

Supporting Information

Synthesis, Characterization and Spectroscopic Investigation of Benzoxazole Conjugated Schiff Bases

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SI 1. Spectroscopic characterization

SI 1.1. Precursors 3a-b

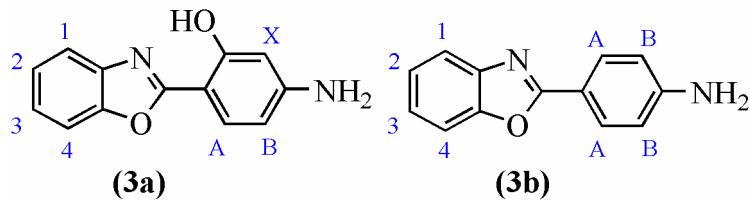


Figure SI 1. NMR attributions for the precursors **3a-b**.

Precursor 3a

Yield: 70%. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): 3488 (ν_{asym} NH₂), 3382 (ν_{sym} NH₂), 3049 (ν_{arom} =CH), 1578 e 1556 (ν_{arom} C=C), 1620 (aromatic ring deformation). NMR-¹H (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ (ppm) = 11.1 (s, 1H, OH), 7.70 (d, J_o = 8.6 Hz, 1H, H_A), 7.60 (m, 2H, H₁ and H₄), 7.30 (m, 2H, H₂ and H₃), 6.25 (dd, J_o = 8.6 Hz, J_m = 1.3 Hz, 1H, H_B), 6.00 (d, J_m = 1.3 Hz, 1H, H_X), 6.10 (s, 2H, NH₂).

Precursor 3b

Yield: 72%. IR (ATR, cm^{-1}): 3470 (ν_{asym} NH₂), 3294 (ν_{sym} NH₂), 3188 (Fermi's band), 3058 (ν_{arom} =CH), 1577 and 1558 (ν_{arom} C=C), 1602 (aromatic ring deformation). NMR-¹H (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ (ppm) = 7.90 (d, J_o = 8.6 Hz, 2H, H_A), 7.63-7.68 (m, 2H, H₁ and H₄), 7.26-7.34 (m, 2H, H₂ and H₃), 6.74 (d, J_o = 8.6 Hz, 2H, H_B), 6.02 (s, 2H, NH₂).

SI 1.2. Attributions for NMR

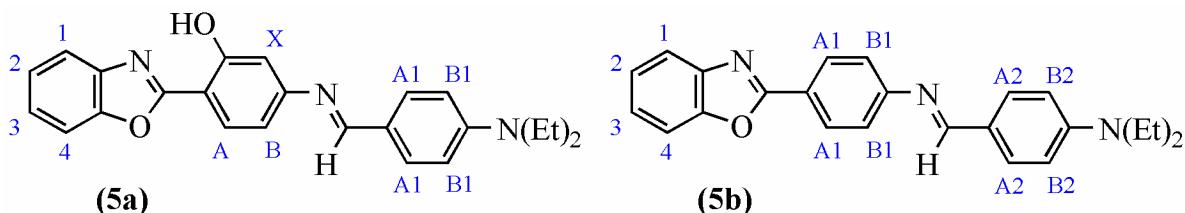


Figure SI 2. NMR attributions for the dyes **5a-b**.

SI 1.3. Original spectral data

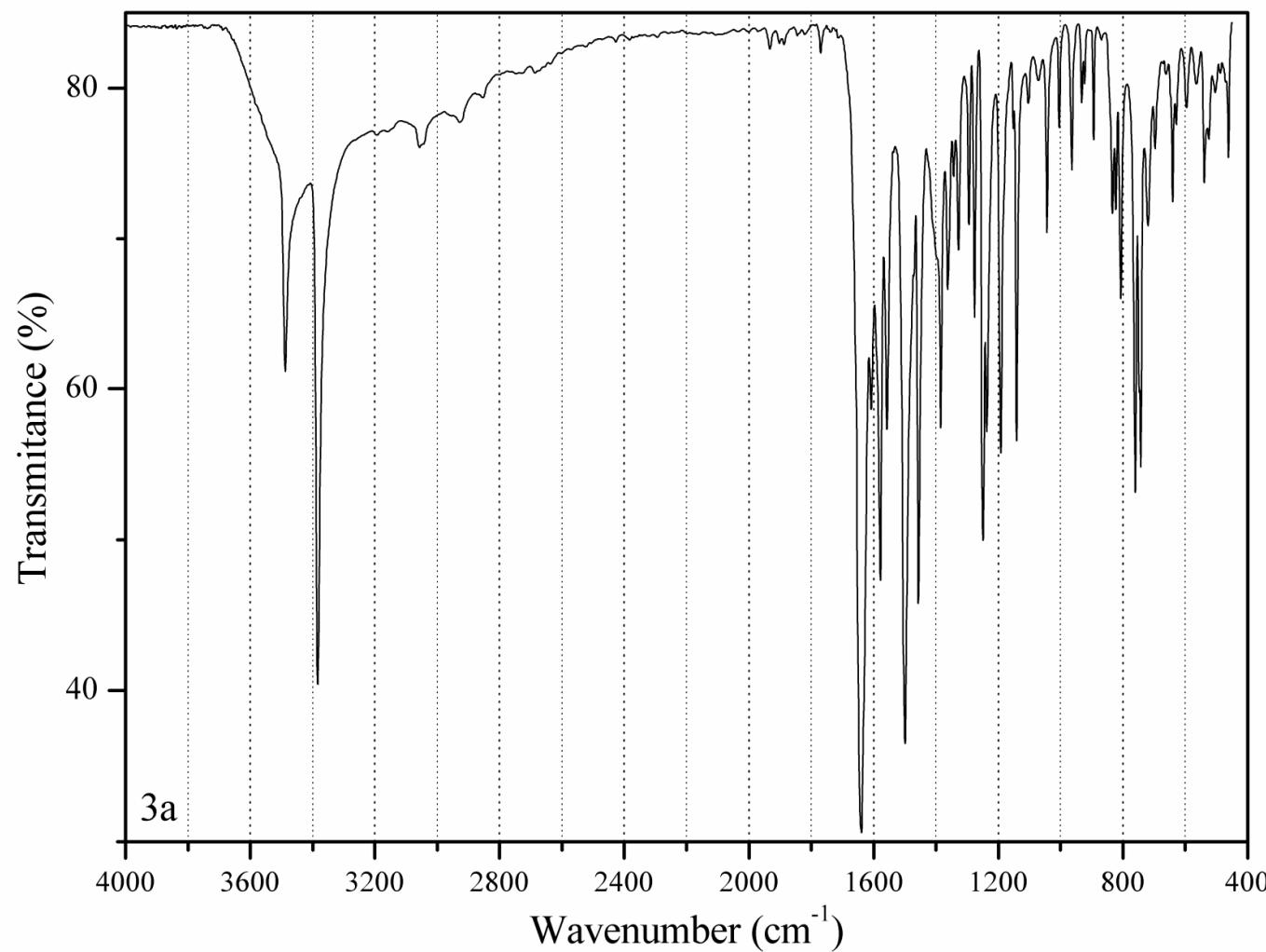


Figure SI 3. IR Absorption spectra (KBr) of the precursor **3a**.

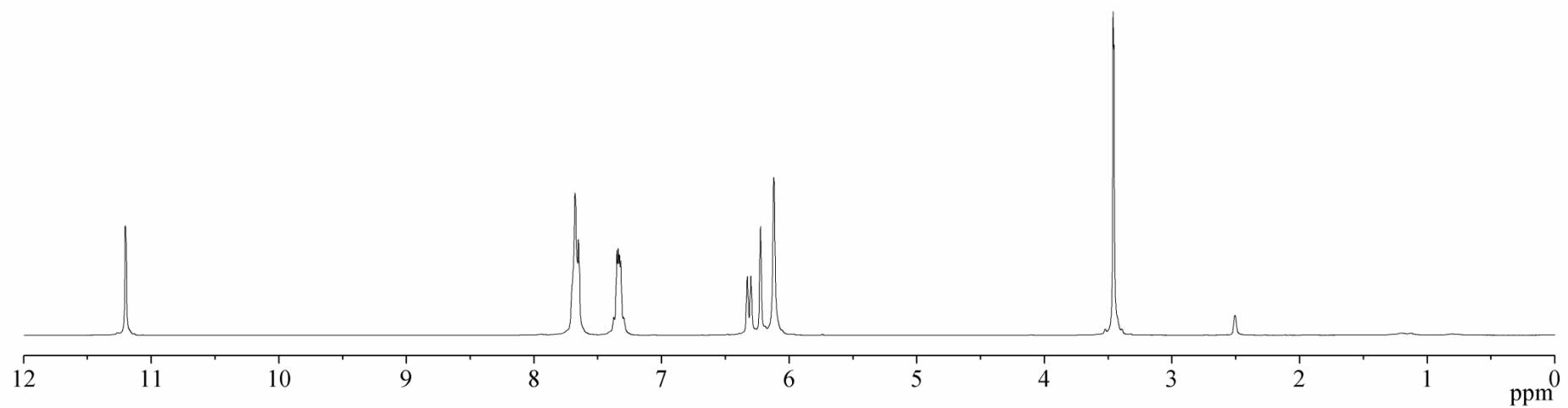


Figure SI 4. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) spectra of the precursor **3a**.

