# **Supporting Information**

# Rh-Catalyzed One-Pot Sequential Asymmetric Hydrogenation of α-Dehydroamino Ketones for the Synthesis of Chiral Cyclic *trans*-β-Amino Alcohols

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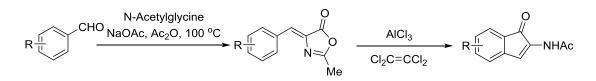
#### **Table of Contents**

1. General details	S2
2. Syntheses of α-dehydroamino ketones	S3
3. The details for solvent screening	S7
4. Sequential asymmetric hydrogenation of α-dehydroanimo ketones	S8
5. More information about control experiments	S15
6. Application	S17
7. Reference	S19
8. NMR spectra	S20
9. HPLC spectra	

#### **1. General details**

All reactions were performed in dried glassware under an atmosphere of dry nitrogen, and the workup was carried out in air, unless otherwise noted. Solvents were dried and distilled by standard procedures. Commercially available reagents were used without further purification. Column chromatography was performed using 100-200 mesh silica gel. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz) spectra were recorded on a Varian MERCURY plus-400 spectrometer. HRMS was performed on a Waters Micromass Q-TOF Premier Mass Spectrometer at the Instrumental Analysis Center of Shanghai Jiao Tong University. The ee values were determined by HPLC using Daicel Chiralpak columns. Melting points were measured with SGW X-4 micro melting point apparatus. IR was measured with PerkinElmer Spectrum 100 FT-IR Spectrometer. Optical rotations were measured on a Rudolph Research Analytical Autopol VI automatic polarimeter using a 50 mm path-length cell at 589 nm. The absolute configuration of **2a** was assigned by H-H Noesy and HPLC spectra according to the literature.<sup>[1]</sup> The absolute configuration of other products **2b-2p** was considered to be the same as **2a**.

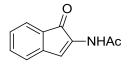
#### 2. Syntheses of α-dehydroamino ketones



According to a literature procedure.<sup>[1]</sup>

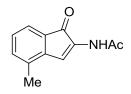
Benzaldehyde or its derivative (50 mmol), N-acetylglycine (55 mmol), sodium acetate (50 mmol), and acetic anhydride (15 mL) were mixed and heated at 100  $^{\circ}$ C with stirring for 4 h. Then, the mixture was left stirring overnight at 25  $^{\circ}$ C. The precipitate was separated by filtration and washed with ice-cold alcohol, then with hot water to obtain the oxazolone (40-77% yields).

In a 500 mL round-bottom flask, fitted with a dropping funnel and a reflux condenser, was placed 0.036 mol of anhydrous aluminrim chloride and 60 mL of dry acetylene tetrachloride. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. To this was added with stirring a solution containing 0.012 mol of (*Z*)-4-benzylidene-2-methyloxazol-5(4*H*)-one or its derivative in 60 mL of dry acetylene tetrachloride. When all the oxazolone has been added, the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C or 110 °C (by heating on an oil-bath) for 1 hour, then stirring was continued for 2 hours at room temperature. The complex was decomposed with 100 mL of dilute (1/15) hydrochloric acid and two clear layers were obtained. The acetylene tetrachloride layer were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography to give the pure product (19-58% yields).

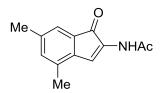


*N*-(1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1a).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.30 g, 58% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.48 (br s, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H).

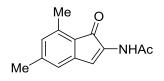
*N*-(6-methyl-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1b).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.18 g, 49% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.51 (br s, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H).



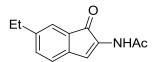
*N*-(4-methyl-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1c).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.01 g, 42% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.57 (s, 1H), 7.53 (br s, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H).



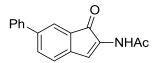
*N*-(4,6dimethyl-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1d). Red solid, 1.03 g, 40% yield; Mp: 206-208 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.50 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  168.1, 165.7, 141.8, 139.8, 131.8, 131.7, 131.5, 129.0, 128.6, 127.4, 21.6, 19.9, 15.7; IR (KBr): *v* 3279, 1721, 1669, 1532, 1291, 1244, 846, 784, 720 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 216.1019, found 216.1019.



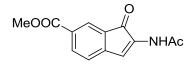
*N*-(5,7-dimethyl-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1e).<sup>[1]</sup> Red solid, 0.62 g, 25% yield; Mp: 154-156 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.52 (br s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 6.57 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  193.7, 168.5, 147.5, 145.7, 138.5, 131.7, 130.1, 122.5, 121.6, 121.5, 24.0, 21.9, 17.3; IR (KBr): *v* 3332, 1709, 1683, 1596, 1525, 1381, 1289, 1228, 1131, 1016, 866, 713, 700, 602 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 216.1019, found 216.1015.



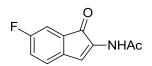
*N*-(6-ethyl-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1f).<sup>[1]</sup> 0.96 g, 37% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.49 (br s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.08-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H).



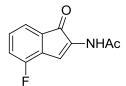
*N*-(1-oxo-6-phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1g).<sup>[1]</sup> 0.95 g, 30% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.58-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H).



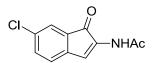
**Methyl 2-acetamido-1-oxo-1***H***-indene-6-carboxylate (1h).**<sup>[1]</sup> 0.62 g, 21% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.02 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.57 (br s, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H).



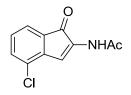
*N*-(6-fluoro-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1i).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.01 g, 41% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.48 (br s, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.96-6.90 (m, 1H), 6.89-6.86 (m, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H).



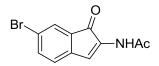
*N*-(**4-fluoro-1-oxo-1***H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (**1**j).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.16 g, 47% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.62 (s, 1H), 7.60 (br s, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.06-7.00 (m, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H).



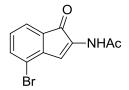
*N*-(6-chloro-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1k).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.03 g, 39% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.52 (br s, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.24 (dd, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H).



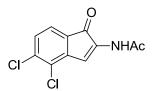
*N*-(4-chloro-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (11).<sup>[1]</sup> 0.93 g, 35% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.63 (s, 1H), 7.45 (br s, 1H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.99 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H).



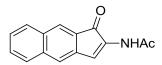
*N*-(6-bromo-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1m).<sup>[1]</sup> 1.05 g, 33% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.50-7.35 (m, 4H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H).



*N*-(4-bromo-1-oxo-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (1n).<sup>[1]</sup> 0.99 g, 31% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.56 (s, 1H), 7.52 (br s, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H ), 7.25 (s, 1H), 6.94-6.90 (m, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H).



*N*-(**4,5-dichloro-1-oxo-1***H***-inden-2-yl)acetamide** (**10**).<sup>[1]</sup> 0.77 g; 25% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.61 (s, 1H), 7.51 (br s, 1H), 7.16 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H).



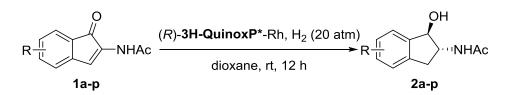
*N*-(1-oxo-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]naphthalen-2-yl)acetamide (1p).<sup>[1]</sup> 0.54 g, 19% yield; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.79 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (br s, 1H), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H).

## 3. The details for solvent screening

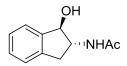
	$\bigcup_{h \to h} OH \qquad $					
	1a P Me (S)-TCFP (S	Me, P Me S,S)-BenzP*	Me N N N P Me ( <i>R</i> , <i>R</i> )-QuinoxP*	2a N N N P Me <sup>i</sup> ( <i>R</i> )-3H-QuinoxP*		
entry	ligand		solvent	$\operatorname{conv}[\%]$	ee [%]	
1	TOPP	<b>F</b> 611	$(trans/cis)^b$	$(trans)^c$		
1	TCFP		EtOH	34/66	99	
2	TCFP		EtOAc	33/67	-94	
3	TCFP		DCM	33/67	-94	
4	BenzP*		EtOH	12/88	-33	
5	BenzP*		EtOAc	8/92	-25	
6	BenzP*		DCM	23/77	39	
7	BenzP*		iPrOH	78/22	15	
8	QuinoxP*		EtOH	23/77	39	
9	QuinoxP*		EtOAc	1/99	97	
10	QuinoxP*		DCM	75/25	68	
11	3H-QuinoxP*		EtOH	65/35	97	
12	3H-QuinoxP*		EtOAc	82/18	98	
13	3H-QuinoxP*		DCM	79/21	67	
$14^d$	3H-QuinoxP*		MeOH	35/20	93	
15	3H-QuinoxP*		THF	83/17	90	
16	3H-QuinoxP*		toluene	81/19	95	
17	3H-QuinoxP*		dioxane	93/7	93	

<sup>*a*</sup> Conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol), ligand–Rh (1 mol %), H<sub>2</sub> (30 atm), solvent (2 mL), rt, 12 h. <sup>*b*</sup> Conversions were calculated from <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra. <sup>*c*</sup> The ee values were determined by HPLC using chiral columns. <sup>*d*</sup> Product **2a** was obtained in a yield of 55% with  $\alpha$ -amino ketone in a yield of 45%.

#### 4. Sequential asymmetric hydrogenation of α-dehydroanimo ketones

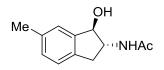


General procedure: Substrate **1** (0.2 mmol) and  $[Rh((R)-3H-QuinoxP*)(cod)]SbF_6$  (1 mol %) were charged in an autoclave. And the system was evacuated and filled with hydrogen. After repeating this operation 3 times, degassed 1,4-dioxane (2 mL) was added and the hydrogen pressure was adjusted to 20 atm. After vigorous stirring at room temperature for 12 h, the reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure. The conversions were calculated from <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of crude products, the yields were calculated based on the mixture of *trans*- and *cis*-products isolated by flash chromatography. The ee and dr values were directly determined by HPLC using chiral columns under the following conditions. Then the major *trans*-product **2** was obtained by reslurry (EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4 mL/12 mL) for additional characterization.

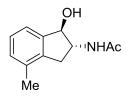


*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2a). White solid, 36.4 mg, 96% yield, 13/1 dr, 94% ee; Mp: 186-188 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  8.44 (br s, 1H), 7.44-7.13 (m, 4H), 4.99 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 142.6, 139.3, 128.0, 126.7, 124.3, 123.8, 79.4, 59.7, 35.3, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3315, 1647, 1544, 1313, 1211, 1065, 741 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 192.1019, found 190.0874; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OJ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 18.4 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 44.6 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -18 (*c* 0.14, MeOH).

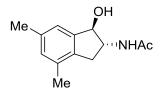
The *trans*-configuration of hydrogenated product **2a** was confirmed by H-H nosey spectra (see Page S40 for the spectra). The hydrogen atoms on the two CH group had an NOE effect with the two hydrogen atoms on CH<sub>2</sub>, respectively. The absolute configuration of the *trans*-product was confirmed to be (1R, 2R) by the known (*R*)-configuration of chiral center connected the nitrogen atom which was reported previously.<sup>[1]</sup>



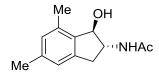
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-6-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2b). White solid, 39.0 mg, 95% yield, 10/1 dr, 97% ee; Mp: 193-195 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.17 (s, 1H), 7.07 (s, 2H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 142.6, 136.4, 136.2, 128.7, 124.2, 124.1, 79.4, 59.9, 34.9, 21.2, 20.0; IR (KBr): *v* 3333, 1651, 1542, 1297, 1121, 1063, 1026, 818, 799 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 206.1176, found 206.1189; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 40 °C, 1.0 mL/min, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 78.8 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 66.3 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 4 (*c* 0.11, MeOH).



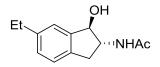
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-4-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2c). White solid, 37.9 mg; 93% yield, 13/1 dr, 96% ee; Mp: 182-184 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.24-6.98 (m, 3H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 142.2, 138.0, 133.7, 128.7, 126.9, 121.2, 79.7, 59.4, 33.9, 21.2, 17.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3319, 2939, 1645, 1549, 1383, 1312, 1295, 1105, 790, 748 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 206.1176, found 206.1190; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD-H column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 10.1 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 14.0 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -30 (*c* 0.13, MeOH).



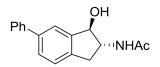
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-4,6-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2d). White solid, 40.3 mg, 92% yield, 9/1 dr, 99% ee; Mp: 202-204 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): δ 8.18 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 5.41 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.15-3.98 (m, 1H), 3.05 (dd, J = 15.7, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (dd, J = 15.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): δ 169.9, 144.3, 136.1, 135.5, 133.4, 129.5, 122.3, 79.1, 59.6, 34.5, 23.2, 21.4, 18.6; IR (KBr) *v*: 3270, 1644, 1563, 1440, 1381, 1307, 1102, 861 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NNaO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 242.1151, found 242.1156; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD-H column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C,  $t_{major} = 22.4$  min,  $t_{minor} = 35.9$  min; [α]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 33 (*c* 0.06, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>).



*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-5,7-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2e). White solid, 41.6 mg; 95% yield, 16/1 dr, 90% ee; Mp: 165-168 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  6.86 (s, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 16.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.1, 141.2, 138.5, 137.4, 135.3, 128.9, 122.5, 79.3, 59.1, 35.9, 21.1, 20.0, 16.9; IR (KBr) *v*: 3271, 2945, 1644, 1565, 1439, 1311, 1051, 1033, 850, 711, 611 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 220.1332, found 220.1342; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OJ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 15.0 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 23.7 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 27 (*c* 0.17, MeOH).

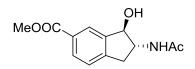


*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-6-ethyl-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2f). White solid, 42.1 mg; 96% yield, 12/1 dr, 97% ee; Mp: 179-181 °C, <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.09 (s, 2H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.67-2.59 (m, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 171.6, 142.3, 141.8, 135.7, 126.9, 123.4, 122.3, 78.7, 59.1, 34.2, 27.6, 20.4, 14.3; IR (KBr): *v* 3390, 3333, 2960, 1650, 1541, 1492, 1382, 1297, 1120, 1059, 1026, 822 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for  $C_{13}H_{18}NO_2^+$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 220.1332, found 220.1348; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OJ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 20.3 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 25.8 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 5 (*c* 0.18, MeOH).

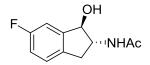


*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-6-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2g). White solid, 49.3 mg, 93% yield, 7/1 dr, 95% ee; Mp: 172-173 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.63-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.04 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.7, 143.6, 141.4, 140.5, 138.7, 128.7, 127.1, 127.0, 126.8, 125.0, 122.5, 79.6, 60.1, 35.2, 21.4; IR (KBr): *v* 3277, 1645, 1569, 1481, 1379, 1312, 1172, 1122, 1066, 757, 695, 607 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 268.1332, found 268.1344; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column,

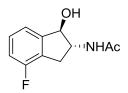
Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C,  $t_{\text{major}} = 17.9 \text{ min}, t_{\text{minor}} = 32.1 \text{ min}; [\alpha]_{D}^{20} = 35$  (*c* 0.29, MeOH).



Methyl (2*R*,3*R*)-2-acetamido-3-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-indene-5-carboxylate (2h). White solid, 45.8 mg, 92% yield, 4/1 dr, 89% ee; Mp: 194-196 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.35 (dd, J = 16.4, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (dd, J = 16.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 172.4, 167.1, 145.2, 143.5, 129.4, 129.0, 125.0, 124.6, 78.7, 59.7, 51.2, 35.4, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3509, 3296, 2956, 1712, 1642, 1560, 1437, 1380, 1308, 1269, 1207, 1129, 1099, 1057, 969, 764 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 250.1074, found 250.1069; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak IE column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 90/10, 220 nm, 25 °C, 1.0 mL/min,  $t_{major} = 71.6$  min,  $t_{minor} = 84.5$  min; [α]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 8 (*c* 0.10, MeOH).

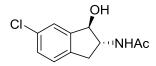


*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-6-fluoro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2i). White solid, 39.7 mg; 95% yield, 6/1 dr, 95% ee; Mp: 177-179 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 7.19 (dd, J = 8.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (td, J = 9.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, J = 15.5, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dd, J = 15.4, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 1.98 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 172.4, 162.4 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 242.8$  Hz), 145.1 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 7.6$  Hz), 134.7 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 2.6$  Hz), 125.8 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 8.4$  Hz), 114.7 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 22.8$  Hz), 110.5 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 22.6$  Hz), 79.0 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 1.8$  Hz), 60.0, 34.5, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3318, 1651, 1551, 1486, 1445, 1383, 1315, 1301, 1269, 1236, 1156, 1125, 1112, 1058, 1028, 863, 817, 764 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>FNO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 210.0925, found 210.0937; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C,  $t_{major} = 10.6$  min,  $t_{minor} = 13.9$  min; [α]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -33 (*c* 0.10, MeOH).

