

Supporting Information

Dinuclear Iron Complex-Catalyzed Cross-Coupling of Primary Alkyl Fluorides with Aryl Grignard Reagents

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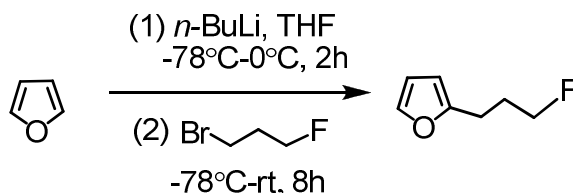
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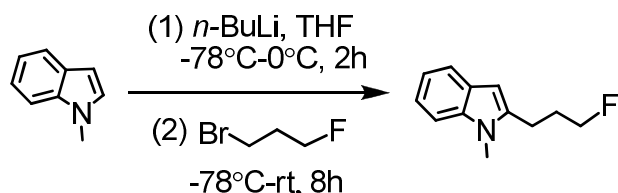
1. Experimental Section

General Procedures. All experiments were performed under an atmosphere of dry dinitrogen with the rigid exclusion of air and moisture using standard Schlenk or cannula techniques, or in a glovebox. All organic solvents were freshly distilled from sodium benzophenone ketyl immediately prior to use. 6-fluoro-1-phenyl-1-hexene,¹ 6-fluoro-1-hexene,² cyclopropylmethyl fluoride³, cinnamyl fluoride⁴, 6-difluorohexane⁵ and phenyl Grignard reagents⁶ were prepared according to literature methods. All other chemicals were purchased from either Strem or J&K Chemical Co. and used as received unless otherwise noted. ¹H, ¹³C, and ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded on a VARIAN Mercury 300 MHz or 400 MHz spectrometer. All chemical shifts were reported in units with references to the residual protons of the deuterated solvents for proton chemical shifts, the ¹³C of deuterated solvents for carbon chemical shifts, and the ¹⁹F of CF₃COOH for fluorine chemical shifts. Mass spectra were recorded with a HP-5989 instrument. GC/MS was performed on a Shimadzu GCMS-QP2010 Plus spectrometer. Atomic absorption spectroscopy (ICP) analyses were recorded with a LEEMAN LABS INC Prodige High Dispersion ICP instrument.

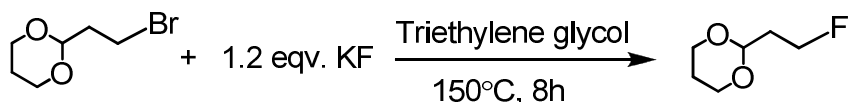
Synthesis of Organofluorine Substrates



Preparation of 2-(3'-fluoropropyl)furan. *n*-BuLi (30.0 mmol) in hexanes was added to a solution of furan (2.04 g, 30.0 mmol) in anhydrous THF (50 mL) cooled at -78°C . The solution was stirred at 0°C for 2 h, and then 1-bromo-3-fluoropropane (30.0 mmol) was added. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, and then stirred for 8 h to give a light yellow solution. The reaction mixture was then quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. After extraction with Et₂O (20 mL $\times$ 3), the combined organic portions were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. 2-(3-fluoropropyl)furan was obtained as a colorless oil (1.60 g, 42% yield) by distillation. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.32 (s, 1H), 6.30 (m, 1H), 6.04 (m, 1H), 4.57 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.78 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.11-1.98 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 154.7, 141.1, 110.1, 105.3, 82.97 (d, J = 163.8 Hz), 28.89 (d, J = 20.0 Hz), 23.67 (d, J = 5.0 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (282MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 220.8 (m). HRMS: calcd for [C₇H₉FO]⁺: 128.0637; Found: 128.0636.



Preparation of 2-(3'-fluoropropyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indole. *n*-BuLi (30.0 mmol) in hexanes was added to a solution of 1-methyl-1*H*-indole (3.94 g, 30.0 mmol) in anhydrous THF (50 mL) cooled at -78°C . The solution was stirred at 0°C for 2 h, and then 1-bromo-3-fluoropropane (30.0 mmol) was added. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, and stirred for 8 h to give a light yellow solution. The reaction mixture was then quenched with a saturated aqueous NH_4Cl solution. After extraction with Et_2O ($20\text{ mL} \times 3$), the combined organic portions were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . Removal of the solvent gave a brown residue, which was subjected to column chromatographic separation (SiO_2 , 300-400 mesh) to give 2-(3-fluoropropyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indole as a pale yellow oil (1.70 g, 30% yield). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 7.64 (d, $J = 7.8\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.37 (d, $J = 7.8\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 4.72 (t, $J = 5.7\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.56 (t, $J = 5.7\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.97 (t, $J = 7.5\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 2.29-2.11 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 139.6, 137.3, 127.7, 120.7, 119.8, 119.3, 108.8, 98.88, 83.01 (d, $J = 164.1\text{ Hz}$), 29.37 (d, $J = 20.0\text{ Hz}$), 29.32, 22.40 (d, $J = 5.3\text{ Hz}$). ^{19}F NMR (282MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 220.4 (m). HRMS: calcd for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{FN}]^+$: 191.1110; Found: 191.1109.

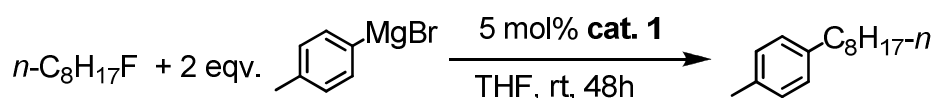


Preparation of 2-(2'-fluoroethyl)-1,3-dioxane. A mixture of anhydrous potassium fluoride (2.10 g, 36.2 mmol), triethylene glycol (60 ml) and 2-(2-bromoethyl)-1,3-dioxane (5.80 g, 30.0 mmol) was heated at 150°C for 8h with vigorous stirring. 2-(2'-fluoroethyl)-1,3-dioxane was obtained as a colorless oil (1.20 g, 30% yield) by distillation. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 4.71 (t, $J = 5.4\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.62 (t, $J = 6.0\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.47 (t, $J = 6.0\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.13-4.07 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.73 (m, 2H), 2.10-1.91 (m, 3H), 1.37-1.33 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 98.79 (d, $J = 5.9\text{ Hz}$), 79.77 (d, $J = 162.2\text{ Hz}$), 66.78, 36.09 (d, $J = 19.5\text{ Hz}$), 25.61. ^{19}F NMR (282MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 220.0 (m). HRMS: calcd for $[\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{FO}_2]^+$: 133.0665; Found: 133.0664.

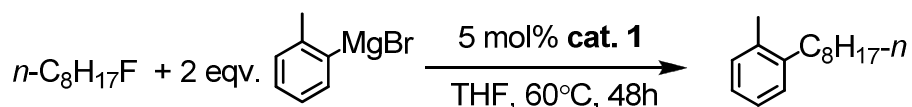
Studies on the performance of some iron complexes as catalysts for cross-coupling reaction of *n*-C₈H₁₇F with *p*-Me-PhMgBr. To a solution of iron complex (0.050 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added *p*-Me-PhMgBr (2.00 mmol), and *n*-C₈H₁₇F (1.00 mmol) at room temperature and further stirred at room temperature for 48h. A 1.0 M aqueous HCl solution (5 mL) was added to quench the reaction. After extraction with Et_2O ($5\text{ mL} \times 3$), the combined organic portions were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The

yields of 1-C₈H₁₆, 2-C₈H₁₆, *n*-C₈H₁₈, *n*-C₈H₁₈-Ph-*p*-Me and *p*-Me-Ph-Ph-*p*-Me were determined by GC-MS.

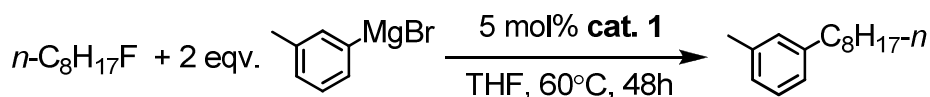
General procedure for [(IPr₂Me₂)Fe(μ₂-NDipp)₂(IPr₂Me₂)]-catalyzed C-F bond arylation reactions. To a solution of iron complex [(IPr₂Me₂)Fe(μ₂-NDipp)₂(IPr₂Me₂)] (41 mg, 0.050 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added the aryl Grignard reagent (2.00 mmol), and organic fluoride (1.00 mmol) at -116°C. The mixture was then warmed up to room temperature and further stirred at room temperature or 60°C for 48h. The reaction mixture was then quenched with a 1.0 M aqueous HCl solution (5 mL). After extraction with Et₂O (5 mL × 3), the combined organic portions were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Removal of the solvent gave a brown residue, which was subjected to column chromatographic separation (SiO₂, 300-400 mesh) to give the arylation products. The yields indicated are referred to the fluoride.



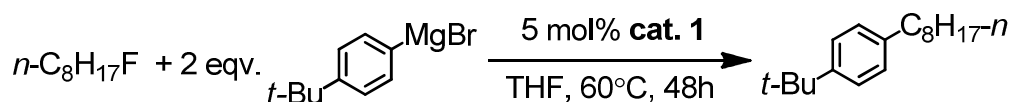
4-Methyl-1-octylbenzene:^{7a} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-TolMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (163 mg, 80% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.08 (m, 4H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.28 (m, 10H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 139.8, 134.8, 128.8, 128.2, 35.51, 31.88, 31.67, 29.49, 29.34, 29.26, 22.66, 20.95, 14.09. Besides 4-methyl-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the retention of *n*-octyl fluoride in 7% yield and the formation of *n*-C₈H₁₈ and 1-octene in 3% and 2% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 12% yield.



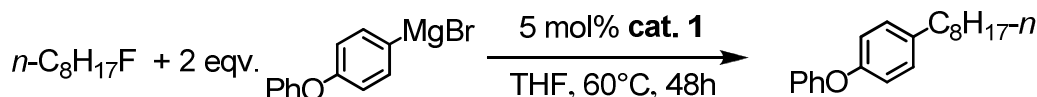
2-Methyl-1-octylbenzene:^{7b} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *o*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (153 mg, 75% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.20 (m, 4H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.36 (m, 10H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 141.2, 135.8, 130.1, 128.8, 125.8, 125.7, 33.40, 31.96, 30.36, 29.80, 29.60, 29.36, 22.74, 19.33, 14.17. Besides 2-methyl-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the retention of *n*-octyl fluoride in 18% yield, respectively.



3-Methyl-1-octylbenzene:^{7c} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *m*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (169 mg, 83% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (m, 3H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.28 (m, 10H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 142.8, 137.6, 129.2, 128.0, 126.2, 125.3, 35.91, 31.88, 31.57, 29.48, 29.40, 29.25, 22.65, 21.35, 14.07. Besides 3-methyl-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of *n*-C₈H₁₈, 1-octene and 2-octene in 2%, 3% and 8% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 3,3'-dimethylbiphenyl in 19% yield.

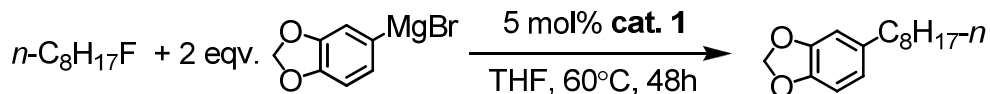


4-tert-butyl-1-octylbenzene:^{7d} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 4-*t*-Bu-PhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (222 mg, 90% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.33 (m, 19H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 148.3, 139.9, 128.1, 125.1, 35.53, 34.36, 31.99, 31.61, 31.49, 29.60, 29.57, 29.37, 22.76, 14.19. Besides 4-tert-butyl-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 2-octene in 6% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-di-tert-butylbiphenyl in 8% yield.

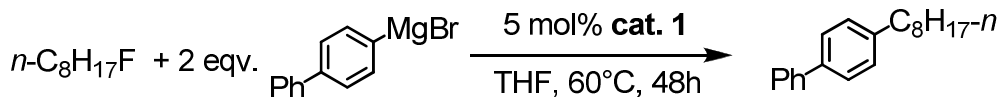


4-Octyl-1-phenoxybenzene: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-PhO-PhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (hexane) and further purified by Kugelrohr distillation afforded the title compound as a white solid (240 mg, 85% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.18-6.95 (m, 7H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.31 (m, 10H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 157.7, 154.8, 138.0, 129.6, 129.5, 122.8, 118.9, 118.4, 35.22, 31.87, 31.63, 29.46, 29.28, 29.26, 22.66, 14.10. HRMS: calcd for [C₂₀H₂₆O]⁺: 282.1984; Found: 282.1986.

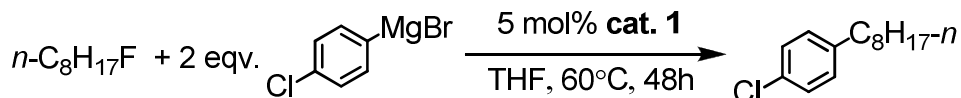
Besides 4-octyl-1-phenoxybenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 2-octene in 7% yield, respectively.



4-Octyl-1,2-methylenedioxybenzene: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 1,2-methylenedioxybenzyl-4-magnesium bromide (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (200 mg, 85% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 6.74-6.61 (m, 3H), 5.92 (s, 2H), 2.52 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.28 (m, 10H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 147.3, 145.3, 136.8, 120.9, 108.8, 107.9, 100.6, 35.64, 31.83, 31.74, 29.42, 29.22, 29.15, 22.62, 14.06. HRMS: calcd for [C₁₅H₂₂O₂]⁺: 234.1620; Found: 234.1616. Besides 4-octyl-1,2-methylenedioxybenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 1-octene and 2-octene in 4% and 9% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product biaryl in 5% yield.

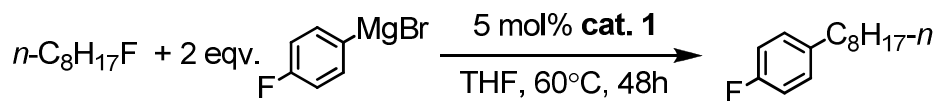


4-Phenyl-1-octylbenzene: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 4-biphenylmagnesium bromide (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) and further purified by Kugelrohr distillation afforded the title compound as a white solid (190 mg, 71% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.61-7.26 (m, 9H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.28 (m, 10H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 142.1, 141.2, 138.5, 128.8, 128.7, 127.0, 126.9, 35.63, 31.92, 31.55, 29.53, 29.42, 29.31, 22.71, 14.15. HRMS: calcd for [C₂₀H₂₆]⁺: 266.2035; Found: 266.2032. Besides 4-phenyl-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of *n*-octane and 2-octene in 4% and 12% yield, respectively.

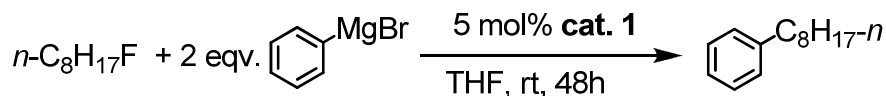


4-Chloro-1-octylbenzene:^{7e} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 4-ClPhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (180 mg, 80% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 7.5

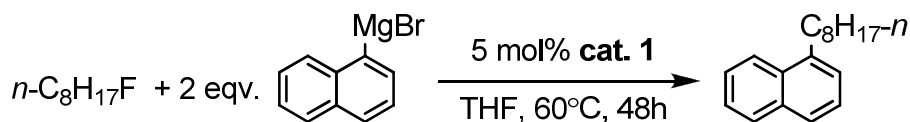
Hz, 2H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.29 (m, 10H), 0.91 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 141.2, 131.1, 129.7, 128.2, 35.25, 32.83, 32.37, 29.40, 29.21, 29.16, 22.63, 14.06. Besides 4-chloro-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 1-octene in 4% yield, and the retention of *n*-octyl fluoride in 8% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dichlorobiphenyl in 8% yield.



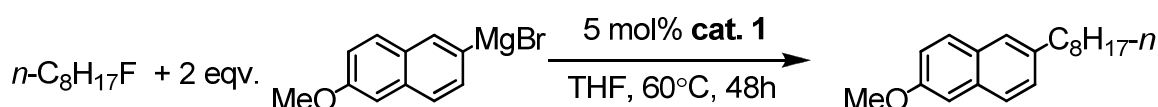
4-Fluoro-1-octylbenzene:^{7f} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 4-FPhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (157 mg, 75% yield); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 7.17-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.02-6.95 (m, 2H), 2.60 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.30 (m, 10H), 0.92 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 161.1 (d, $J = 241.3$ Hz), 138.4 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz), 129.6 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz), 114.9 (d, $J = 20.9$ Hz), 35.13, 31.88, 31.64, 29.46, 29.27, 29.22, 22.67, 14.08. Besides 4-fluoro-1-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 1-octene in 8% yields, and the retention of *n*-octyl fluoride in 4% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-difluorobiphenyl in 24% yield.



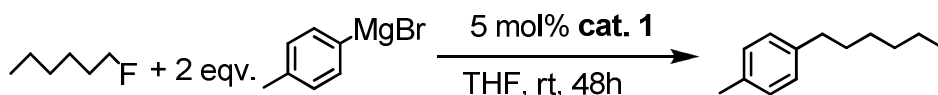
***n*-Octylbenzene:**^{7g} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of PhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (124 mg, 65% yield); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 7.36-7.23 (m, 5H), 2.67 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.34 (m, 10H), 0.96 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 142.9, 128.4, 128.2, 125.5, 36.01, 31.91, 31.57, 29.51, 29.38, 29.29, 22.69, 14.12. Besides *n*-octylbenzene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of *n*-octane and 1-octene in 14% and 6% yields, and the retention of *n*-octyl fluoride in 11% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product biphenyl in 20% yield.



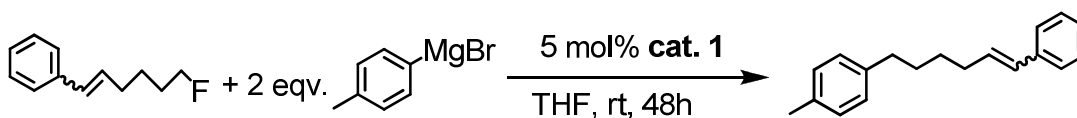
1-Octylnaphthalene: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 1-naphthylmagnesium bromide (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (154 mg, 64% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.34 (m, 4H), 3.10 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.32 (m, 10H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 139.0, 133.8, 131.8, 128.6, 126.3, 125.7, 125.5, 125.4, 125.2, 123.8, 33.07, 31.85, 30.81, 29.80, 29.46, 29.26, 22.62, 14.07. HRMS: calcd for [C₁₈H₂₄]⁺: 240.1878; Found: 240.1882. Besides 1-octylnaphthalene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 1-octene in 8% yields, and the retention of *n*-octyl fluoride in 24% yield, respectively.



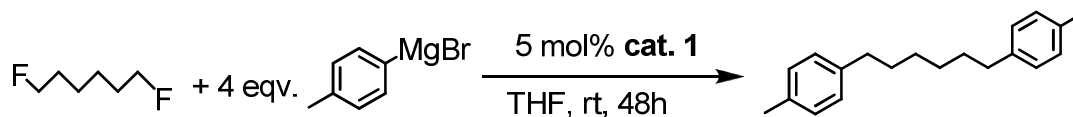
2-Methoxy-6-octylnaphthalene: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-octyl fluoride (132 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of 6-methoxynaphthyl-2-magnesium bromide (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (hexane) and further purified by Kugelrohr distillation afforded the title compound as a white solid (200 mg, 74% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.70-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.12 (m, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.74 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.29 (m, 10H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 157.0, 138.1, 132.8, 129.0, 128.8, 127.9, 126.5, 126.1, 118.5, 101.5, 55.23, 35.88, 31.87, 31.48, 29.50, 29.33, 29.26, 22.65, 14.10. HRMS: calcd for [C₁₉H₂₆O]⁺: 270.1984; Found: 270.1983. Besides 2-methoxy-6-octylnaphthalene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 2-octene in 20% yield, respectively.



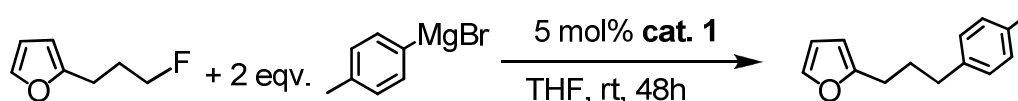
4-Methyl-1-hexylbenzene:^{7h} The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using *n*-fluorohexane (104 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (173 mg, 98% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.17 (m, 4H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.37 (m, 6H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 139.8, 134.9, 128.9, 128.3, 35.55, 31.79, 31.67, 29.05, 22.65, 20.98, 14.13. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 18% yield.



1-Phenyl-6-*p*-tolyl-1-hexene: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using a mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-isomers (3:7) of 6-fluoro-1-phenyl-1-hexene (178 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (160 mg, 64% yields); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 7.43-7.13 (m, 9H), 6.51-6.42 (m, 1H), 6.33-6.23 (m, 1H x 7/10), 5.77-5.68 (m, 1H x 3/10), 2.68 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.46-2.42 (m, 2H x 3/10), 2.39(s, 3H), 2.34-2.27 (m, 2H x 7/10), 1.79-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.52 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 139.6, 139.5, 137.9, 137.7, 135.1, 133.0, 130.9, 129.9, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 128.1, 126.8, 126.5, 125.9, 35.40, 35.31, 32.96, 31.22, 29.56, 29.01, 28.46, 21.04. HRMS: calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}^+$: 250.1722; Found: 250.1724. Besides 1-phenyl-6-*p*-tolyl-1-hexene, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of hex-1-enylbenzene in 16% yield, and the retention of 6-fluoro-1-phenyl-1-hexene in 17% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 22% yield.

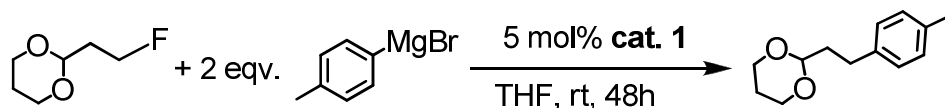


1,6-Di(*p*-tolyl)hexane: Under the standard protocol, the reaction conducted with four equivalents of *p*-MePhMgBr (4.00 mmol), one equivalent of 1,6-difluorohexane (1.00 mmol), and catalytic amount of **1** (41 mg, 0.050 mmol) gave the product as a colorless oil (190 mg, 71% yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 7.15-7.10 (m, 8H), 2.61 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 4H), 2.37 (s, 6H), 1.65 (m, 4H), 1.41 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 139.7, 134.9, 128.9, 128.3, 35.50, 31.56, 29.17, 21.00. HRMS: calcd for $[\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}]^+$: 266.2035; Found: 266.2032. Besides 1,6-di(*p*-tolyl)hexane, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 4-methyl-1-hexylbenzene in 18% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 21% yield.

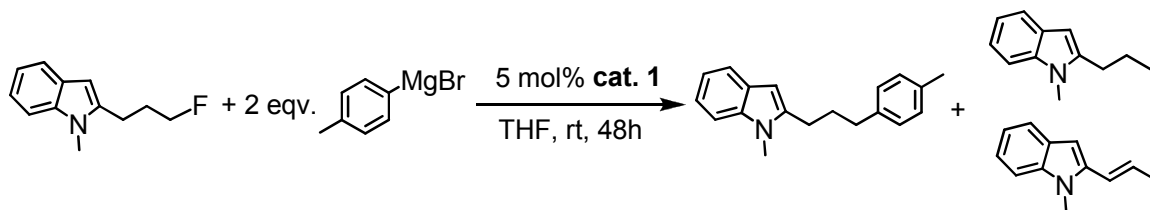


2-(3-*p*-Tolylpropyl)furan: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using 2-(3'-fluoropropyl)furan (128 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 = 9:1$) afforded the title compound as a white solid (172 mg, 86% yield); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.14 (m, 4H), 6.33 (m, 1H), 6.04 (m, 1H), 2.70 (m, 4H), 2.38 (s, 2H), 2.00 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25°C): δ 156.0,

140.8, 138.8, 135.2, 129.0, 128.3, 110.0, 104.8, 34.76, 29.74, 27.41, 20.99. HRMS: calcd for $[C_{14}H_{16}O]^+$: 200.1201; Found: 200.1204. Besides 2-(3-*p*-tolylpropyl)furan, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 2-propylfuran in 8% yields, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 37% yield.

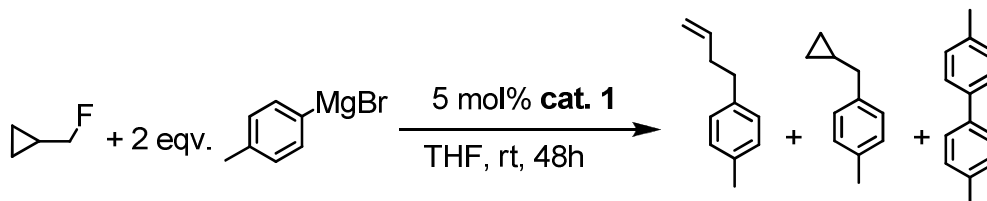


2-(4-Methylphenethyl)-1,3-dioxane: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using 2-(2'-fluoroethyl)-1,3-dioxane (134 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (hexane/Et₂O = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a colorless oil (148 mg, 72% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): 7.19 (m, 4H), 4.61 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J*₁ = 11.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (m, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.41 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 138.5, 135.2, 129.0, 128.3, 101.5, 66.83, 36.73, 29.62, 25.80, 20.97. HRMS: calcd for $[C_{13}H_{18}O_2]^+$: 206.1307; Found: 206.1309. Besides 2-(4-methylphenethyl)-1,3-dioxane, GC-MS analysis showed the formation of 2-ethyl-1,3-dioxane in 24% yield, respectively. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 42% yield.



1-Methyl-2-(3'-*p*-tolylpropyl)-1*H*-indole: The reaction was carried out according to the typical procedure by using 2-(3'-fluoropropyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indole (191 mg, 1.00 mmol) and a THF solution of *p*-MePhMgBr (2.00 mmol). Purification by silica gel chromatography (*n*-hexane/CH₂Cl₂ = 6:1) afforded the title compound as a pale yellow oil (171 mg, 65% yield); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.16 (m, 7H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.84 (m, 4H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.16 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 140.9, 138.8, 137.3, 135.4, 129.1, 128.9, 128.4, 120.5, 119.8, 119.2, 108.7, 98.80, 34.99, 30.18, 26.24, 21.08. HRMS: calcd for $[C_{19}H_{21}N]^+$: 263.1674; Found: 263.1671. Besides the cross-coupling product, 1-methyl-2-propyl-1*H*-indole⁷ⁱ and 1-methyl-2-(prop-1-enyl)-1*H*-indole^{7j} have also been isolated as a mixture: Yield: 28%. Pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 7.64 (m, 1.4H), 7.35-7.14 (m, 4.5H), 6.65-6.38 (m, 1.4H), 6.34 (m, 1.0H), 3.76 (s, 1.4H), 3.76 (s, 3.0H), 2.78 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2.0H), 2.03 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1.4H), 1.84 (m, 2.0H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3.0H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C): δ 141.2, 138.8, 137.5, 137.3, 129.2, 128.0, 127.9, 121.1, 120.4, 120.1, 119.7, 119.6,

119.2, 109.0, 108.7, 98.69, 97.67, 29.73, 29.35, 28.91, 21.90, 18.98, 14.06. GC-MS analysis revealed the formation of the homo-coupling product 4,4'-dimethylbiphenyl in 50% yield.