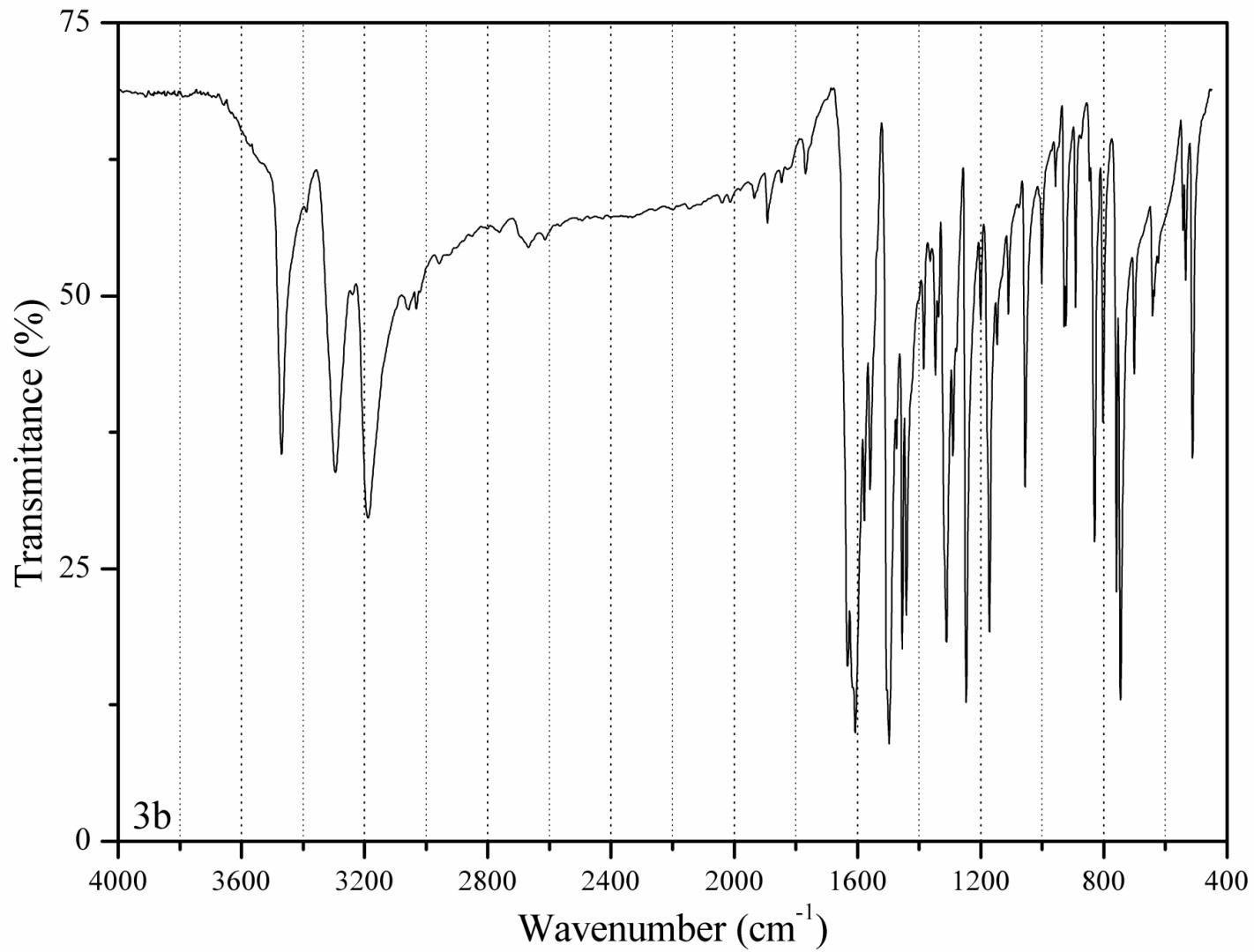


Figure SI 5. IR Absorption spectra (KBr) of the precursor **3b**.

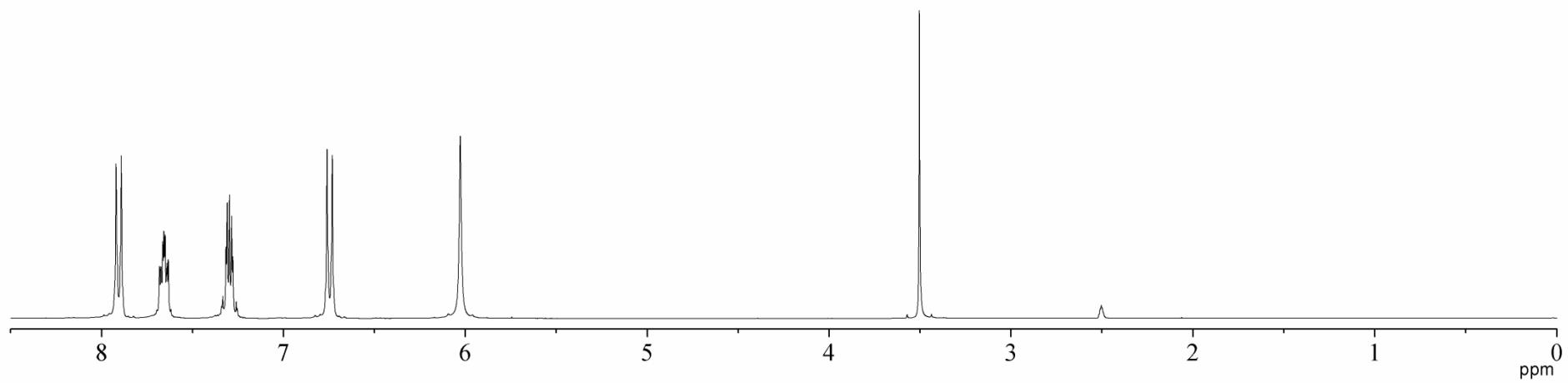


Figure SI 6. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) spectra of the precursor **3b**.

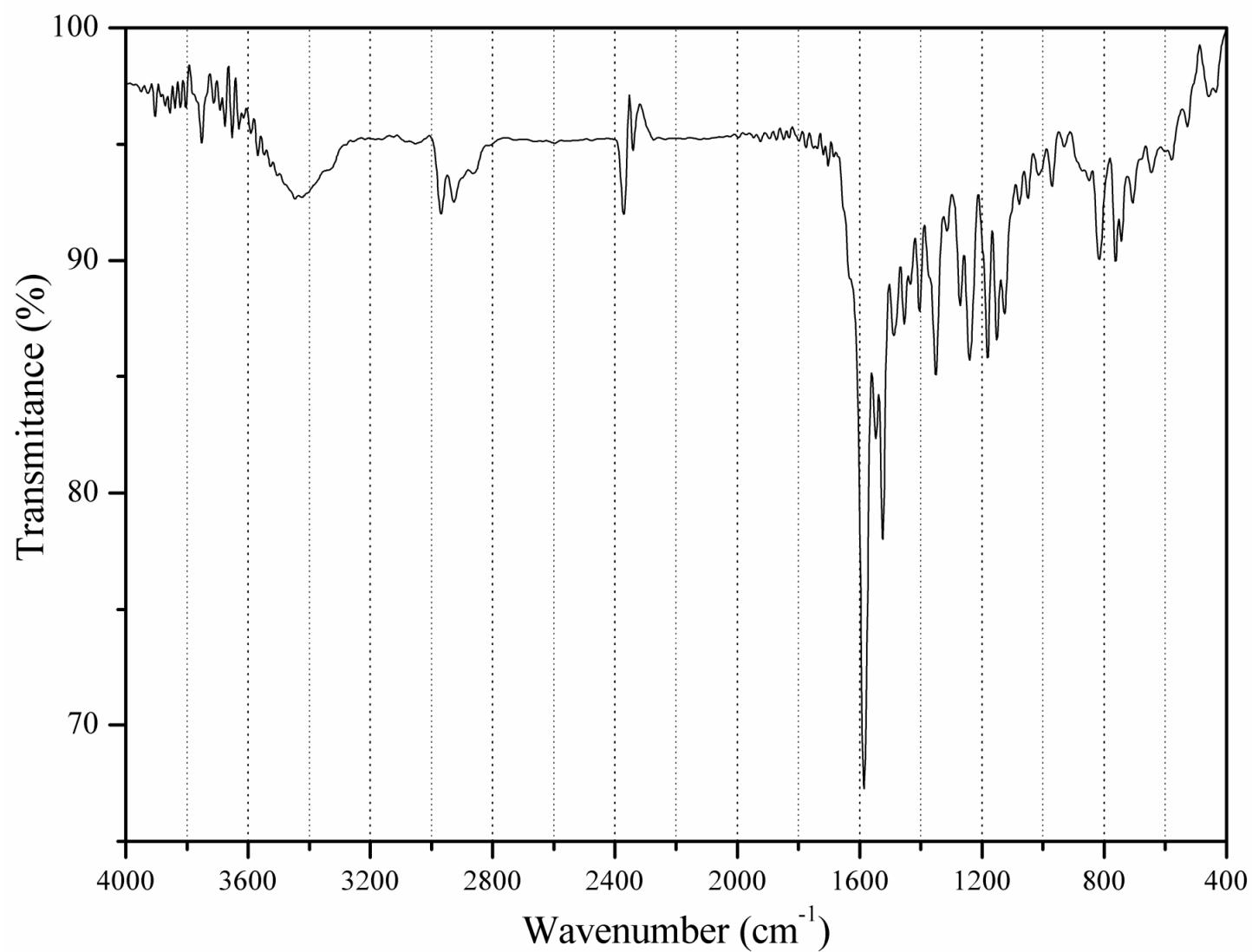


Figure SI 7. IR Absorption spectra (ATR) of the dye **5a**.