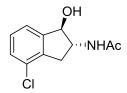


*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4-fluoro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2j). White solid, 39.3 mg, 94% yield, 6/1 dr, 97% ee; Mp: 194-195 ℃; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.33-7.23 (m,

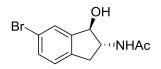
1H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 1.98 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 158.9 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 246.2$  Hz), 146.2 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 5.4$  Hz), 128.8 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 7.0$  Hz), 125.4 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 18.6$  Hz), 119.8 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 3.5$  Hz), 114.2 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 20.6$  Hz), 79.1 (d,  $J_{C-F} = 2.6$  Hz), 59.5, 30.9, 21.2; IR (KBr): v 3310, 1647, 1552, 1477, 1271, 1245, 1107, 971, 793, 756 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>FNO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 210.0925, found 210.0931; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40 °C,  $t_{major} = 41.5$  min,  $t_{minor} = 33.9$  min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -27 (*c* 0.17, MeOH).



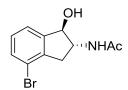
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-6-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2k). White solid, 42.7 mg, 95% yield, 6/1 dr, 94% ee; Mp: 199-201 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.31 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 1.98 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 145.0, 137.9, 132.4, 128.0, 125.9, 123.9, 78.9, 59.8, 34.7, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3333, 1652, 1540, 1489, 1073, 889, 817 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 226.0629, found 226.0645; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 46.0 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 32.8 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 4 (*c* 0.10, MeOH).



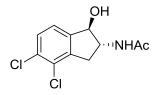
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2l). White solid, 42.3 mg, 94% yield, 4/1 dr, 97% ee; Mp: 202-204 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.38-7.11 (m, 3H), 5.01 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (dd, *J* = 16.3, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 145.1, 137.5, 130.3, 128.5, 127.8, 122.4, 79.6, 59.0, 34.3, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3274, 1646, 1559, 1450, 1377, 1326, 1307, 1172, 1130, 779 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 226.0629, found 226.0628; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 10.5 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 14.1 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -51 (*c* 0.11, MeOH).



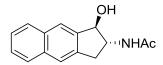
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-6-bromo-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2m). White solid, 50.6 mg, 94% yield, 6/1 dr, 96% ee; Mp: 182-184 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.47 (s, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 145.3, 138.5, 130.9, 127.0, 126.3, 120.2, 78.8, 59.7, 34.8, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3343, 1652, 1540, 1489, 1073, 889, 817 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 270.0124, found 270.1038; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 49.1 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 34.4 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = 10 (*c* 0.18, MeOH).



*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4-bromo-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2n). White solid, 49.4 mg, 92% yield, 6/1 dr, 98% ee; Mp 197-199 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.43 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (dd, *J* = 16.3, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  172.4, 145.0, 139.7, 130.9, 128.7, 123.0, 119.4, 79.9, 58.7, 36.4, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3277, 1636, 1559, 1450, 1377, 1326, 1307, 1172, 1130, 779 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 270.0124, found 270.1037; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C, *t*<sub>major</sub> = 11.0 min, *t*<sub>minor</sub> = 14.7 min; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -51 (*c* 0.13, MeOH).



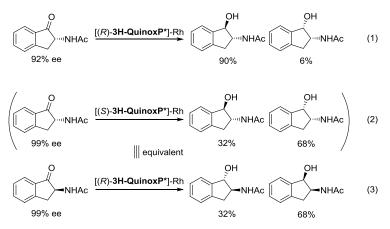
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4,5-dichloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (20). White solid, 47.1 mg, 91% yield, 3/1 dr, 96% ee; Mp: 198-199 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd, *J* = 16.7, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 16.4, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 172.4, 143.5, 140.0, 131.5, 129.1, 128.4, 123.4, 79.3, 59.1, 35.0, 21.2; IR (KBr): *v* 3281, 1652, 1562, 1448, 1380, 1320, 1301, 1169, 1082, 1054, 1033, 909, 822, 753, 612 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for  $C_{11}H_{12}Cl_2NO_2^+$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 260.0240, found 260.0236; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40 °C,  $t_{major} = 44.9$  min,  $t_{minor} = 35.4$  min;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -46$  (*c* 0.10, MeOH).



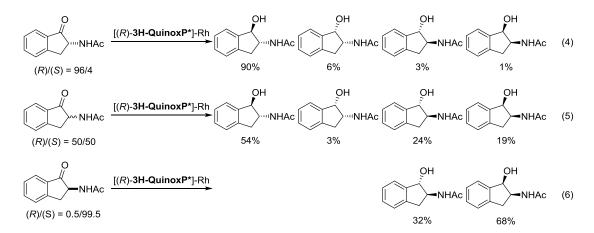
*N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]naphthalen-2-yl)acetamide (2p). White solid, 45.3 mg, 94% yield, 5/1 dr, 97% ee; Mp: 242-244 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 7.85-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 2H), 5.10 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 172.5, 141.6, 137.5, 134.0, 133.2, 127.7, 127.3, 125.4, 125.0, 122.6, 122.4, 78.6, 59.7, 34.8, 21.3; IR (KBr): *v* 3310, 1652, 1551, 1477, 1416, 1384, 1270, 1245, 1107, 972, 793, 756 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for  $C_{15}H_{16}NO_2^+$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 242.1176, found 242.1181; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C,  $t_{major} = 18.7 \text{ min}, t_{minor} = 32.0 \text{ min}; [\alpha]^{20}$  = 31 (*c* 0.11, MeOH).

#### 5. More information about control experiments

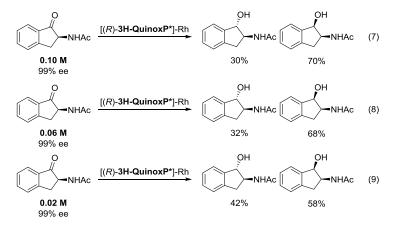
The asymmetric hydrogenation of intermediate (*S*)-alpha-amino ketones using ligand (*R*)-**3H-QuinoxP\*** was repeated twice and both gave the desired product with an incomplete conversion (about 90% conv.) and a *trans/cis* ratio of about 32/68 (eq. (3)). Compared with the previous data shown in eq. (1) (hydrogenation of intermediate (*R*)-alpha-amino ketone using the same ligand (*R*)-**3H-QuinoxP\***), the configuration of the carbon atom connected to the hydroxyl group in the major product is the same. This result reveals that the reduction of the carbonyl group is predominantly controlled by the catalyst and only partially influenced by the substrate (the intermediate alpha-amino ketone). Additionally there is a "match/mismatch" relationship between the catalyst and intermediate which influences the stereoselectivity and activity of the carbonyl reduction.



Compared to the data shown on the right-hand side of Scheme 4 in the manuscript (hydrogenation of (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone as the minor enantiomer catalyzed by  $[(R)-3H-QuinoxP^*]$ –Rh, also shown in eq (4)), the above experiment (eq. (3), also shown in eq (6)) in which (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone is the major enantiomer gave an opposite result (the *trans/cis* ratio of products changed from 3%/1% to 32%/68%). Therefore an additional hydrogenation was conducted using the racemic alpha-amino ketone catalyzed by  $[(R)-3H-QuinoxP^*]$ –Rh. This gave the desired products with a ratio of 54/3/24/19 (shown in eq. (5)). From these data, we can see that: the *trans/cis* ratio of products from (*R*)-alpha-amino ketone in eq. (5) (54/3) is consistent with the data in eq. (4) (90/6); and the *trans/cis* ratio of products from (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone catalyzed from (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone catalyzed from (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone catalyzed from (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone catalyzed from the eq. (5) (54/3) is consistent with the data in eq. (4) (90/6); and the *trans/cis* ratio of products from (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone catalyzed from (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone changes under certain conditions.

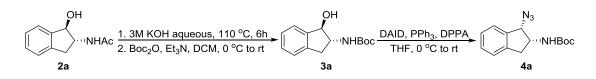


In order to make clear, two more hydrogenation reactions of (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone with different concentrations were set up (eq. (7) and eq. (9)). From the results listed in the following scheme, reducing the concentration of (*S*)-alpha-amino ketone (from 0.10 M to 0.02 M) increased the amount of product with the *trans*-configuration (the *trans/cis* ratio increased from 30/70 to 42/58).



Base on the above results, it's reasonable to assume that there are two different mechanisms (or transition-state intermediates) for the hydrogenation of alpha-amino ketones with opposite configurations catalyzed by  $[(R)-3H-QuinoxP^*]$ -Rh. Mechanism for the "mismatched" couple ((*S*)-alpha-amino ketone and  $[(R)-3H-QuinoxP^*]$ -Rh) is more complex because the concentration of the substrate influences the outcome.

### 6. Application



#### Gram scale hydrogenation:

Substrate **1a** (6 mmol) and Rh[((*R*)-**3H-QuinoxP\***)(cod)]SbF<sub>6</sub> (1 mol %) were charged in an autoclave. The system was evacuated and filled with hydrogen. After repeating this operation 3 times, degassed 1,4-dioxane (30 mL) was added and hydrogen pressure was adjusted to 20 atm. After vigorous stirring at room temperature for 12 h, the reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure. The yield was 94% for the mixture of *trans-* and *cis*-products isolated by flash chromatography (eluent DCM/MeOH = 10/1). The ee value was 91% and the dr value was 9/1 as determined by chiral HPLC.

#### **Further application:**

Compound **2a** (96.0 mg, 0.5 mmol) was transferred to a 10 mL round-bottle and dissolved in 3 mL EtOH. 5 mL 3 M KOH aqueous solution was added and the mixture was stirred at 110  $^{\circ}$ C for 6 h. After the solution was cooled to room temperature, DCM (20 mL × 3) was added and the mixture was extracted three times. The organic phase was combined, washed by brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The crude product as a white solid was obtained after evaporating the organic solvent.

The crude amino alcohol was dissolved in 10 mL anhydrous DCM. Then, Et<sub>3</sub>N (0.14 mL, 1.0 mmol) and Boc<sub>2</sub>O (0.18 mL, 0.8 mmol) were added to the solution under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. 10 mL water was added to the solution to quench the reaction. DCM (10 mL  $\times$  3) was added to the solution and extracted for three times. The organic phase was combined, washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. White solid **3a** was obtained in 72% yield (for the above two steps) by flash chromatography (eluent PE/EA = 3/1).

*tert*-Butyl ((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)carbamate (3a). White solid, 89.6 mg, 72% yield, 90% ee; Mp: 136-137 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  7.33-7.16 (m, 4H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.09-3.95 (m, 1H), 3.23 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  157.2, 142.7, 139.2, 127.8, 126.6, 124.3, 123.6, 79.3, 78.8, 60.9, 35.6, 27.4; IR (KBr): *v* 3385, 2976, 2929, 1694, 1668, 1527, 1366, 1173, 1055, 1005, 755 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>Na<sup>+</sup> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 272.1257, found 272.1257.

The product **3a** (89.3 mg, 0.36 mmol) was dissolved in 10 mL anhydrous THF and the solution was cooled in an ice-bath. Triphenylphosphane (188.6 mg, 0.72 mmol), diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (0.14 mL, 0.72 mmol) and diphenylphosphoryl azide (0.16 mL, 0.72 mmol) were added to the solution in sequence. The reaction was stirred at 0  $^{\circ}$ C for 2 h and then warmed to room temperature. The solution was extracted by EtOAc and washed with water. The organic

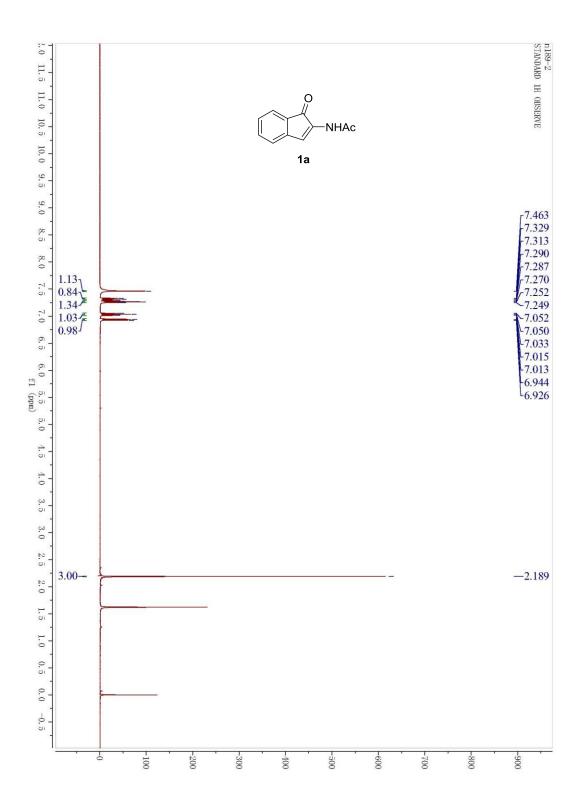
phase was combined, dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent PE/EA = 50/1) to afford **4a** as colorless oil in 67% yield.

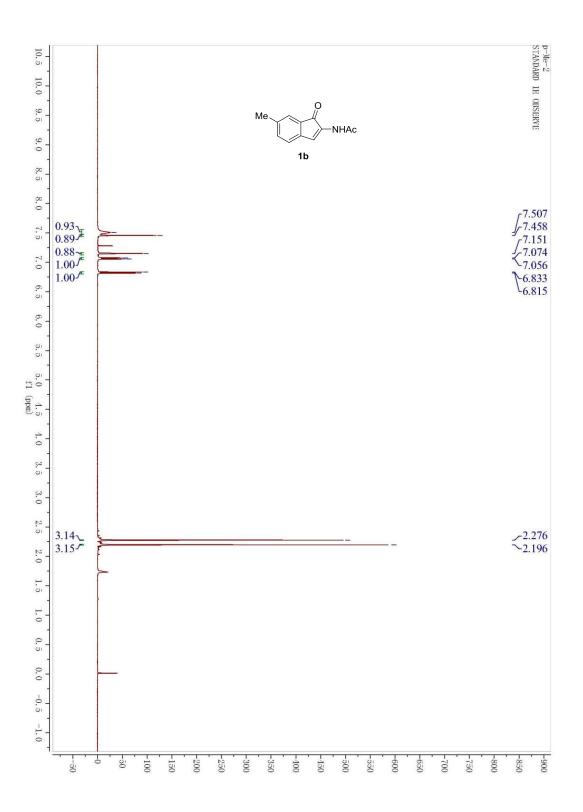
*tert*-Butyl ((1*S*,2*R*)-1-azido-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)carbamate (4a). Colorless oil, 66.2 mg, 67% yield, 88% ee; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  7.50-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.19 (m, 3H), 5.00 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dt, *J* = 14.9, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (qd, *J* = 15.8, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  155.9, 141.8, 139.1, 129.7, 127.4, 126.4, 125.3, 78.5, 66.1, 54.8, 35.0, 28.7; HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak IC-3 column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25 °C,  $t_{major} = 10.5$  min,  $t_{minor} = 12.1$  min.

