

Recalling $\rho_A^{(0)} = O(N^{-1})$ and $\rho_B^{(0)} = O(N^{-1})$, we have $r = O(N^{-1})$. Substituting it into equation (2) will give $K_1 = O(N^{-2})$ and $K_2 = O(N^{-3})$ at the point of LCP.

2. Linear approximation of $\chi_c^{\rm eff}$

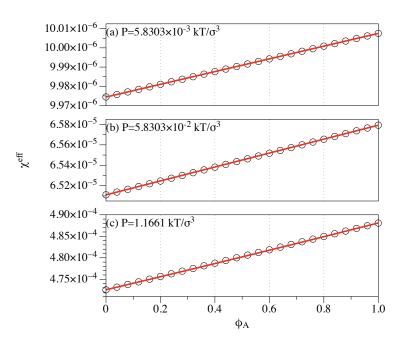


Figure S1: Effective χ parameter as a function of ϕ_A . The hollow circles are the data by equation (22) in main text, and the solid lines are the curve of equation (30).

3. Scaling relation of $\rho_i^{(0)}$

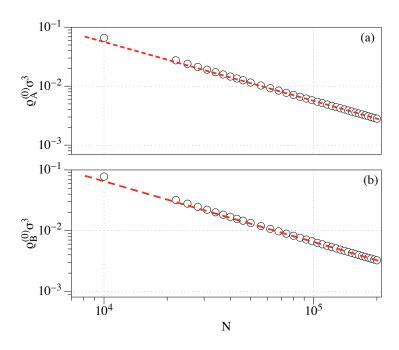


Figure S2: Scaling relation of $\rho_i^{(0)}$. The hollow circles are the raw data, and red dashed lines are the fitting curves by $O(N^{-1})$).

4. UCP-type behavior

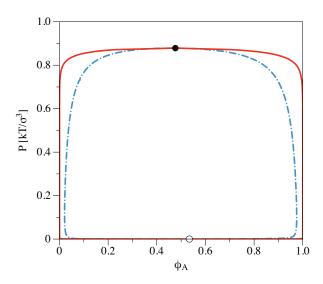


Figure S3: UCP-type behavior. The attractive strengths are $\epsilon_{AA}/k = 11K$, $\epsilon_{BB}/k = 10K$, $\epsilon_{AB} = 10.47K$. The chain length is N = 100000. The LCP1 is much smaller than 0.1 MPa.