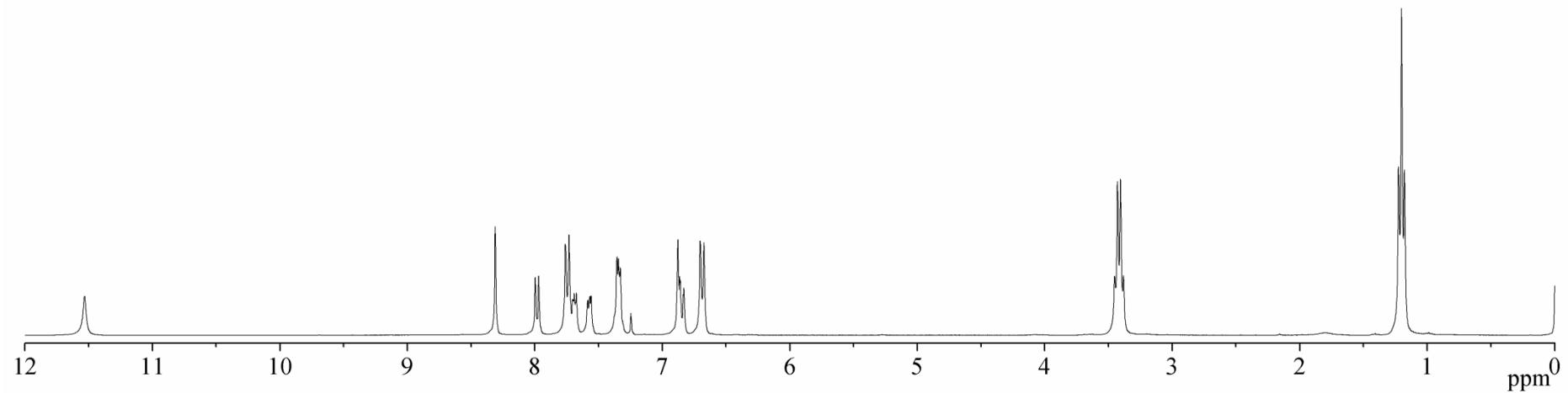


Figure SI 8. ${}^1\text{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) spectra of the dye **5a**.

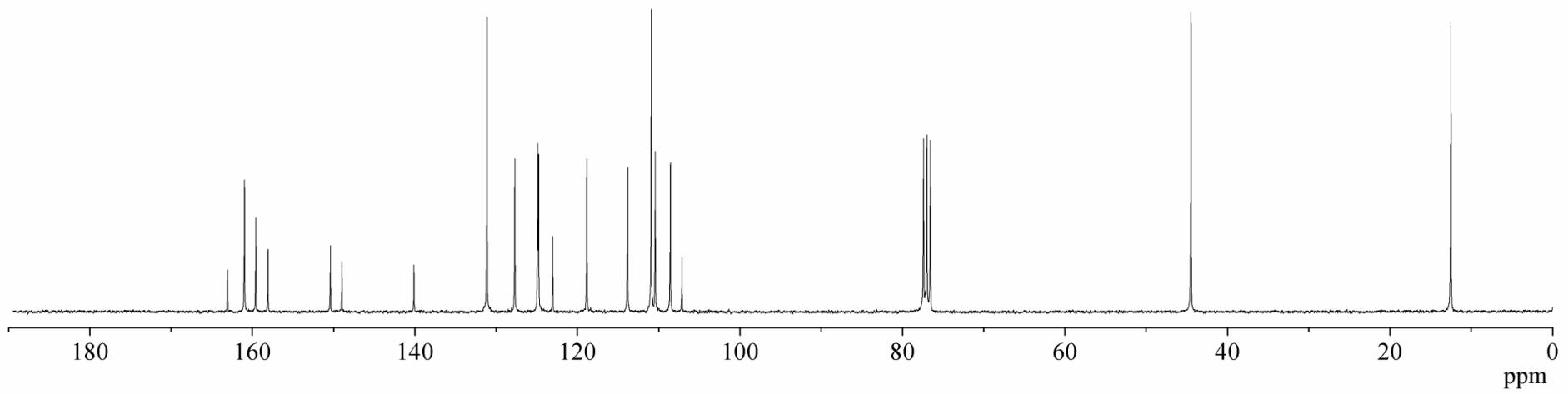


Figure SI 9. ^{13}C NMR (75,4 MHz, CDCl_3) spectra of the dye **5a**.

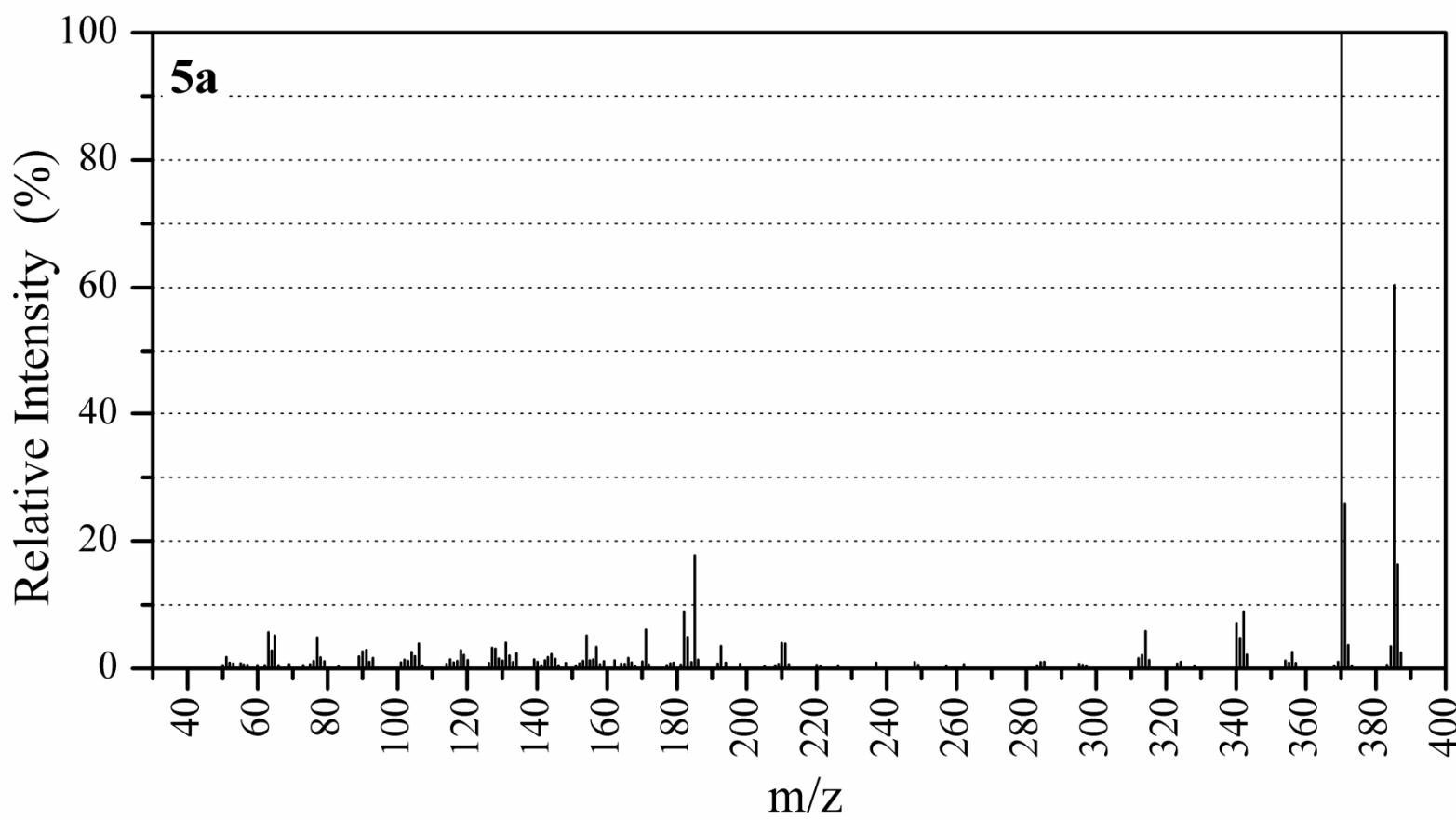


Figure SI 10. EIMS fragmentation pattern of the dye **5a**.

