Stereocontrolled Synthesis of Dafachronic Acid A, the Ligand for the DAF-12 Nuclear Receptor of *Caenorhabditis elegans*

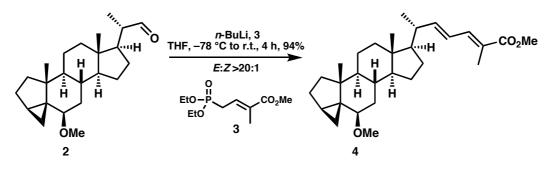
Simon Giroux and E. J. Corey* Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology, Harvard University, 12 Oxford Street Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Supporting Information

1. Materials and Methods. Unless stated otherwise, reactions were performed in flame-dried glassware under a positive pressure of nitrogen using freshly distilled dry solvents. Commercial grade reagents and solvents were used without further purification except as indicated below. MeOH was distilled over CaSO₄. Dichloromethane was distilled from calcium hydride. Toluene, Et₂O and THF were purified by Seco Solvent Systems. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using E. Merck silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ precoated plates (0.25 mm). Flash chromatography was performed using Baker silica gel (40 µm particle size). ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on Varian Mercury 400 (400 MHz) or Unity/INOVA 500 (500 MHz) spectrometers and chemical shifts are reported in ppm from tetramethylsilane with the solvent resonance as internal standard (δ 7.26 ppm for CDCl₃). ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Varian Mercury 400 (100 MHz) or Unity/INOVA 500 (125 MHz) spectrometers with proton decoupling. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm from tetramethylsilane with the solvent as internal (δ 77.16 ppm for CDCl₃). IR spectra were recorded on Avatar 360 FT-IR spectrometer. Low-resolution and high-resolution mass spectral analyses were performed at the Harvard University Mass Spectrometry Center. Optical rotations were measured with a Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimeter at the indicated temperature with a sodium lamp (D line, 589 nm). Melting points (m.p.) are uncorrected and were recorded on a Thomas-Hoover Unimelt capillary melting point apparatus.

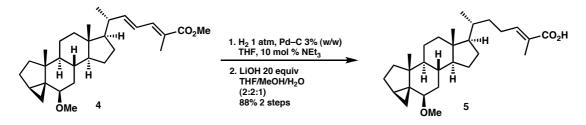
2. Experimental procedures.

E,*E*-dienoate (4)



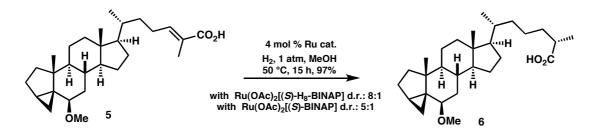
To a stirred solution of phosphonate 3^1 (3.11g, 12.5 mmol) in THF (40 mL) was added n-BuLi (4.64 mL, 2.5 M in hexanes, 11.6 mmol) at -78 °C. The resulting bright yellow solution was stirred for 30 min at -78 °C and the aldehyde 2^2 (2.86 g, 8.3 mmol) was slowly added via canula (20 mL, THF and 2 x 3 mL rinse). The pale yellow solution was stirred at -78 °C for 1h and warmed gradually to r.t. over 3 h and quenched with a saturated solution of aq. NH₄Cl (50 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 50 mL) and the organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄. After evaporation, the residue was purified by flash chromatography (95:5 \rightarrow 9:1; hexanes/EtOAc) to give the dienoate 4 (3.43 g, 94%, E/Z >20:1) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_{D}$ + 42.7 (c 0.11, CHCl₃); m.p. 96-98 °C; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.13 (d, 1H, J = 11.2 Hz), 6.24 (dd, 1H, J = 11.2 and 15.1 Hz), 5.92 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8 and 15.1 Hz), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 2.76 (s, 1H), 2.24 (m, 1H), 1.96 (dt, 1H, J = 3.4 and 12.6 Hz), 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.86 (dt, 1H, J = 2.9 and 13.6 Hz), 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.44 (m, 5H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.21 (m, 3H), 1.07 (d, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz + 1H), 1.02 (s, 3H + 1H), 0.85 (m, 3H), 0.74 (s, 3H), 0.64 (t, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 0.42 (dd, 1H, J = 5.4 and 8.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) & 169.3, 149.7, 139.5, 124.8, 123.6, 82.5, 56.8, 56.6, 55.8, 51.9, 48.2, 43.6, 43.2, 40.9, 40.3, 35.4, 35.2, 33.5, 30.7, 28.6, 25.1, 24.4, 22.9, 21.6, 20.1, 19.5, 13.3, 12.8, 12.7; IR (film, cm^{-1}) 2930, 1706, 1635, 1434, 1244, 1096; MS (ES +) m/z (%): 441.7 (100).

 α , β -unsaturated acid (5)



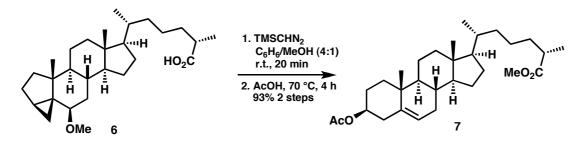
To a stirred solution of dienoate **4** (1.85 g, 4.19 mmol) in THF (40 mL) and NEt₃ (0.058 mL, 0.419 mmol) was added Pd/C (55 mg, 3% w/w). A hydrogen-filled balloon (1 atm) was placed over the solution and the mixture was stirred for 20 min, by which time TLC analysis indicated that the reaction was completed. The mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite® and washed with EtOAc (25 mL). Evaporation gave the methyl ester of **5** that was directly submitted to hydrolysis without any further purification.