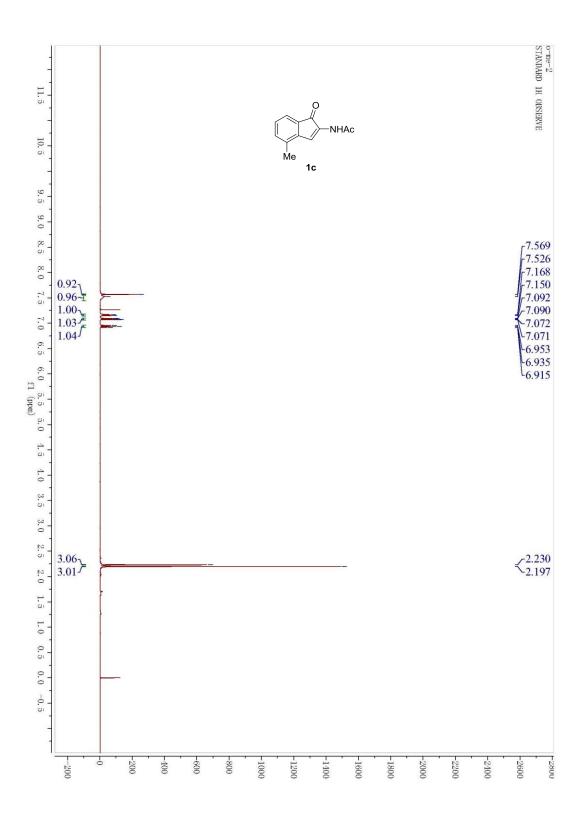
## 7. Reference

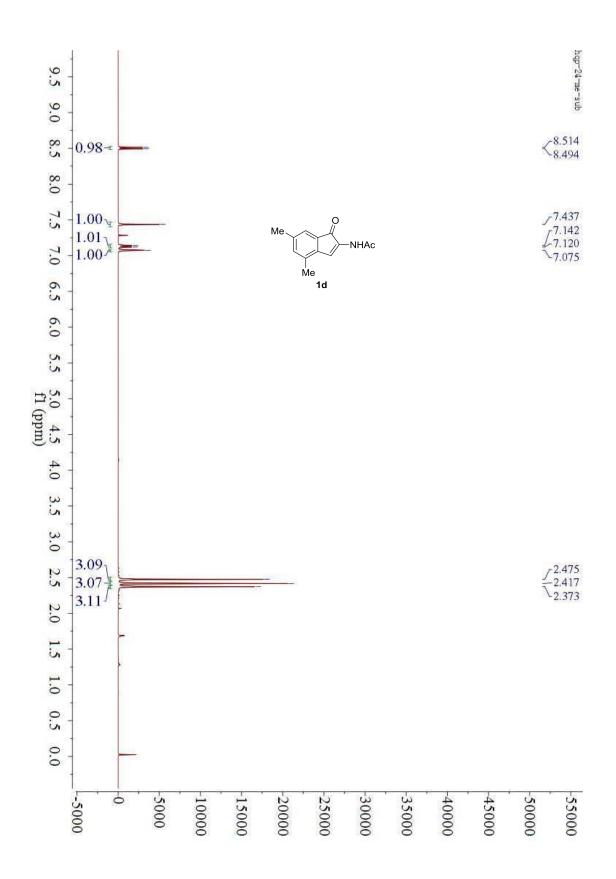
[1] Zhang, Z.; Hu, Q.; Wang, Y.; Chen, J.; Zhang, W. Org. Lett. 2015, 17, 5380.