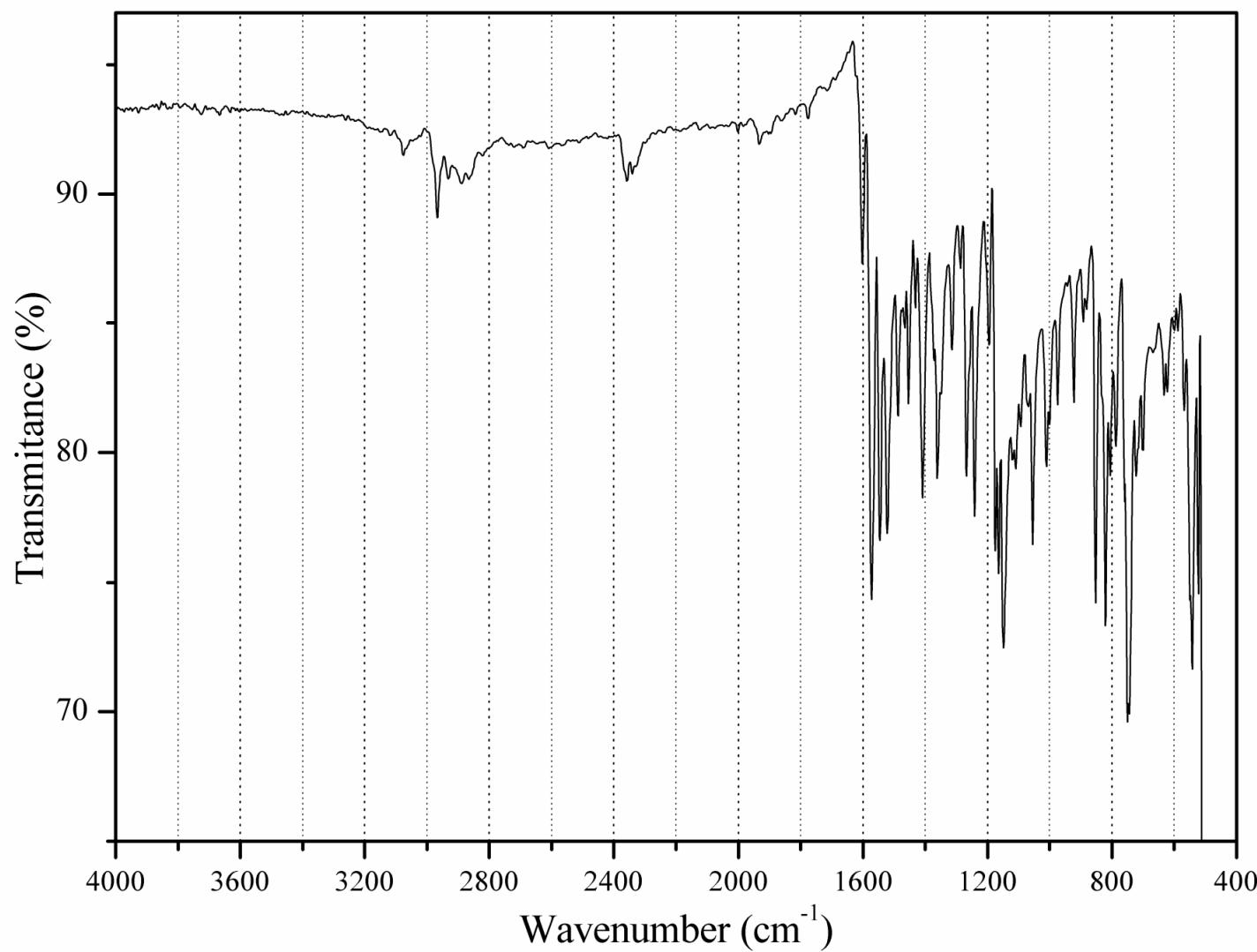


Figure SI 11. IR Absorption spectra (ATR) of the dye **5b**.

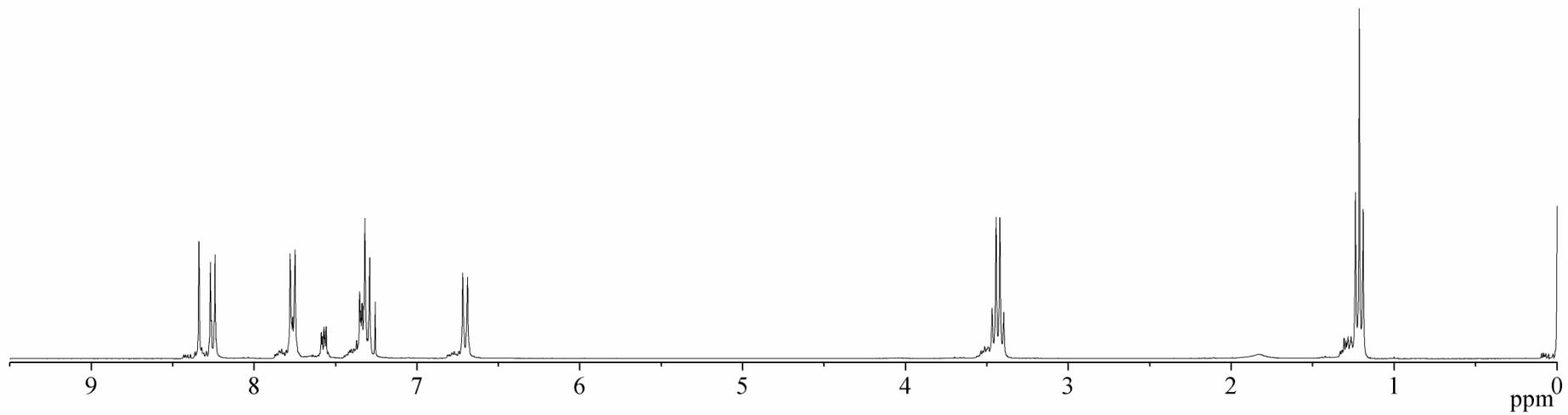


Figure SI 12. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) spectra of the dye **5b**.

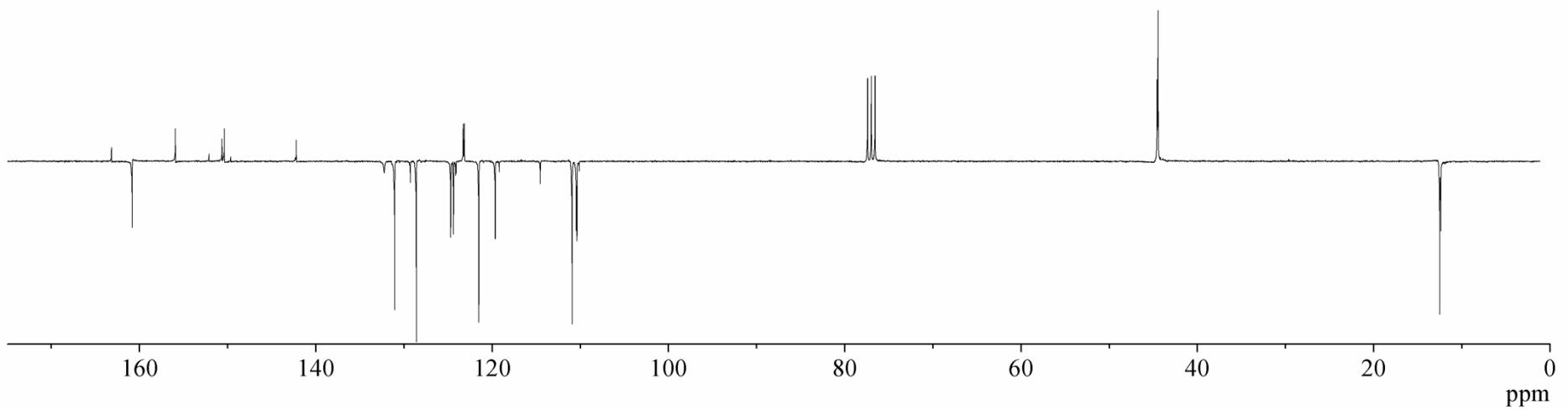


Figure SI 13. APT (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) spectra of the dye **5b**.