To a stirred solution of the methyl ester of **5** in THF/MeOH/H₂O (2:2:1) (85 mL) was added LiOH (3.51 g, 83.8 mmol) at room temperature. The resulting mixture was stirred at r.t. for 15 h. The reaction mixture was acidified to ca. pH 2 by addition of 1*N* HCl (20 mL) and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic phase were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (8:2 \rightarrow 7:3; hexanes/EtOAc) to give the title acid **5** (1.59 g, 88% 2 steps) as a white solid. [α]_D + 41.5 (*c* 0.06, CHCl₃); m.p. 87-88 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.89 (t, 1H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.77 (s, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.74 (m, 3H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.51 (m, 3H), 1.41 (m, 3H), 1.25 (m, 2H), 1-15-1.03 (m, 5H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.95 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.2 Hz), 0.89-0.83 (m, 4H), 0.71 (s, 3H), 0.64 (t, 1H, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 0.43 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.1 and 8.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.5, 146.0, 126.8, 82.6, 56.8, 56.7, 56.3, 48.2, 43.6, 43.0, 40.4, 35.9, 35.4, 35.2, 34.7, 33.5, 30.6, 285, 25.9, 25.1, 24.3, 22.9, 21.7, 19.5, 187, 13.3, 12.4, 12.1; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2931, 1684, 1558, 1456, 1096; MS (ES +) *m*/*z* (%): 429.5 (100). Acid (6)



The acid 5 (833 mg, 1.94 mmol) is dissolved in MeOH (18 mL, degassed with 3 freeze-pump-thaw cycle). To this solution was added a solution of $Ru(OAc)_2[(S)-BINAP]$ (62) mg, 0.04 mmol) in MeOH (1 mL). The resulting yellow solution was stirred at 50 °C under H₂ for 15 h. The mixture was evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane/MeOH; 95:5) to give the acid 4 (814 mg, 97%; dr.: 5:1) as a beige solid. Recrystallization with $(iPr)_2O$ affords colorless needles with d.r. > 10:1. The same reaction using $Ru(OAc)_2[(S)-H_8-BINAP]$ as catalyst affords the desired acid with a d.r. of 8:1 in 97% yield. $[\alpha]_{D}$ + 58.0 (c 0.06, CHCl₃); m.p. 161-162 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 3.31 (s, 3H), 2.77 (s, 1H), 2.44 (qt, 1H, J = 6.9 Hz), 1.96 (dt, 1H, J = 3.3 and 12.4 Hz), 1.88 (dt, 1H, J = 2.9 and 13.5 Hz), 1.85-1.56 (m, 5H), 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 6H), 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.17 (d, 3H, J = 6.9 Hz), 1.16-0.98 (m, 9H), 0.89 (d, 3H, J = 6.6 Hz), 0.87-0.73 (m, 4H), 0.70 (s, 3H), 0.63 (t, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz), 0.42 (dd, 1H, J = 5.1 and 7.7 Hz);¹³C NMR (125) MHz, CDCl₃) & 183.1, 82.7, 56.7, 56.4, 48.2, 43.6, 43.0, 40.5, 39.6, 39.5(min), 35.9, 35.8, 35.4, 35.2, 34.2, 34.1(min), 33.5, 30.6, 28.5, 25.1, 24.3, 23.9, 23.8(min), 22.9, 21.7, 19.5, 18.8, 17.2, 16.9(min), 13.3, 12.4.; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2933, 2866, 1733, 1700, 1558, 1456, 1096; HRMS calcd for $C_{28}H_{48}O_4$ (M + H₂O) 448. 3791 found: 448. 3770.

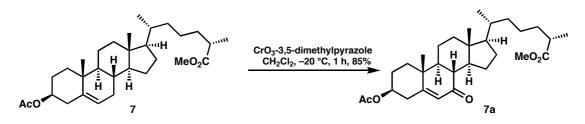
 $\Delta^{5}(7)$



To a solution of the acid **6** (1.46 g, 3.39 mmol) in C_6H_6 /MeOH (4:1) (34 mL) was added TMSCHN₂ (2 *M* in Et₂O, 2.03 mL, 4.07 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred for 20 min at r.t. and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 9:1) to give the ester (1.49 mg, 99%) which was submitted to the next reaction.

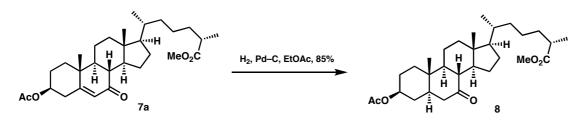
A solution of the above ester (1.50 g, 3.37 mmol) in glacial AcOH (33 mL)was heated for 4 h at 90 °C. The solution was cooled to r.t., diluted with H₂O (20 mL), and slowly neutralized with saturated aq. NaHCO₃. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc and the organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 9:1) to give the 7 (1.5 g, 94%) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_D$ -30.0 (*c* 0.06, CDCl₃); m.p. 110 °C; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.33 (s, 1H), 4.57 (m, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.27 (m, 2H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.64-1.40 (m, 7H), 1.31 (m, 4H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 1.15-1.03 (m, 6H containing a doublet of 3H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 1.03-0.87 (m, 8H containing a singlet of 3H), 0.86 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 0.63 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 170.6, 139.8, 122.8, 74.1, 56.8, 56.2, 51.6, 50.2, 42.5, 39.9, 39.7, 38.3, 37.1, 36.7, 35.9, 35.8, 34.5, 32.1, 32.0, 28.4, 27.9, 24.4, 24.0, 21.6, 21.2, 19.5, 18.8, 17.4, 12.0; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2937, 1728, 1456, 1373, 1246; MS (ES +) *m/z* (%): 473.7 (M + H⁺, 20).