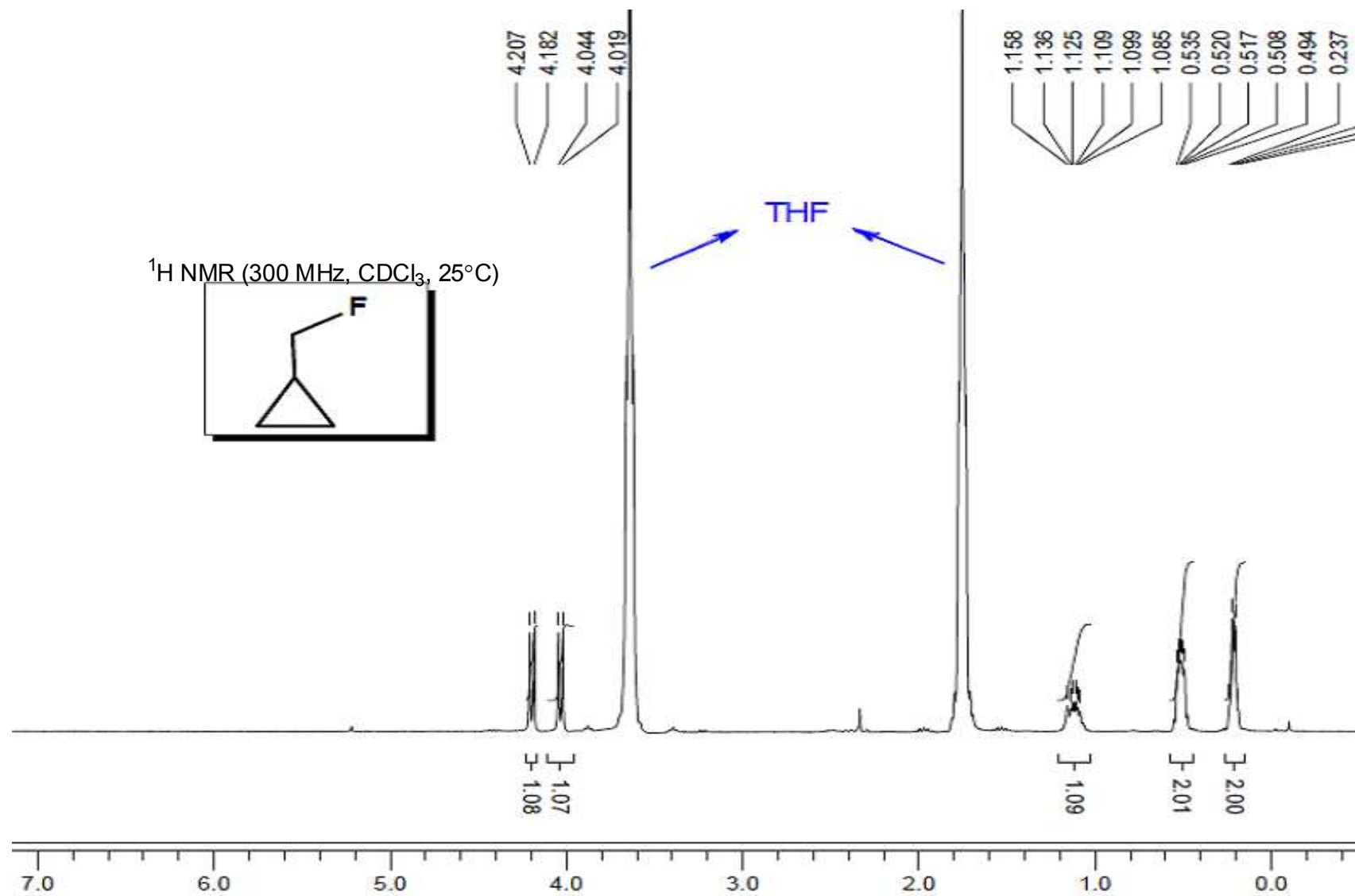


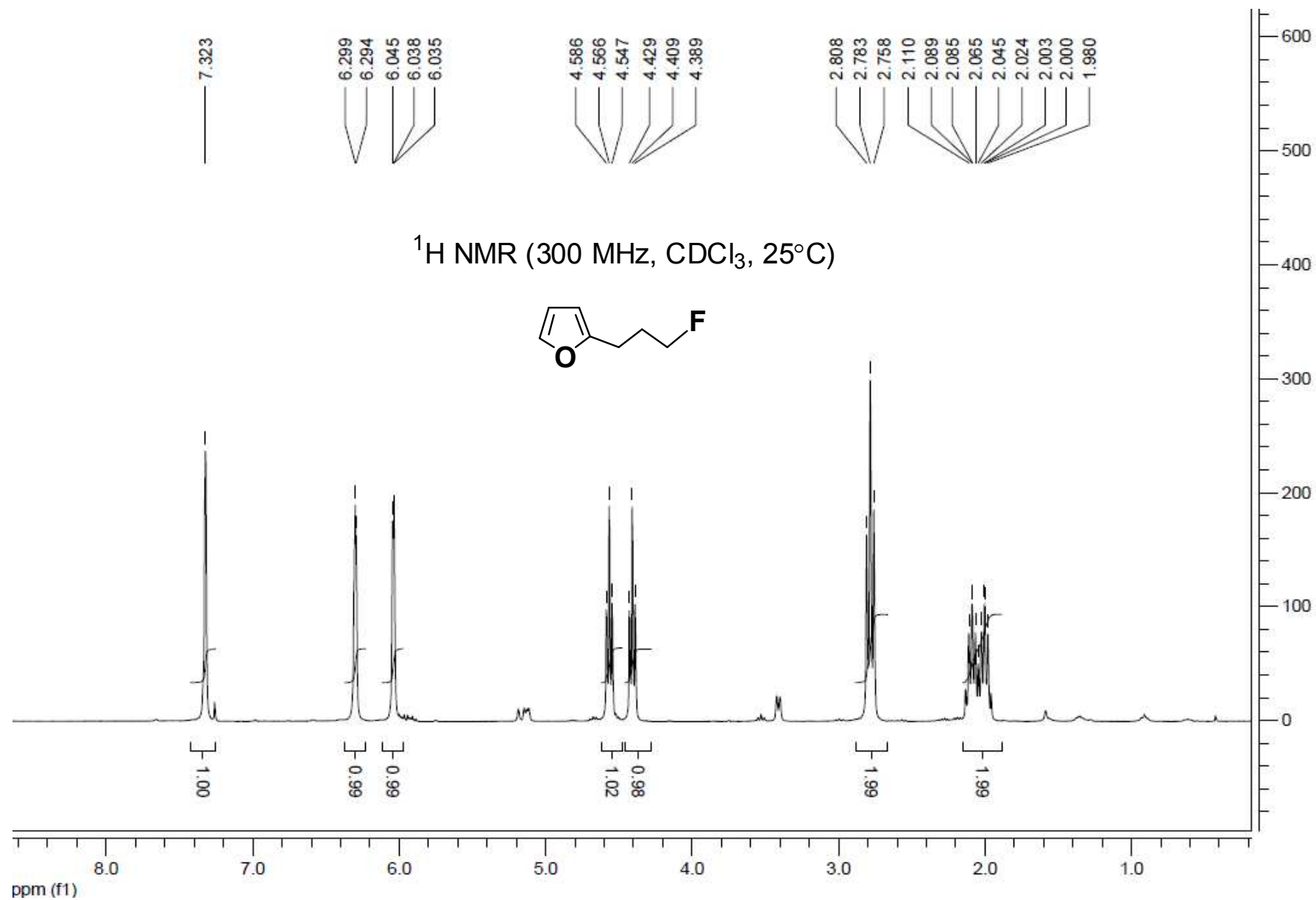
[(IPr₂Me₂)Fe(μ ₂-NDipp)₂(IPr₂Me₂)]-Catalyzed reaction of cyclopropylmethyl fluoride with *p*-tolylMgBr. To a solution of [(IPr₂Me₂)Fe(μ ₂-NDipp)₂(IPr₂Me₂)] (41 mg, 0.05 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added a solution of *p*-MePhMgBr (2.0 mmol) in THF at -116°C, and then cyclopropylmethyl fluoride (0.40 mL, 2.5M in THF, 1.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After stirred at room temperature for 48 hours, the solution was quenched with a 1.0 M aqueous HCl solution (5 mL). After extraction with Et₂O (5 mL $\times$ 3), the combined organic portions were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Removal of the solvent gave a yellow residue which was subjected to column chromatographic separation (SiO₂, 300-400 mesh, *n*-hexane as the elute). 4,4'-Dimethylbiphenyl (42 mg, 23%) and a mixture of 4-methyl-1-(3'-butenyl)benzene^{7k} and 4-methyl-1-cyclopropylmethylbenzene^{7l} (70 mg, 48%) were isolated as white solid and colorless oil, respectively. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C) for the mixture: δ 7.27-7.19 (m, 7.2H), 6.03-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.18-5.06 (m, 2H), 2.78 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1.6H), 2.50-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 5.4H), 1.11-0.97 (m, 0.8H), 0.64-0.58 (m, 1.6H), 0.32-0.27 (m, 1.6H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C) for the mixture: δ 139.1, 138.8, 138.2, 135.3, 135.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.3, 128.2, 114.8, 39.96, 35.70, 34.97, 29.77, 21.40, 12.07, 4.67. The integral ratio of the benzylic methylene protons suggests the corresponding yield of 27% for 4-methyl-1-(3'-butenyl)benzene, and 21% for 4-methyl-1-cyclopropylmethylbenzene.

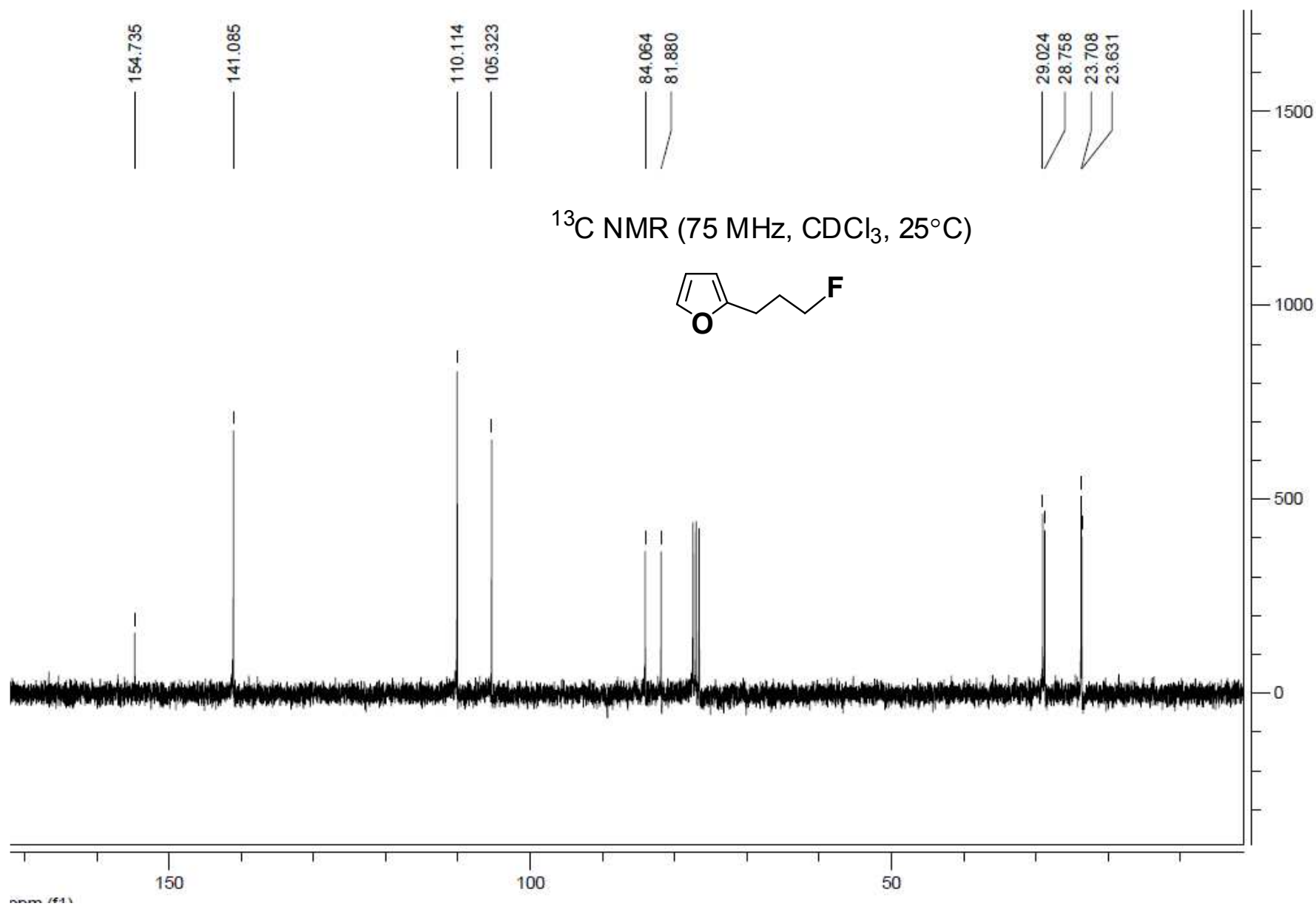
2. References

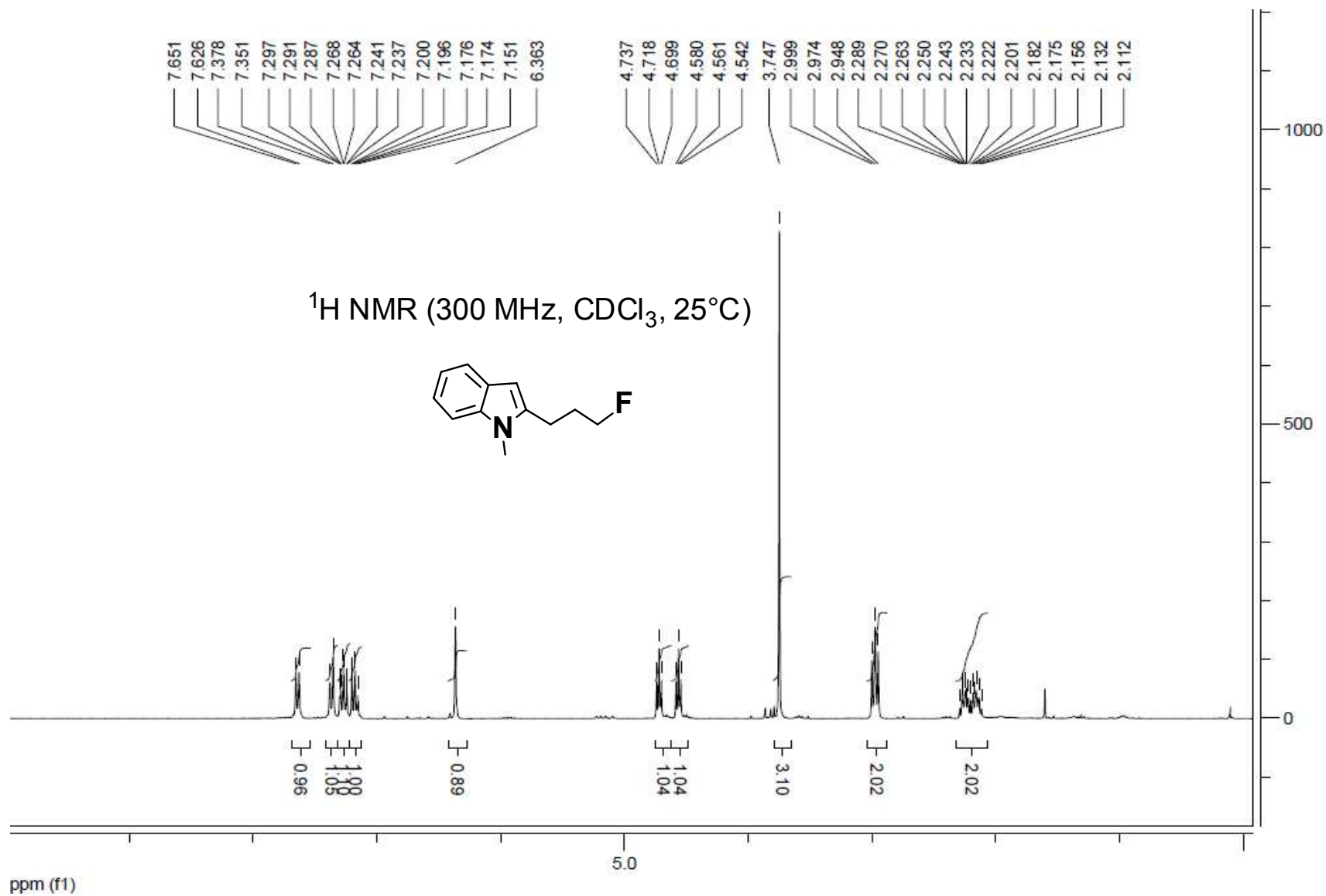
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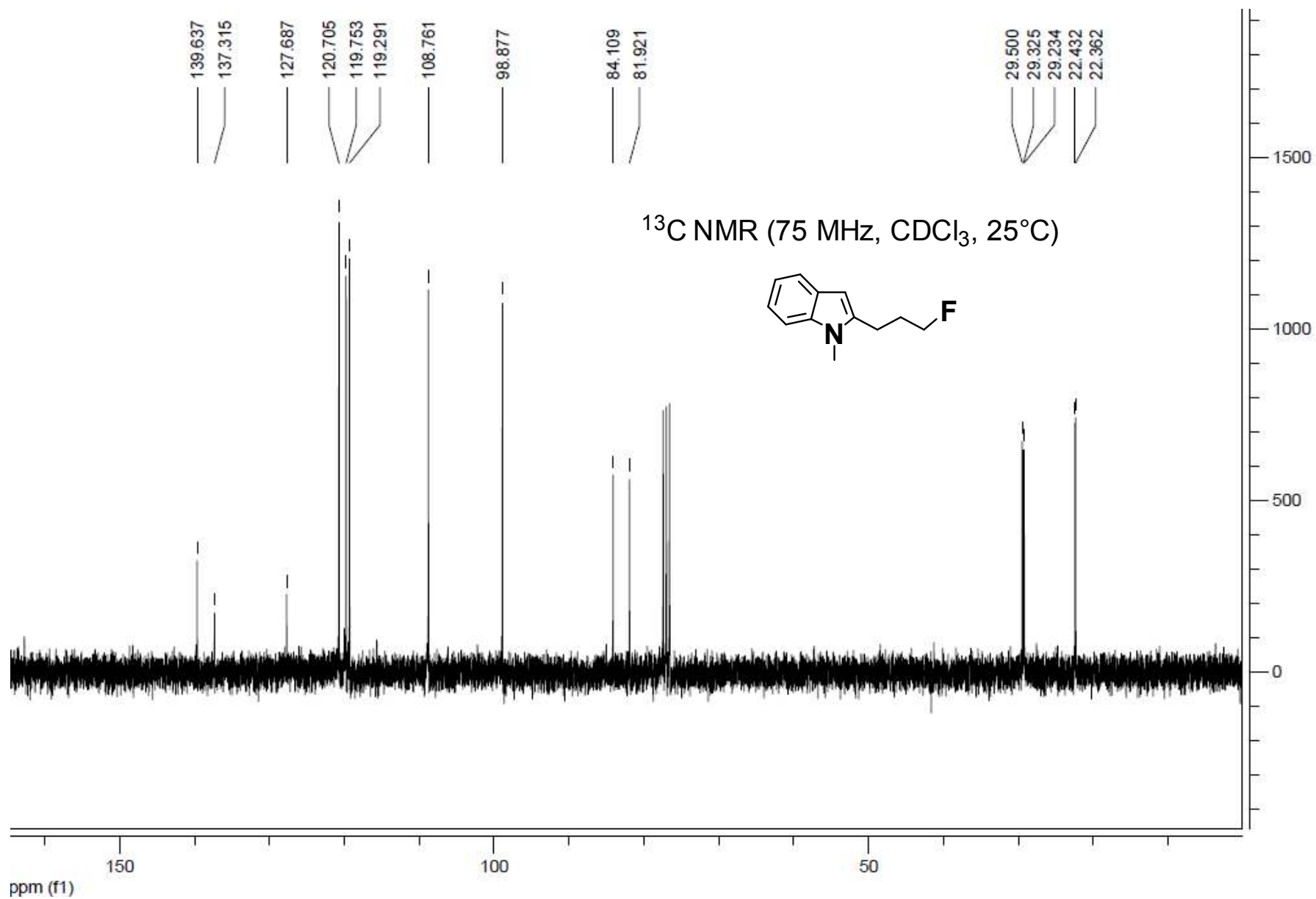
3. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR Spectra of Organofluorines and Arylation Products