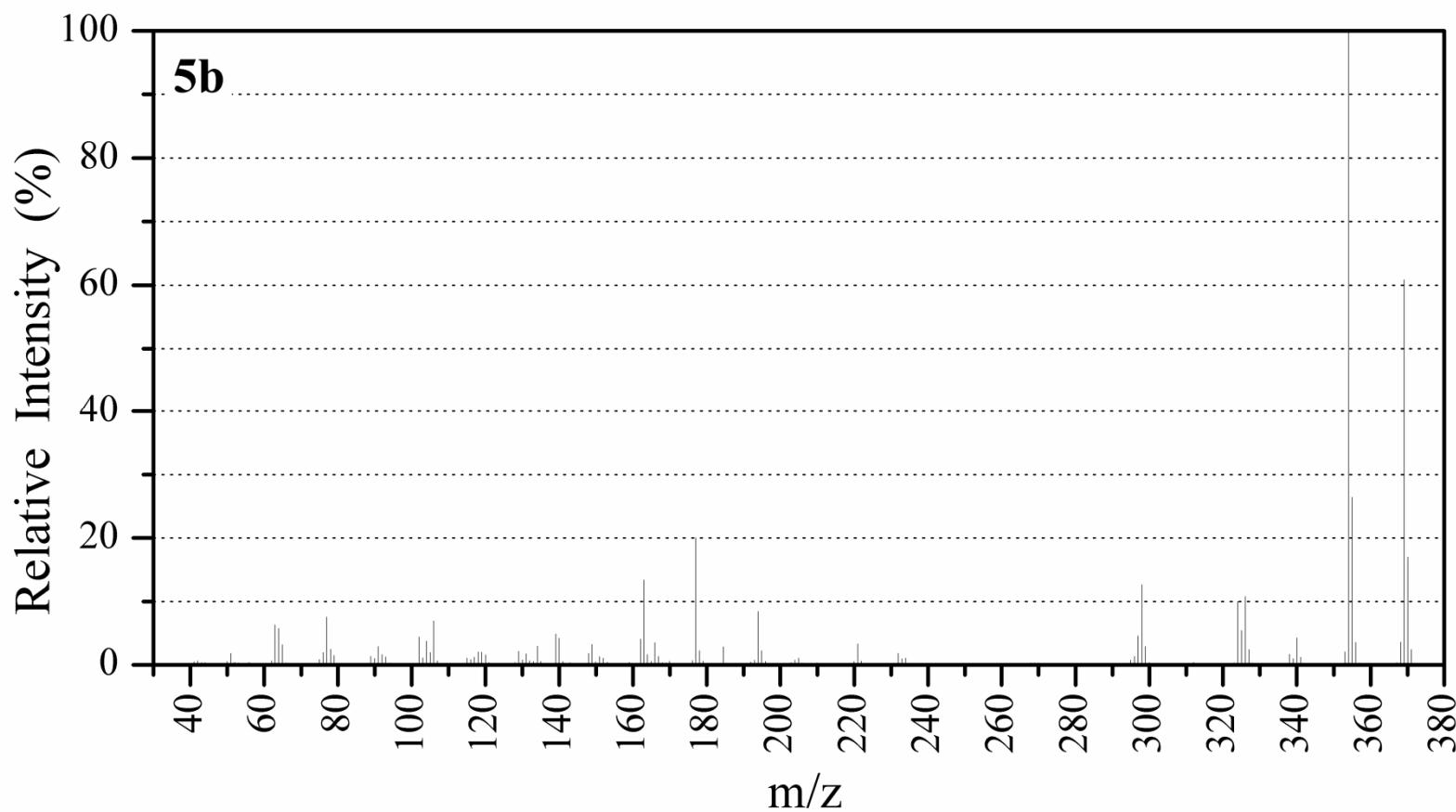


Figure SI 14. EIMS fragmentation pattern of the dye **5b**.

SI 2. Photophysical Data

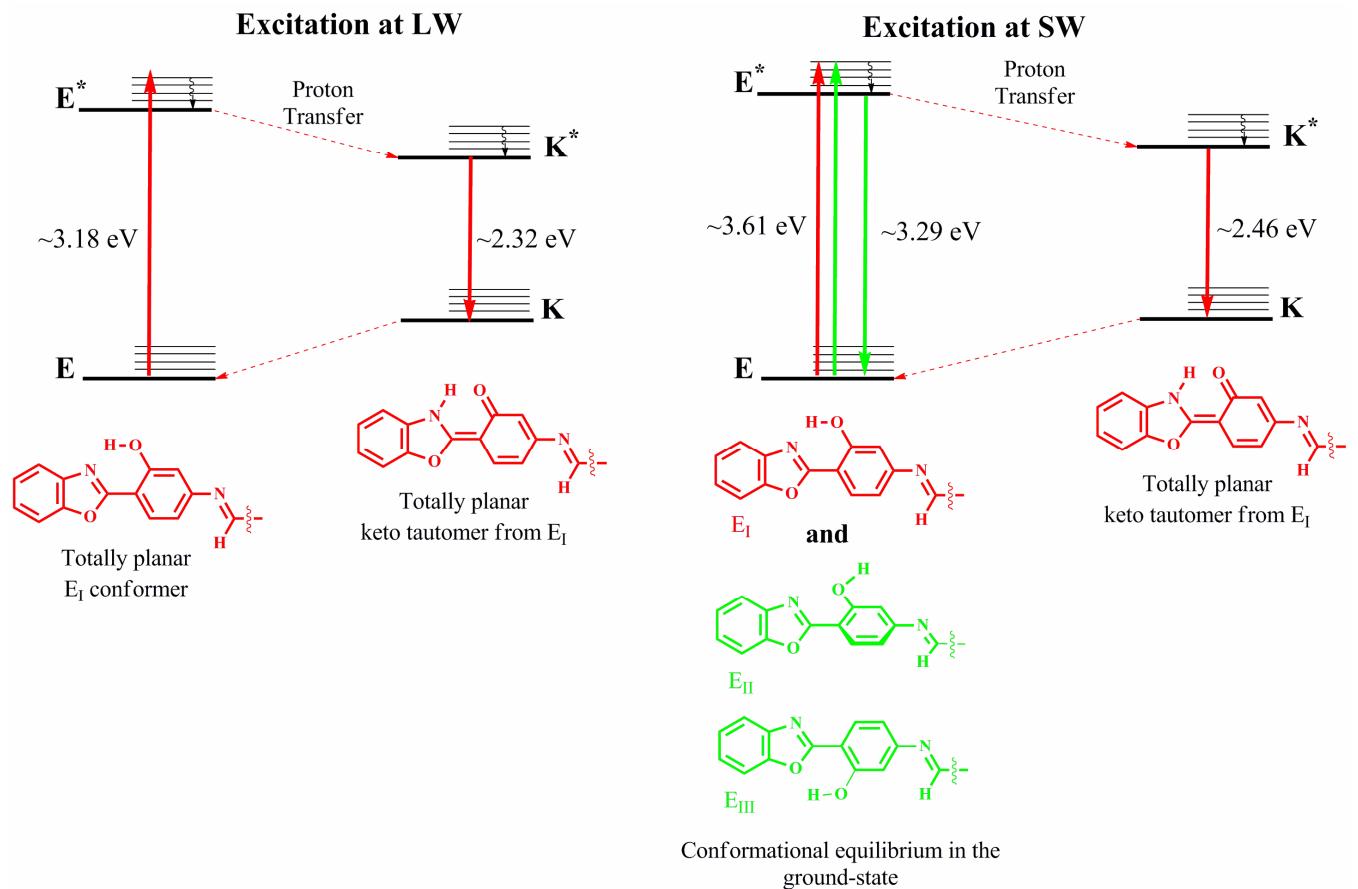


Figure SI 15. General Scheme of the ESIPT mechanism in the dye **5a**. The absorption and emission values are from the photophysical data (see Table 1 and 2 in the manuscript).