Enone (7a)



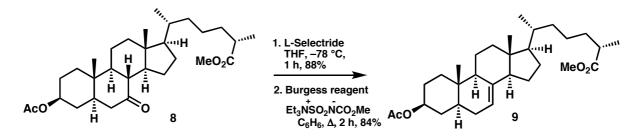
To a stirred solution of CrO₃ (2.16 g, 21.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (22 mL) was rapidly added 3,5-dimethylpyrazole (2.08 g, 21.7 mmol) at -20 °C. The resulting reddish solution was stirred at -20 °C for 20 min and **7** (570 mg, 1.2 mmol) was directly added in one portion. The solution was stirred for 1 h while allowing to warm to -15 °C. The solution was filtered through a pad of Celite® and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 8:2) to give the Δ^5 -7-enone **7a** (498 mg, 85%) as a white solid. [α]_D -90.0 (*c* 0.1, CHCl₃); m.p. 108-110 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.67 (s, 1H); 4.68 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.50-2.34 (m, 3H), 2.20 (t, 1H, *J* = 11.2 Hz), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.95 (m, 3H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.40-1.18 (m, 12H containing a singlet of 3H), 1.12 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 1.04 (m, 2H), 0.88 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 0.65 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.9, 177.4, 170.3, 164.0, 126.2, 72.3, 54.8, 51.6, 50.1, 49.9, 45.5, 43.2, 39.6, 38.8, 38.4, 37.9, 36.1, 35.9, 35.7, 34.4, 28.7, 27.5, 26.4, 23.9, 21.4, 21.3, 18.9, 17.4, 12.1; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2949, 1728, 1669, 1457, 1243, 1181, 1034; HRMS calcd for C₄₀H₄₇O₅ (M + H⁺) 487. 3423 found: 487. 3413.

Ketone (8)



To a stirred solution of **7a** (1.16 g, 2.38 mmol) in THF (24 mL) was added Pd/C (58 mg, 5% w/w). A hydrogen-filled balloon (1 atm) was placed over the solution and the mixture was stirred for 3h by which time TLC analysis indicated that the reaction was completed. The mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite® and washed with EtOAc (10 mL). After evaporation, the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 8:2) to give **8** (990 mg, 85%) as a white solid. [α]_D -4.5 (*c* 0.22, CHCl₃); m.p. 122 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 2.36 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 2.27 (t, 2H, *J* = 12.2 Hz), 2.13 (m, 1H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.38 (m, 5H), 1.38-1.21 (m, 6H), 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.06 (d, 3H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 1.03 (s, 3H), 1.00 (m, 4H), 0.85 (m, 1H), 0.82 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 0.57 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.7, 177.4, 170.5, 72.9, 55.1(2), 51.5, 50.0, 49.0, 46.6, 46.0, 42.6, 39.6, 38.8, 36.1, 36.0, 35.9, 35.6, 34.4, 34.0, 28.5, 27.2, 25.1, 23.9, 21.9, 21.5, 18.8, 17.4, 12.2, 11.8; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2942, 1733, 1705, 1558, 1456, 1239, 1024; MS (ES +) *m/z* (%): 489.7 (M + H⁺, 40).

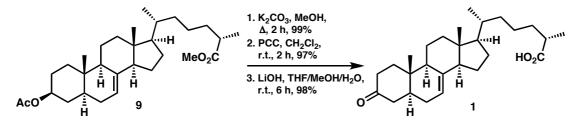
 Δ^7 -Unsaturated Ester (9)



To a stirred solution of **8** (990 mg, 0.116 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was slowly added L-Selectride® (2.62 mL, 2.62 mmol, 1*M* in THF) at -78 °C. The resulting solution was stirred at that temperature for 1 h and quenched with sat. NaHCO₃(aq) (10 mL), H₂O₂ (50% aq.) (10 mL) and diluted with EtOAc (20 mL). The solution was stirred at r.t. for 1 h and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic phases were dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography

(hexanes/EtOAc; 7:3) to give the 7-α-OH compound as a single diastereomer (878 mg, 88%) that was directly submitted to the next step. To a stirred solution of the above alcohol (52 mg, 0.105 mmol) in C₆H₆ (1 mL) was added Burgess reagent (Et₃N⁺SO₂N⁻CO₂Me)(50 mg, 0.211 mmol) at room temperature. The solution was then heated at reflux temperature for 2 h by which time TLC analysis showed complete conversion. The solution was directly submitted to flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 9:1) to give **9** (41 mg, 84%) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_D$ +16.0 (*c* 0.05, CHCl₃); m.p. 95 °C; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.12 (s, 1H), 4.67 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.41 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.83 (m, 4H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.60 (m, 4H), 1.60-1.40 (m, 4H), 1.34 (m, 6H), 1.11 (m, 2H), 1.12 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.8 Hz) + (m, 2H) , 1.01 (m, 1H), 0.89 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 0.79 (s, 3H), 0.50 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.6, 170.9, 139.7, 117.5, 73.6, 56.2, 55.1, 51.6, 49.4, 43.5, 40.2, 39.7(2), 37.0, 36.2, 35.9, 34.5, 34.4, 34.0, 29.7, 28.9, 28.1, 27.7, 24.0, 23.1, 21.6, 18.9, 17.4, 13.1, 12.0; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2949, 1718, 1558, 1249, 1215, 1030; HRMS calcd for C₃₀H₄₉O₄ (M + H⁺) 473.3631 found: 473.3635.