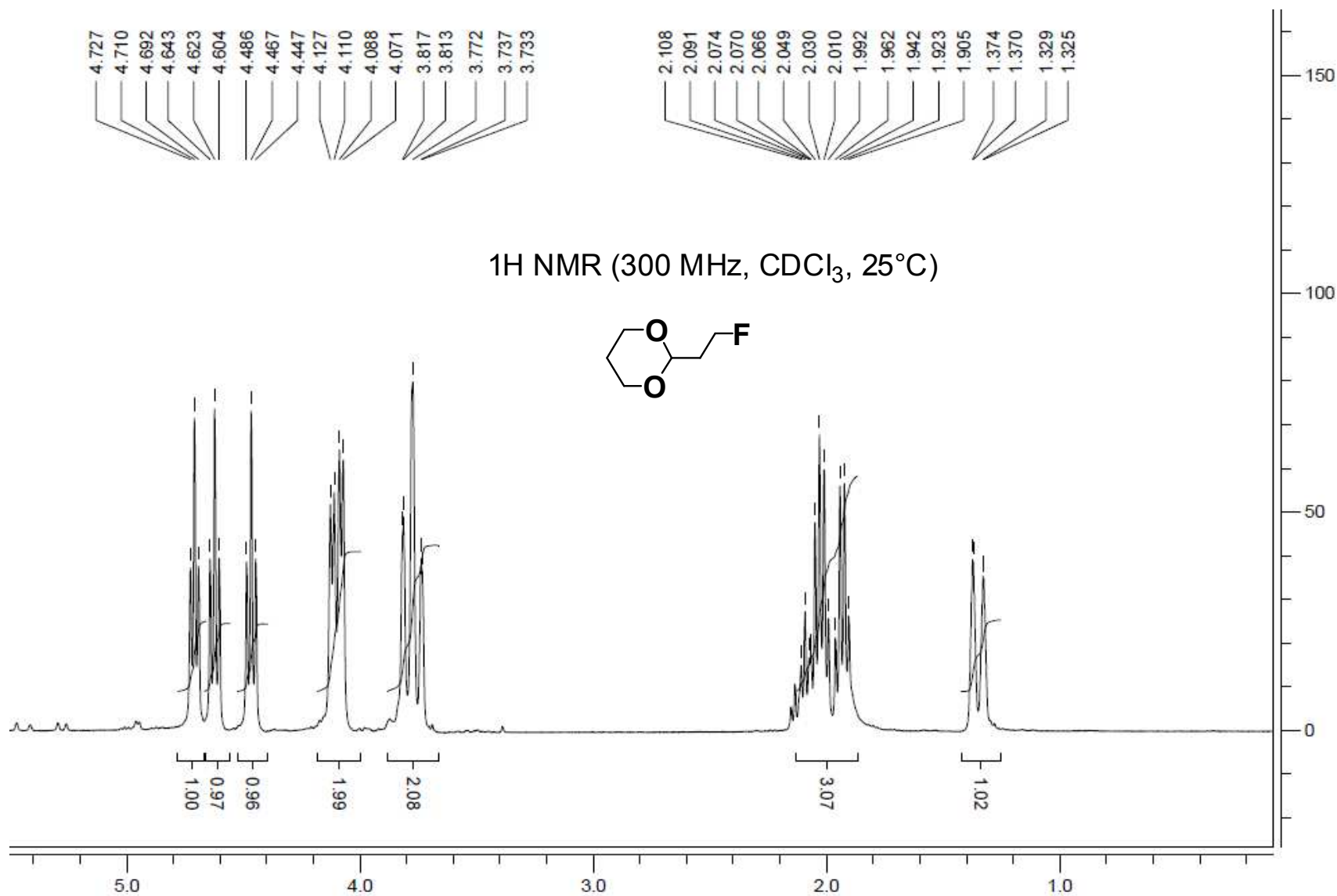


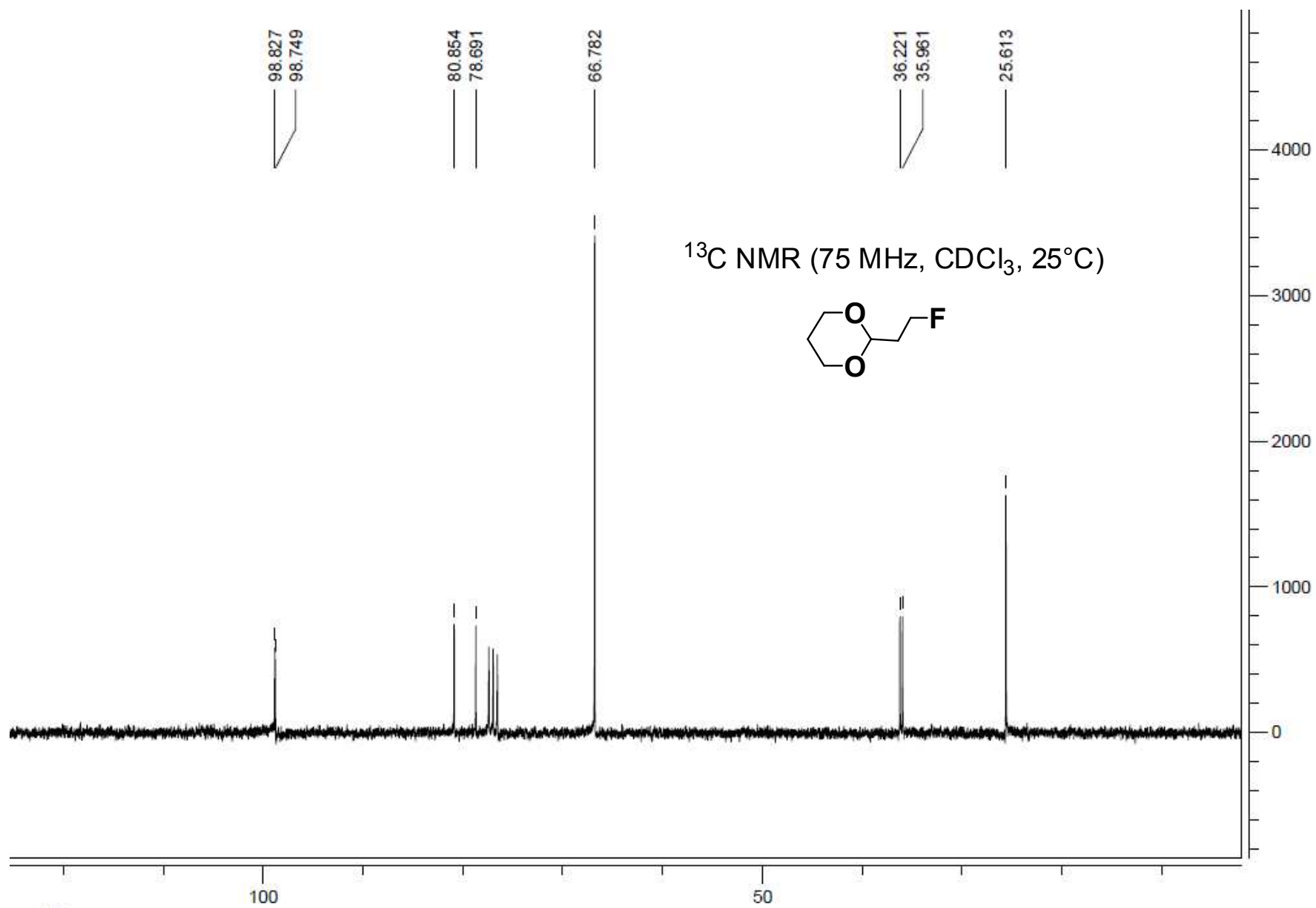


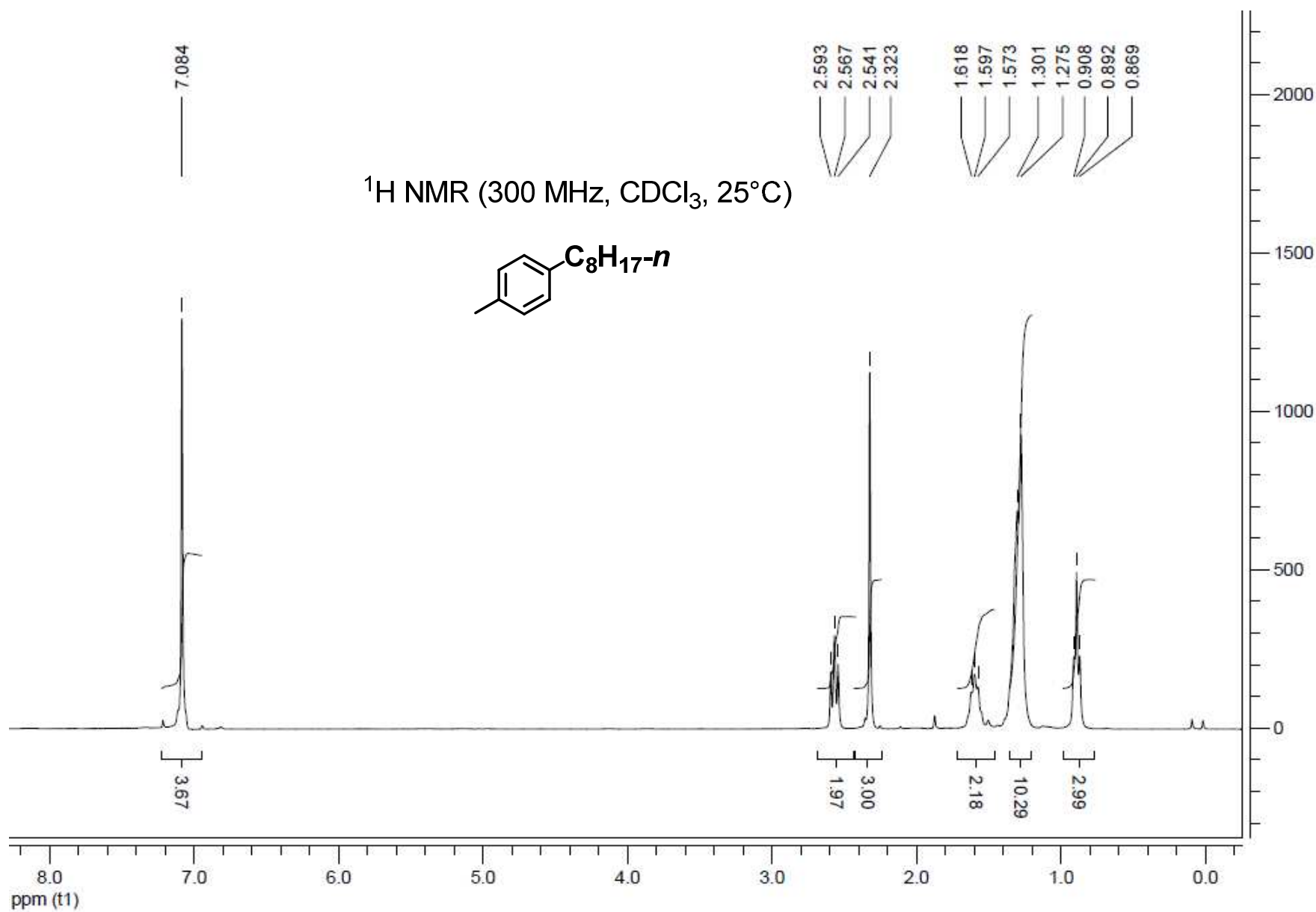


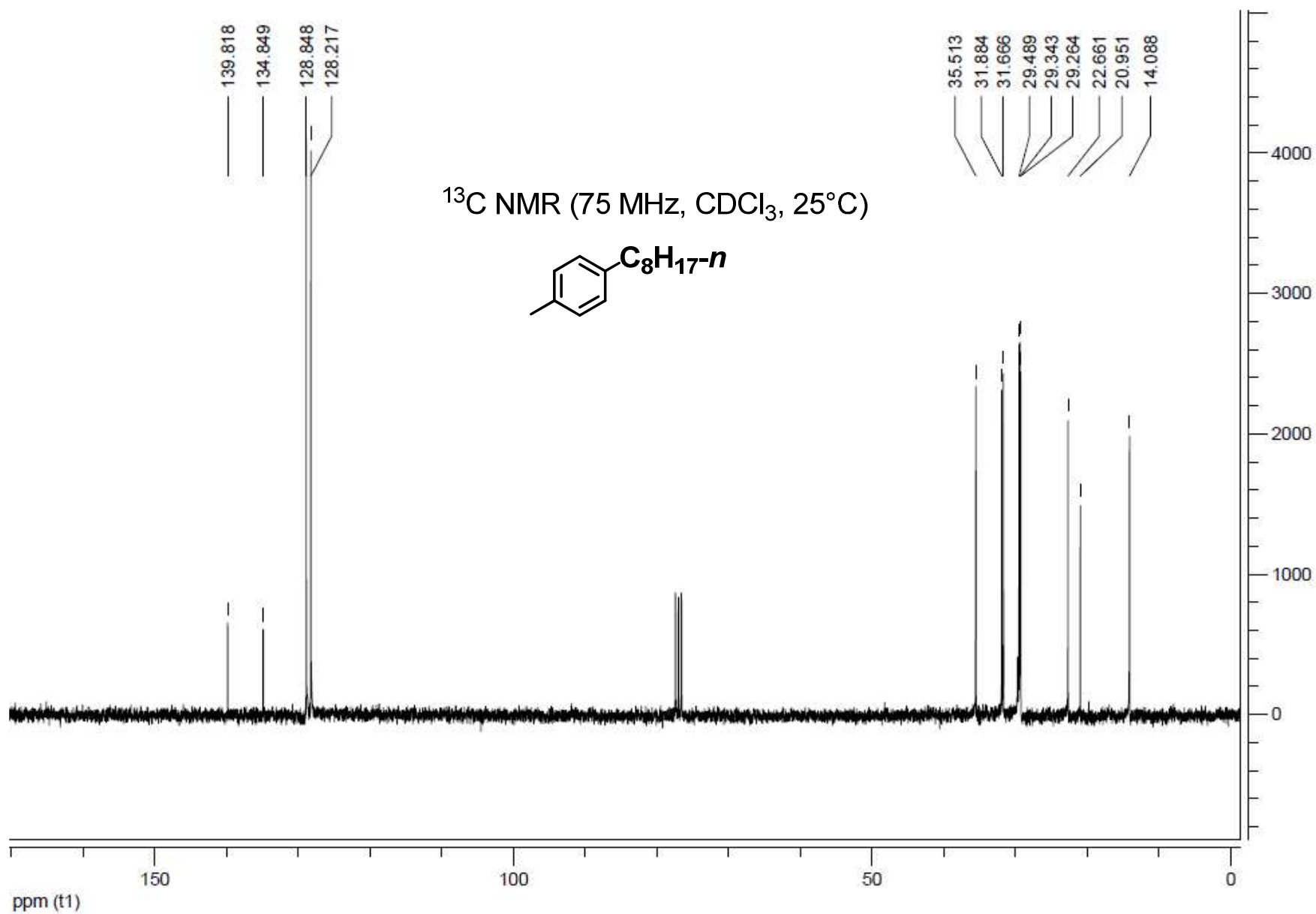


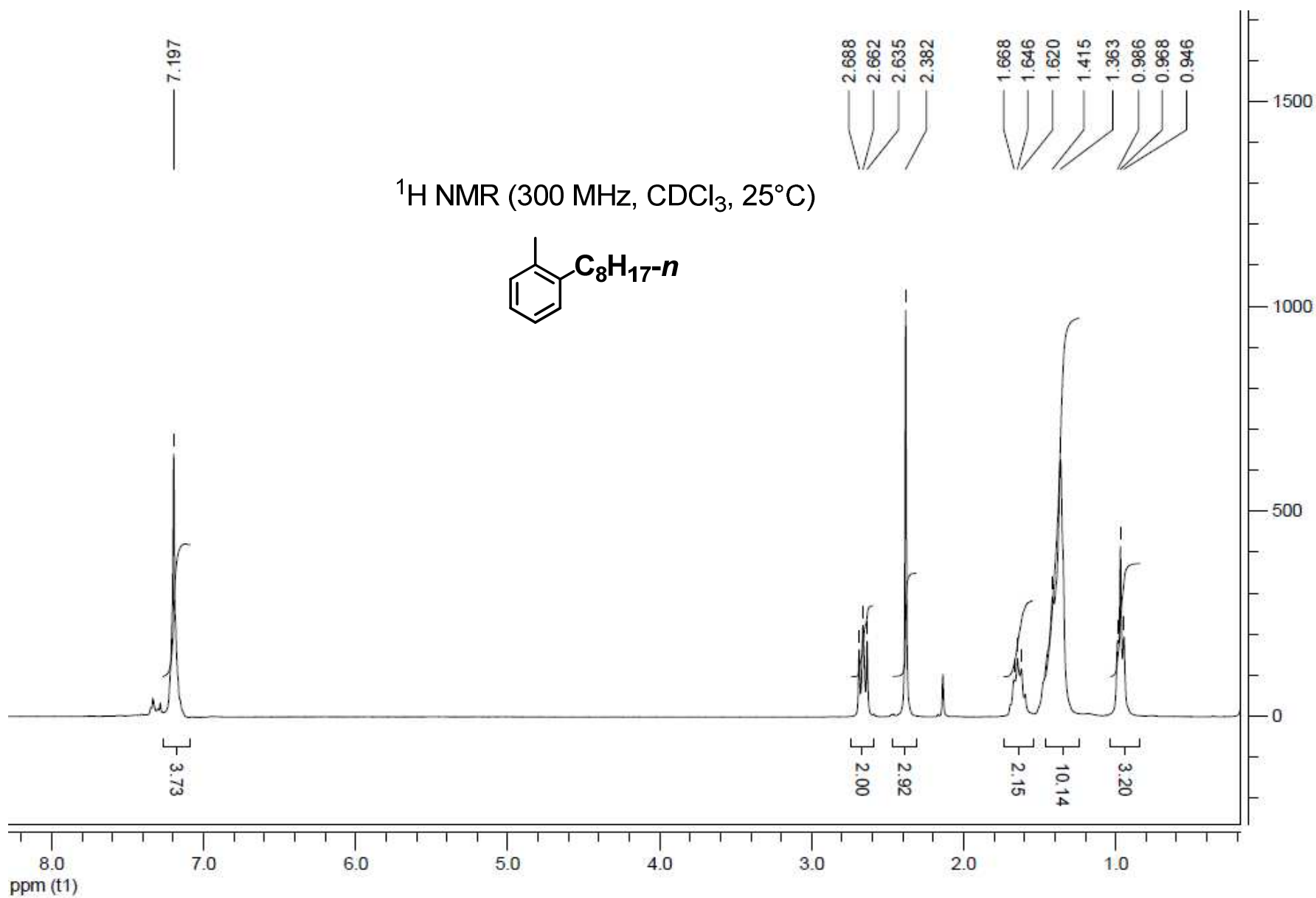








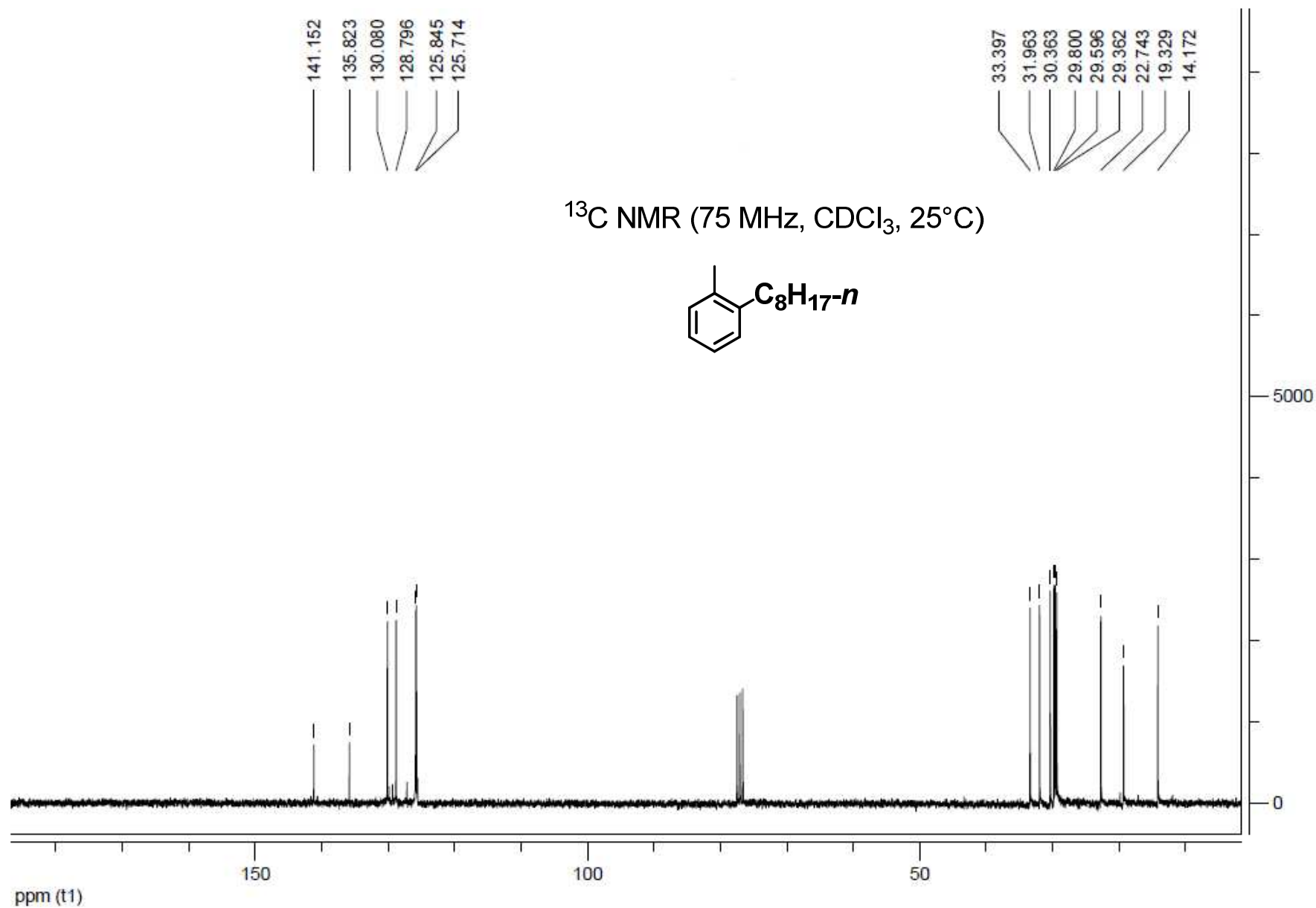
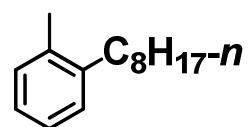