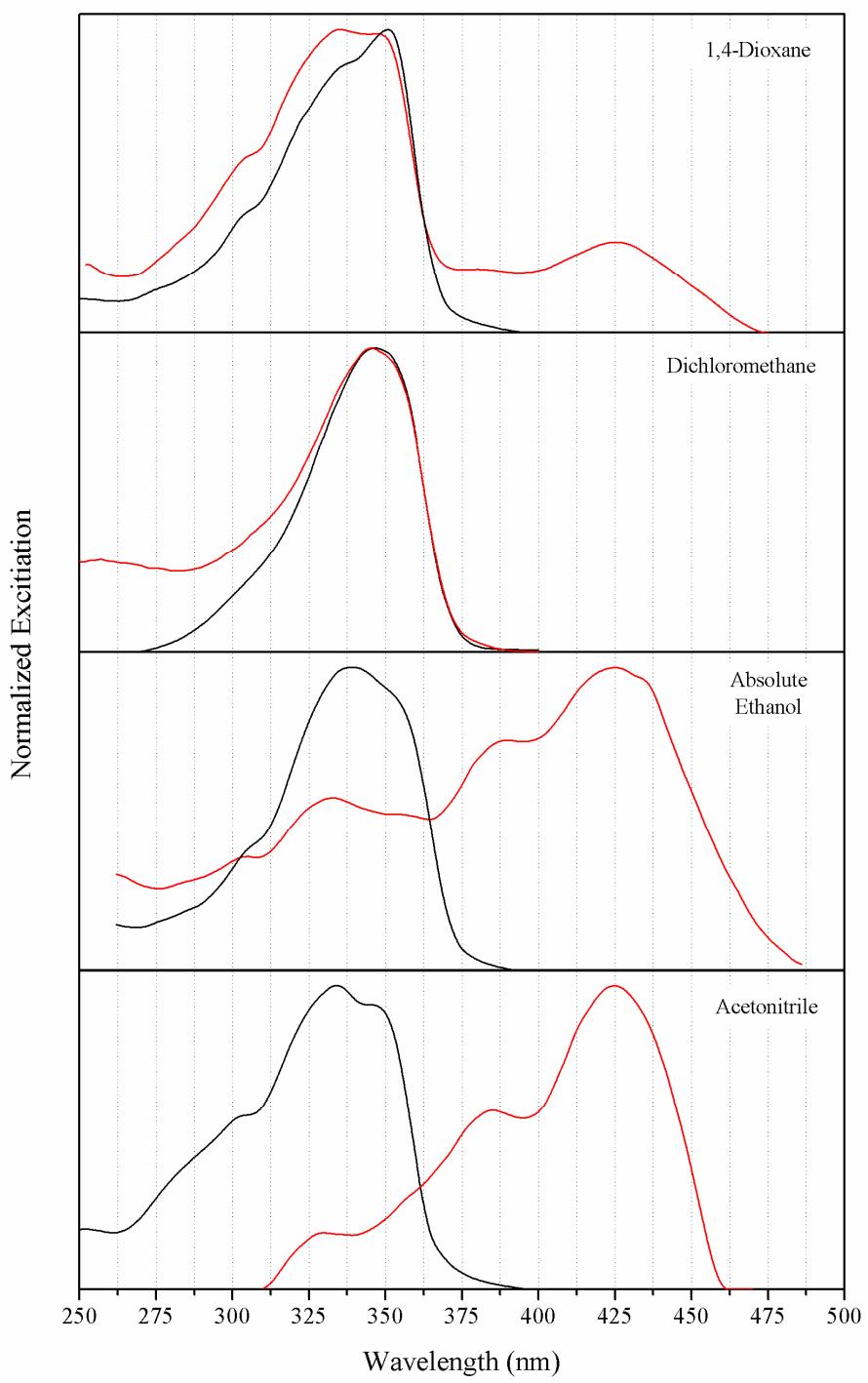


Figure SI 16. Normalized Excitation spectra of the dye **5a** using the normal emission (black solid line) and the keto emission (red solid line) as observation wavelengths.

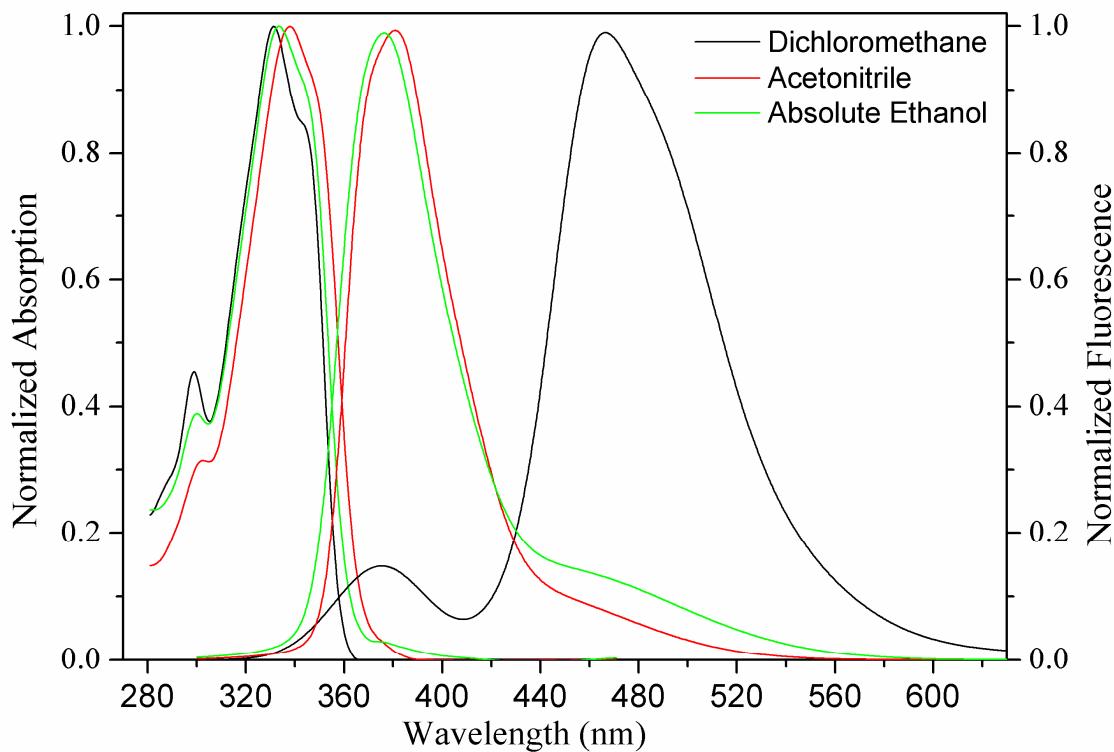


Figure SI 17. Normalized UV-Vis absorption and fluorescence emission of **3a**.

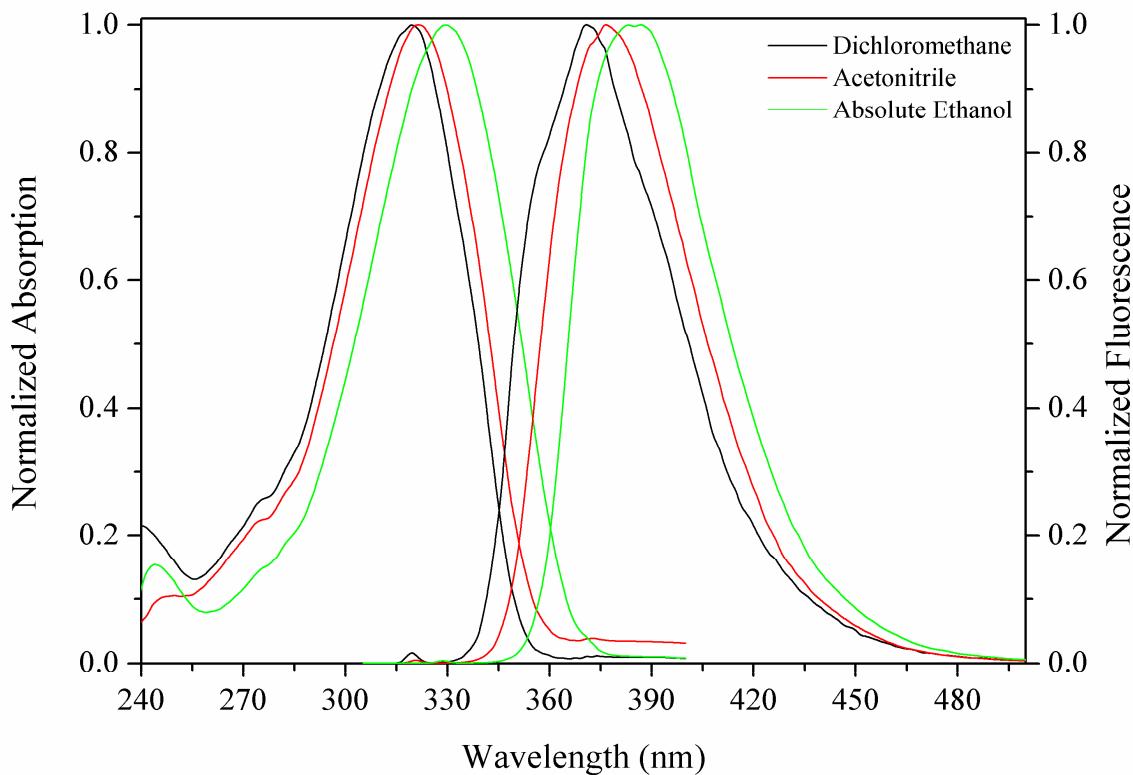


Figure SI 18. Normalized UV-Vis absorption and fluorescence emission of **3b**.

Table SI1. Spectroscopic data from precursor **3a**.

| Solvent | λ_{abs} (nm) | $\epsilon \times 10^4$ ($M^{-1} cm^{-1}$) | λ_{em} (nm) | $\Delta\lambda_{\text{ST}}$ (nm) | Φ_{fl}^* | [] (mol/L) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| CH ₂ Cl ₂ | 332 | 2.8 | 467 | 135 | 0.012 | 1.6 x10 ⁻⁵ |
| CH ₃ CN | 334 | 1.5 | 378 | 42 | 0.023 | 3.2 x10 ⁻⁵ |
| EtOH | 335 | 5.3 | 376 | 43 | 0.025 | 2.6 x10 ⁻⁵ |