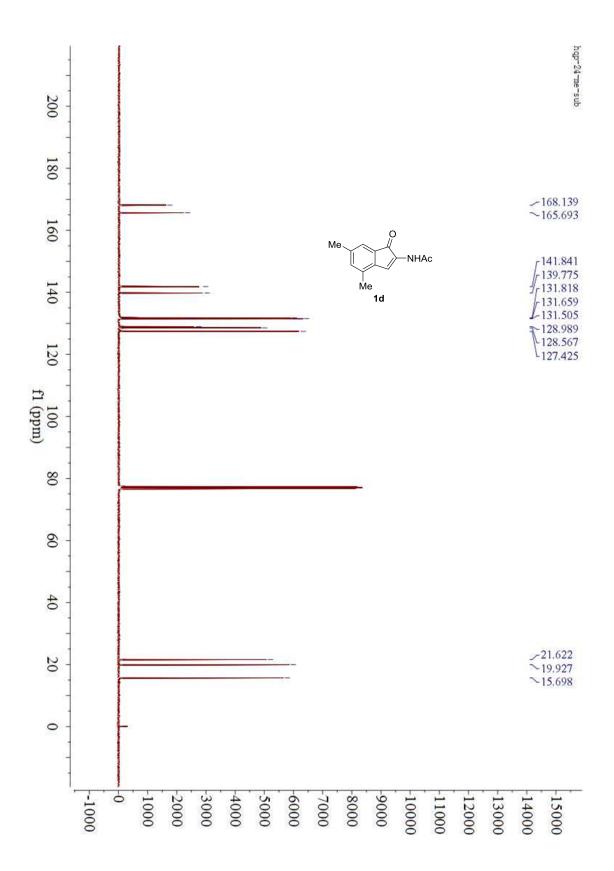
## 8. NMR spectra

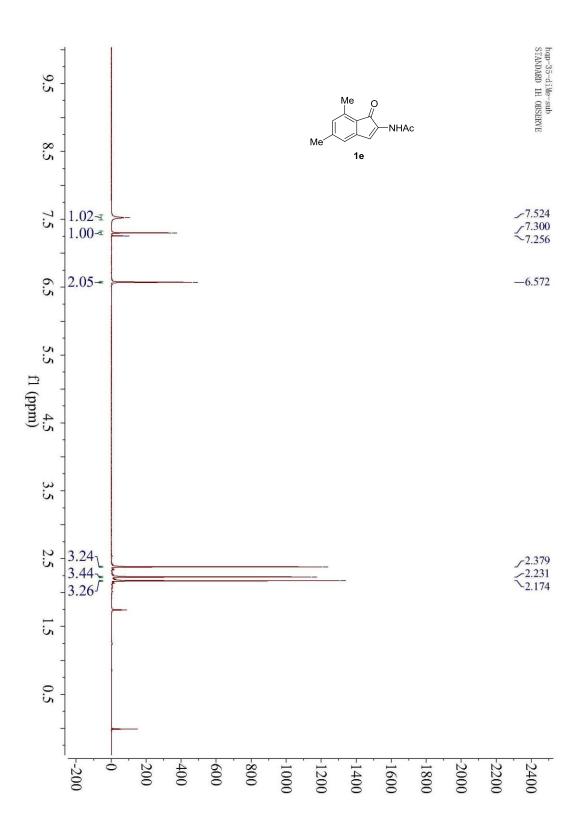


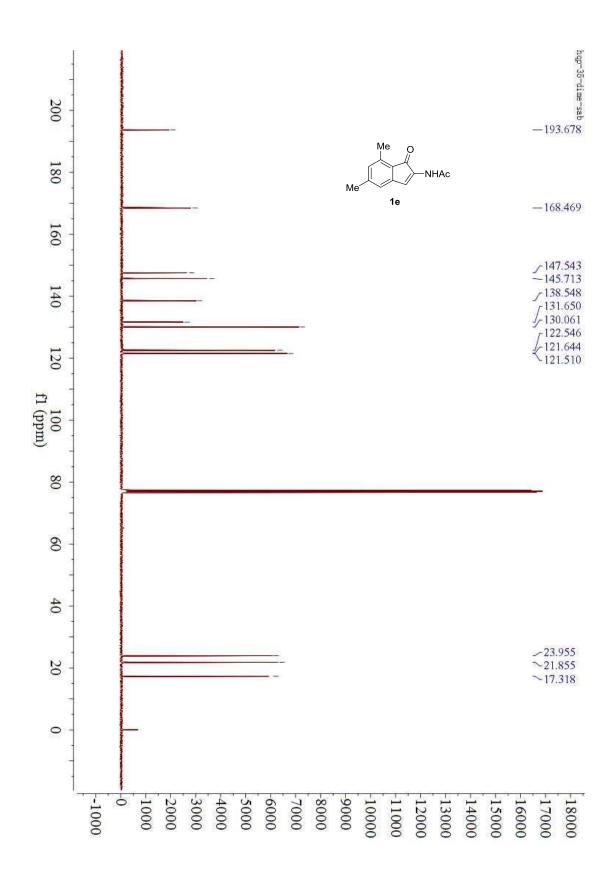


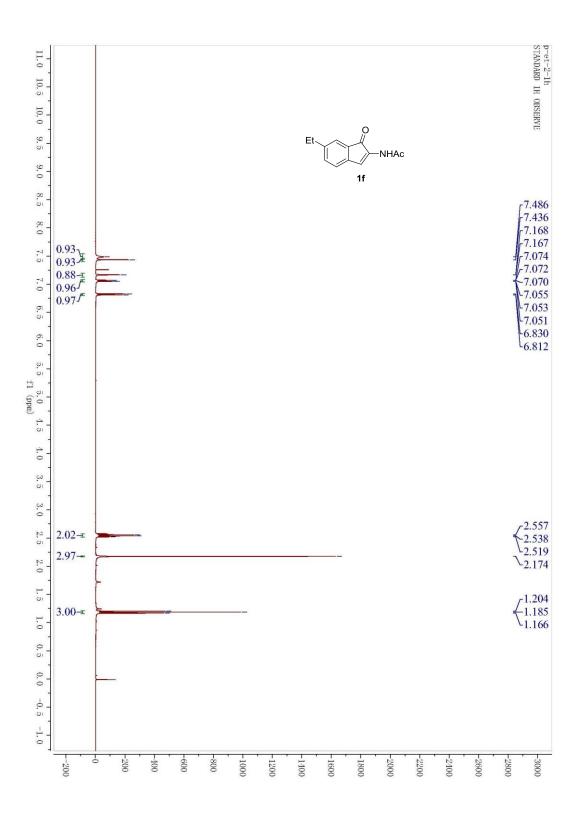


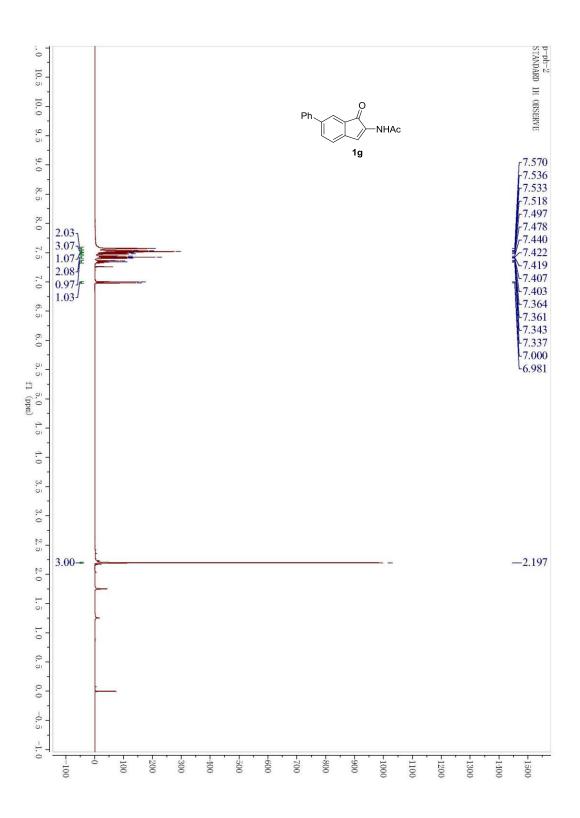


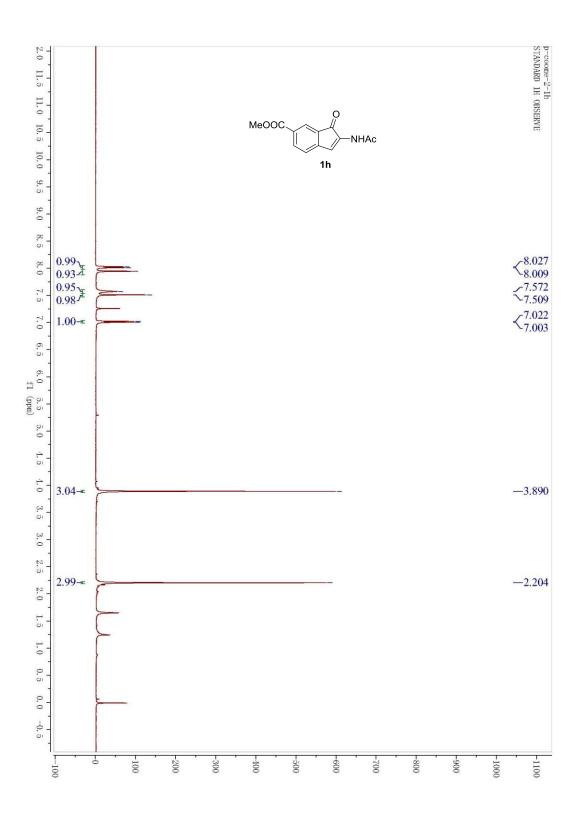


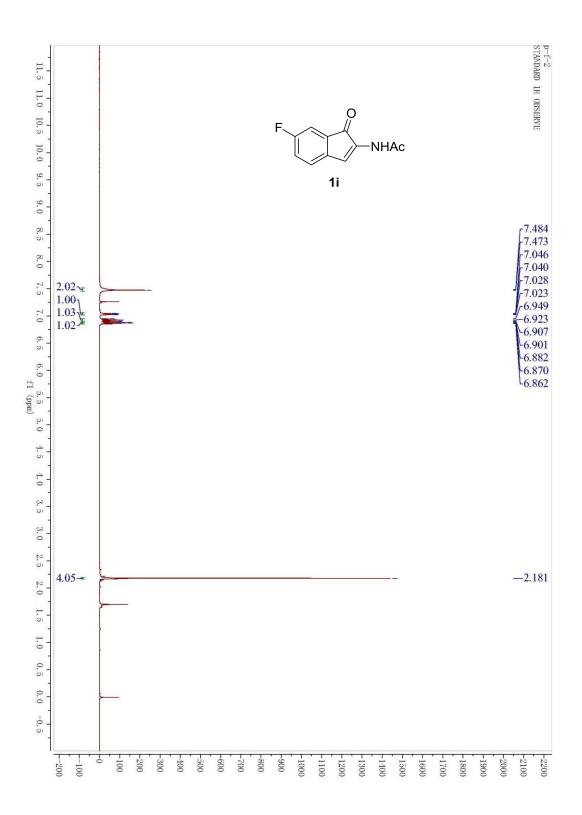


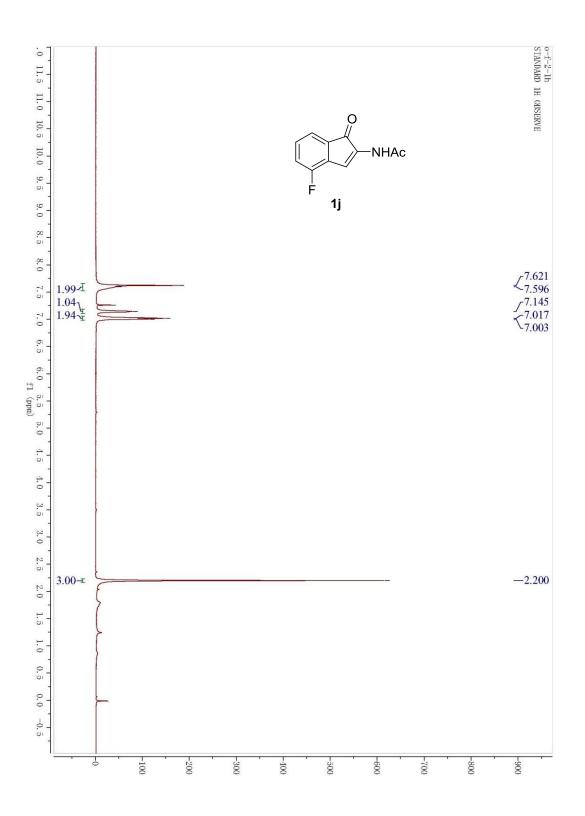


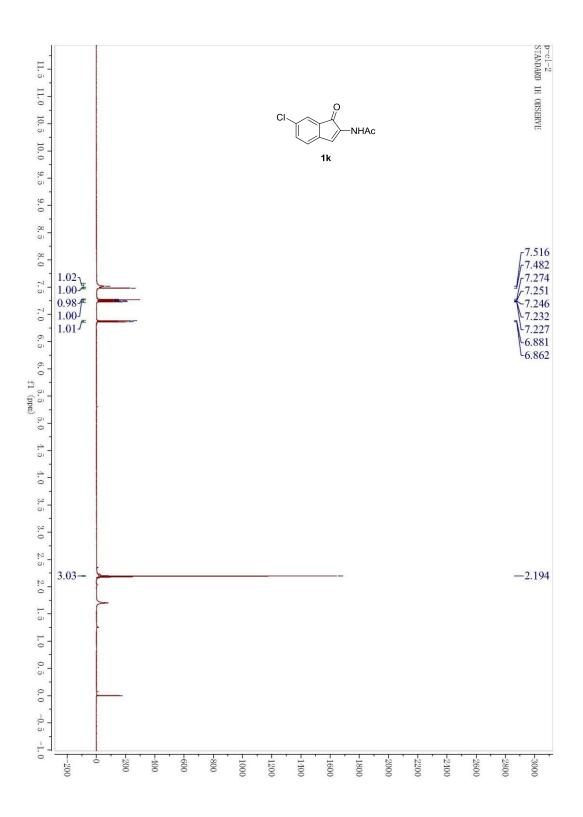


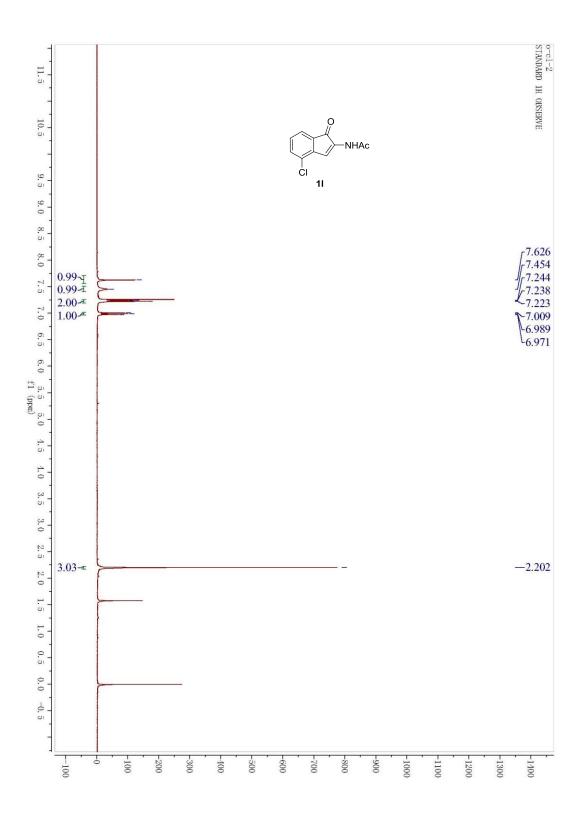


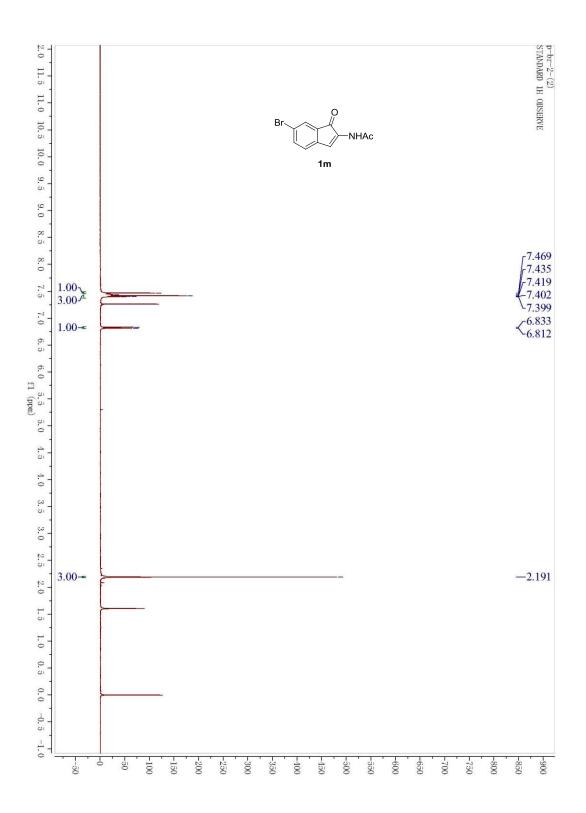


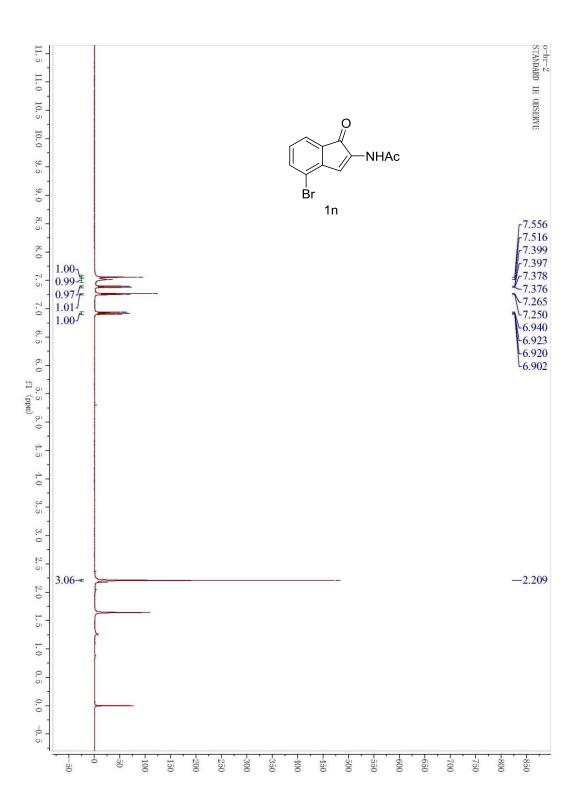


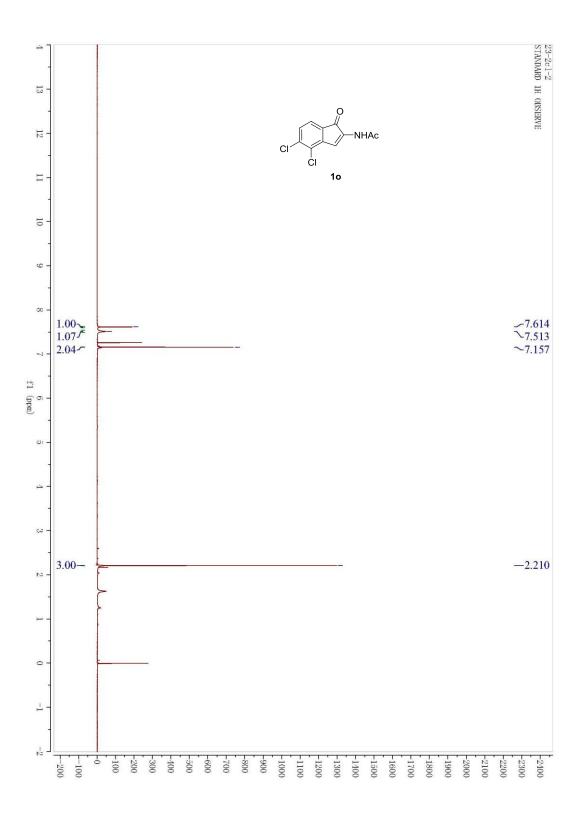


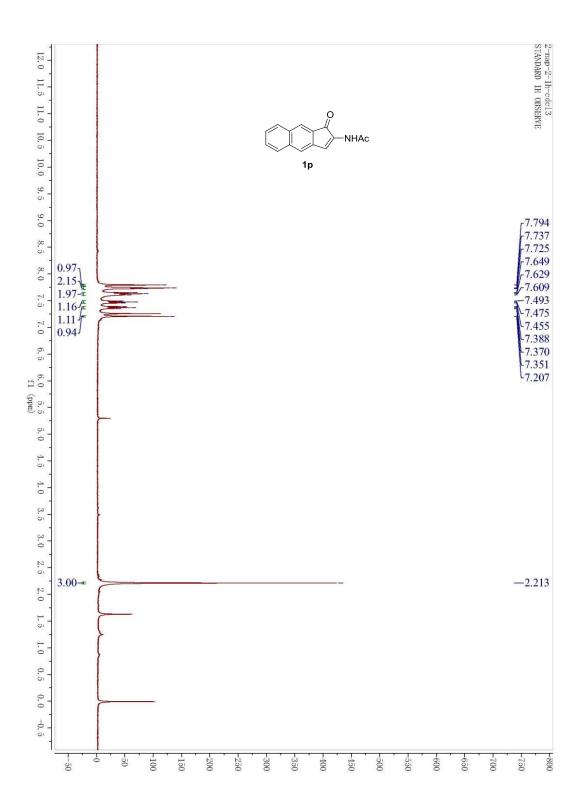


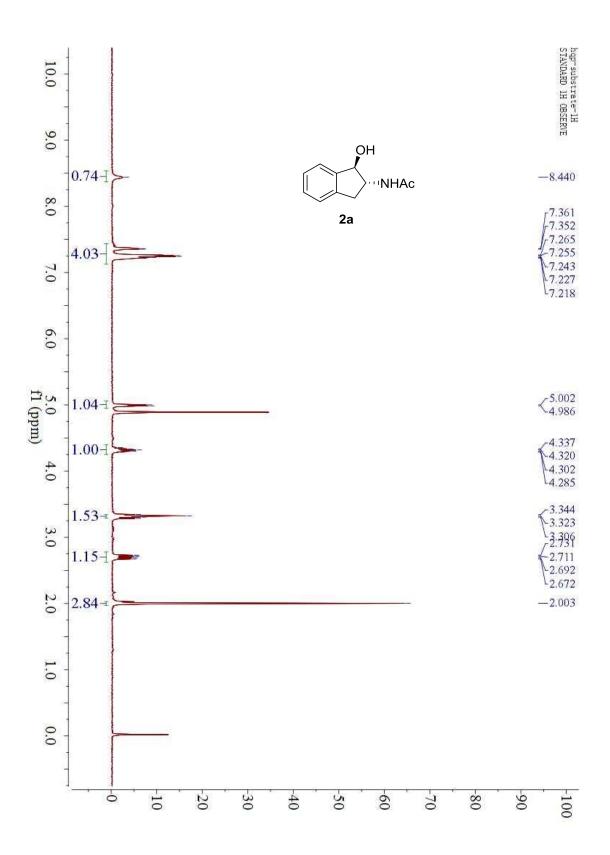


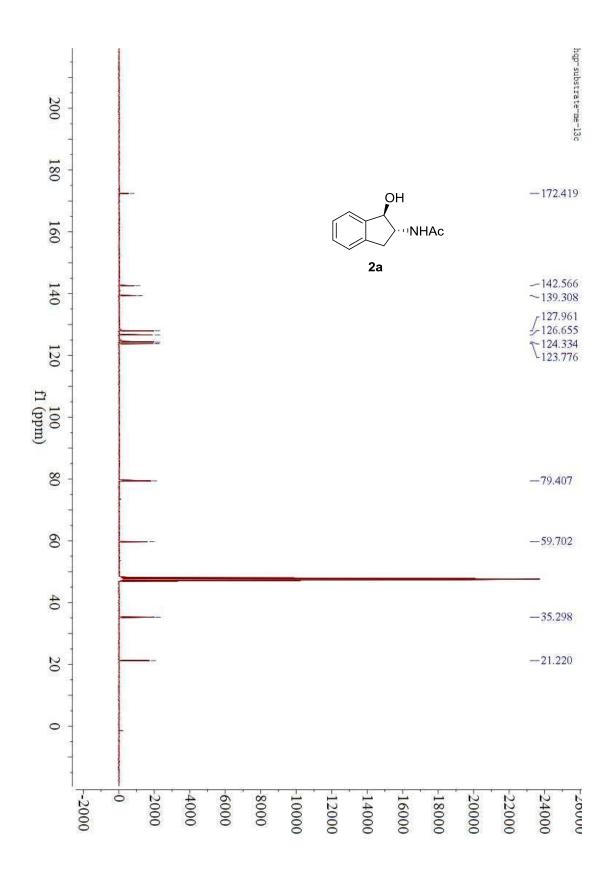


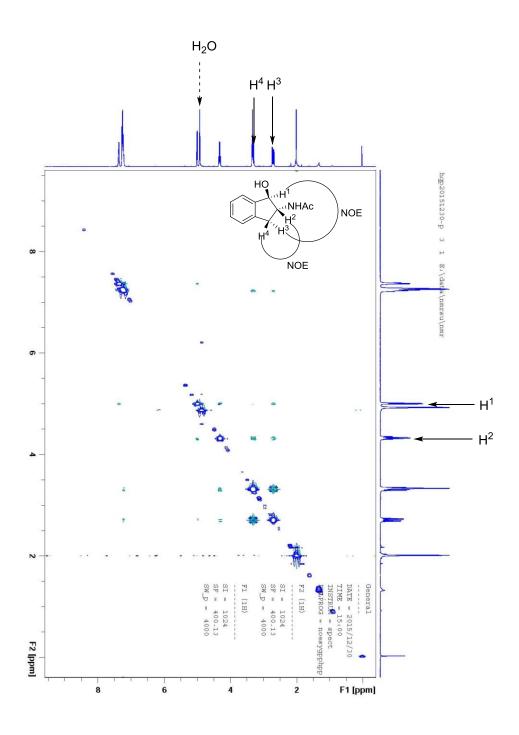


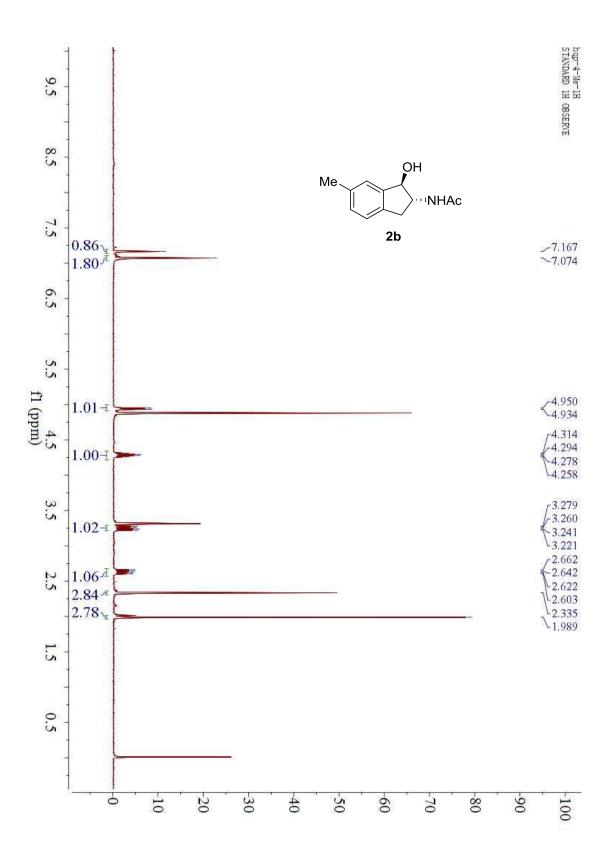


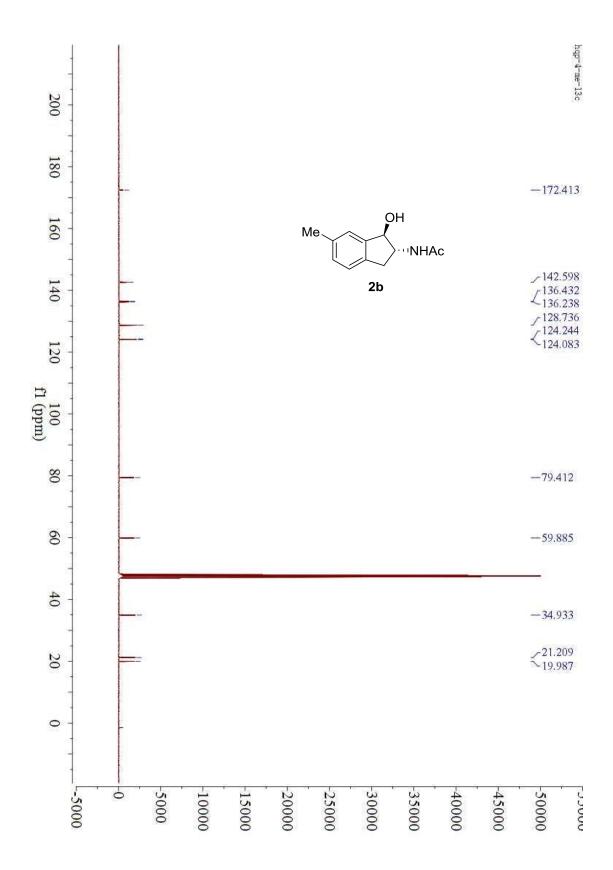


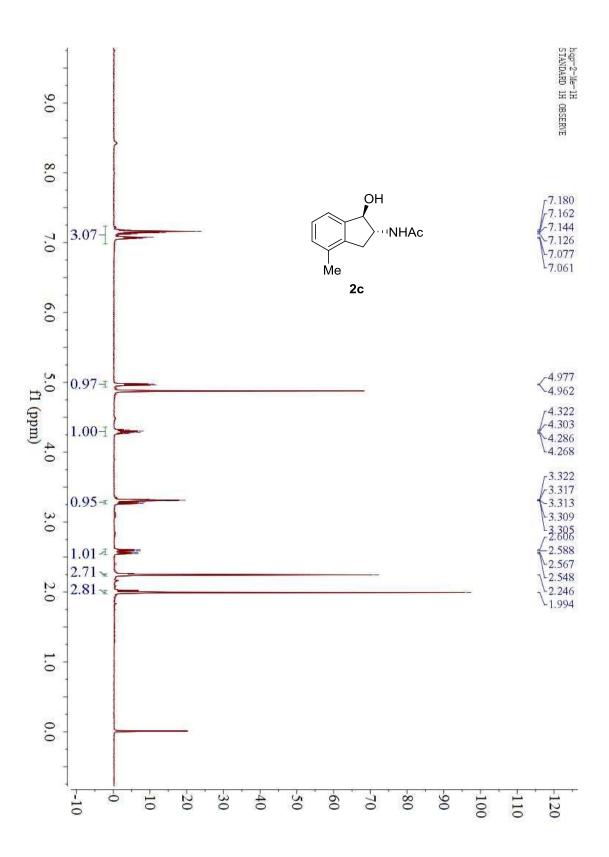


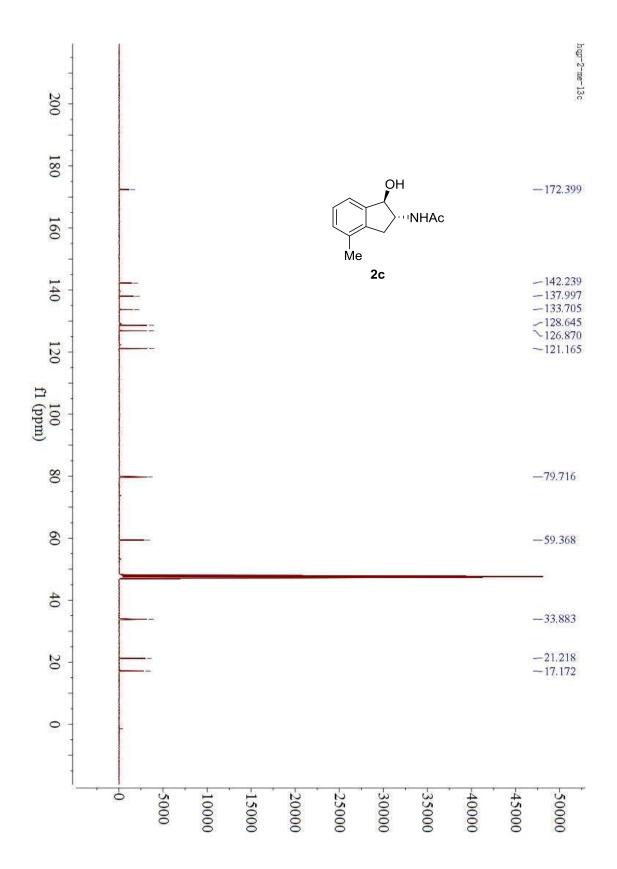


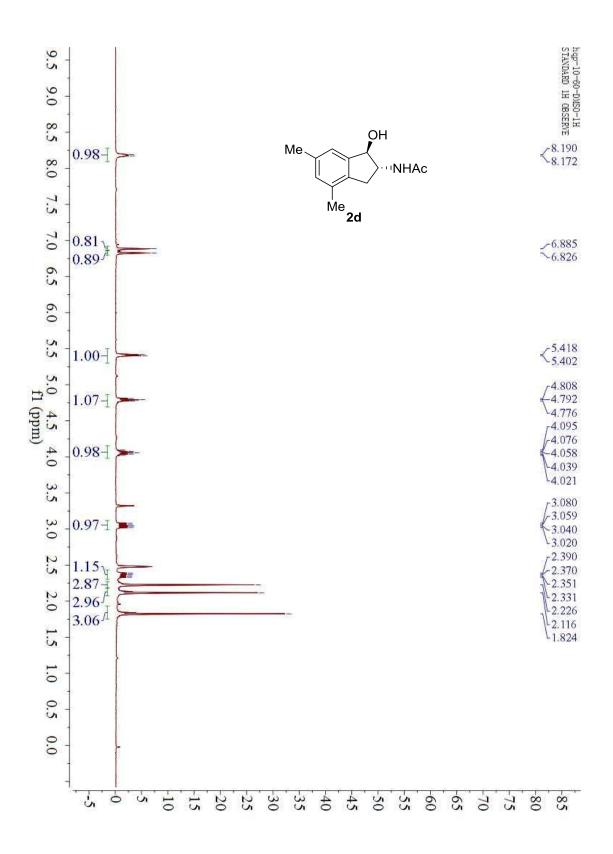


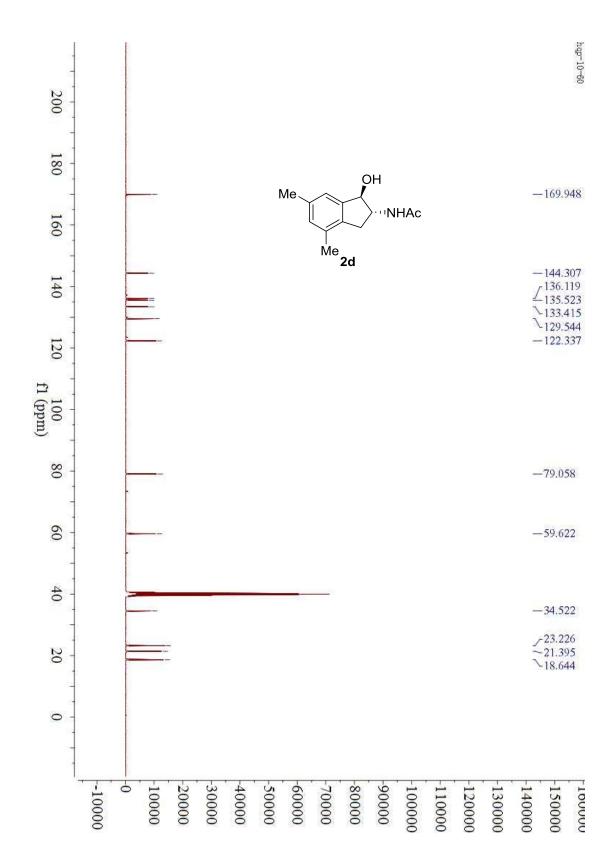


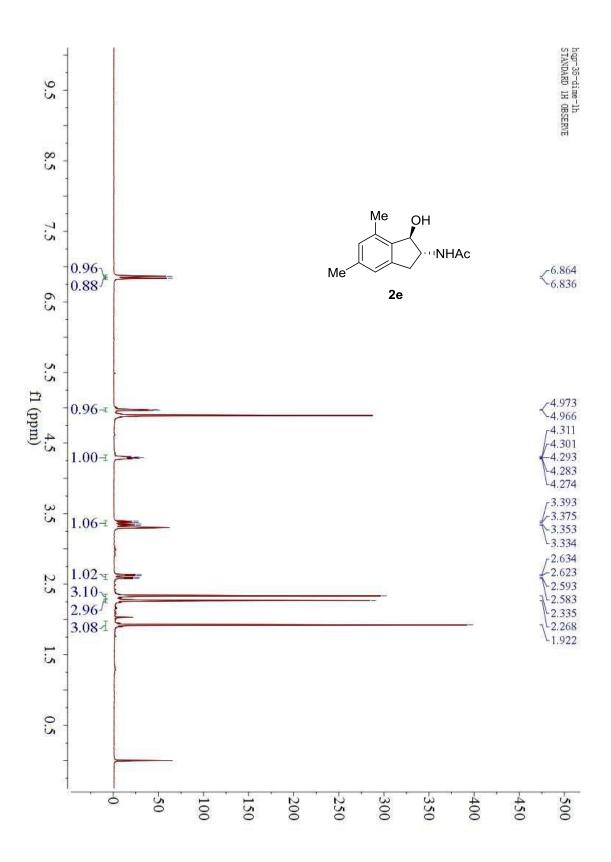


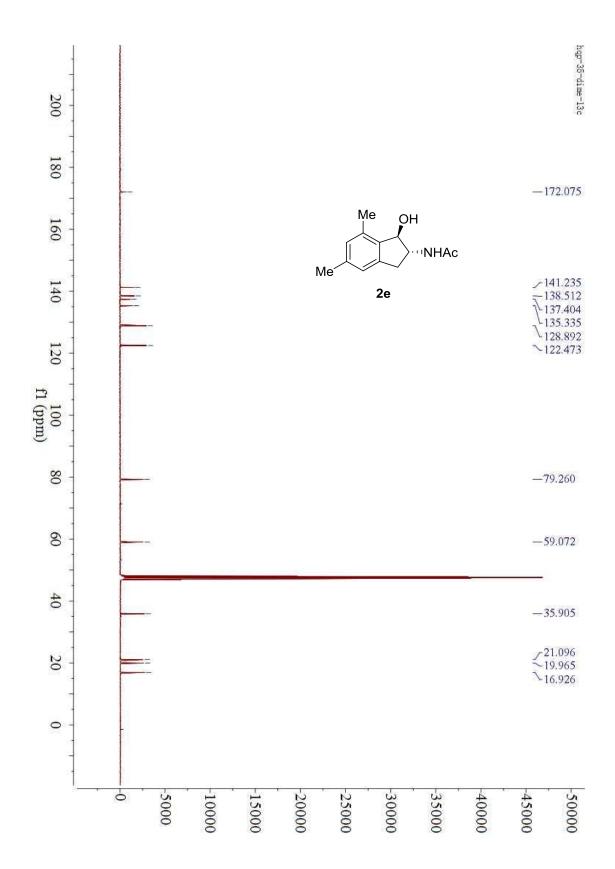


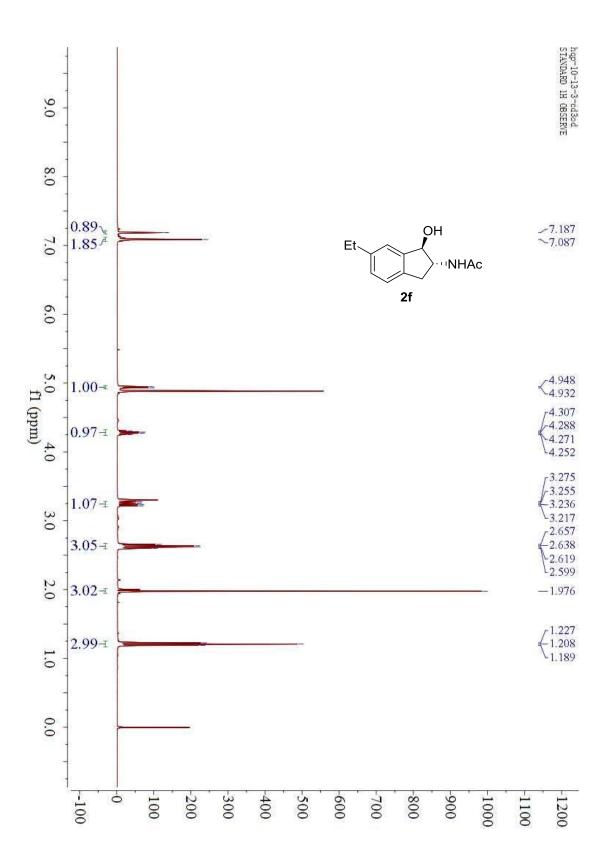


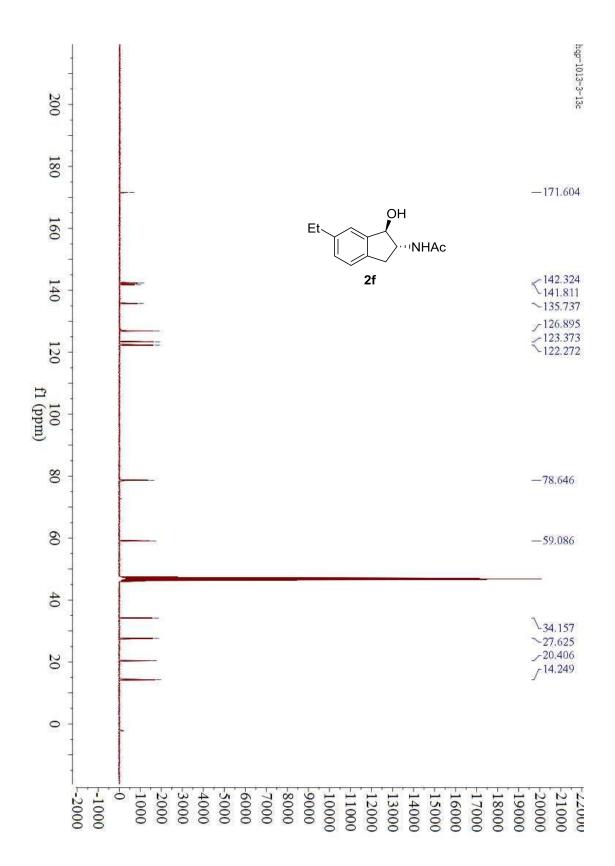


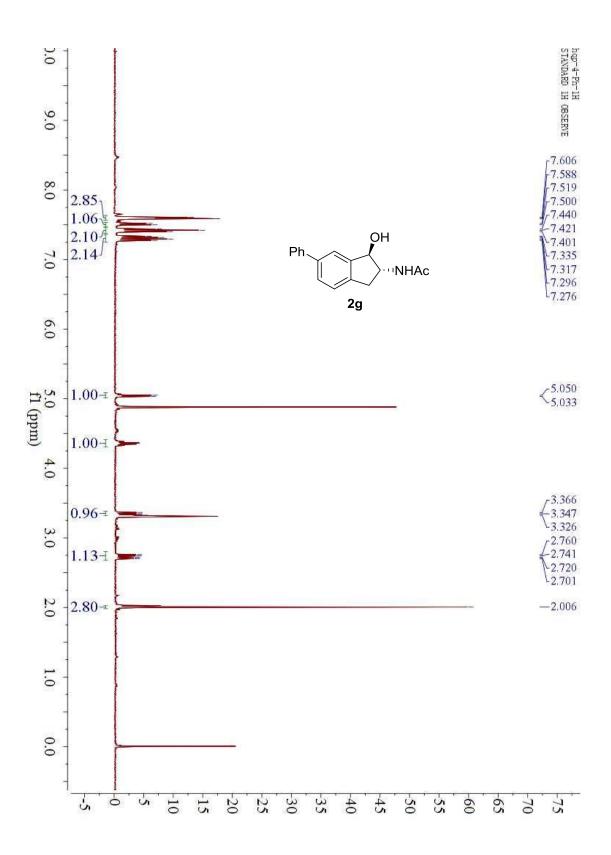


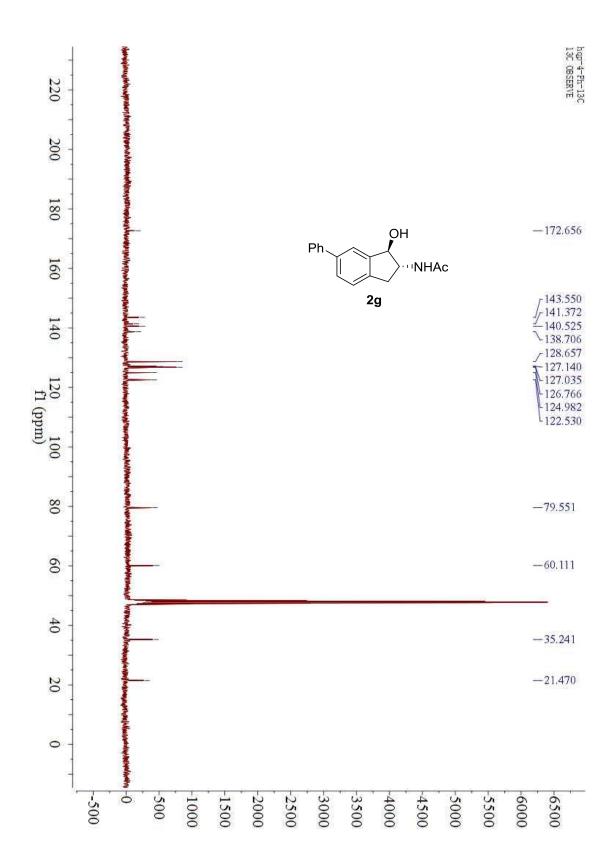