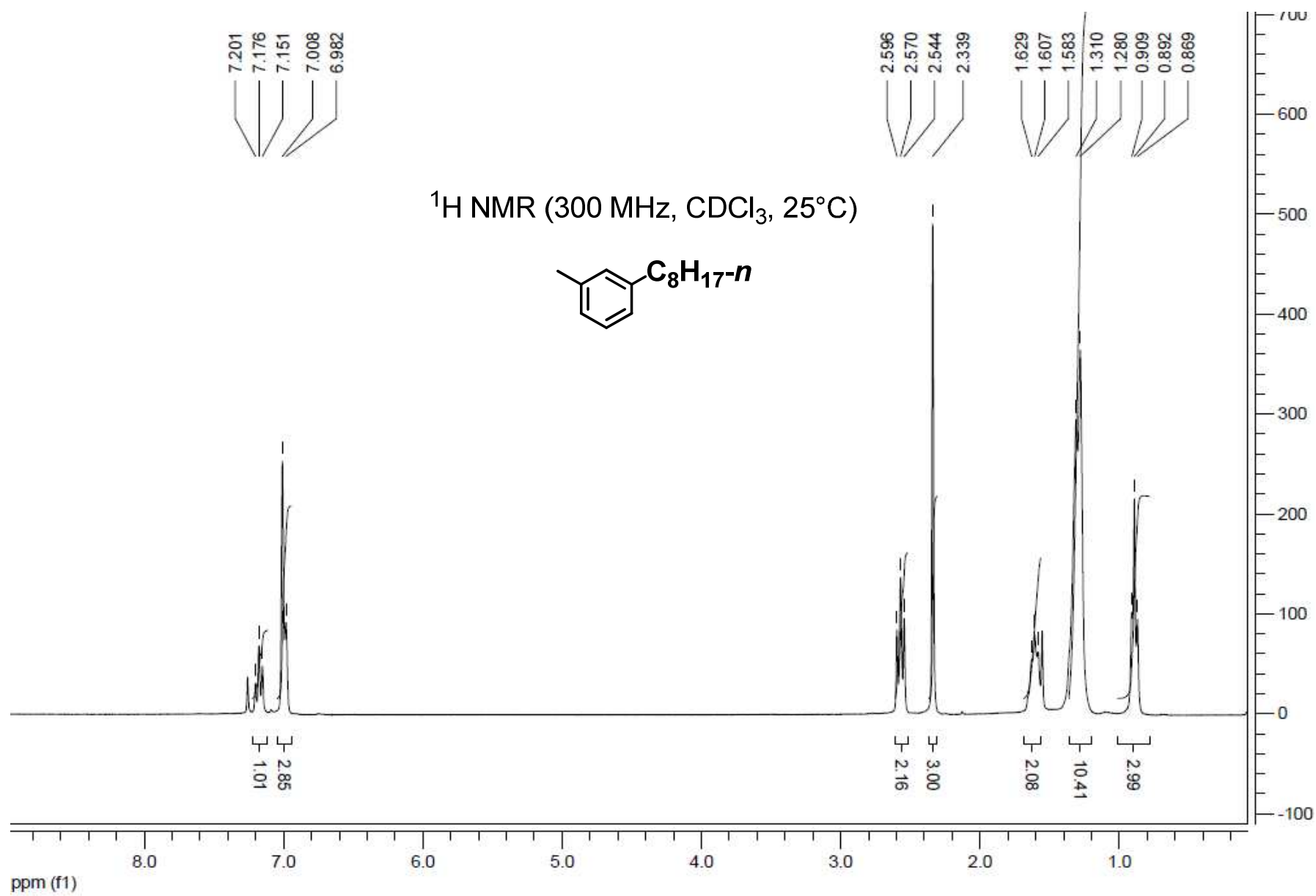


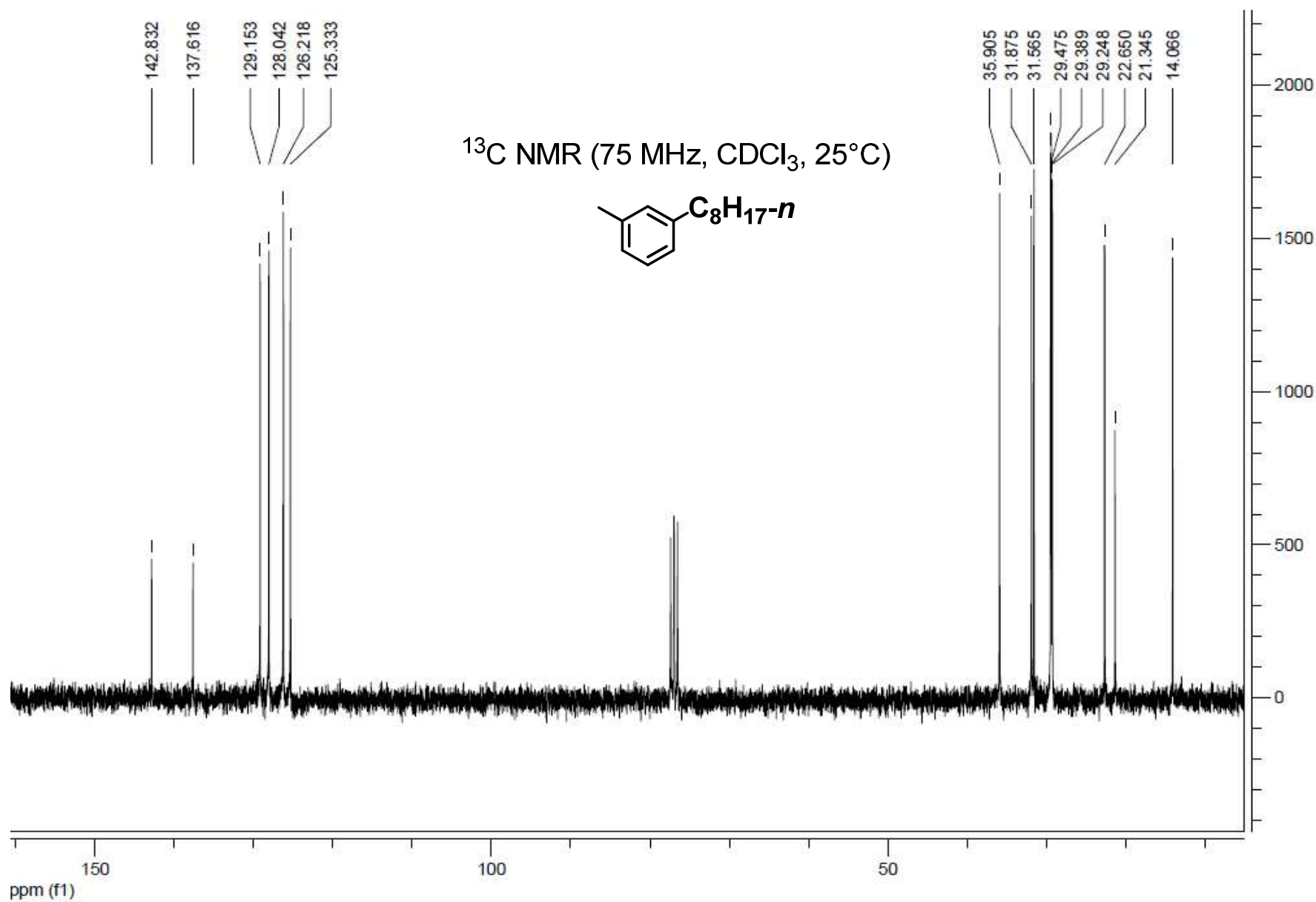
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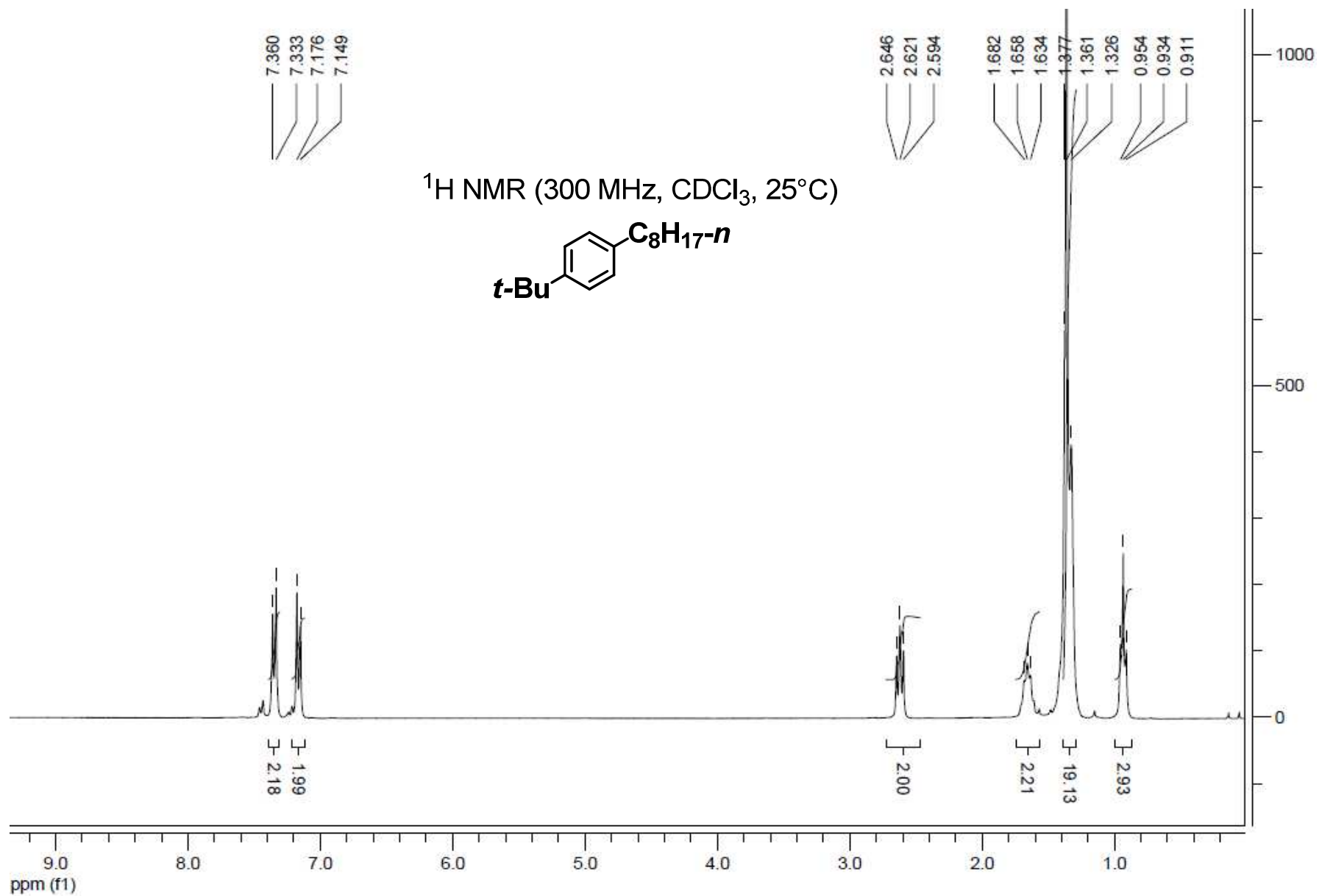
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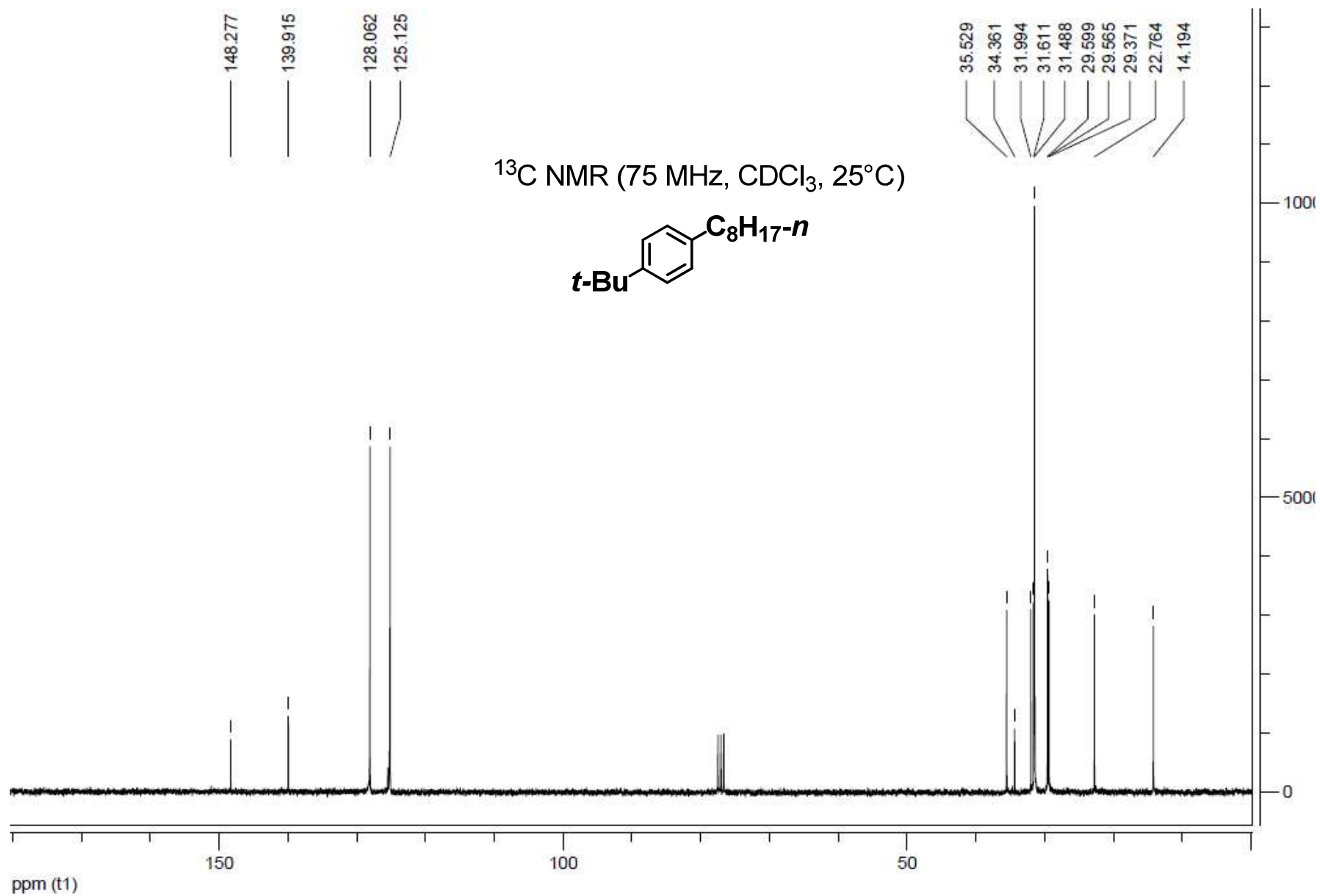
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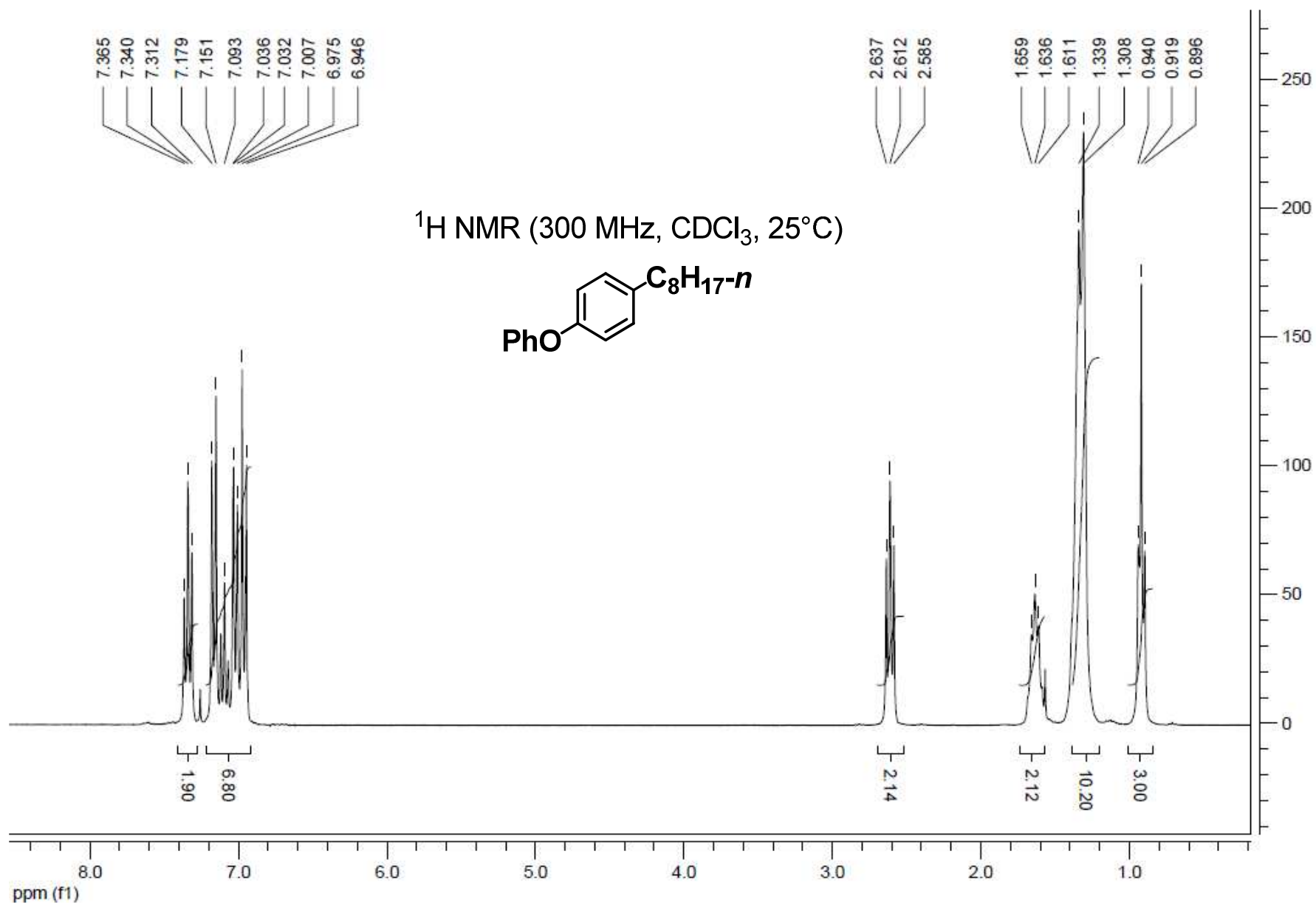