Dafachronic acid A (1)



To a stirred solution of 3- β -acetate **9** (574 mg, 0.198 mmol) in MeOH (12 mL) was added K₂CO₃ (84 mg, 0.607 mmol) and the solution was refluxed for 2 h. The solution was cooled to r.t. and acidified with 1*N* HCl (4 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic phase were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 7:3) to give the deacetylated

3-β-alcohol (514 mg, 99%), which was submitted directly to the oxidation step. To a stirred solution of the 3-β-alcohol (514 mg, 1.19 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) was added pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC) (334 mg, 1.55 mmol) at r.t. The solution was stirred at that temperature for 2h and filtered through a short pad of Celite® which was washed with CH₂Cl₂. After evaporation of the filtrate, the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 8:2) to give the corresponding 3-ketoester (490 mg, 97%) which was submitted directly to the hydrolysis step. To a stirred solution of the above ester (490 mg, 1.14 mmol) in THF/MeOH/H₂O (2:1:1) (11 mL) was added LiOH H₂O (956 mg, 3.48 mmol) at r.t. and the reaction was stirred for 6h by which time TLC analysis showed complete conversion. The reaction mixture was acidified by 3M HCl and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 25 mL). The combined organic phase were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc; 7:3) to give 1 (466 mg, 98%) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_D$ +23.4 (c 2.0, CDCl₃); m.p. 143 °C ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.16 (s, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.40 (dd, 1H, J = 5.8 and 14.6 Hz), 2.25 (m, 3H), 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 5H), 1.78-1.58 (m, 4H), 1.52 (m, 3H), 1.48-1.32 (m, 7H), 1.30-1.18 (m, 5H), 1.16 (d, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.01 (m, 1H), 0.90 (d, 3H, J =6.8 Hz), 0.54 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 212.3, 183.3, 139.7, 117.2, 56.2, 55.1, 49.0, 44.4, 43.5, 43.0, 39.6(2), 38.9, 38.3, 36.2, 35.9, 34.6, 34.2, 30.2, 28.1, 24.0, 23.1, 21.9, 18.9, 17.2, 12.6. 12.1; IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2939, 2869, 1733, 1701, 1684, 1653, 1558, 1457, 1215; HRMS calcd for $C_{27}H_{43}O_3$ (M + H⁺) 415.3206 found: 415.3211.

3. References.

(1) The phosphonate **3** was prepared according to a literature procedure: Kitahara, T.; Horiguchi, A.; Mori, K. *Tetrahedron* **1988**, *44*, 4713.

(2) Aldehyde 2 was prepared in large amounts according to literature procedures in: (a) Steele, J. A.; Mosettig,
E. J. Org. Chem. 1963, 28, 571-572. (b) Salmond, W. G.; Sobala, M. C. Tetrahedron Lett. 1977, 18, 1695-1698.

STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

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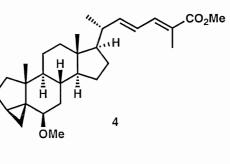
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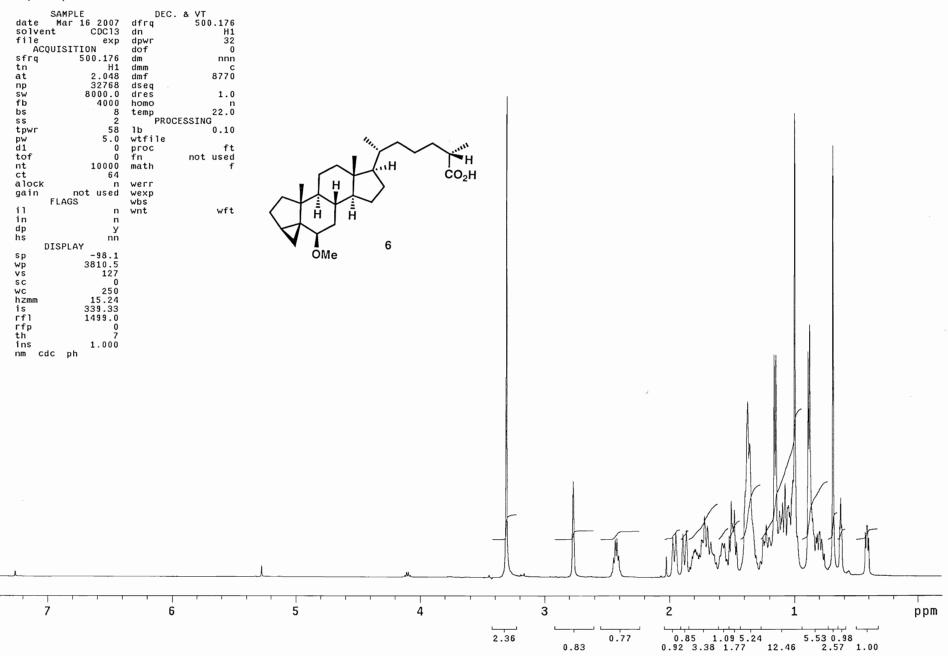
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STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

