Determination of phenolic acids in botanical drugs by capillary electrophoresis with chemiluminescence detection

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分离度-3.tifFigure S1.The resolution of the three phenolic acids in the optimization of CE conditions. The resolution was calculated from the following equation expressed as: R = 2 (t2 - t1) / (W1 + W2), Where t2 and t1 are the retention times of adjacent peak 1 and peak 2, respectively, and W1 and W2 are the peak base width of adjacent peak 1 and peak 2, respectively. R1 represented the resolution between ferulic acid and chlorogenic acid, R2 represented the resolution between chlorogenic acid and salicylic acid.

RSD.tifFigure S2. The electropherograms of (A) intra-day and (B) inter-day for phenolic acids. Running buffer: 20 mmol/L borate buffer (pH 9.1). Other conditions as in Figure 2A. Peak names: 1: ferulic acid, 2: chlorogenic acid, 3: salicylic acid. The concentrations of ferulic acid, chlorogenic acid, salicylic acid are 269, 258 and 258 μg/mL, respectively.

合图.tifFigure S3. (A) The electrophoretograms of different sample concentration. Running buffer: 20 mmol/L borate buffer (pH 9.1). Other conditions as in Figure 2A. Peak names: 1: ferulic acid, 2: chlorogenic acid, 3: salicylic acid. (B) The linear relationship between chemiluminescence intensity and analytes concentration. Running buffer: 20 mmol/L borate buffer (pH 9.1). Other conditions as in Figure 2A.