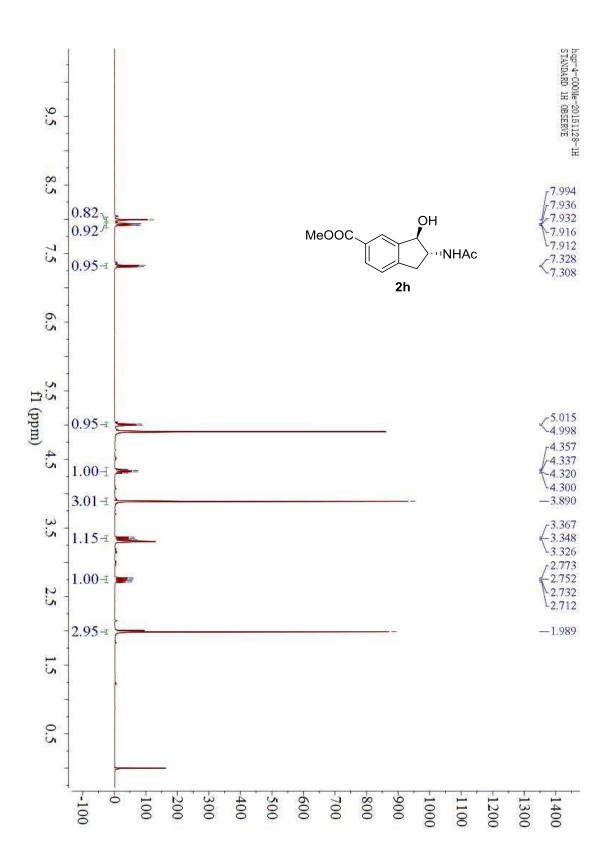


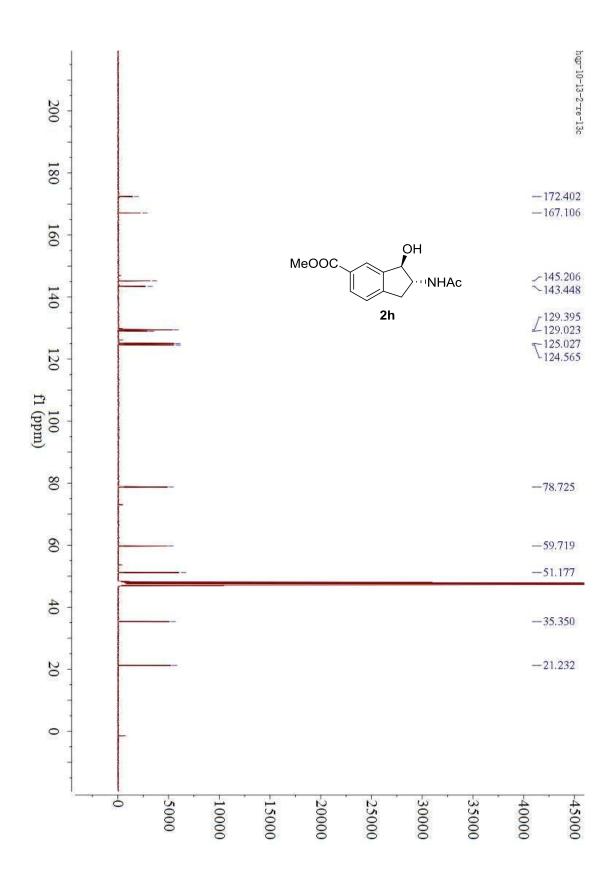


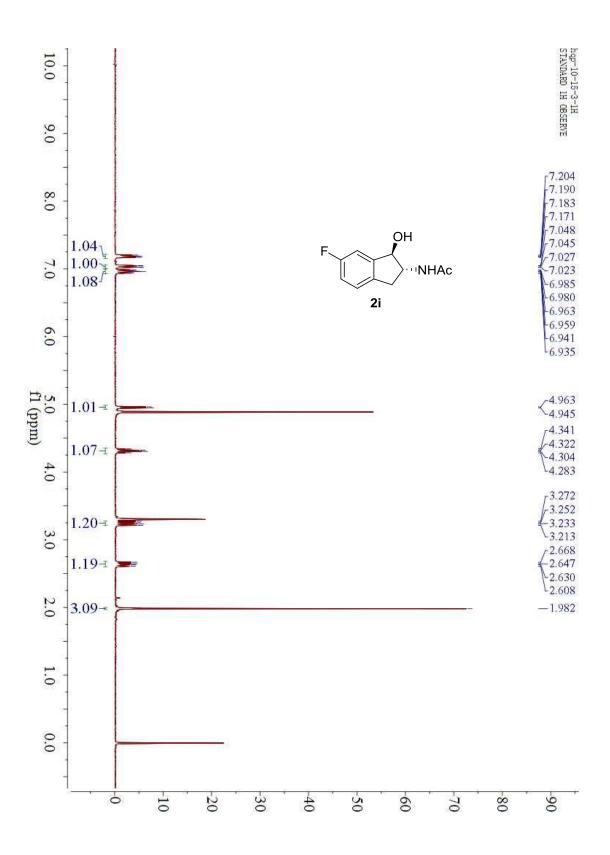


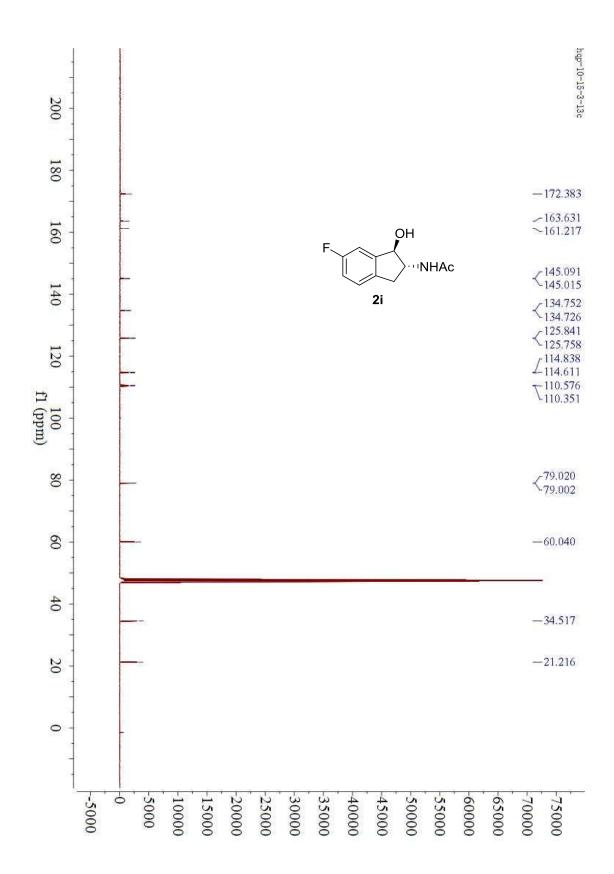


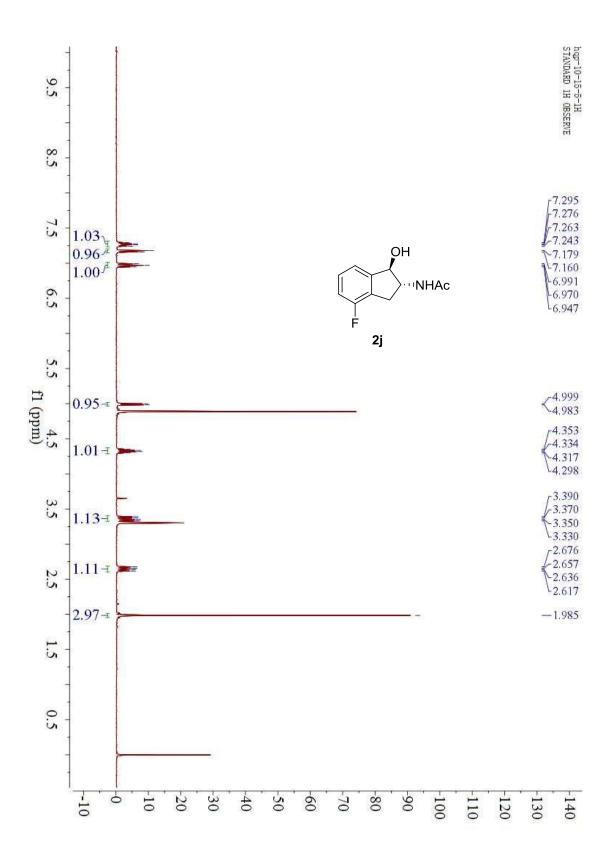


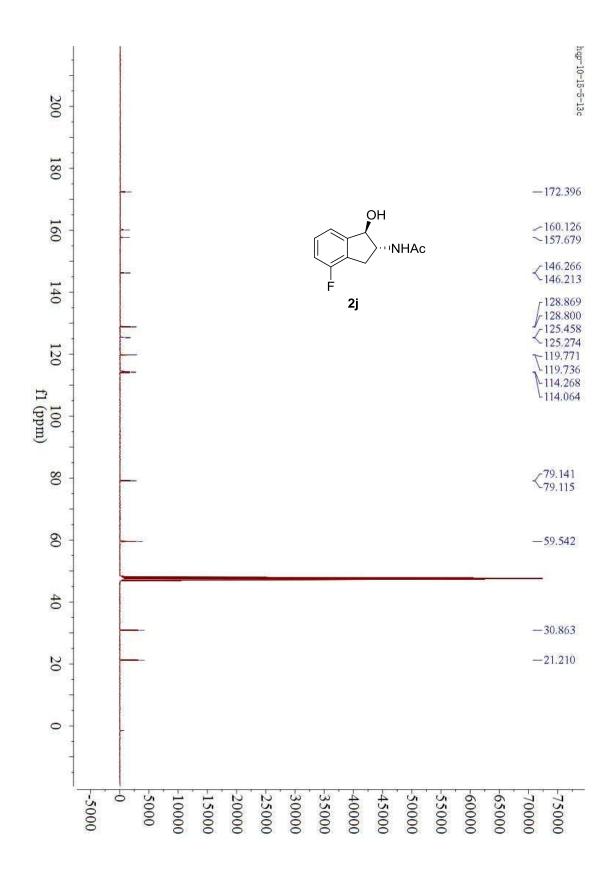


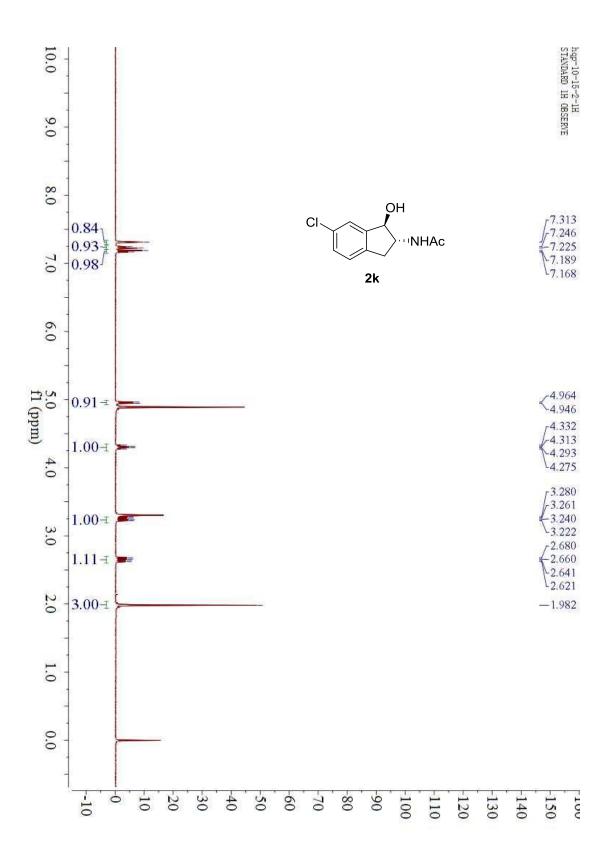


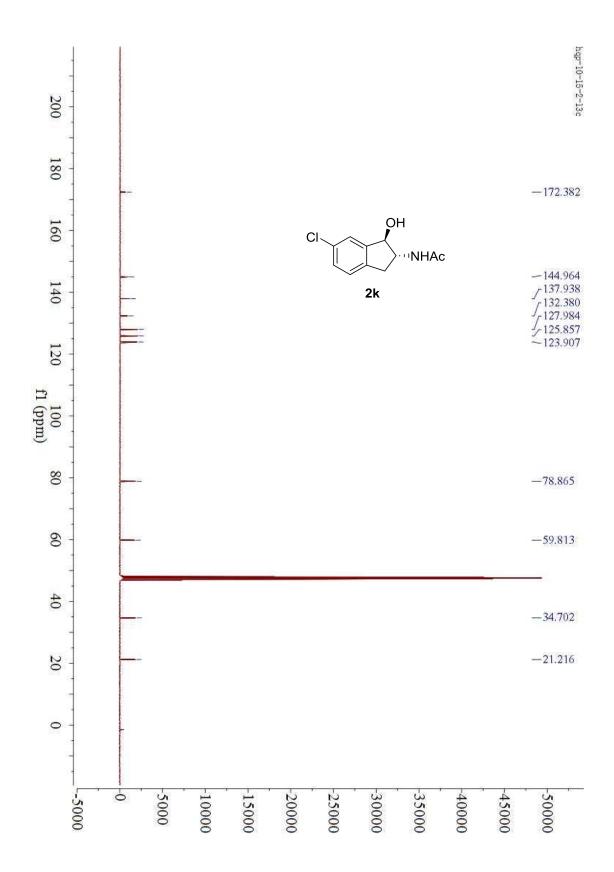


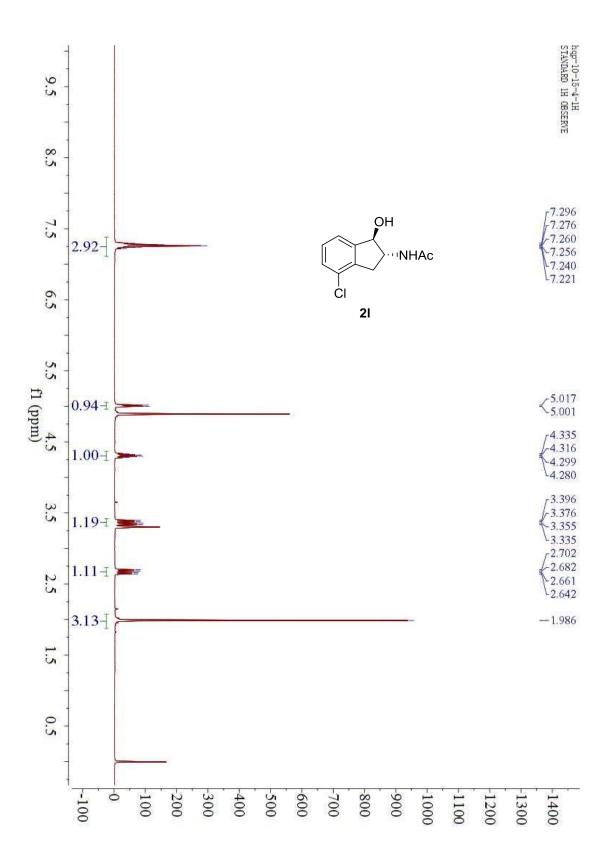


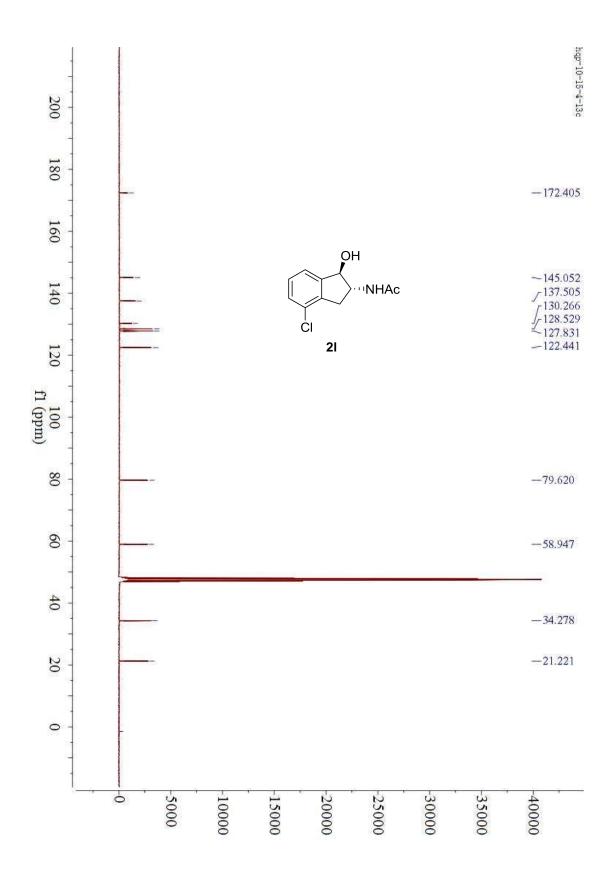


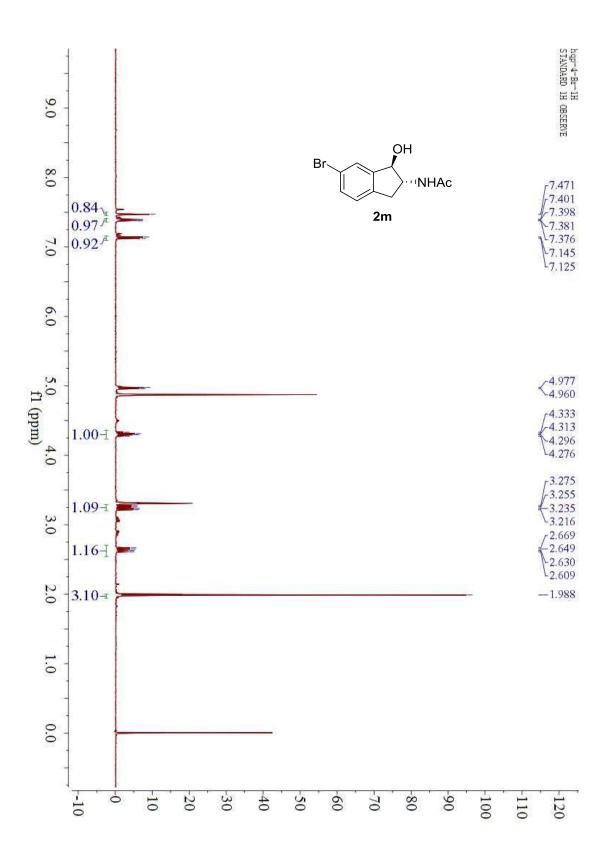


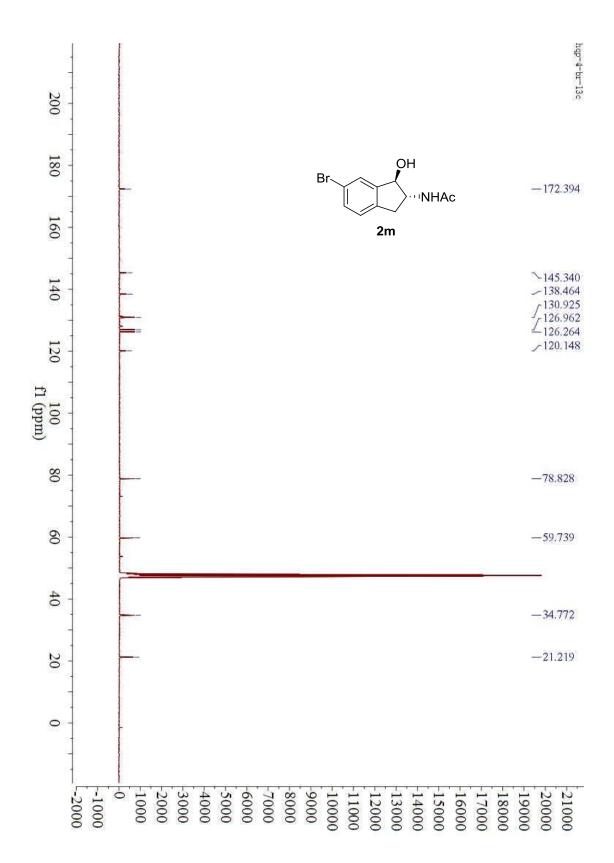


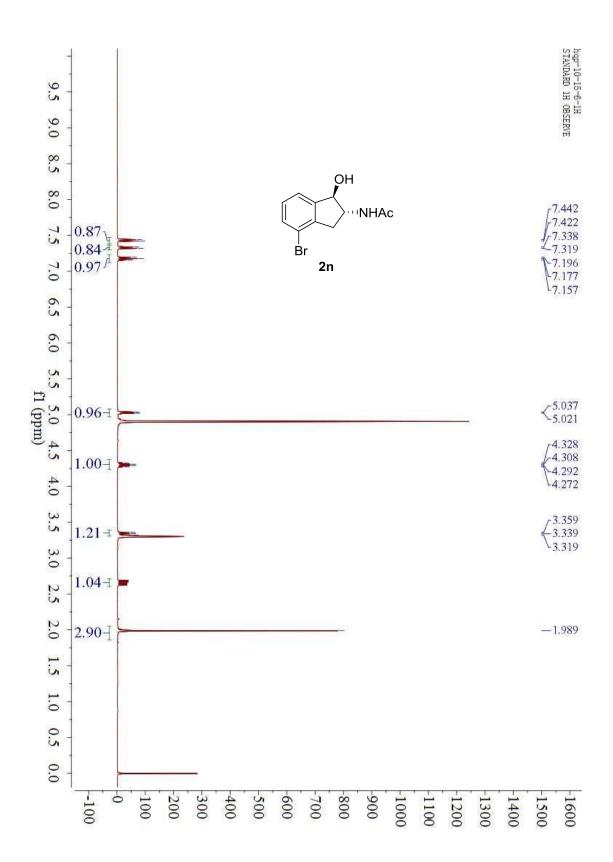


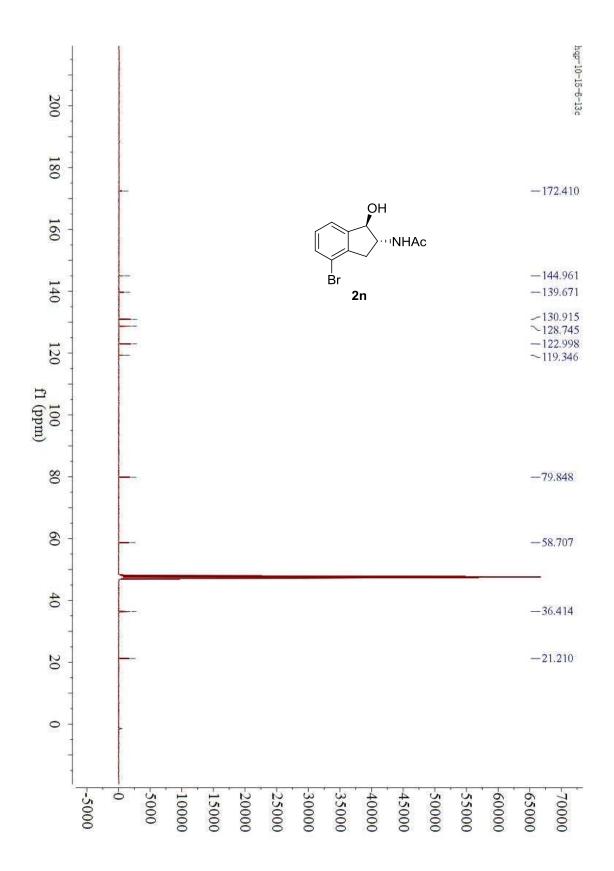


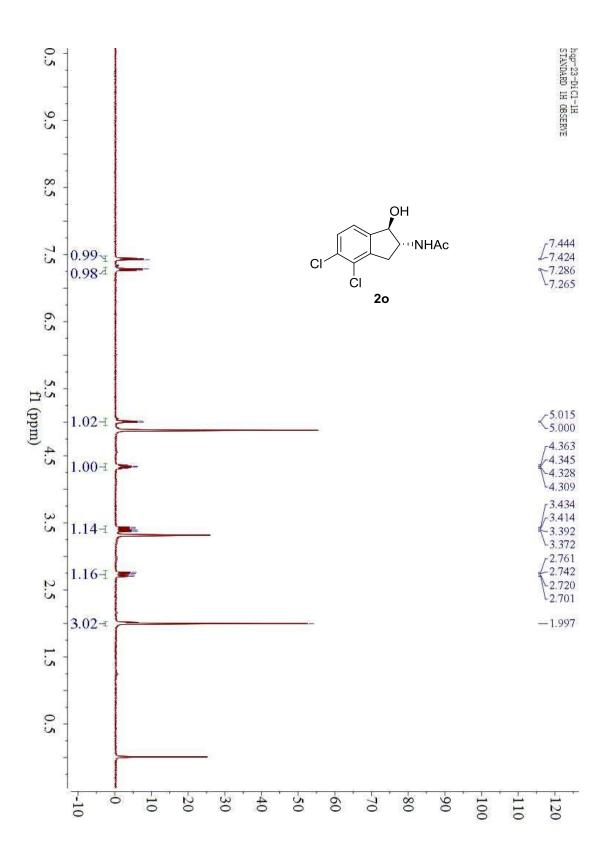


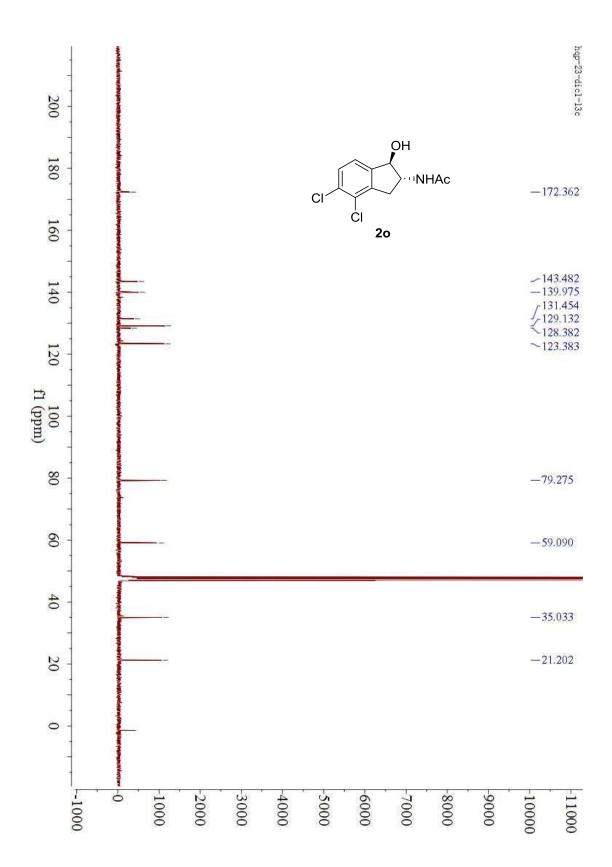


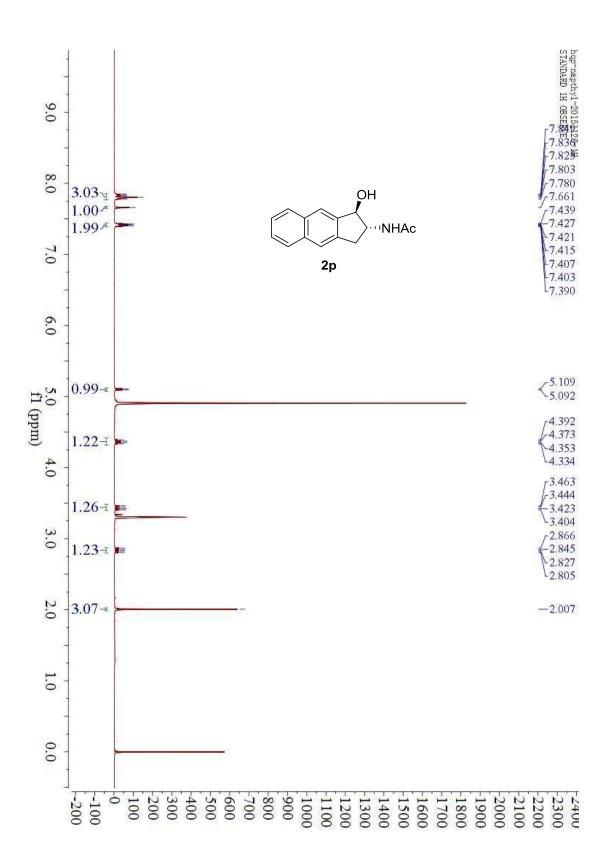


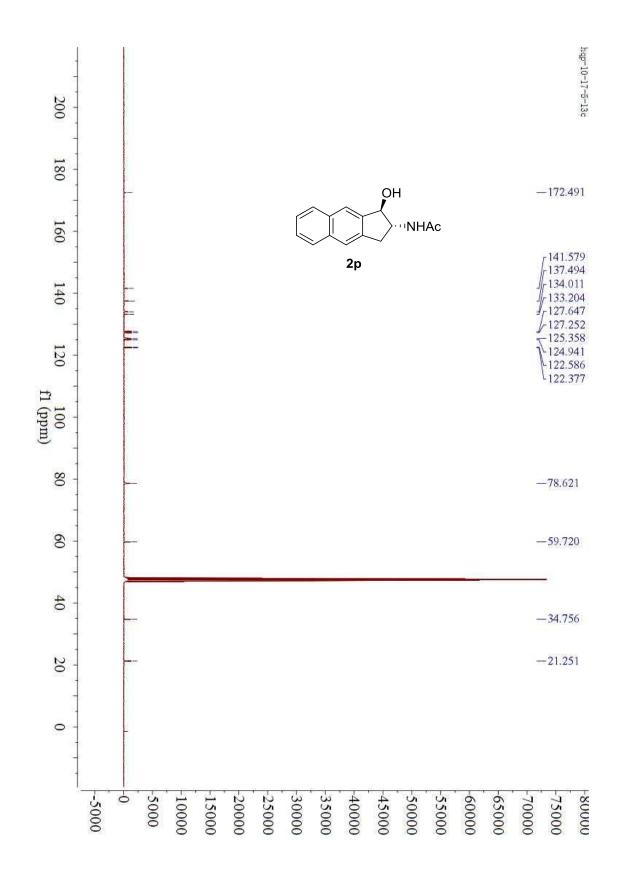


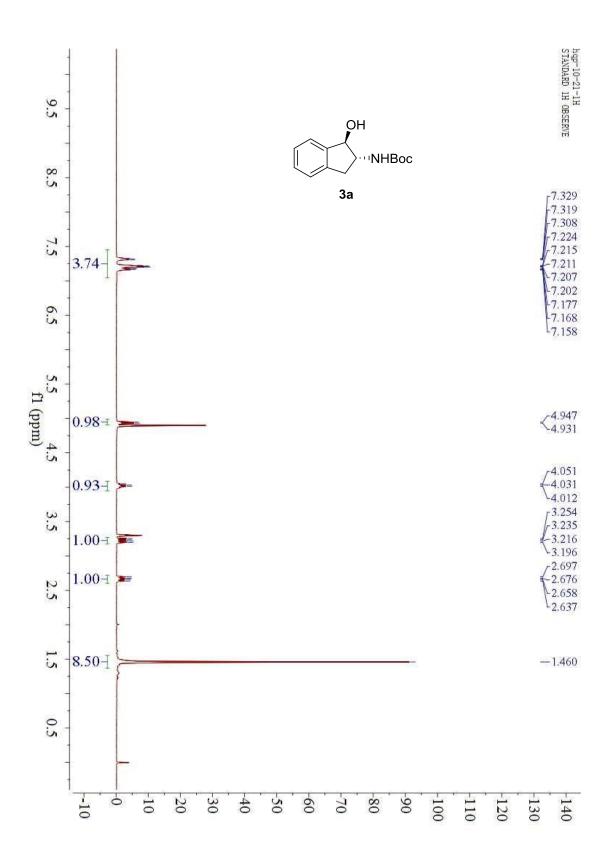


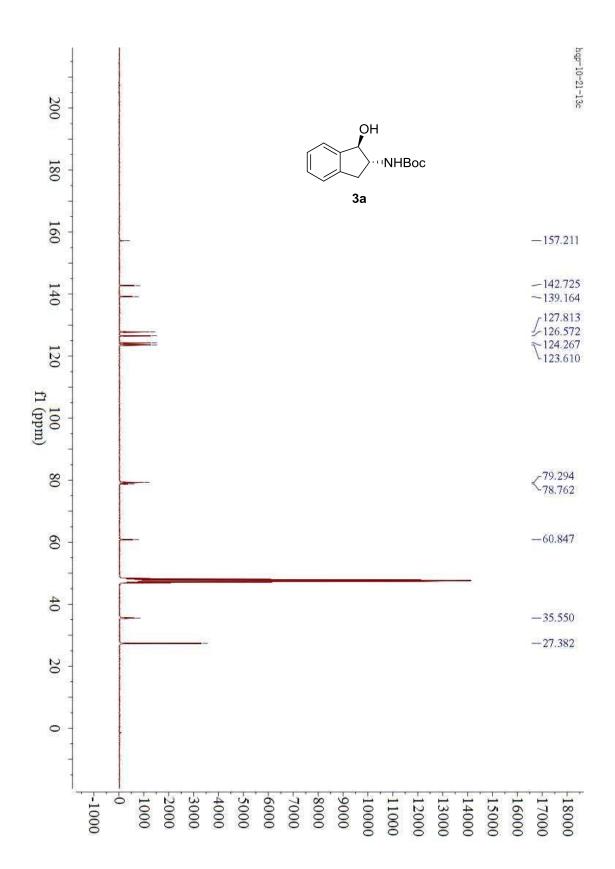


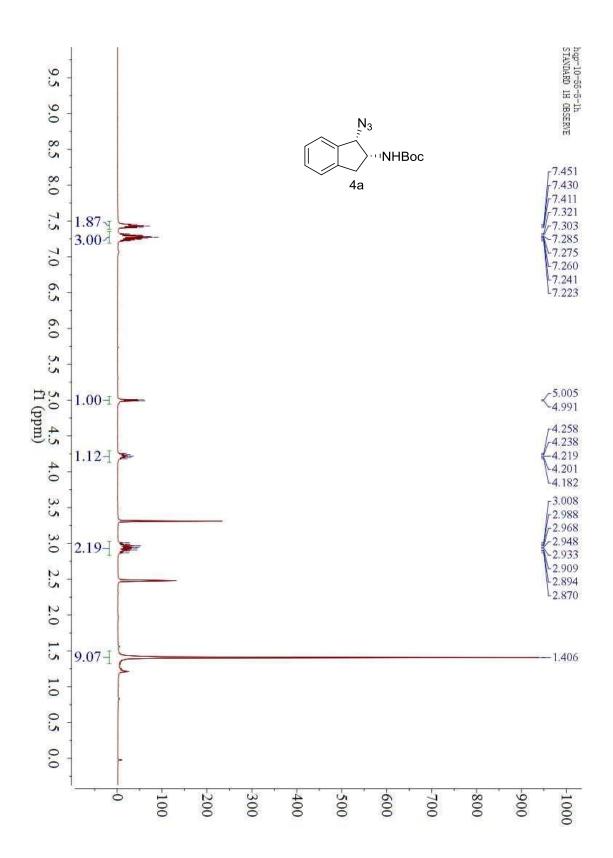




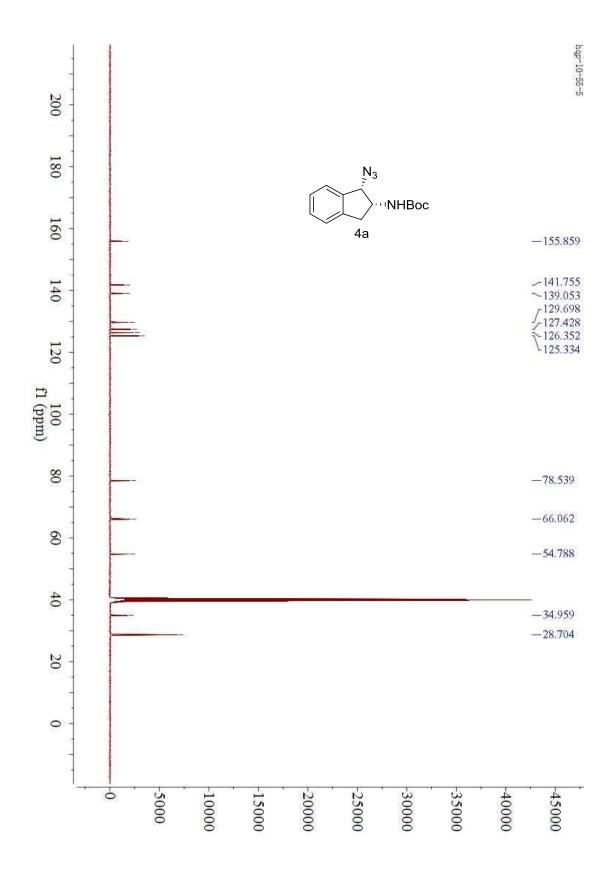








S73

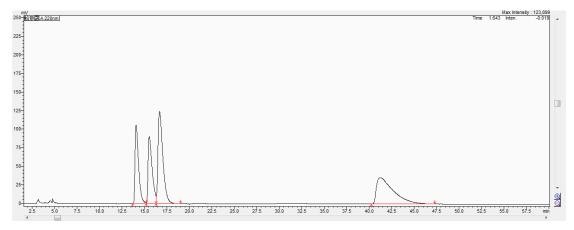


# 9. HPLC spectra

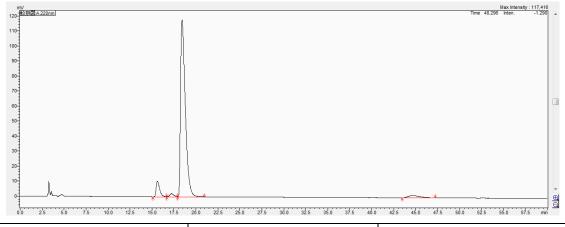
# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2a)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OJ column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

Racemic



	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	14.084	19.350