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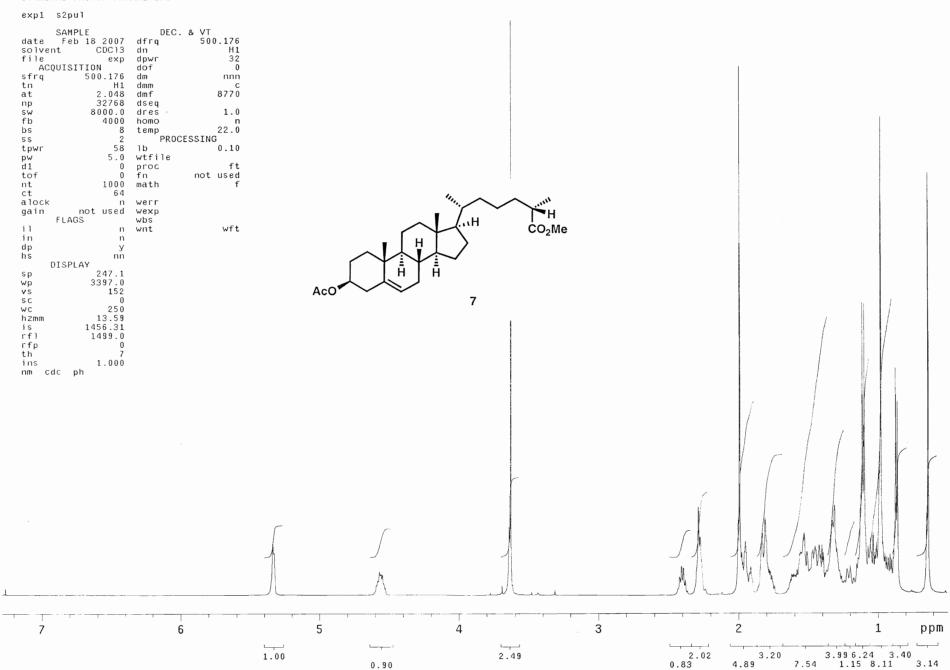
exp2 s2pul



STANDARD CARBON PARAMETERS

exp1 s2pu1

tof 0 nt 1000 ct 352 alock n gain 56 FLAGS il n	dn H dpwr 3 dof dm yy dmm 1597 dseq 1. homo 22. PROCESSING 1b 1.0 wtfile fn not use	11 8 0 7 7 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		6				
180	160	140	120	100	80	60	40	20 ppm



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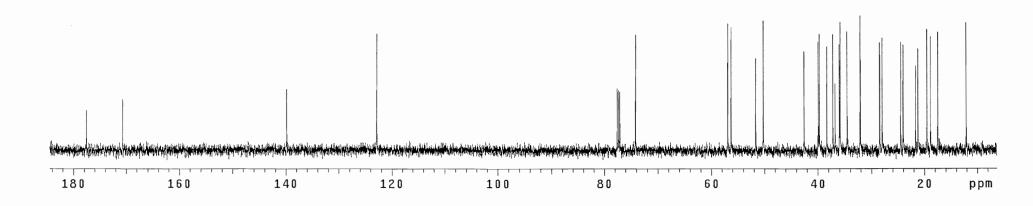
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STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

