# **Supporting Information**

## Organic-vapor-induced repeatable entrance and exit of C<sub>60</sub> in/from single-wall carbon nanohorns at room temperature

Jin Miyawaki,<sup>\*,†</sup> Masako Yudasaka,<sup>\*,†,‡</sup> Ryota Yuge,<sup>‡</sup> Sumio lijima<sup>†,‡,#</sup>

<sup>†</sup>JST/SORST, c/o NEC, 34 Miyukigaoka, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8501, Japan <sup>‡</sup>NEC, 34 Miyukigaoka, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8501, Japan <sup>#</sup>Meijo University, 1-501 Shiogamaguchi, Tenpaku-ku, Nagoya 468-8502, Japan E-mail: jin\_m@frl.cl.nec.co.jp, yudasaka@frl.cl.nec.co.jp

### Ejection of incorporated toluene by ethanol vapor exposure

To clarify a mechanism of  $C_{60}$  ejection by ethanol vapor exposure, we also carried out the ethanol vapor exposure experiment for Toluene@NHox (no incorporated  $C_{60}$ ). After 5-h exposure to ethanol vapor, quantity of the incorporated toluene was remarkably decreased (Figure S1).

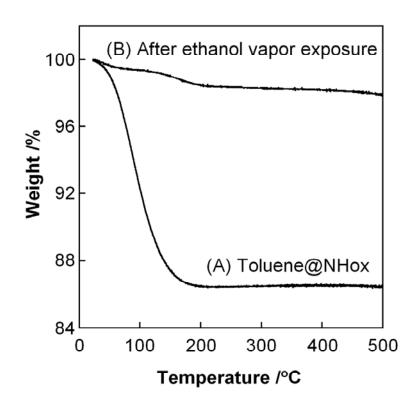
#### **Removal of co-incorporated toluene in C<sub>60</sub>@NHox(HTHV)**

Heat treatment of C<sub>60</sub>/tolu@NHox containing about 4% residual toluene at 150 °C in vacuum (about  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  Torr) for 30 min reduced the toluene quantity to almost zero (Figure S2).

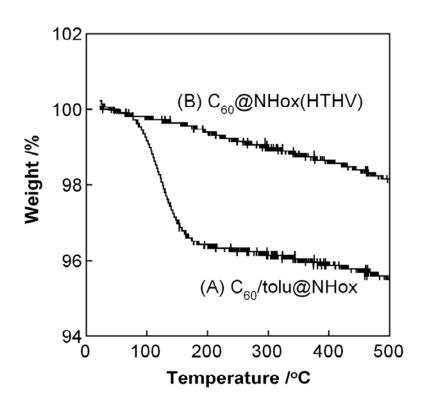
### Quantification of C<sub>60</sub> incorporated in C<sub>60</sub>@NHox(HTHV)

To quantify the amount of incorporated  $C_{60}$ , we dispersed 0.33 mg of  $C_{60}$ @NHox(HTHV) in 9.5 mL of pure toluene. After 20 h, the slurry was filtered (0.2-µm pores), and the UV/vis spectrum of the filtrate in a UV quartz cell (optical path length: 10 mm) was measured (Figure S3). Using the molar absorption coefficient of  $C_{60}$  in toluene at 336 nm, 54,000 L mol<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup> [1], we obtained the concentration of  $C_{60}$  released, 5.5 µM. This corresponds to 0.13 g/g NHox. The agreement between the  $C_{60}$  quantity released from  $C_{60}$ @NHox(HTHV) with the initial incorporated  $C_{60}$  quantity (0.13 g/g NHox) of  $C_{60}$ /tolu@NHox confirms that degradation of  $C_{60}$  during the heating process to remove the co-incorporated toluene did not take place.

[1] Yuge, R.; Yudasaka, M.; Miyawaki, J.; Kubo, Y.; Ichihashi, T.; Imai, H.; Nakamura, E.; Isobe, H.; Yorimitsu, H.; Iijima, S. *J. Phys. Chem. B* **2005**, *109*, 17861.



**Figure S1**. TGA profiles in He of Toluene@NHox before (A) and after (B) ethanol vapor exposure for 5 h. Weight loss between 110 and 250  $^{\circ}$ C was due to toluene desorption.



**Figure S2**. TGA profiles of  $C_{60}$ /tolu@NHox (A) and  $C_{60}$ @NHox(HTHV) (B) in He. Weight loss between 110 and 250 °C observed for  $C_{60}$ /tolu@NHox was due to toluene desorption.

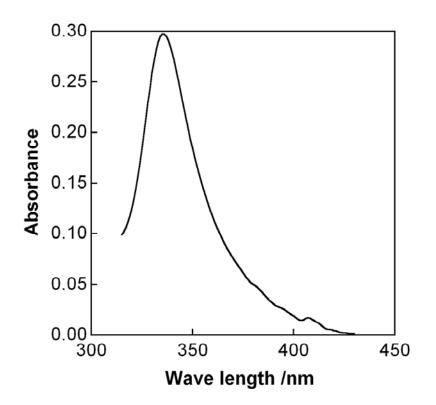


Figure S3. UV/vis absorption spectrum of  $C_{60}$  released in toluene from  $C_{60}$ @NHox(HTHV).