Peak 2	15.543	18.965
Peak 3	16.690	30.989
Peak 4	41.245	30.697



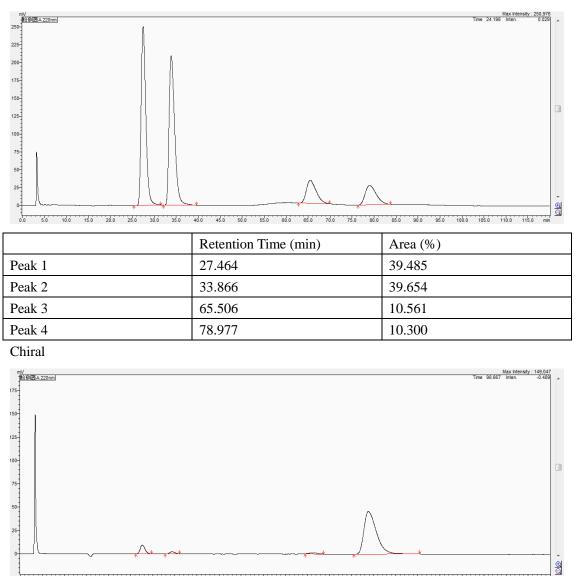
	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	15.624	5.849
Peak 2	17.218	1.324
Peak 3	18.427	90.071
Peak 4	44.625	2.756

# N-((1R,2R)-1-hydroxy-6-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2b).

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, , 1.0 mL/min, 40  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

Racemic

0.0



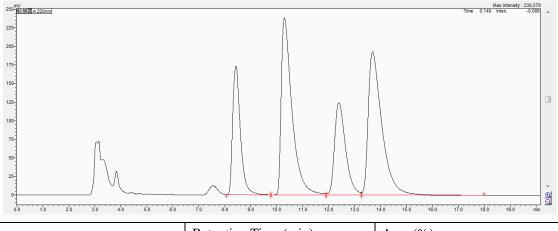
50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 950 1000 1050 1150

	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	27.642	7.086
Peak 2	34.387	1.825
Peak 3	66.324	1.545
Peak 4	78.810	89.544

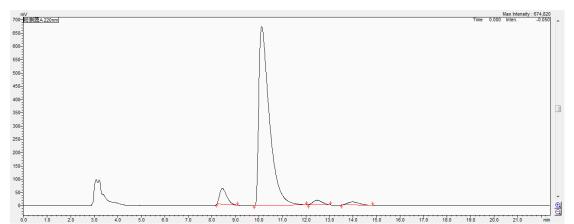
#### N-((1R,2R)-1-hydroxy-4-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2c).

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD-H column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

Racemic



	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	8.432	17.034
Peak 2	10.303	32.561
Peak 3	12.399	17.116
Peak 4	13.698	33.289

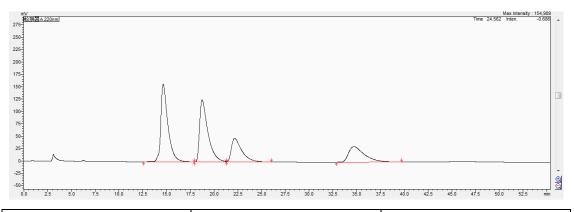


	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	8.452	5.418
Peak 2	10.121	90.746
Peak 3	12.476	1.995
Peak 4	13.976	1.841