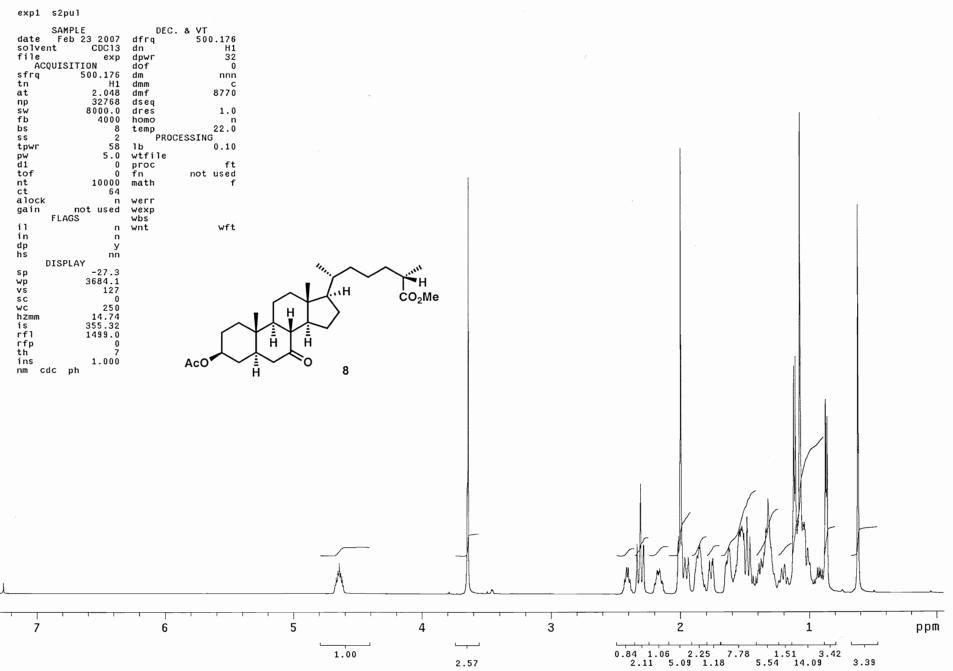
exp3 s2pu1

S	AMPLE	DEC.	& VT
date /	Apr 13 2007	dfrq	500.176
solvent	CDC13	dn	H1
file	exp	dpwr	38
ACQU.	ISITION	dof	0
sfrg	125.781	dm	ууу
tn	C13	dmm	Ϋ́Ψ
at	1.170	dmf	15970
np	65536	dseq	
sw	28001.4	dres	1.0
fb	15000	homo	 n
bs	16	temp	22.0
tpwr	57		ESSING
pw	8.0	16	1.00
d1	0.100	wtfile	1.00
tof	0.100	proc	ft
nt	1000	fn	not used
ct	96	math	f
alock		matn	
gain	n 56	werr	
	AGS		
il ri		wexp	
	n	wbs	
in	n	wnt	
dp	У		
hs	nn		
	SPLAY		
sp	793.6		
wp	22405.1		
vs	36		
sc	0		
wc	250		
hzmm	89.62		
is	500.00		
rf1	2051.1		
rfp	0		
th	3		
ins	100.000		
nm cdc	ph		

\sim	ла. н	H CO ₂ Me
	\rightarrow	
AcO	7	







13C OBSERVE

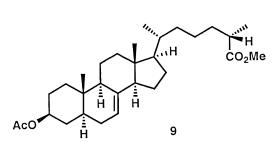
ACQUISITION sfrq 100.447 tn C13 at 1.311 np 62862 sw 23980.8 fb 13200 bs 16 ss 2 tpwr 60 pw 4.0 d1 0	dn H1 dpwr 41 dof 0 dm yyyy dmm w dmf 8000 temp 23.0 PROCESSING lb 1.00 wtfile proc ft fn not used werr wexp wbs	$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ $	H CO ₂ Me	
200	180 160			pm

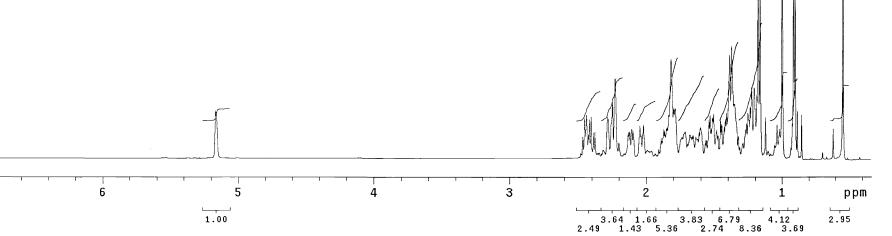
STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

exp2 s2pu1

7

SAMPLE		DEC.	& VT
date Apr 27 2	2007 c	ifrq	500.176
	DC13 c	in .	H1
file	exp c	lpwr	32
ACQUISITION	, c	lof	0
sfrq 500.	.176 c	im	nnn
tn		imm	с
		lmf	8770
		lseq	
		ires	1.0
		IOMO	n
bs	8 t	emp	22.0
SS	2	PROCE	
tpwr		d	0.10
pw		/tfile	
d 1		roc	ft
tof		'n	not used
		nath	f
ct	104		
alock		/err	
		exp	
FLAGS		/bs	
<u>i</u> 1		/nt	wft
in	n		
dp	У		
hs	nn		
DISPLAY			
	5.5		
	9.3		
VS	127		
SC	0		
WC 10	250 3.96		
	5.00		
	19.0		
rfp	0 3		
th			
	000		
nm CdC ph			