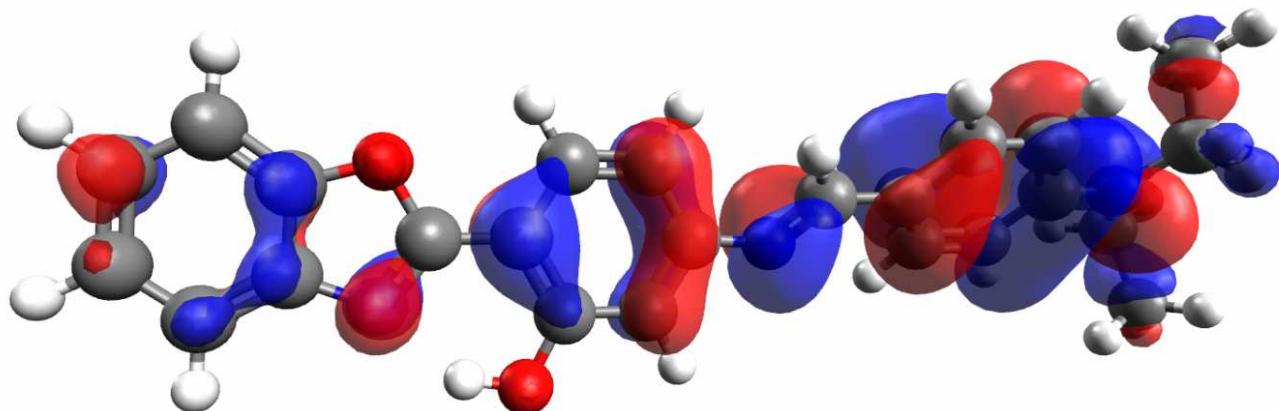
Table SI2. Spectroscopic data from precursor **3b**.

| Solvent | λ_{abs} (nm) | $\epsilon \times 10^4$ ($M^{-1} cm^{-1}$) | λ_{em} (nm) | $\Delta\lambda_{\text{ST}}$ (nm) | Φ_{fl}^* | [] (mol/L) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| CH ₂ Cl ₂ | 319 | 3.00 | 371 | 52 | 0.58 | 2.1x10 ⁻⁵ |
| CH ₃ CN | 321 | 3.13 | 376 | 55 | 0.51 | 2.3x10 ⁻⁵ |
| EtOH | 330 | 0.35 | 385 | 55 | 0.48 | 1.22x10 ⁻⁴ |

* Using quinine sulphate as fluorescence quantum yield standard.

SI 3. Theoretical information data

SI 3.1. Dye **5a**

**Figure SI 19.** Superior view of the HOMO orbitals for **5a**.

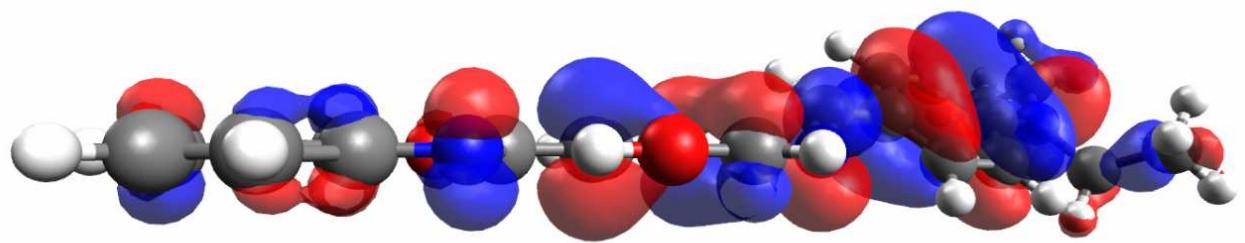


Figure SI 20. Lateral view of the HOMO orbitals for **5a**.

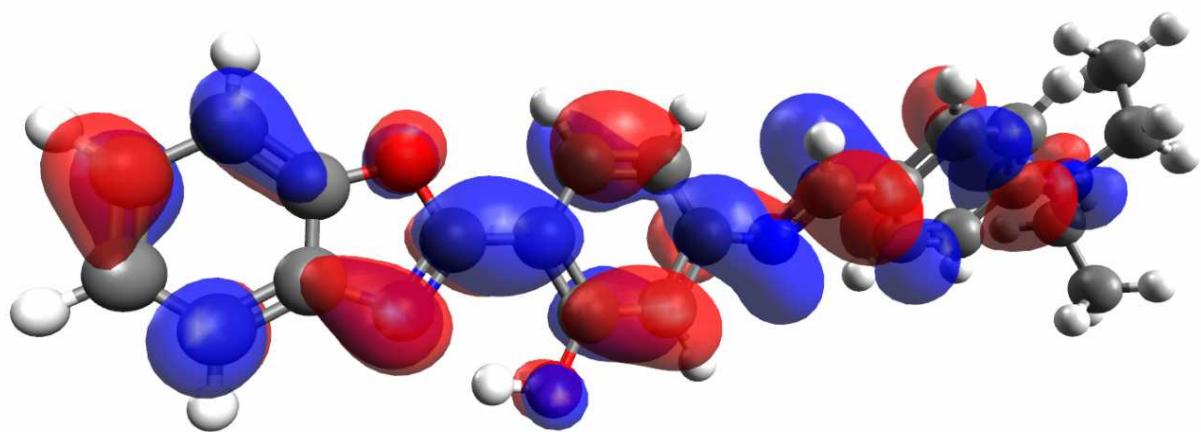


Figure SI 21. Superior view of the LUMO orbitals for **5a**.

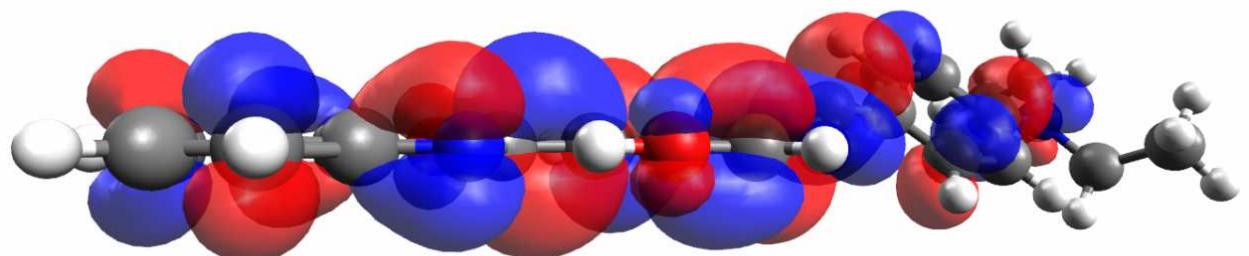


Figure SI 22. Lateral view of the LUMO orbitals for **5a**.

SI 3.2. Dye **5b**

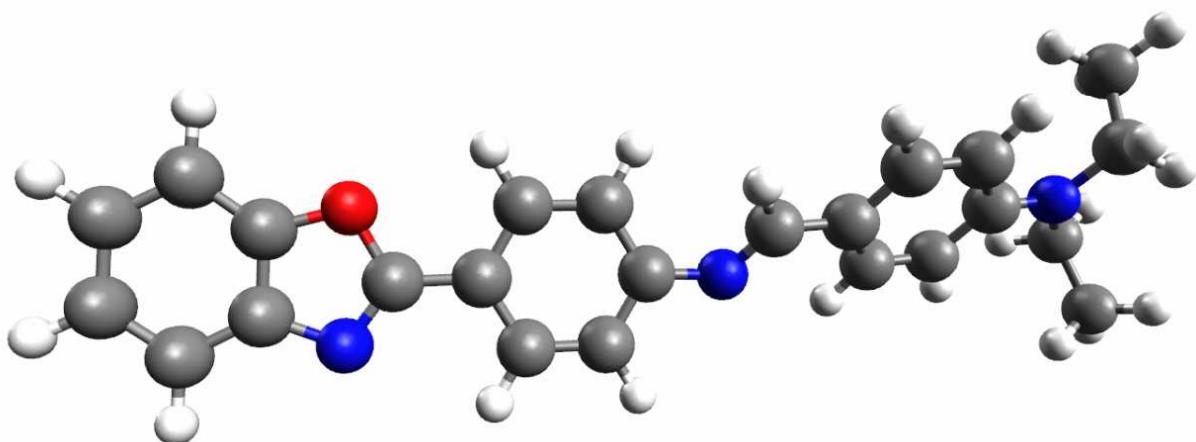


Figure SI 23. Structure of the Schiff base **5b** in the ground state.

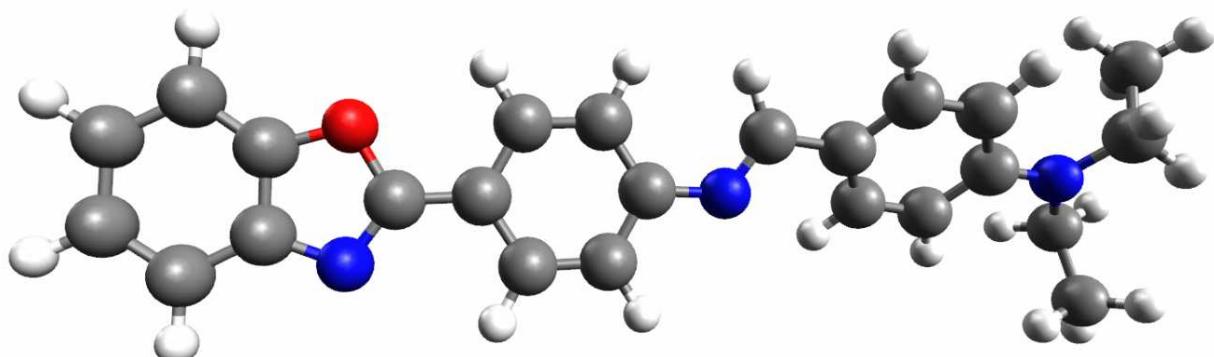


Figure SI 24. Structure of the Schiff base **5b** in the excited state.