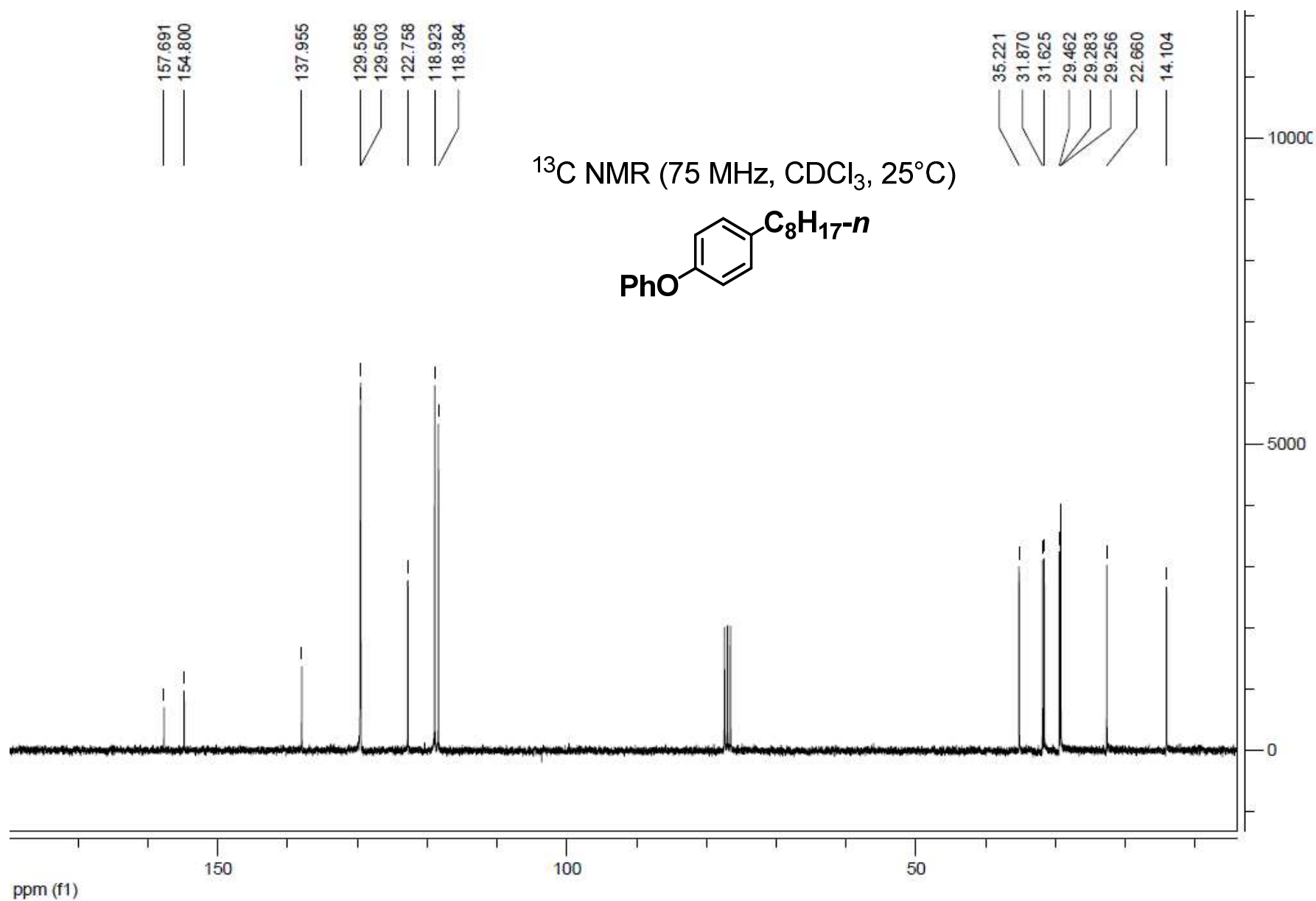


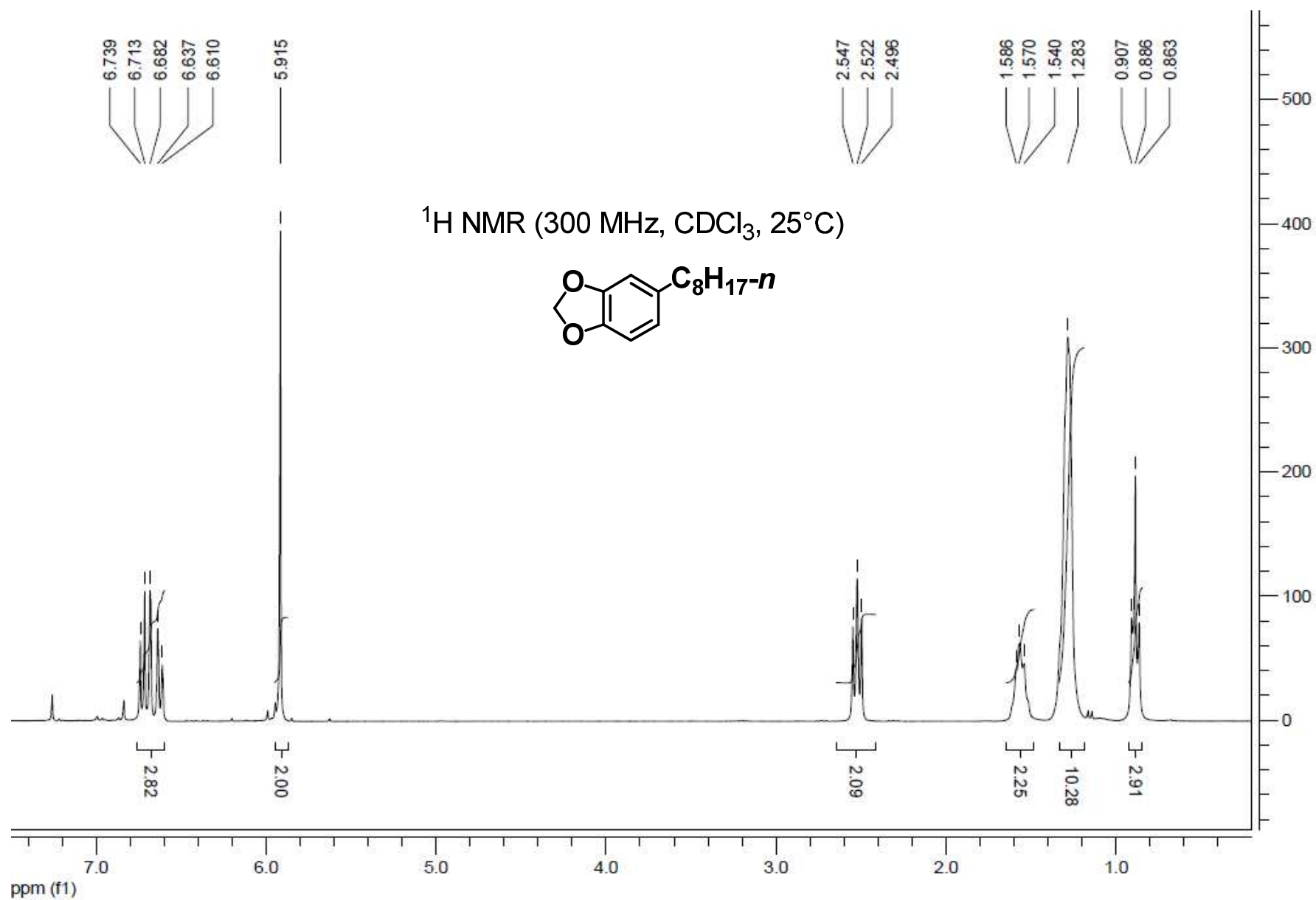


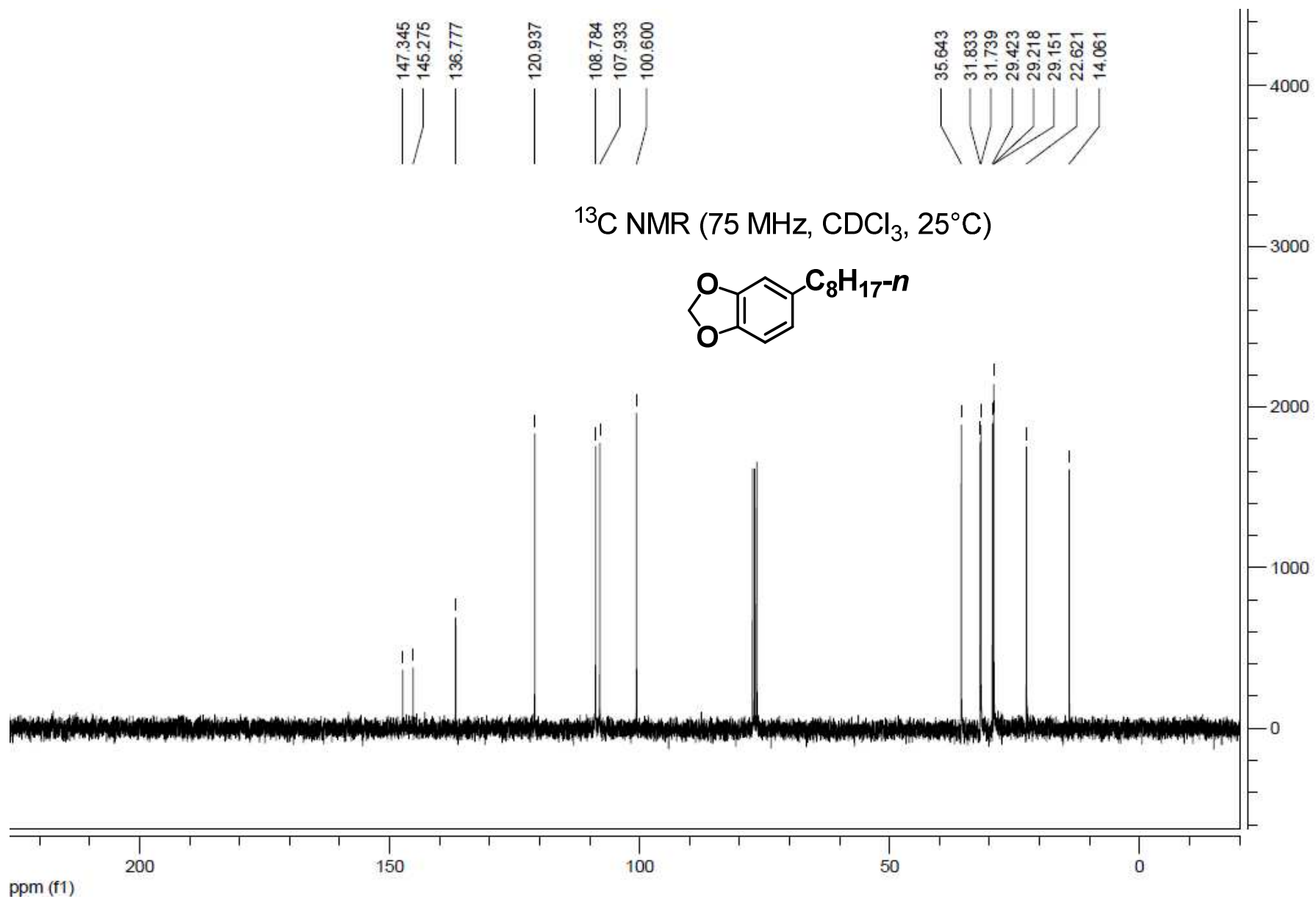


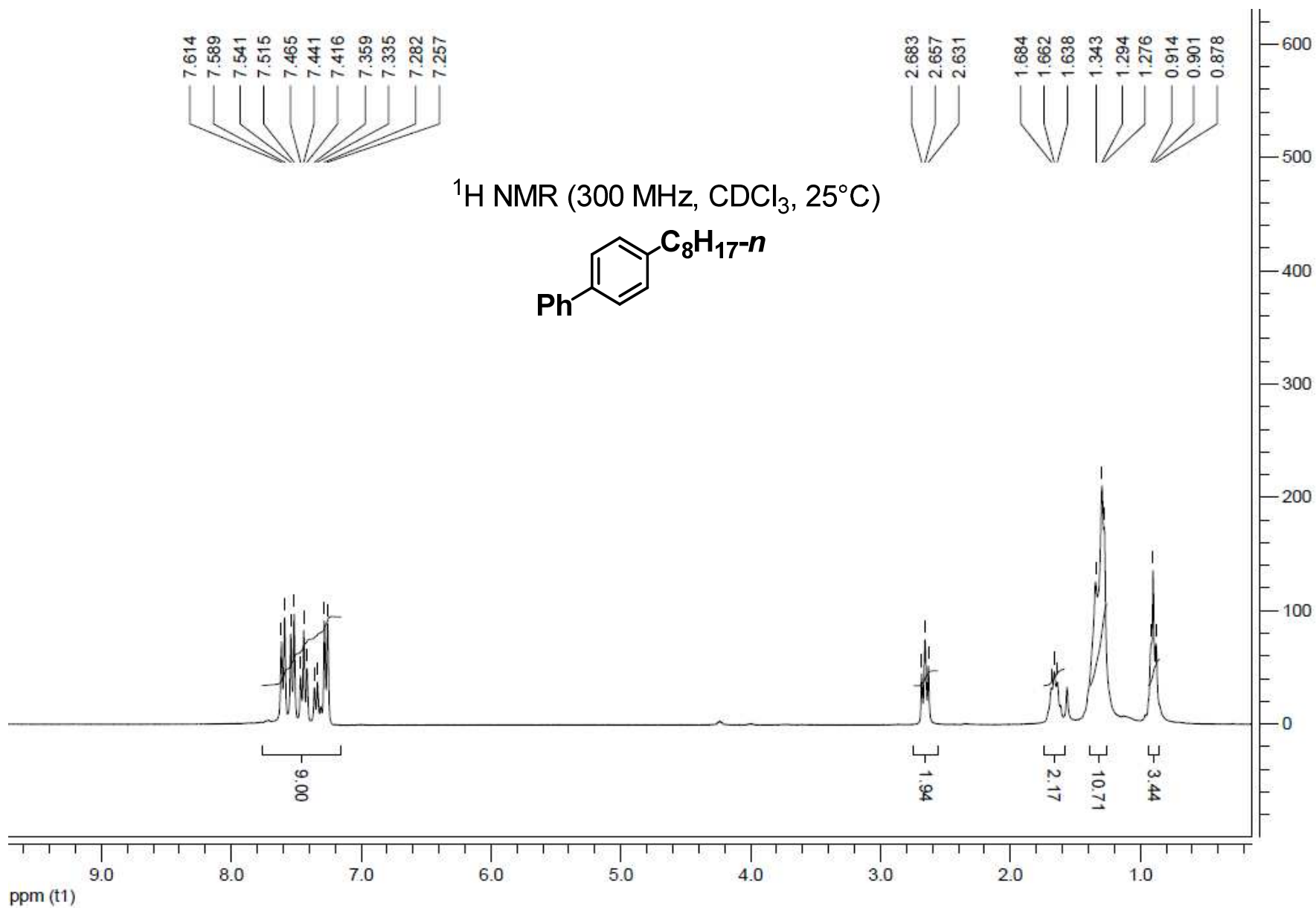


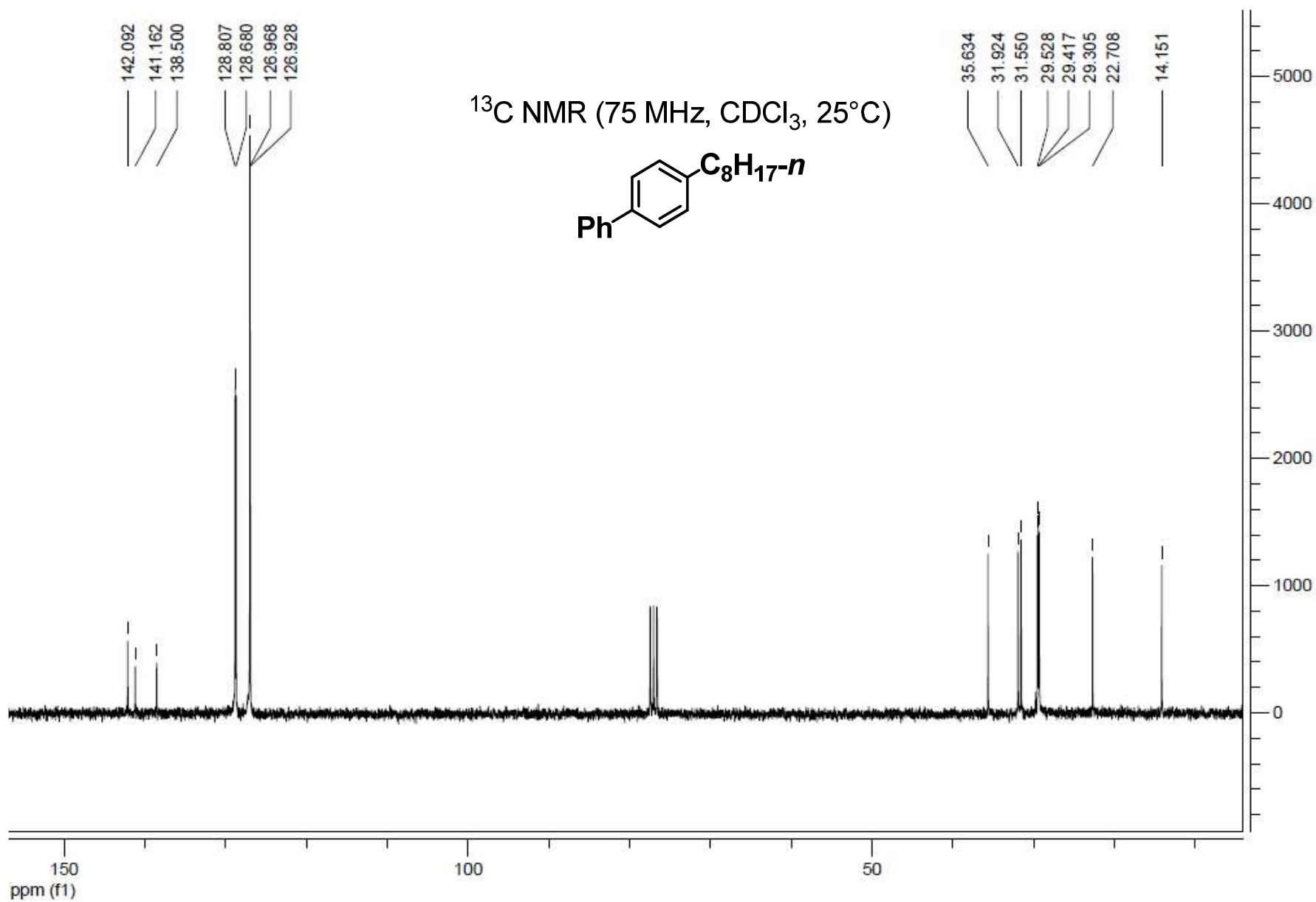


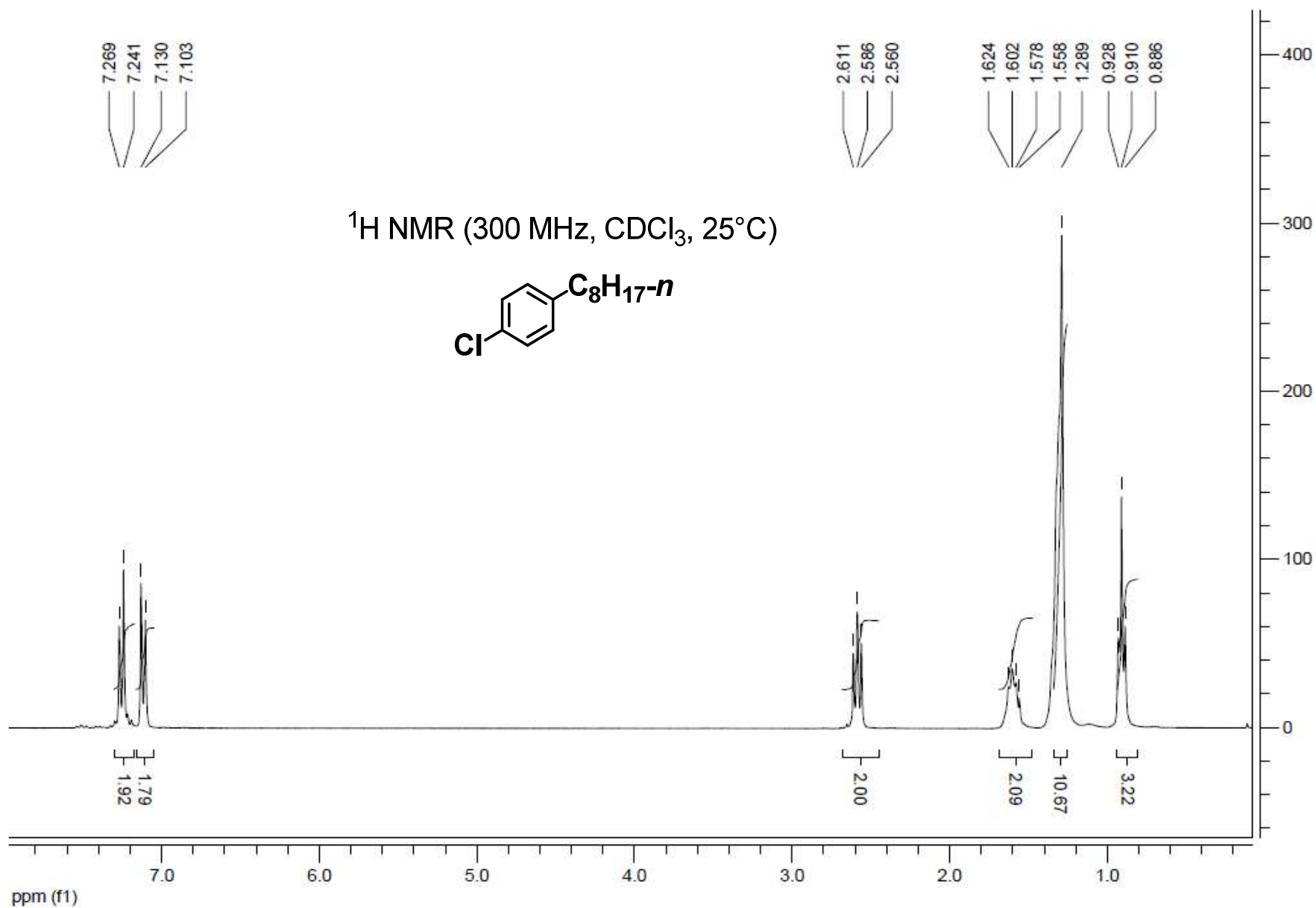


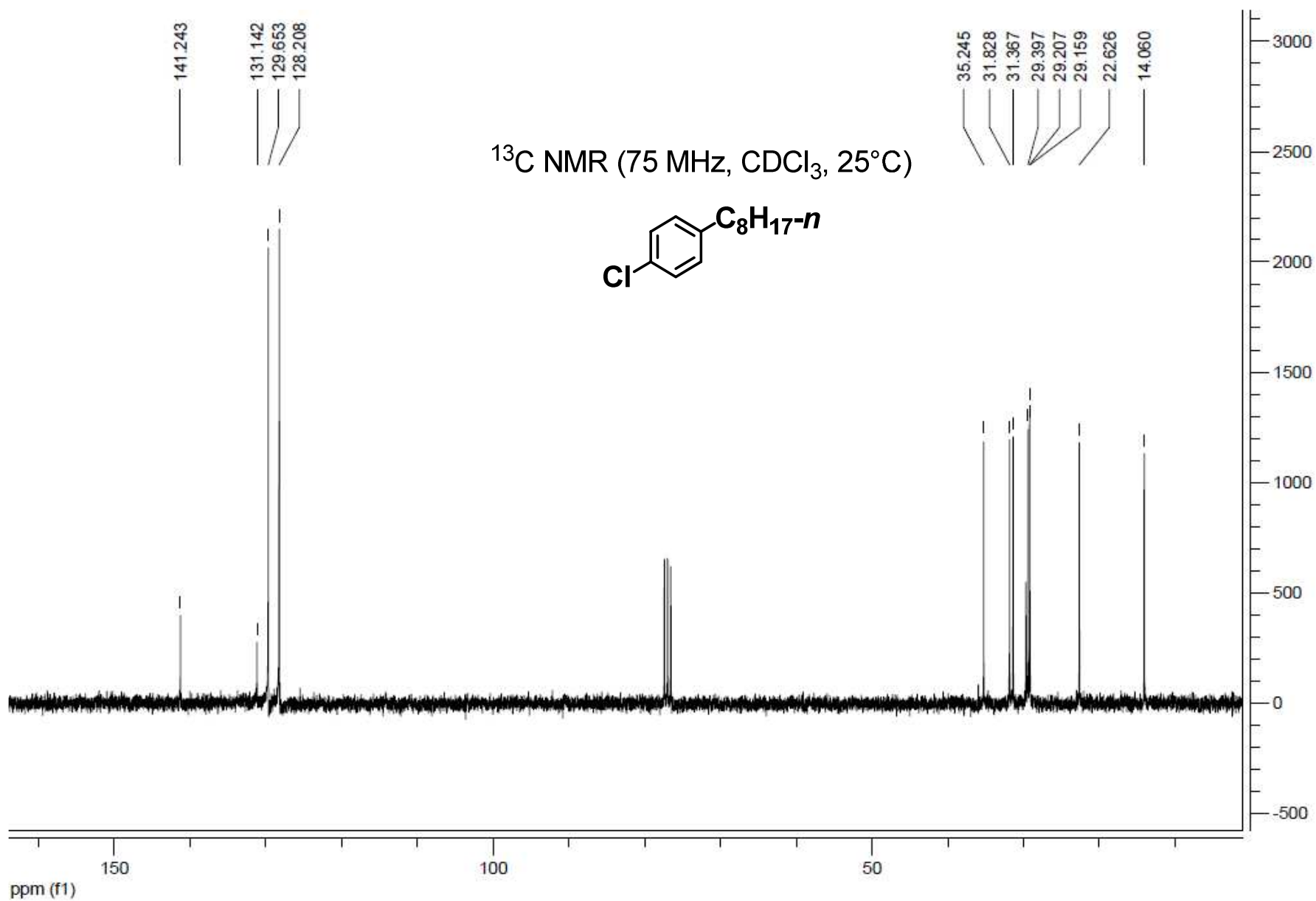


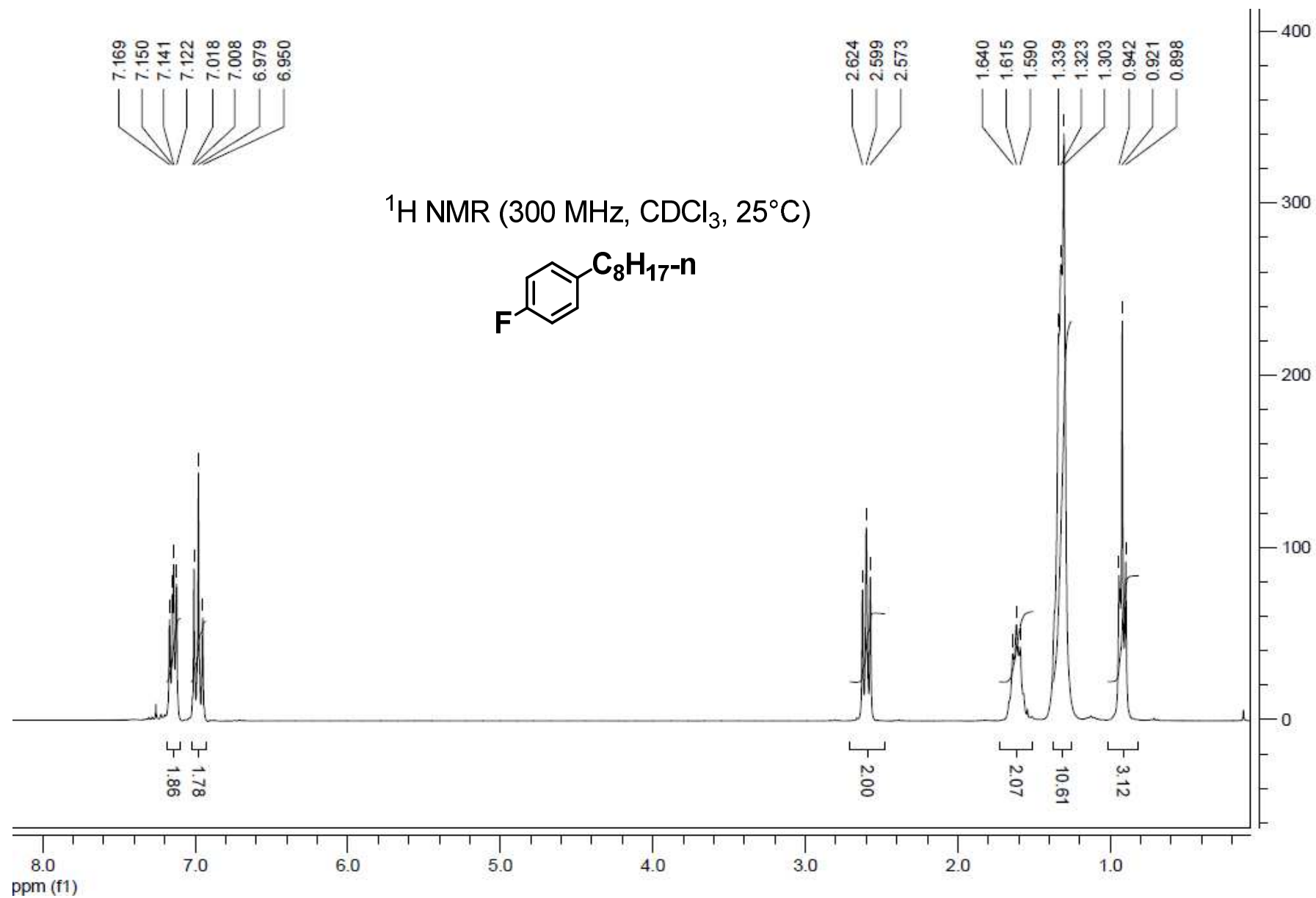


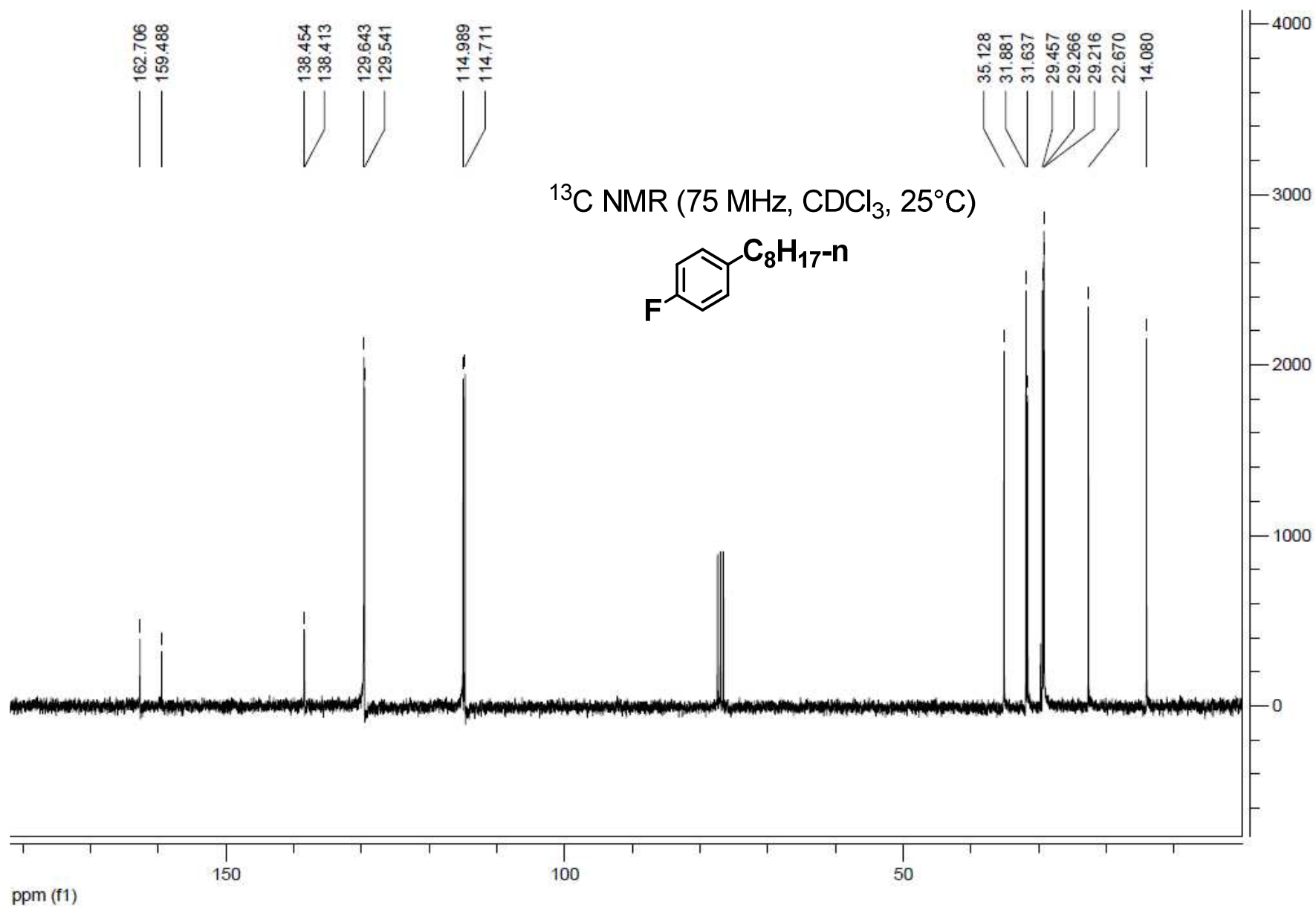


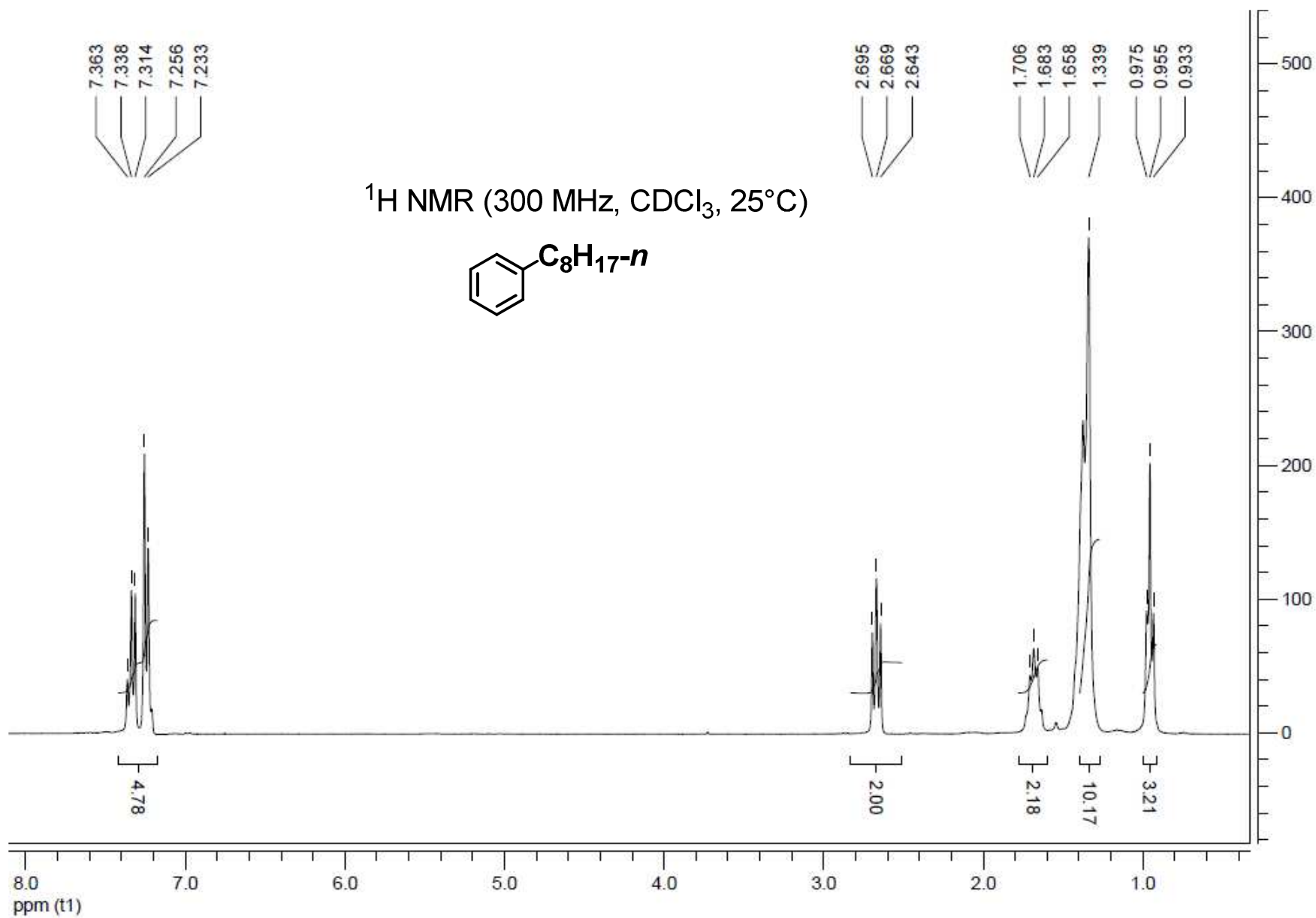


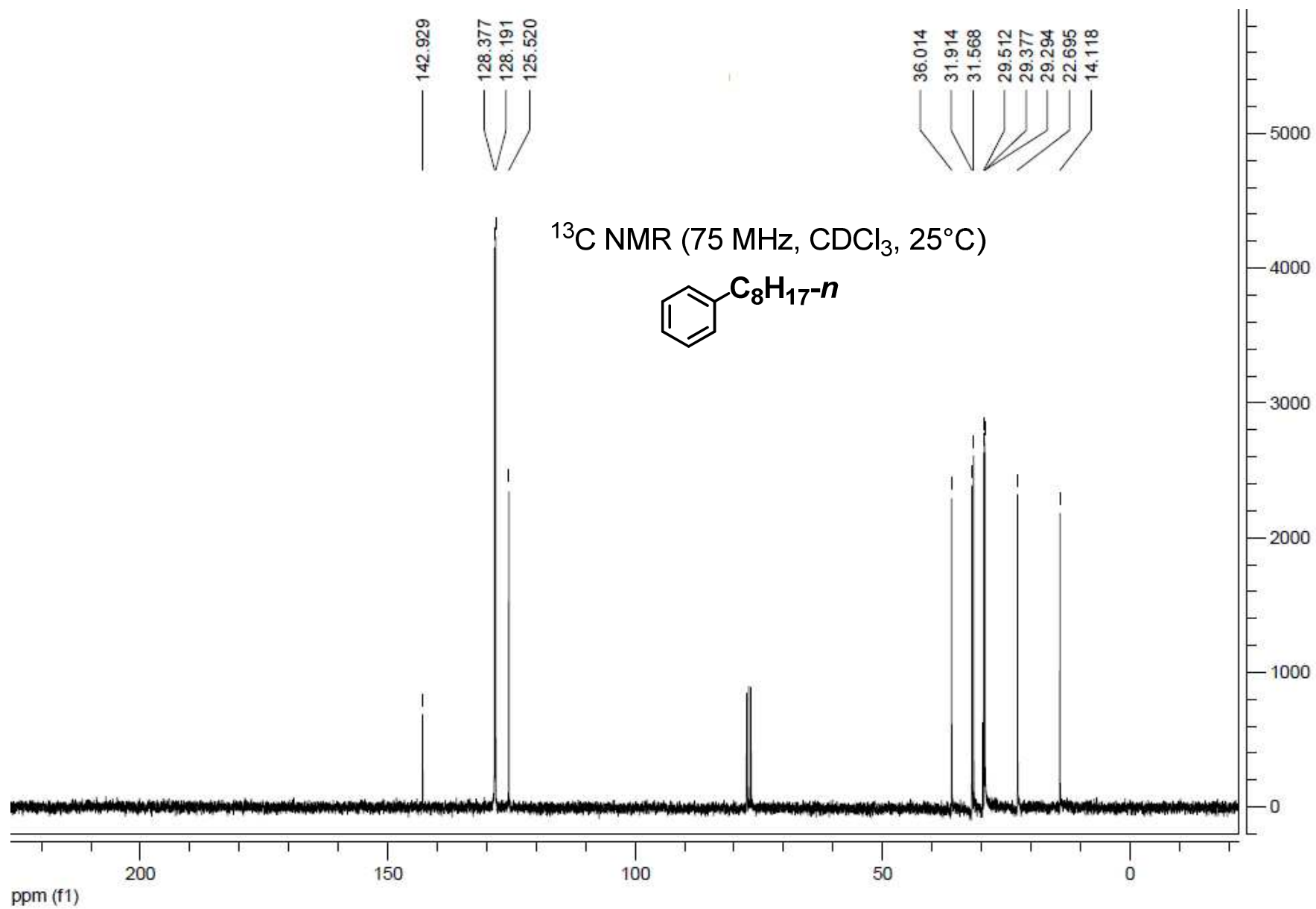


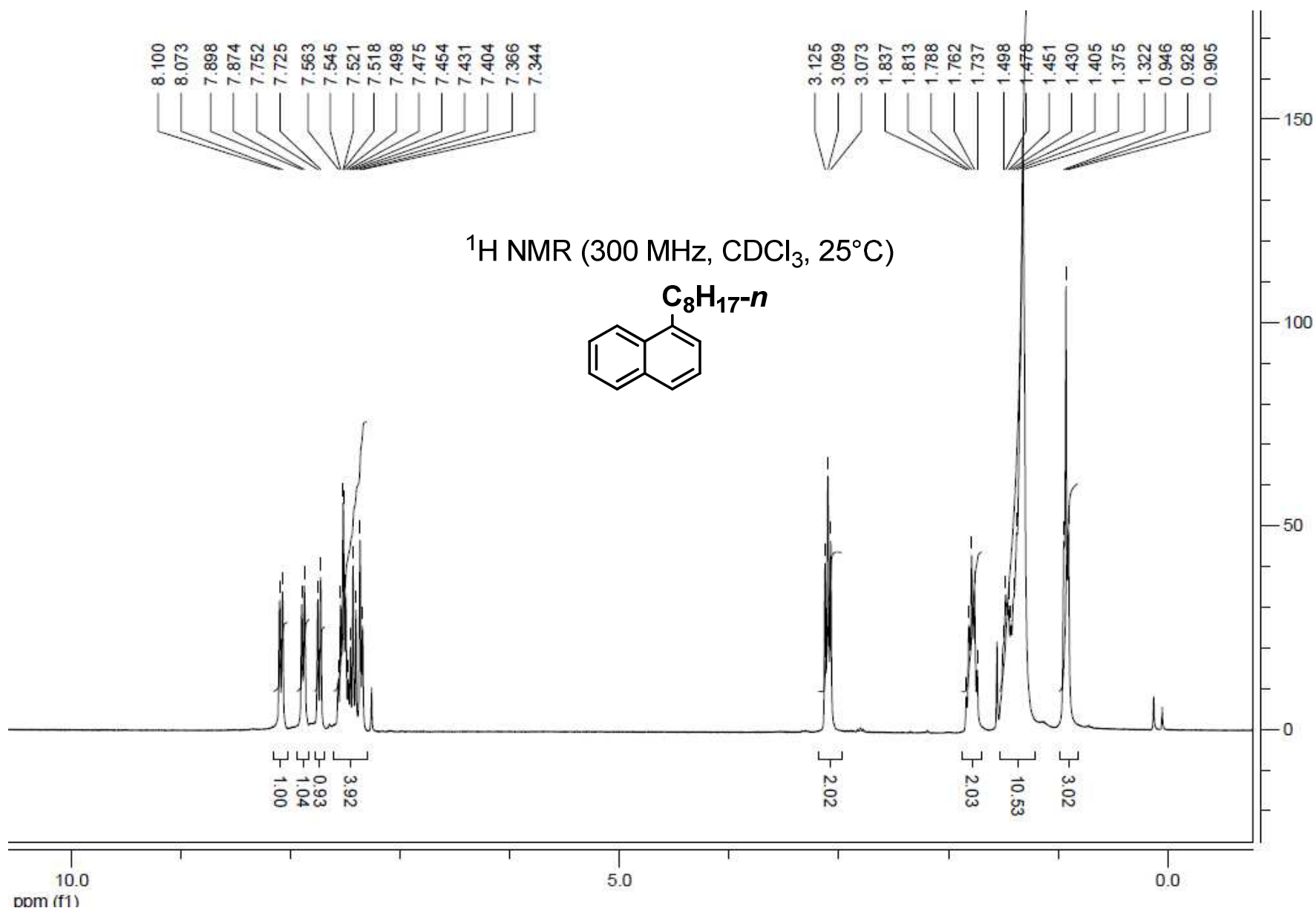


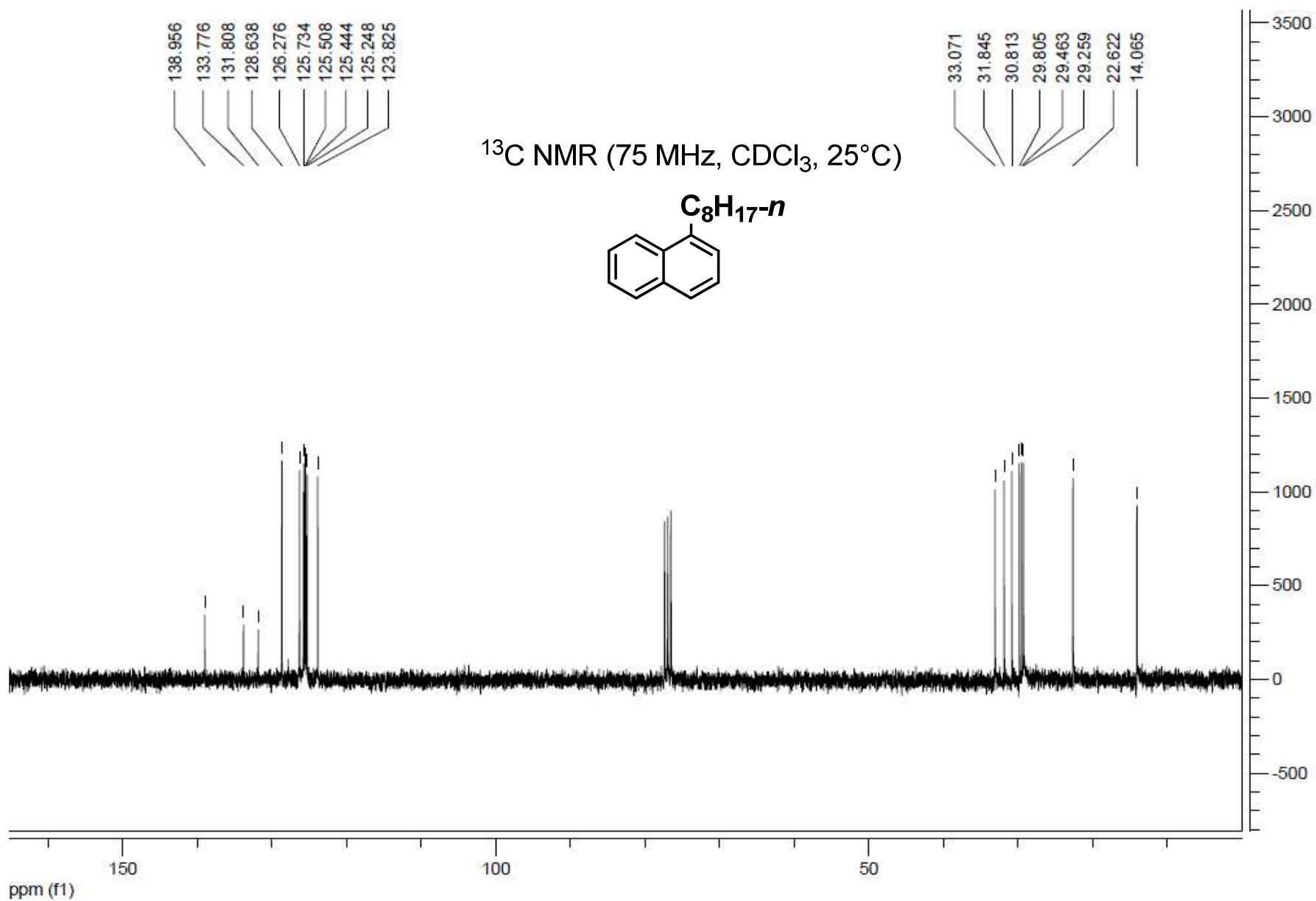


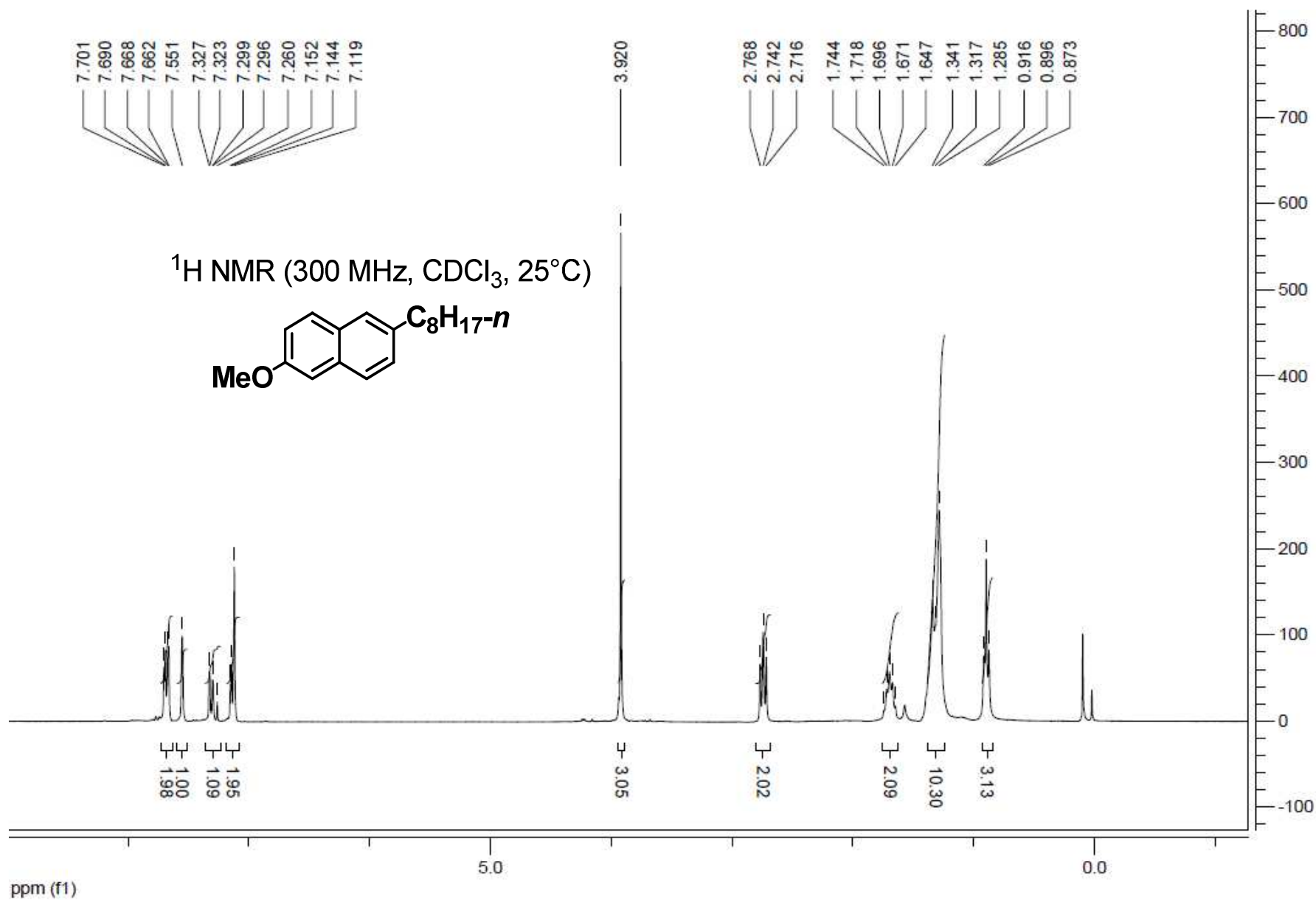


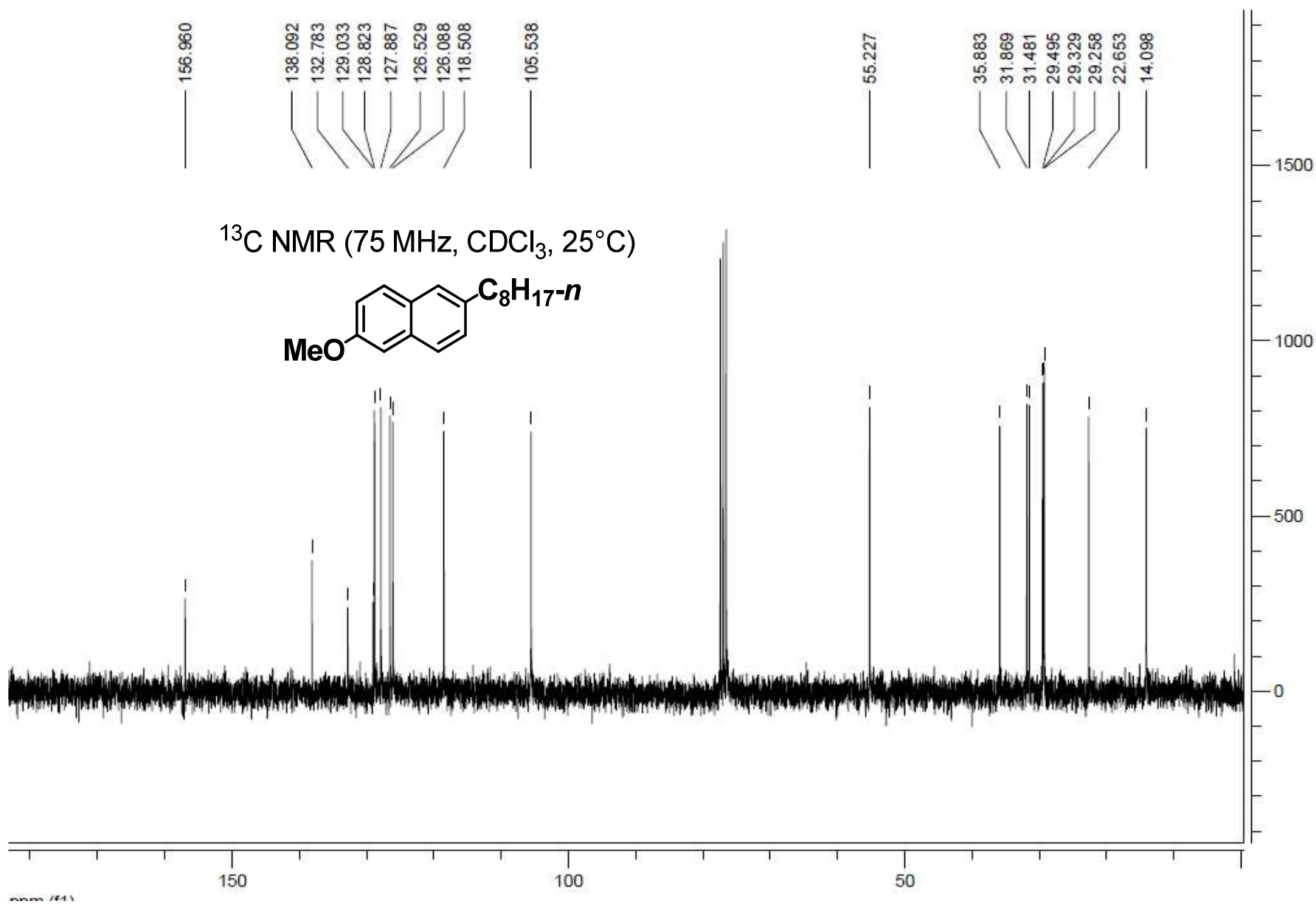


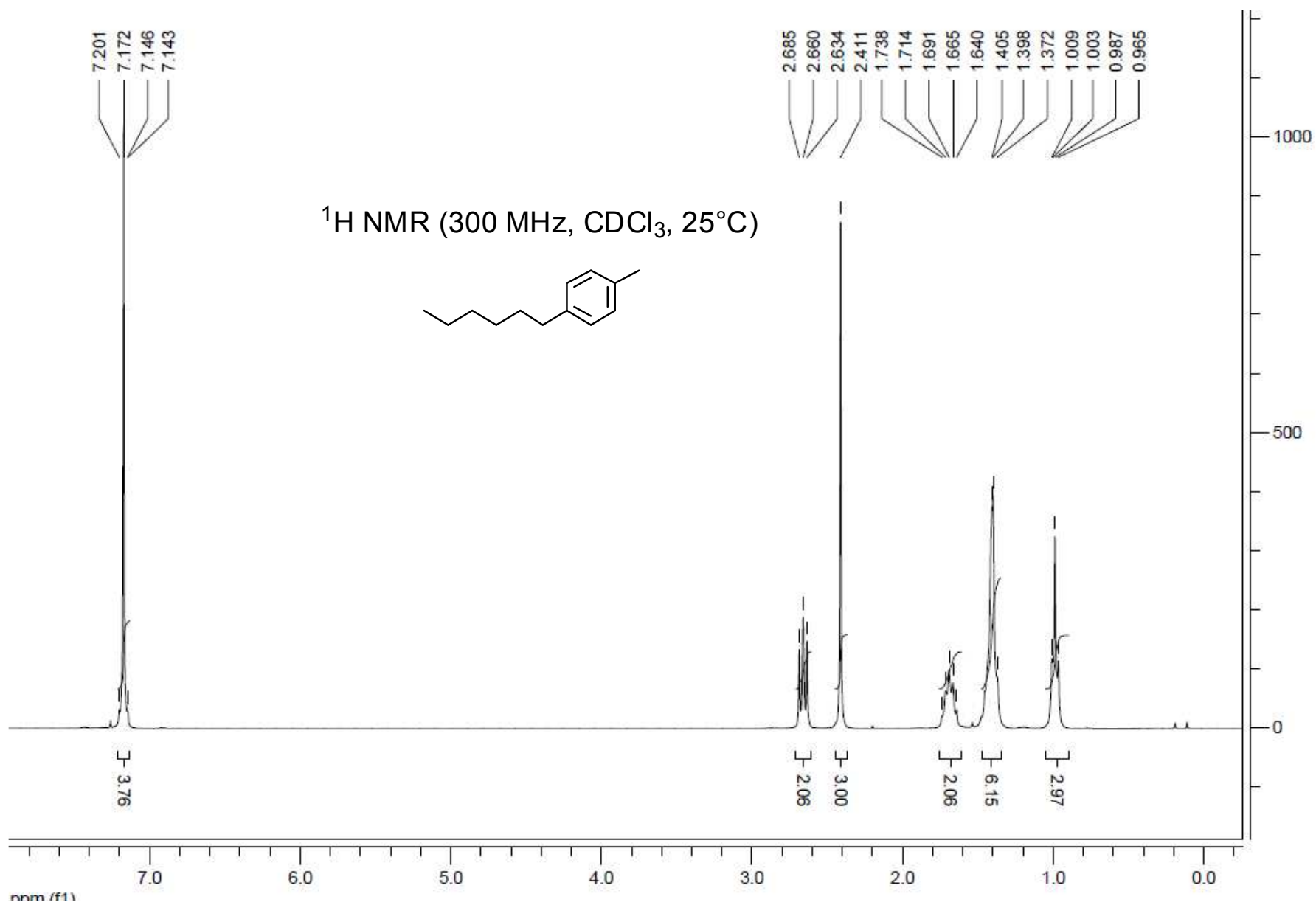


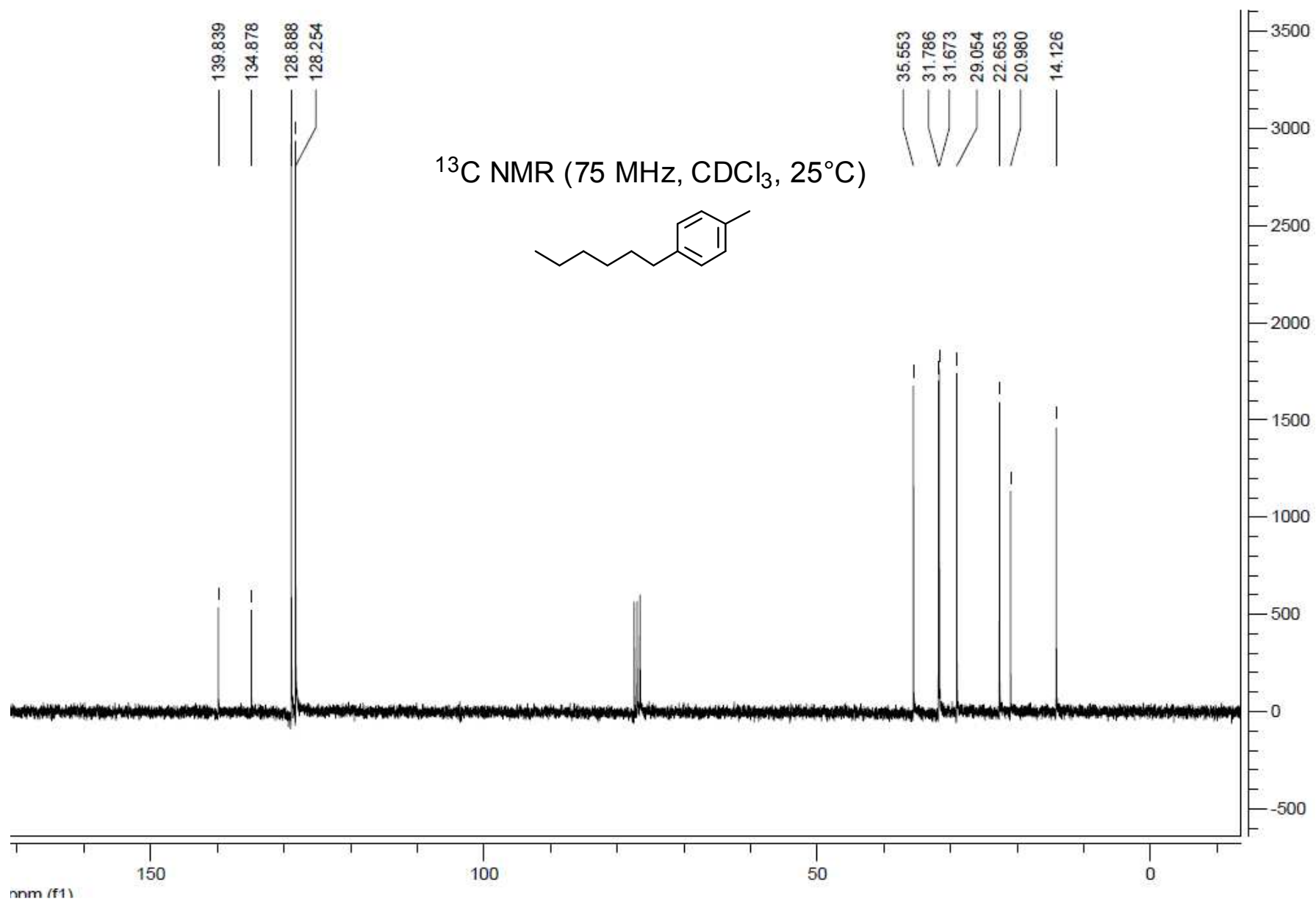


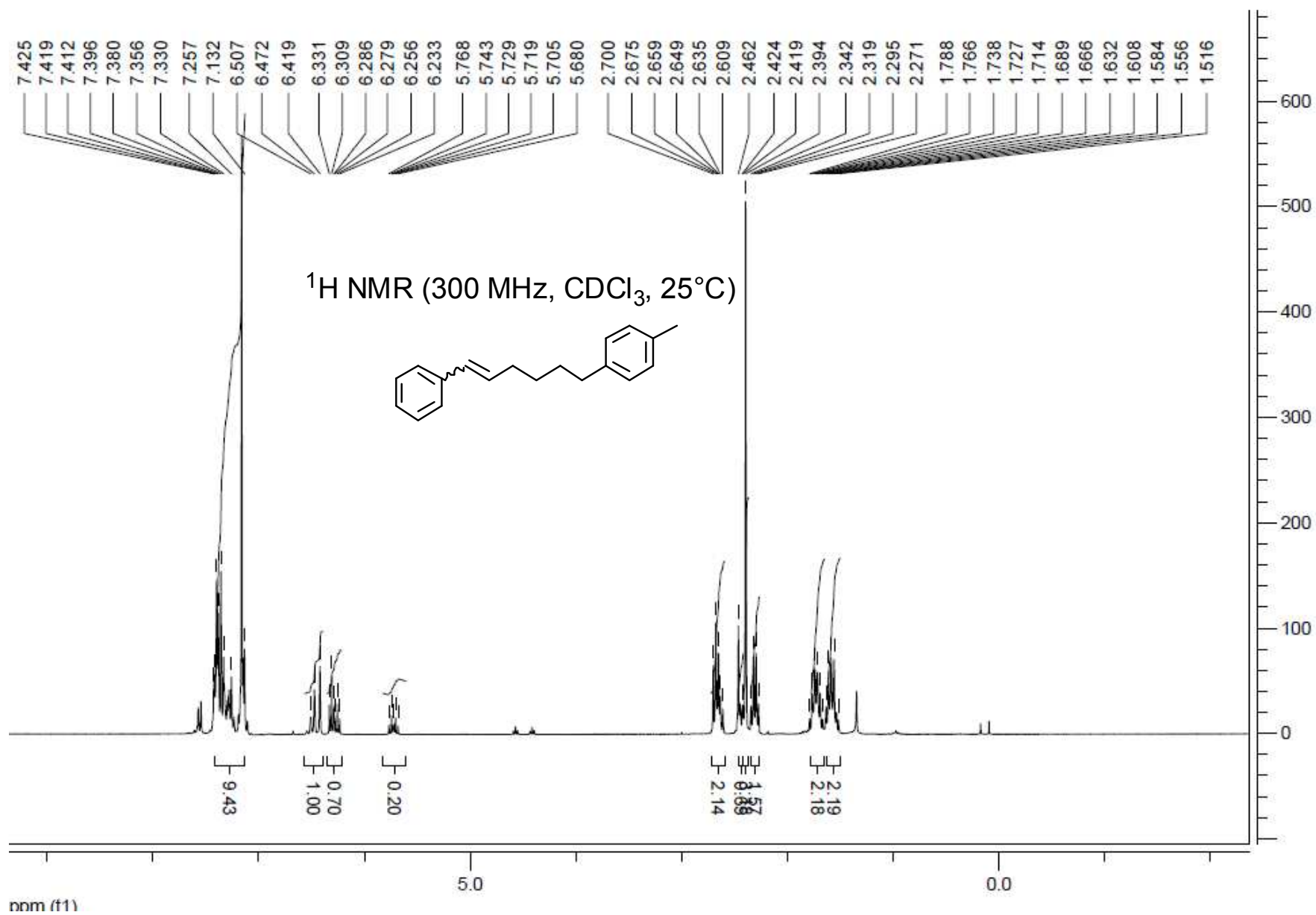


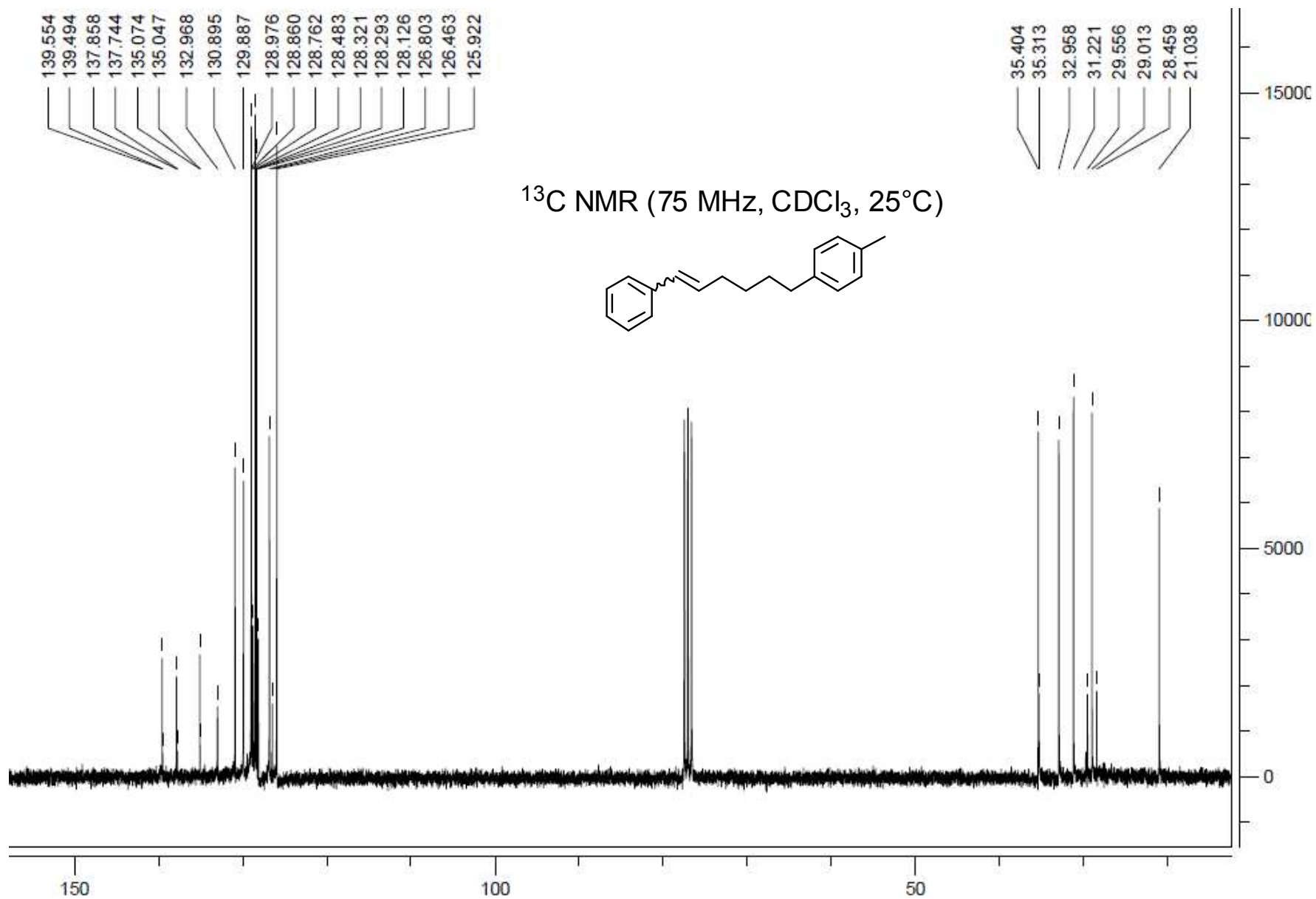


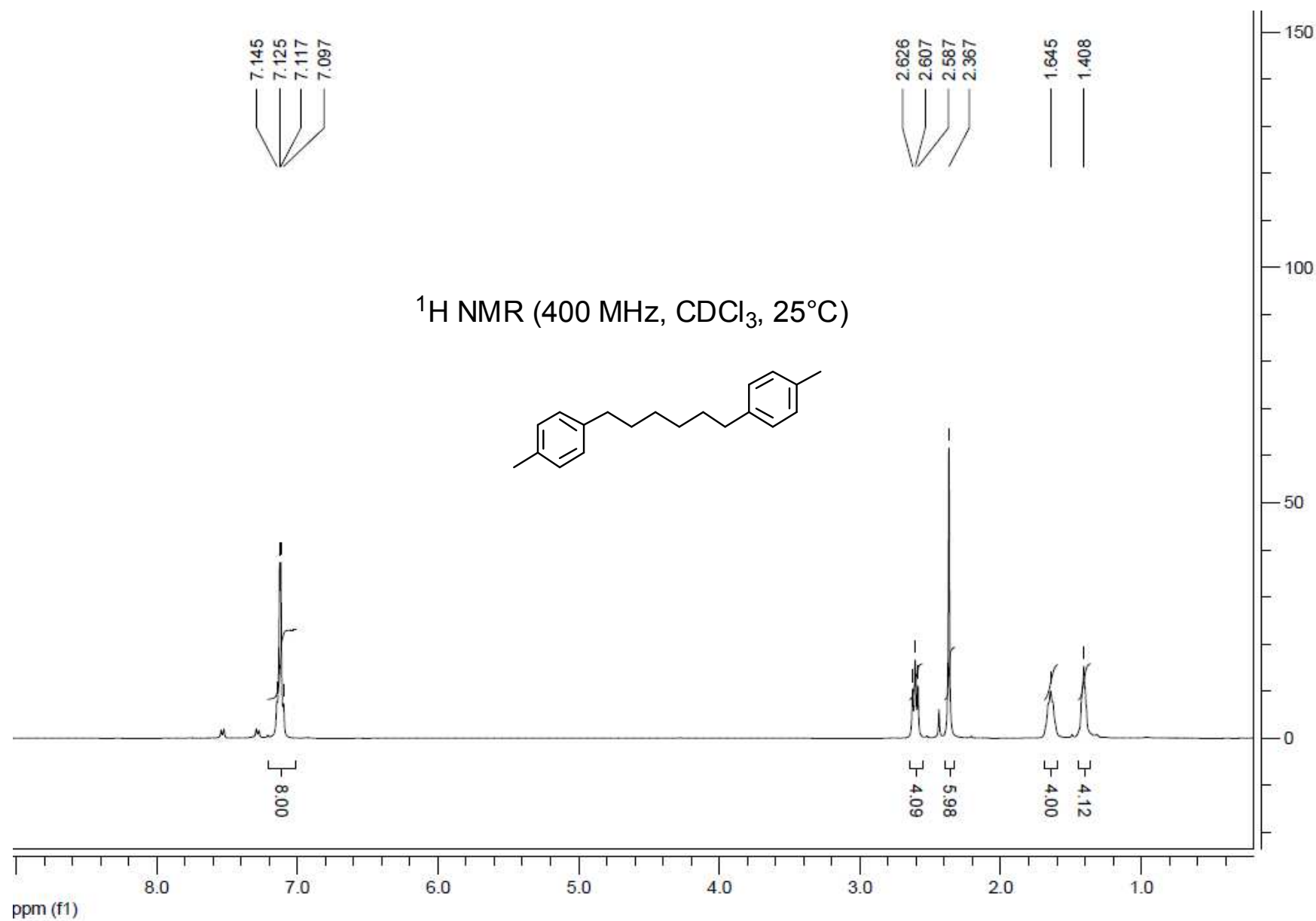


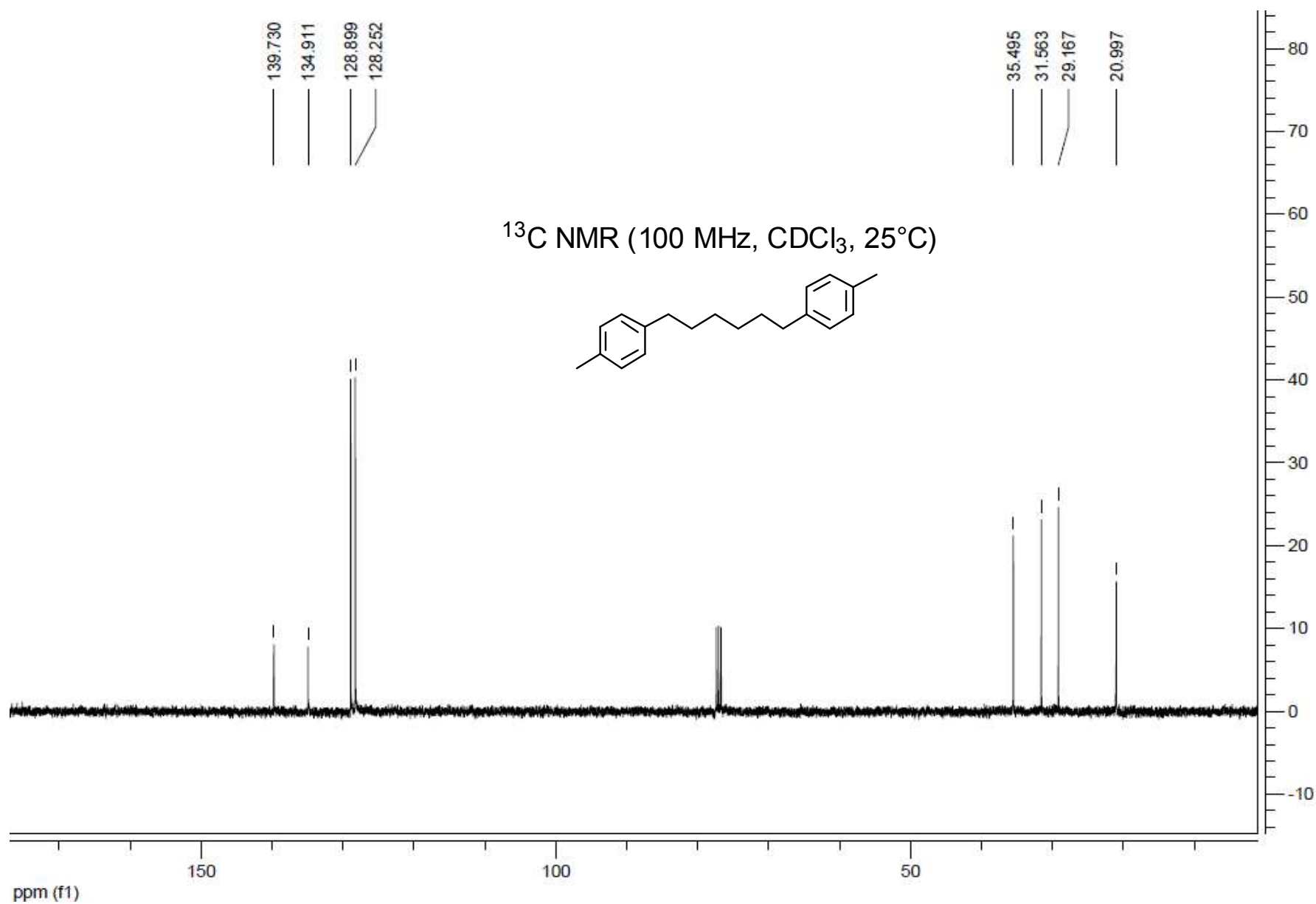


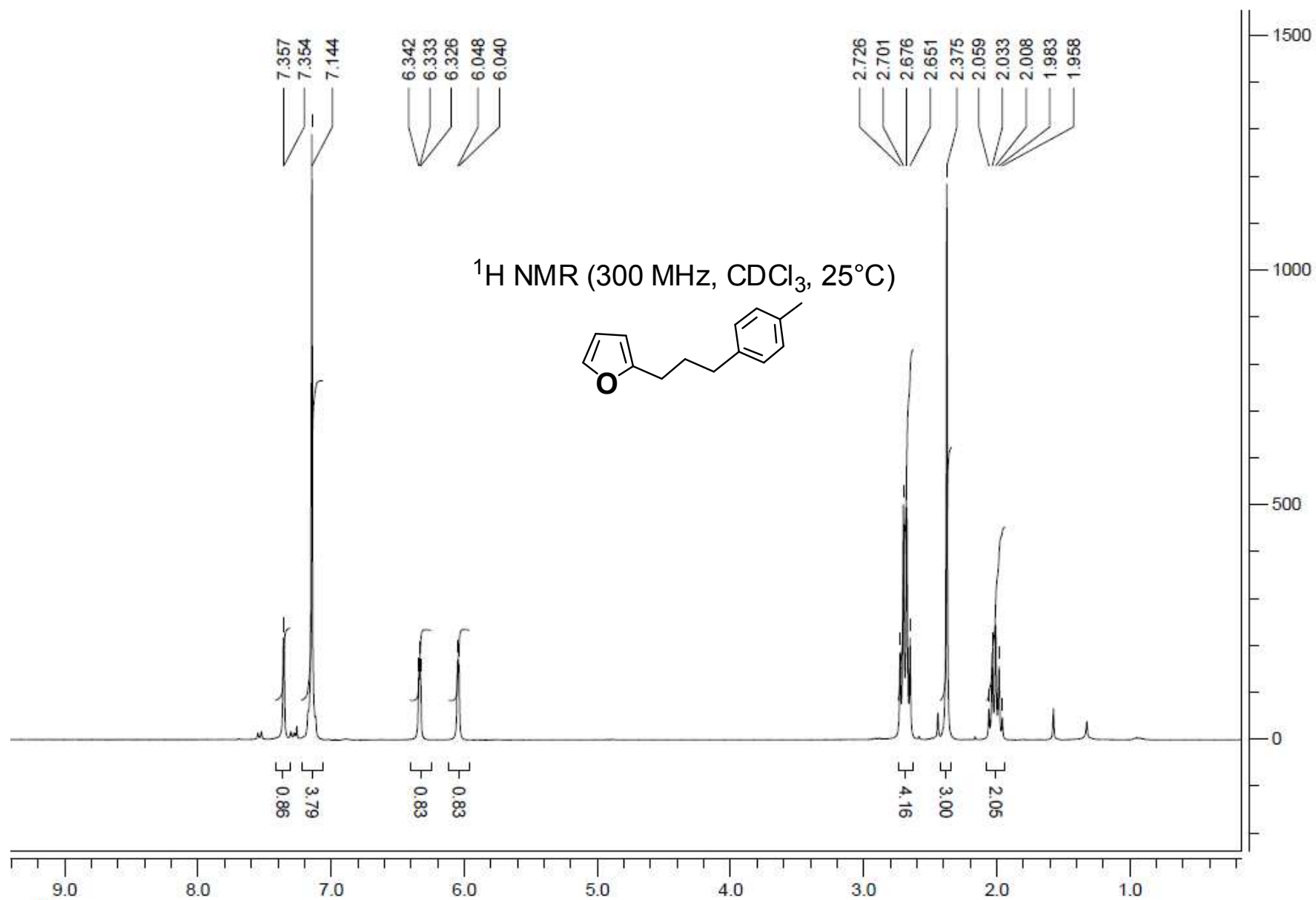


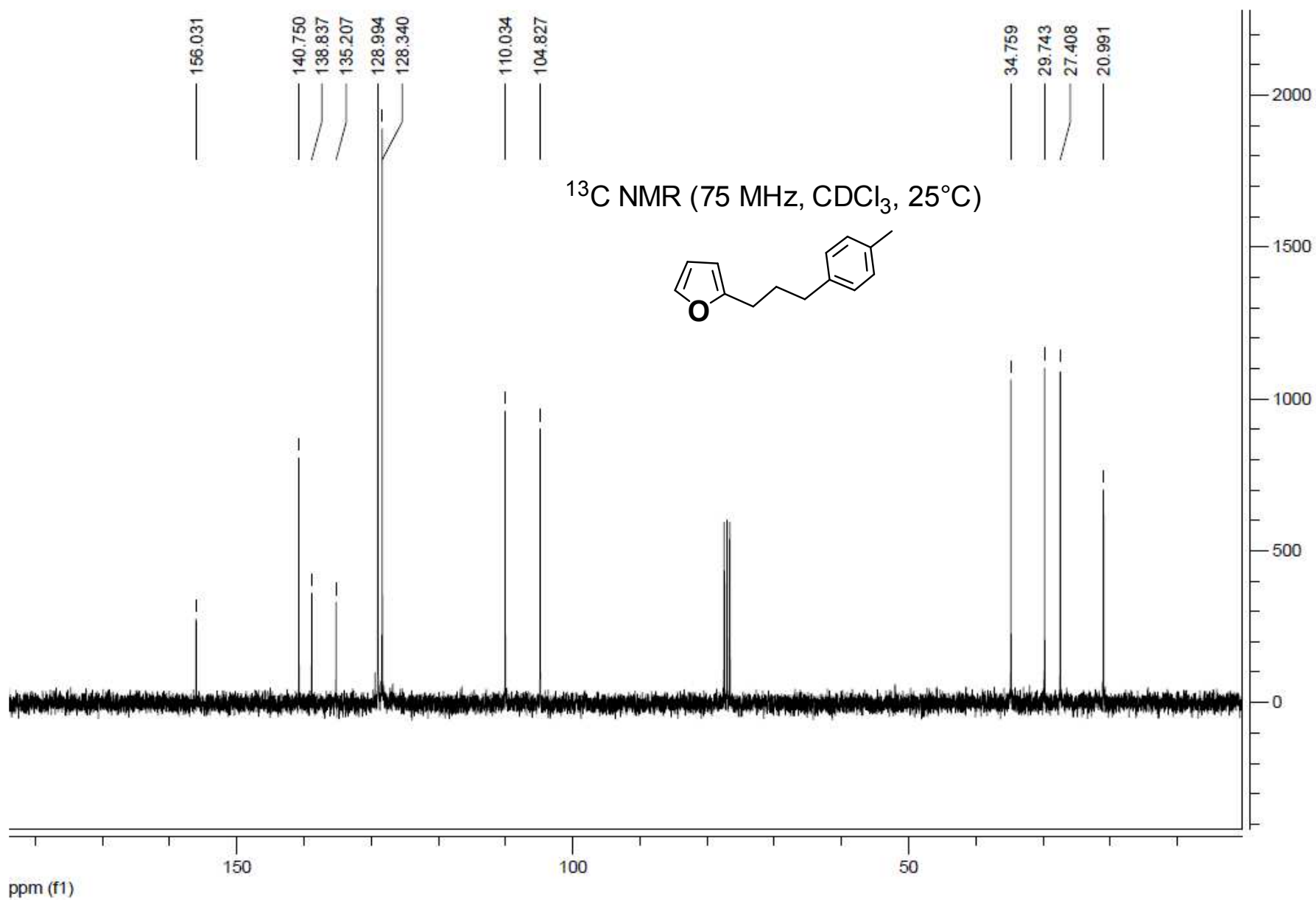


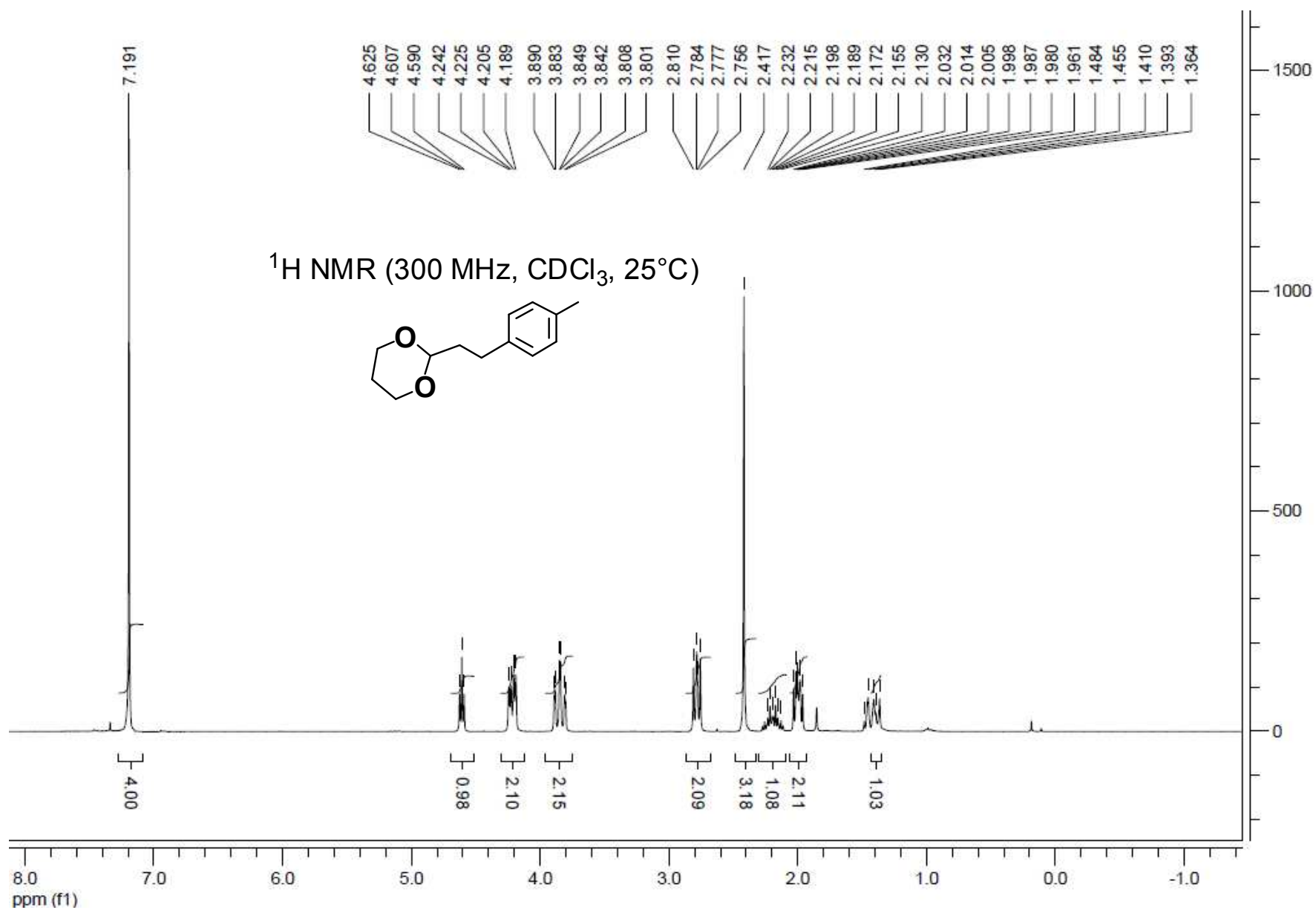


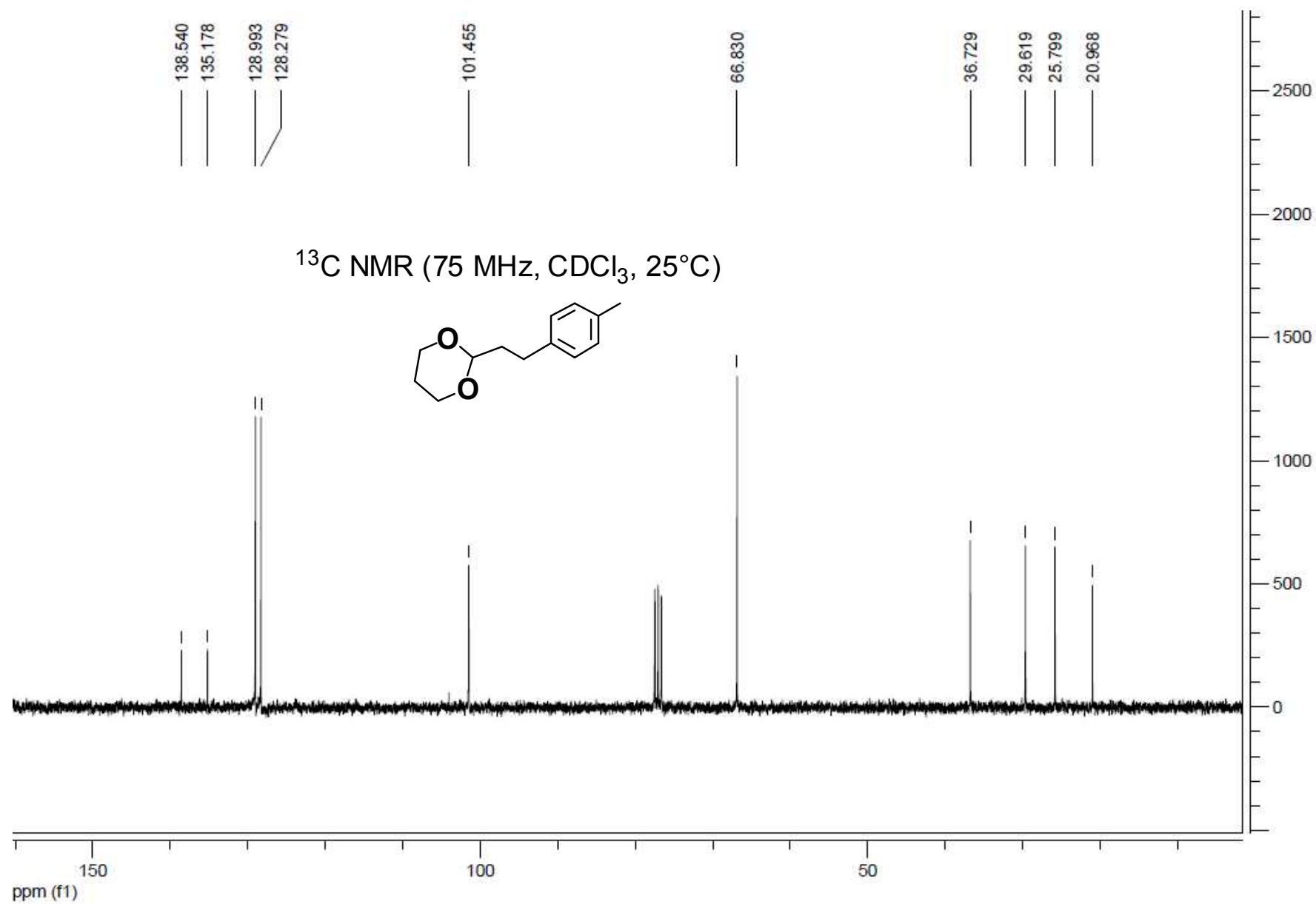


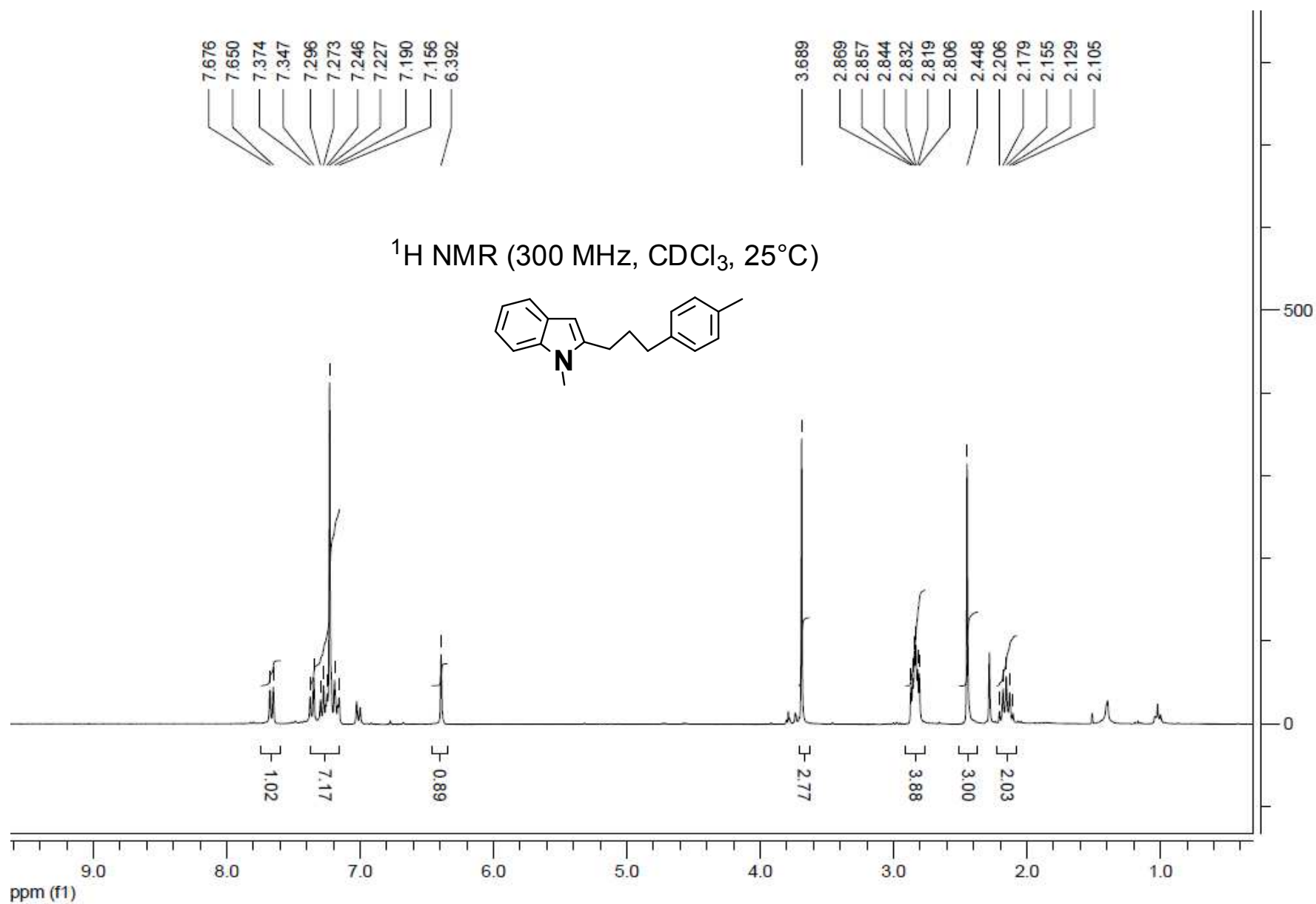


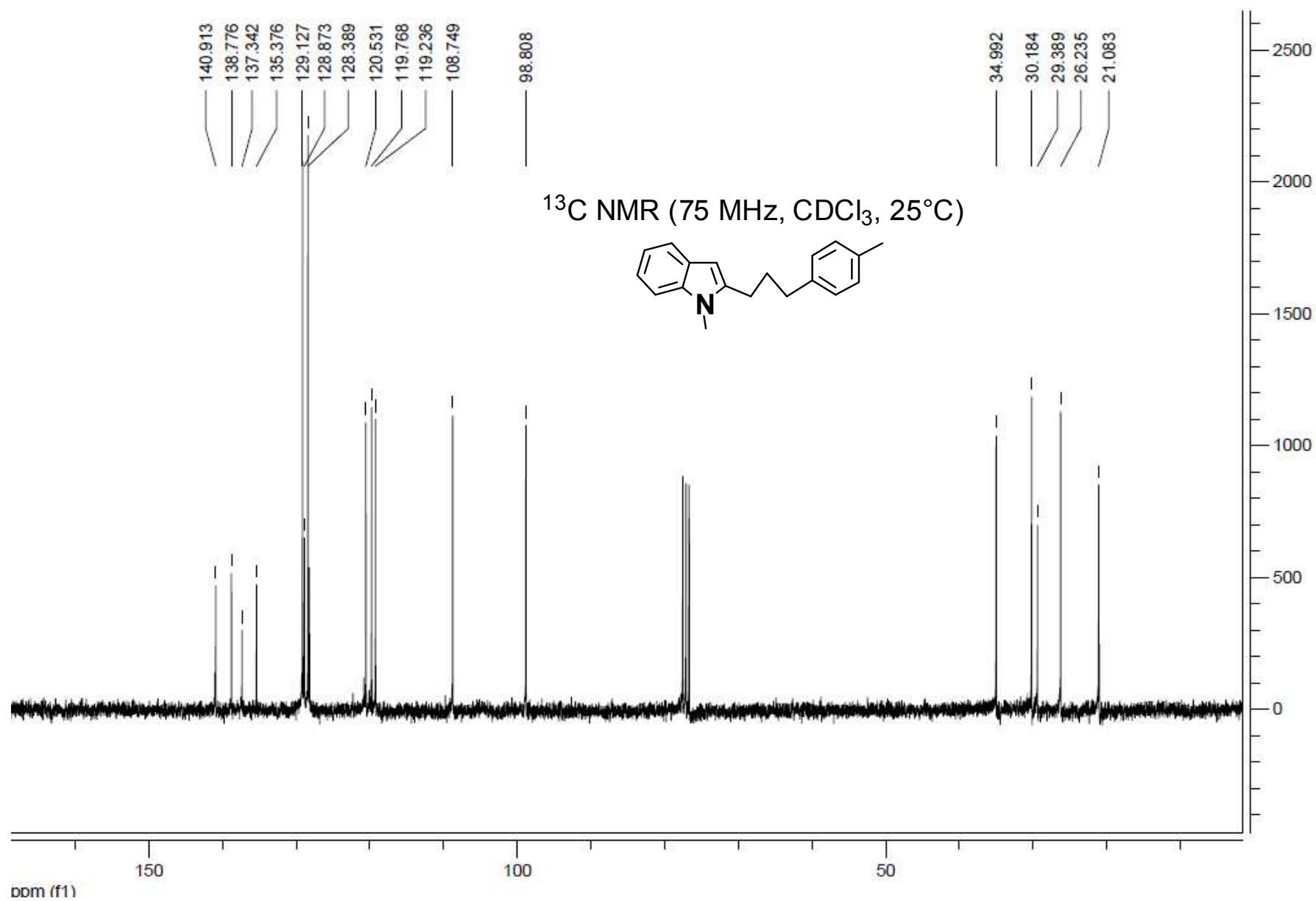


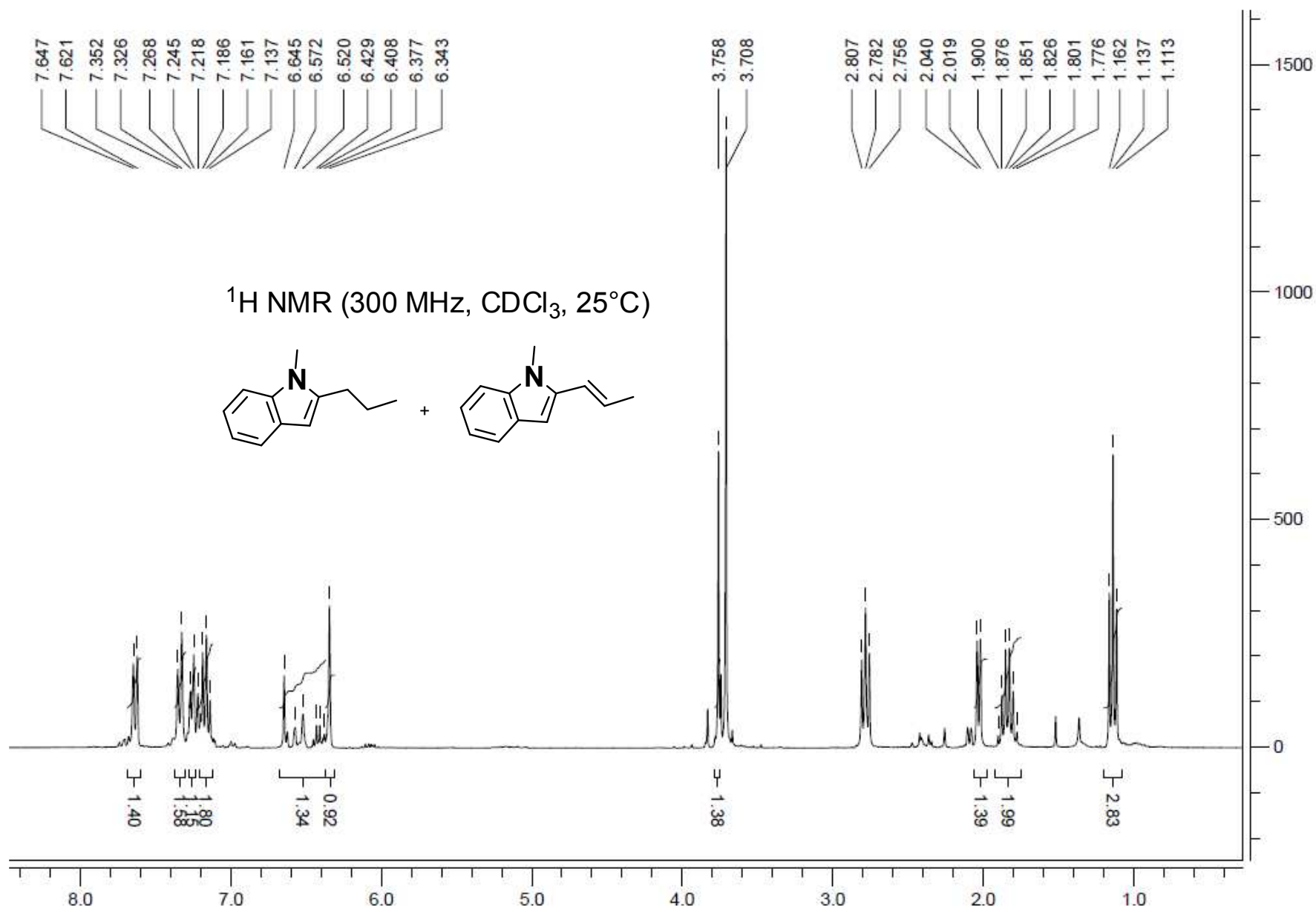


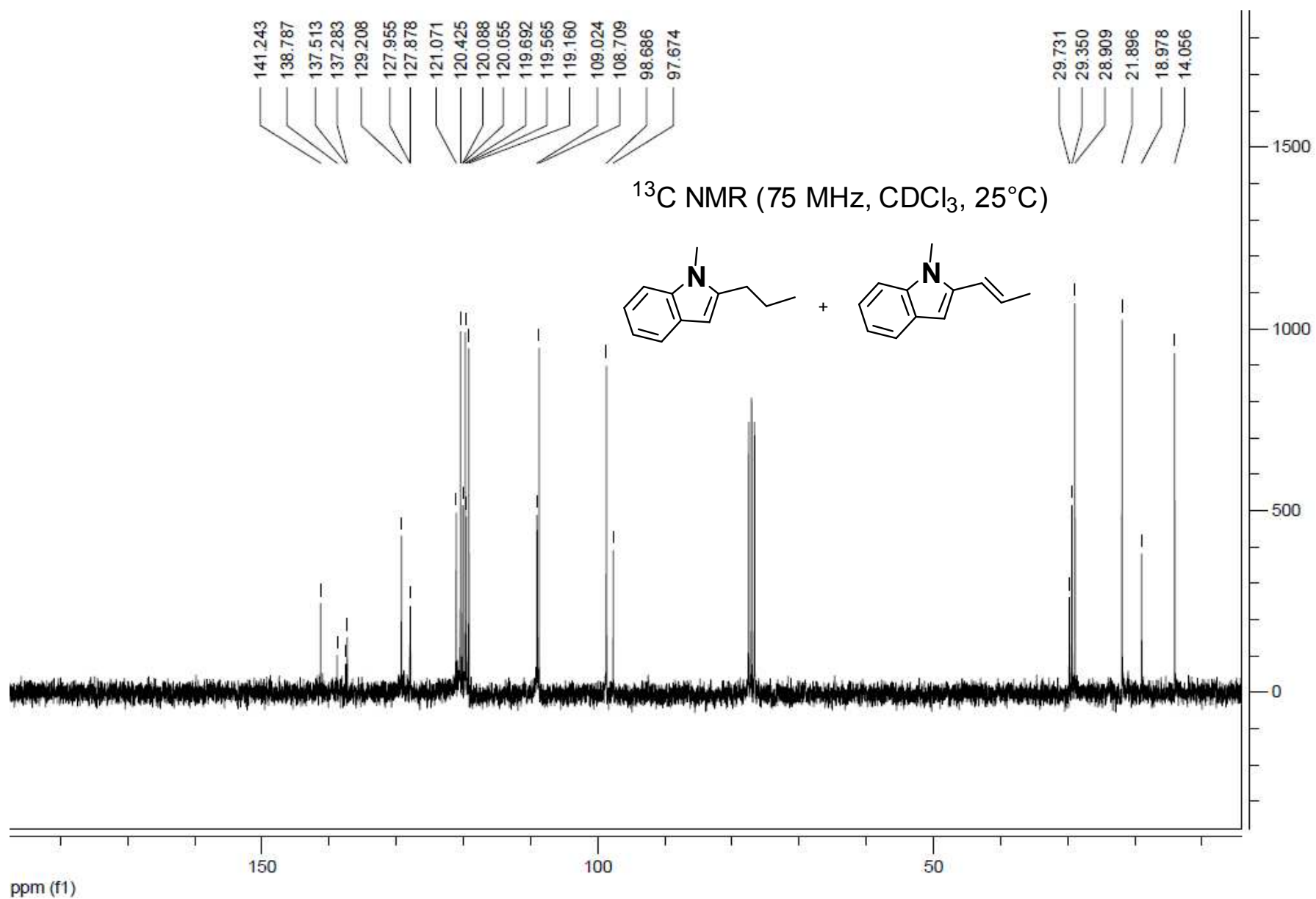


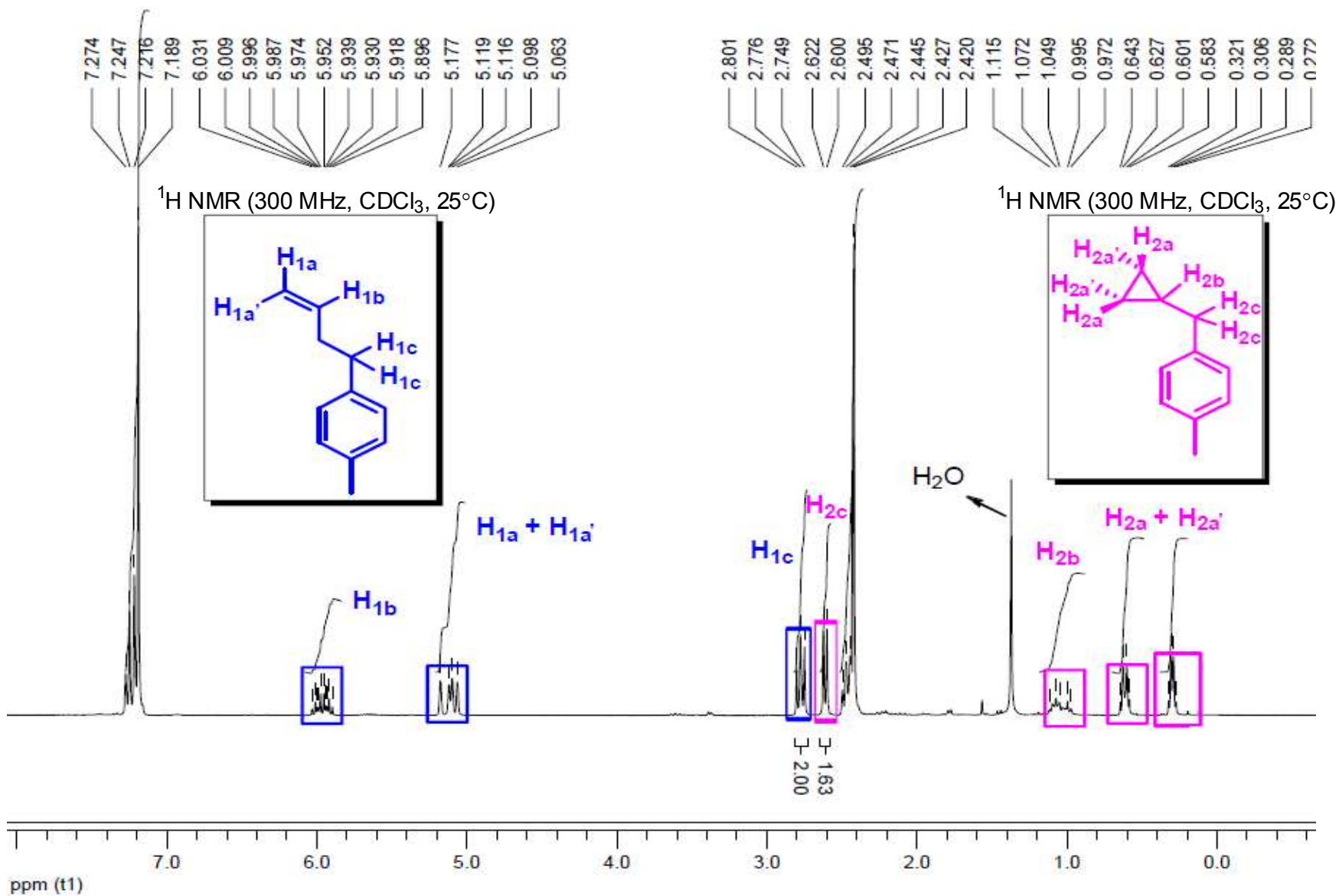


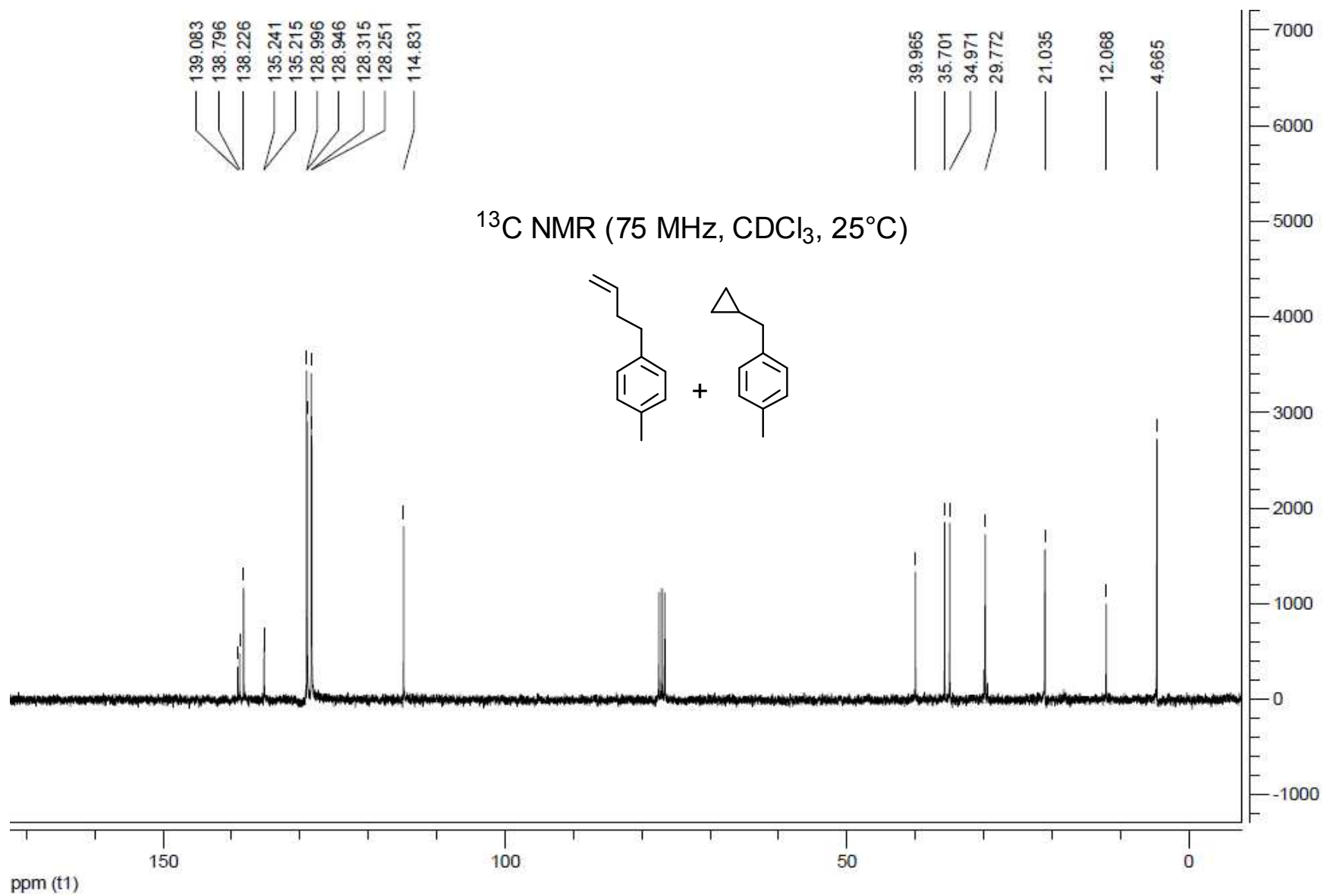












2. HRMS of Organofluorines and Arylation Products



Shanghai Mass Spectrometry Center
Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry
Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-11-2609

Sample Serial Number: MZB-1

Operator: Li

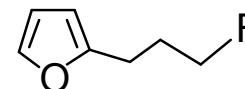
Date: 2011/11/16

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off



$[\text{C}_7\text{H}_9\text{FO}]^+$: 128.0637

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

192 formula(e) evaluated with 2 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-4 F: 0-2 S: 0-1

Minimum: -1.5

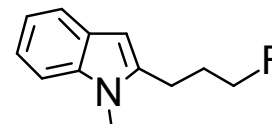
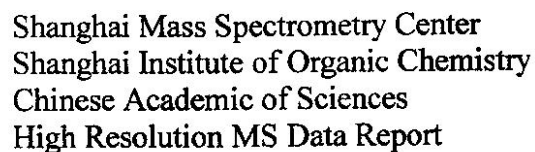
Maximum:	2.0	5.0	50.0
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Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE
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128.0636	128.0637	-0.1	-0.8	3.0
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128.0635	0.1	0.8	-0.5
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i-FIT	Formula
2773013.3	C7 H9 O F
2773015.5	C2 H8 N3 O F2



$[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{FN}]^+$: 191.1110

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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

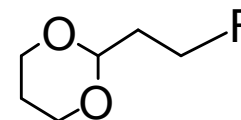
Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-12-2722

Sample Serial Number: MZB-1

Operator: Li

Date: 2011/12/01



$[C_6H_{10}FO_2]^+$: 133.0665

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

256 formula(e) evaluated with 2 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-3 F: 0-9 Cl: 0-2

Minimum:

-1.5

Maximum:

50.0

Mass Calc. Mass

mDa

PPM

DBE

i-FIT

Formula

133.0664

133.0665

-0.1

-0.8

1.5

2773014.8

C6 H10 O2 F

$[M-H]^+$

133.0658

0.6

4.5

1.0

2773283.0

C6 H12 N Cl



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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-11-2614

Sample Serial Number: MZB-6

Operator: Li

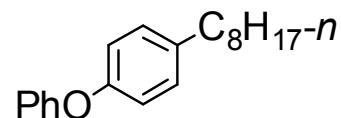
Date: 2011/11/16

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off



$[\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}]^+$: 282.1984

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

489 formula(e) evaluated with 5 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

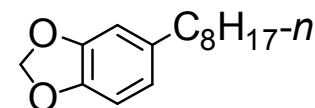
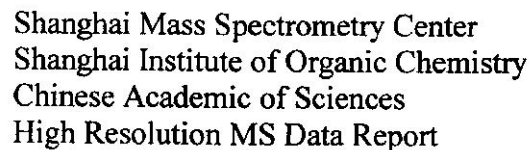
Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-4 F: 0-2 S: 0-1

Minimum: -1.5

Maximum: 50.0

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula
282.1986	282.1984	0.2	0.7	8.0	0.3	C20 H26 O
	282.1982	0.4	1.4	4.5	7.6	C15 H25 N3 O F
	282.1993	-0.7	-2.5	0.5	18.2	C12 H26 N3 O2 F2
	282.1995	-0.9	-3.2	4.0	4.2	C17 H27 O2 F
	282.1977	0.9	3.2	-1.0	33.6	C12 H30 N2 O3 S



Mass	Calc. Mass	Diff	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula
234.1616	234.1618	-0.2	-0.9	1.5	1.5	C10 H21 N3 O2 F
	234.1620	-0.4	-1.7	5.0	3.1	C15 H22 O2
	234.1606	1.0	4.3	5.5	1.2	C13 H20 N3 O



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High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-12-2693

Sample Serial Number: MZB-2

Operator: Li

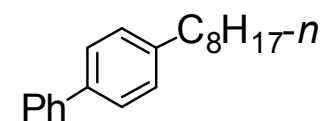
Date: 2011/11/29

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off



$[C_{20}H_{26}]^+$: 266.2035

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

673 formula(e) evaluated with 2 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-6 S: 0-1 Cl: 0-1 Br: 0-1

Minimum:

Maximum:

Mass Calc. Mass

266.2033 266.2035

266.2028

mDa

-0.2

0.5

5.0

-0.8

1.9

-1.5

50.0

DBE

8.0

-1.0

i-FIT

4.5

207.9

Formula

C20 H26

C12 H30 N2 O2 S



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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-11-2613

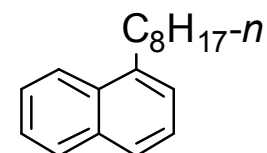
Sample Serial Number: MZB-5

Operator: Li

Date: 2011/11/16

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis
Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0