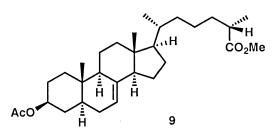
2

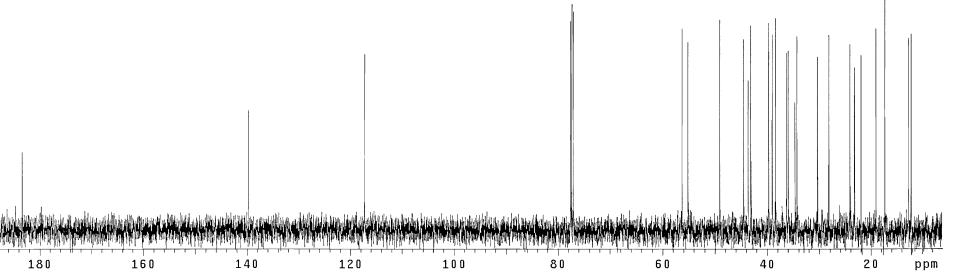
1

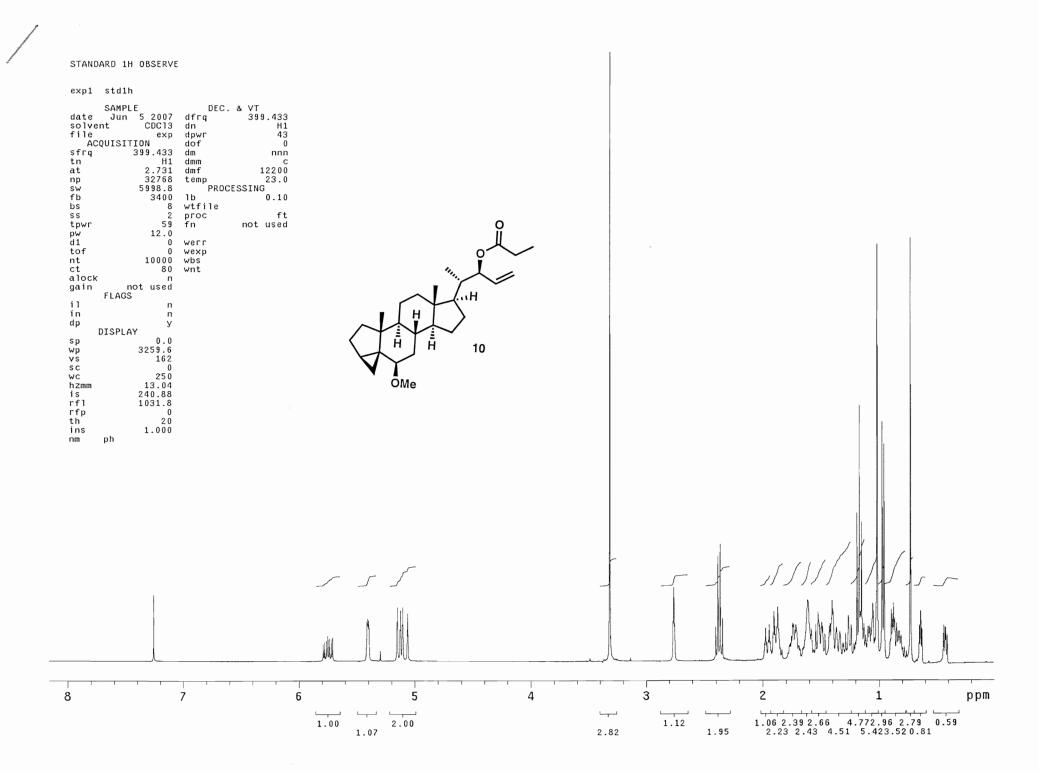
STANDARD CARBON PARAMETERS

exp2 s2pu1

SAMPLE	DEC. & VT dfra 500.176
date Apr 27 2007	
solvent CDC13	dn H1
file exp	dpwr 38
ACQUISITION	dof 0
sfrq 125.781	dm УУУ
tn C13	dmm w
at 1.170	dmf 15970
np 65536	dseq
sw 28001.4	dres 1.0
fb 15000	homo n
bs 16	temp 22.0
tpwr 57	PROCESSING
pw 8.0	1b 1.00
d1 0.100	wtfile
tof 0	proc ft
nt 1000	fn not used
ct 96	math f
alock n	
gain 56	werr
FLAGS	wexp
il n	wbs
in n	wnt
dp y	
hs nn	
DISPLAY	
sp 768.0	
wp 22926.3	
vs 62	
sc 0	
wc 250	
hzmm 91.71	
is 500.00 rfl 2051.1	
ins 100.000	
nm cdc ph	



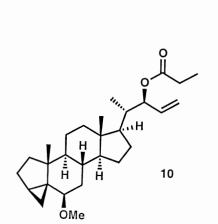




180

13C OBSERVE exp1 std13c SAMPLE DEC. & VT date Jun 5 2007 dfrq 399.433 solvent CDC13 dn H1 ACQUISITION dof sfrq 100.447 dm at 1.311 dmf file 41 Ō sfrq УУУ W 8000 tn at 62862 temp 23. 3980.8 PROCESSING 23.0 np 23980.8 sw 13200 lb 16 wtfile 1.00 fb bs ft SS 2 proc 60 fn not used tpwr 4.0 pw d1 0 werr 0 wexp tof nt ct 1024 wbs 176 wnt alock n 30 gain FLAGS i 1 n in n dp У DISPLAY 124.1 sp wp vs 18664.6 151 sc 0 250 wc 74.66 hzmm is rf1 2493.7 rfp 0 th 12 100.000 ins nnn no ph