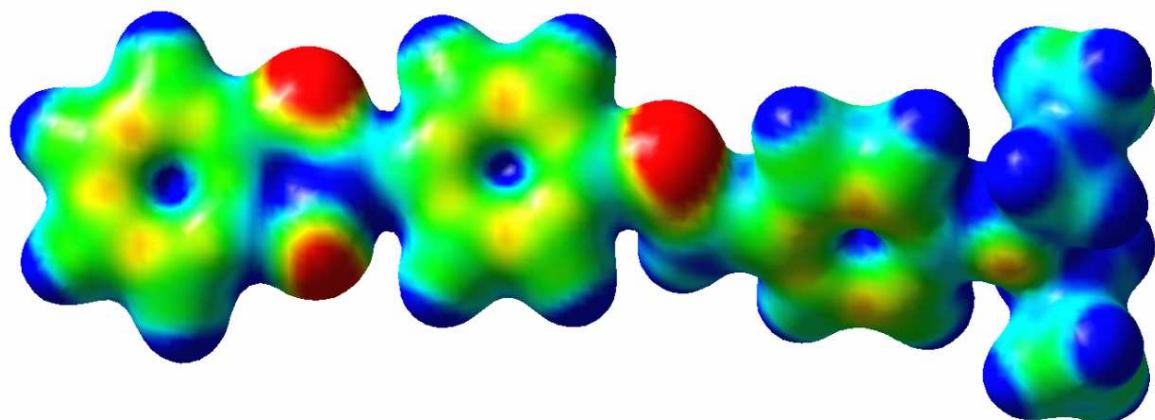


Figure SI 25. Electrostatic potential surfaces of the Schiff base **5b** in the ground state.

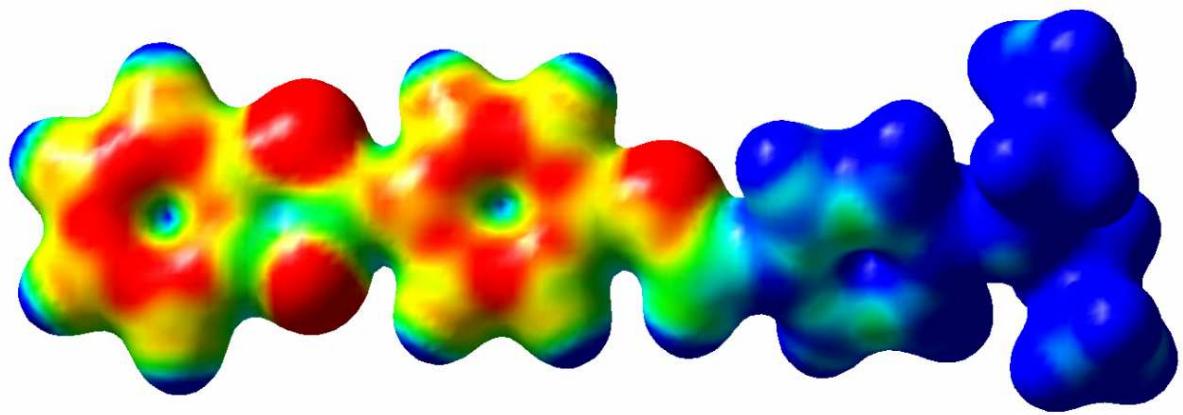


Figure SI 26. Electrostatic potential surfaces of the Schiff base **5b** in the excited state.

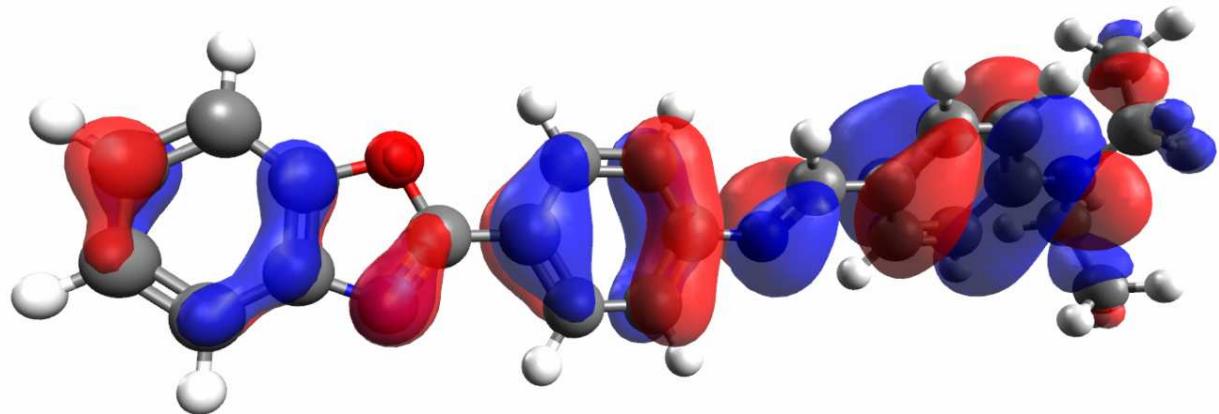


Figure SI 27. Superior view of the HOMO orbitals for **5b**.

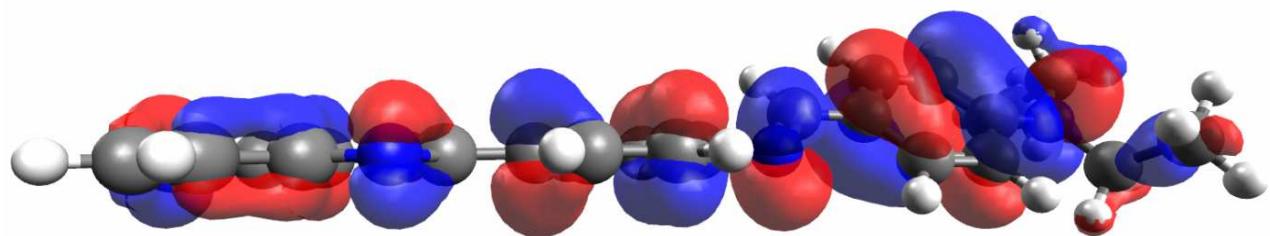


Figure SI 28. Lateral view of the HOMO orbitals for **5b**.

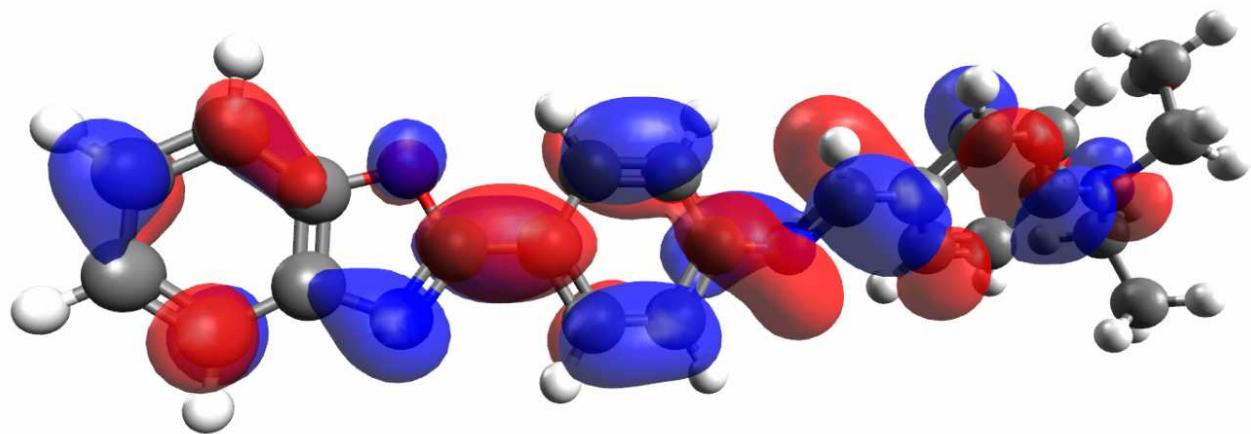


Figure SI 29. Superior view of the LUMO orbitals for **5b**.

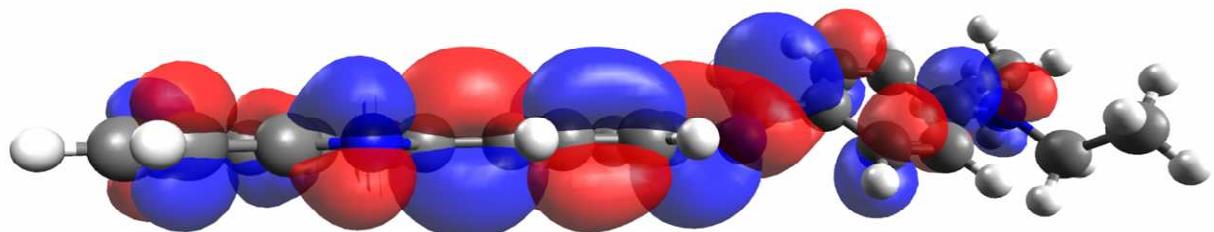


Figure SI 30. Lateral view of the LUMO orbitals for **5b**.