Element prediction: Off



$[C_{18}H_{24}]^+$: 240.1878

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions
412 formula(e) evaluated with 4 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)
Elements Used:

Elements Used:									
C: 0-60	H: 0-80	N: 0-4	O: 0-4	F: 0-2	S: 0-1				
Minimum:					-1.5				
Maximum:			2.0	5.0	50.0				
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula			
240.1882	240.1878	0.4	1.7	7.0	16.4	C18	H24		
	240.1887	-0.5	-2.1	-0.5	13.8	C10	H24	N3	O F2
	240.1876	0.6	2.5	3.5	6.1	C13	H23	N3'	F
	240.1889	-0.7	-2.9	3.0	9.8	C15	H25	O	F



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High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-12-2694

Sample Serial Number: MZB-1

Operator: Li

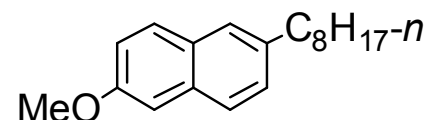
Date: 2011/11/29

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off



$[C_{19}H_{26}O]^+$: 270.1984

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

693 formula(e) evaluated with 3 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-6 S: 0-1 Cl: 0-1 Br: 0-1

Minimum:

Maximum:

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula
270.1983	270.1984	-0.1	-0.4	7.0	1.3	C19 H26 O
	270.1989	-0.6	-2.2	2.5	1132.3	C16 H29 N, Cl
	270.1970	1.3	4.8	7.5	3.7	C17 H24 N3



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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-05-1141

Sample Serial Number: MZB-01

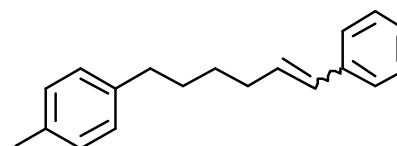
Operator: Li

Date: 2011/05/26

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0
Element prediction: Off



$C_{19}H_{22}^+$: 250.1722

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

469 formula(e) evaluated with 3 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-8 F: 0-1 Cl: 0-1

Minimum:

Maximum:

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula
250.1724	250.1722	0.2	0.8	9.0	2773915.3	C19 H22
	250.1720	0.4	1.6	5.5	2773543.5	C14 H21 N3 F
	250.1733	-0.9	-3.6	5.0	2773745.3	C16 H23 O F



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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

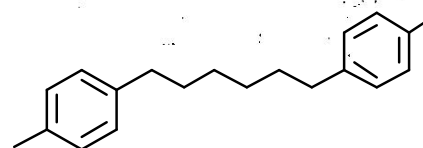
Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-12-2766

Sample Serial Number: MZB-1

Operator: Li

Date: 2011/12/09



Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis
Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0
Element prediction: Off

[C₂₀H₂₆]⁺: 266.2035

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions
574 formula(e) evaluated with 3 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)
Elements Used:
C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-6 F: 0-3 I: 0-2