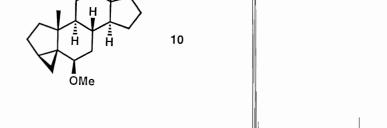
1⁶0

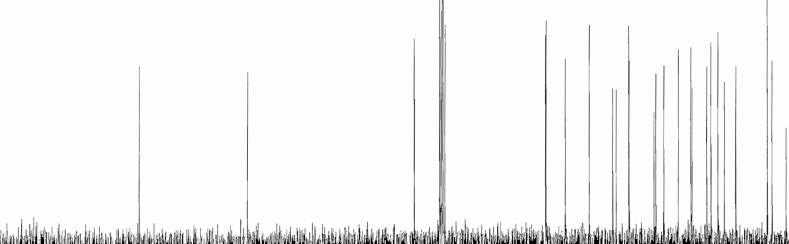


100

120

140





80

60

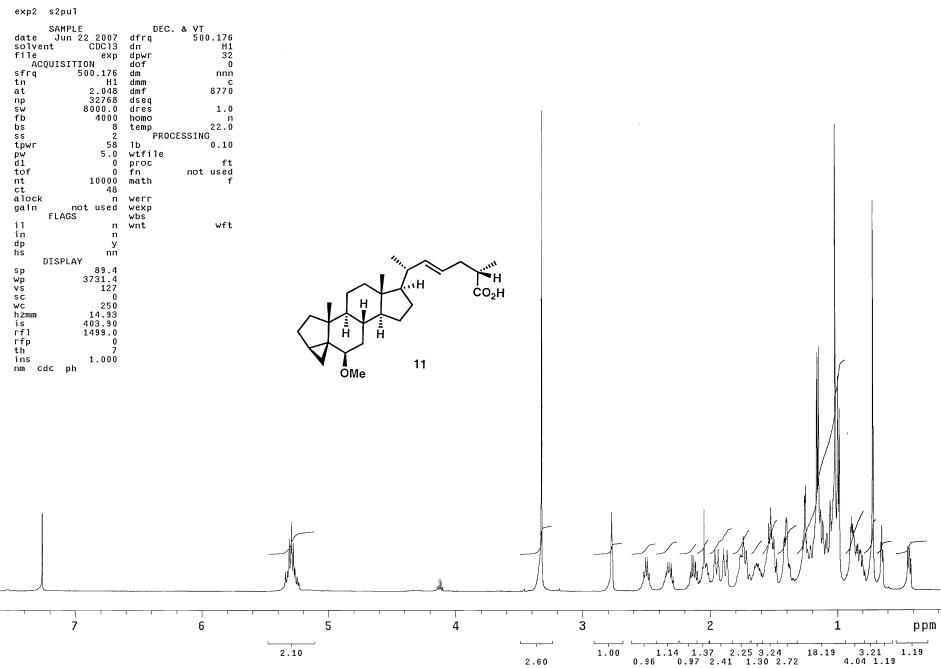
40

20

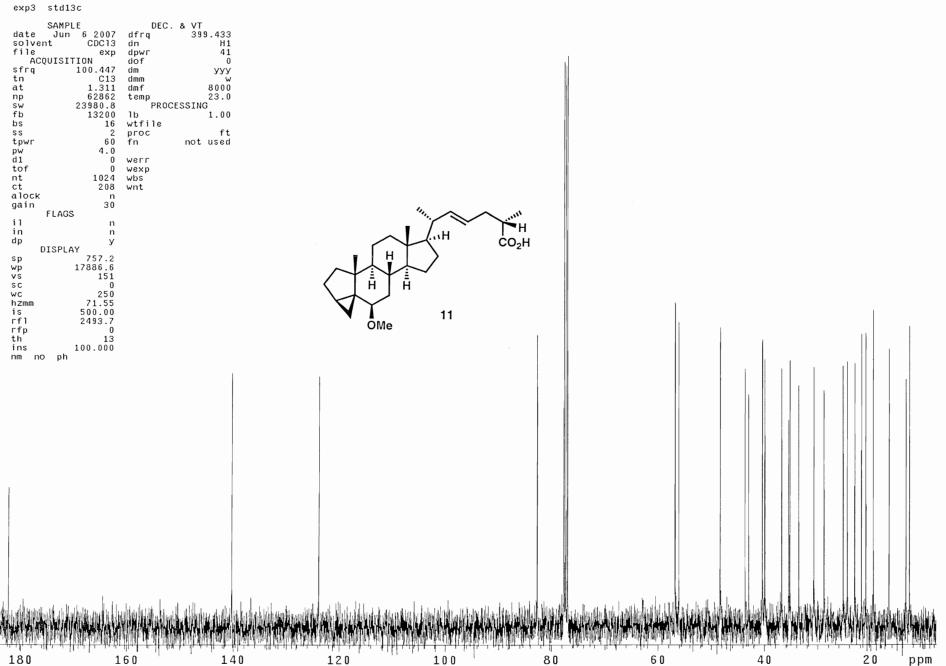
ppm

STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

exp2 s2pul



13C OBSERVE



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exp1 std1h SAMPLE DEC. & VT date Jun 13 2007 dfrq 399.433 solvent CDC3 dn H1 file exp1 dpwr 43 ACQUISITION dof 0 sfrq 399.433 dm nnn cat 2.731 dmf 12200 pp 32783 tmp 23203 sk 5998.8 fb 3400 bs 2 pmot Strap proc ft tpwr 59 fb 3400 bs 2 proc ft fn pwr 12.00 werr werr tof 0 alock n rdin not used sc 0 vg 2950 ntn 1.0000 wc 250 htn 20 ntn 1.001 wc 250 htn 20 is 500.00 rfp 0	<image/> <equation-block></equation-block>	
		MW MM AMMAN
7 6	5 4 3 1.00	2 1 ppm 2.79 4.30 2.61 8.19 4.27 1.80 2.69 3.01 4.83 3.81 3.00

13C OBSERVE

ss 2 tpwr 60 pw 4.0 d1 0 tof 0 nt 1024	dn H1 dpwr 41 dof 0 dm Yyy dmm 8000 temp 23.0 PROCESSING 1b 1.00 wtfile proc ft fn not used werr wexp wbs wnt		1, dafachro	тіс acid A			
200	180 16	50 140	120	100 8	0 60	40	20 ppm ′