Minimum:					-1.5		
Maximum:		2.0	5.0	50.0			
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula	
266.2032	266.2033	-0.1	-0.4	4.5	22.0	C15	H25 N3 F
	266.2035	-0.3	-1.1	8.0	81.6	C20	H26
	266.2044	-1.2	-4.5	0.5	13.0	C12	H26 N3 O F2



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High Resolution MS Data Report

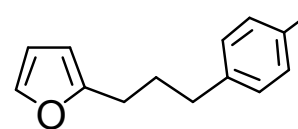
Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-11-2610

Sample Serial Number: MZB-2

Operator: Li

Date: 2011/11/16



Elemental Composition Report

$[C_{14}H_{16}O]^+$: 200.1201

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

345 formula(e) evaluated with 4 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-4 F: 0-2 S: 0-1

Minimum: -1.5

Maximum: 2.0 5.0 50.0

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula
200.1204	200.1201	0.3	1.5	7.0	0.9	C14 H16 O
	200.1199	0.5	2.5	3.5	48.4	C9 H15 N3 O F
	200.1211	-0.7	-3.5	-0.5	149.4	C6 H16 N3 O2 F2
	200.1213	-0.9	-4.5	3.0	20.6	C11 H17 O2 F



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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-12-2692

Sample Serial Number: MZB-3

Operator: Li

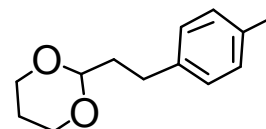
Date: 2011/11/29

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off



$[C_{13}H_{18}O_2]^+$: 206.1307

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

450 formula(e) evaluated with 2 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-6 S: 0-1 Cl: 0-1 Br: 0-1

Minimum:

-1.5

Maximum:

50.0

Mass Calc. Mass

mDa

PPM

DBE

i-FIT

Formula

206.1309 206.1307

0.2

1.0

5.0

2773012.8

C13 H18 O2

206.1312

-0.3

-1.5

0.5

2773016.5

C10 H21 N O, Cl



Shanghai Mass Spectrometry Center
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Chinese Academic of Sciences
High Resolution MS Data Report

Instrument: Waters Micromass GCT Premier Ionisation Mode: EI+ Electron Energy: 70eV

Card Serial Number: GCT-P-T11-12-2720

Sample Serial Number: MZB-3

Operator: Li

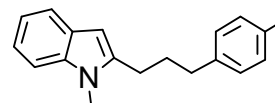
Date: 2011/12/01

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off



$[C_{19}H_{21}N]^+$: 263.1674

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

1014 formula(e) evaluated with 4 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-60 H: 0-80 N: 0-4 O: 0-6 F: 0-3 Cl: 0-2

Minimum:

-1.5

Maximum:

50.0

Mass

Calc. Mass

mDa

PPM

DBE

i-FIT

Formula

263.1671

263.1672

-0.1

-0.4

6.5

2773045.8

C14 H20 N4 F

263.1674

-0.3

-1.1

10.0

2773086.8

C19 H21 N

263.1659

1.2

4.6

1.5

2773072.0

C13 H24 O4 F

263.1683

-1.2

-4.6

2.5

2773038.0

C11 H21 N4 O F2

5. Selected GC-MS graphs