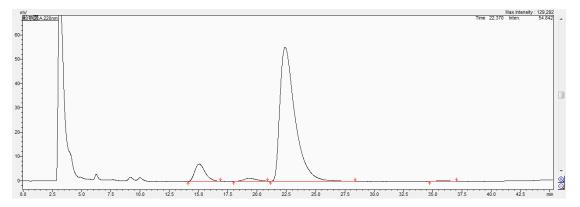
# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-4,6-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2d)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD-H column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\circ}$ C

# Racemic



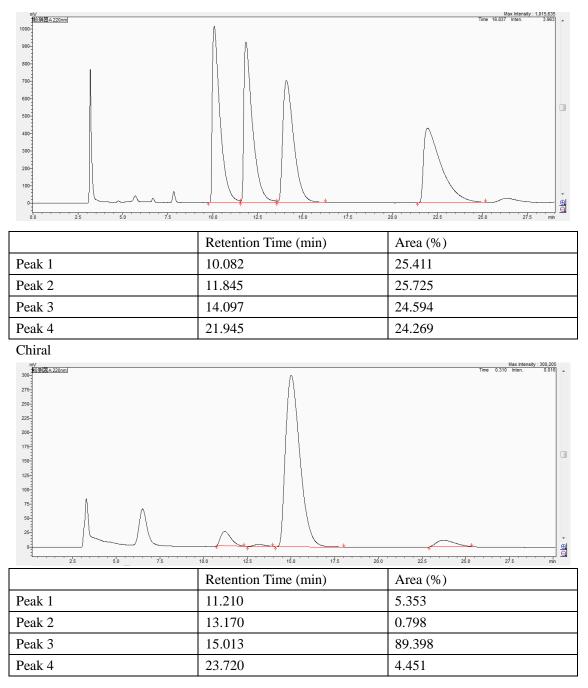
	Rentention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	14.649	35.372
Peak 2	18.751	32.968
Peak 3	22.164	15.800
Peak 4	34.701	15.861



	Rentention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	15.056	8.083
Peak 2	19.359	1.680
Peak 3	22.398	89.936
Peak 4	35.862	0.301

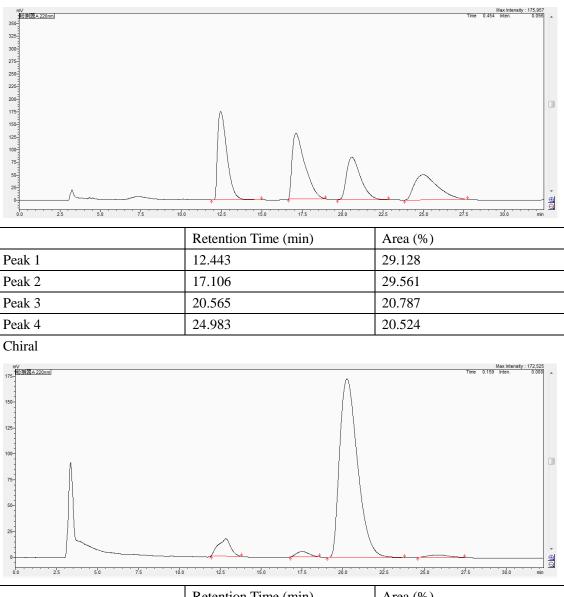
# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-5,7-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2e)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OJ column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 



#### N-((1R,2R)-6-ethyl-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2f)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OJ column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 



	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	12.840	6.163
Peak 2	17.515	1.937
Peak 3	20.250	90.374
Peak 4	25.796	1.526

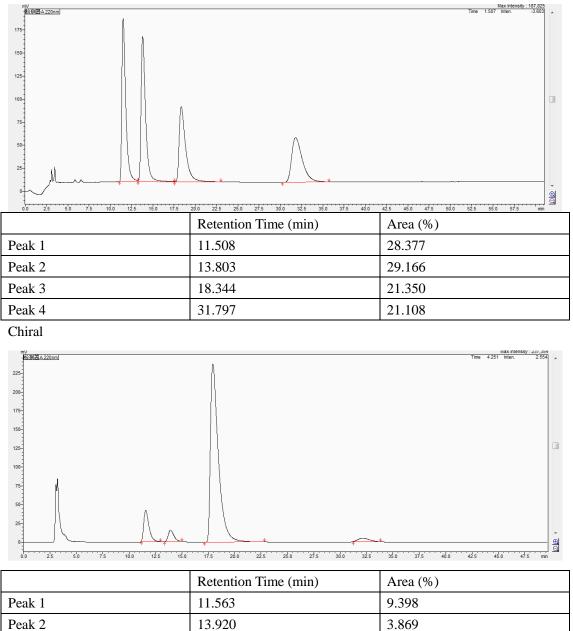
# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-6-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2g)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

Racemic

Peak 3

Peak 4



84.393

2.339

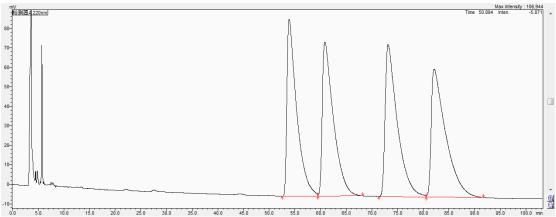
17.933

32.141

#### Methyl (2R,3R)-2-acetamido-3-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-5-carboxylate (2h)

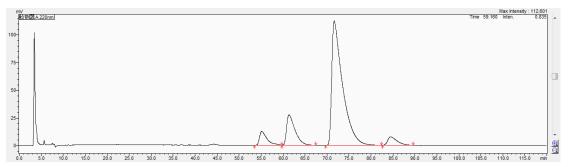
HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak IE column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 90/10, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min,  $25 \ ^{o}C$ 

Racemic



5.0 10.0 15.0 45.0 50.0 55.0 60.0 65.0 75.0 80.0 85.0 90.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 35.0 70.0 95.0 100.0

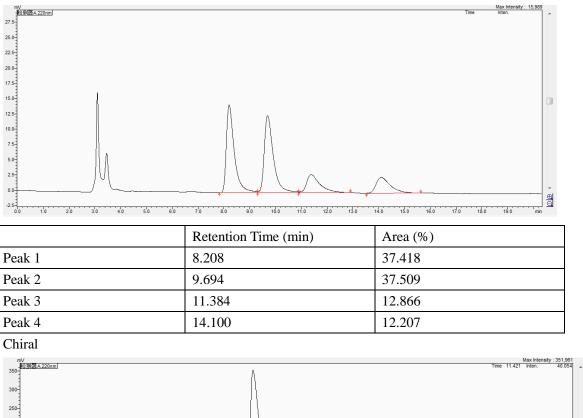
	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	53.877	24.164
Peak 2	60.834	24.172
Peak 3	73.149	25.817
Peak 4	82.128	25.847



	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	55.167	5.863
Peak 2	61.365	14.340
Peak 3	71.648	75.329
Peak 4	84.502	4.468

# N-((1R,2R)-6-fluoro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2i)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 



250				
200				
150				
100				
50	1 (	$\land$		-
0		, / _ * ~ * ~ * ~ * ~ * ~ * ~ * ~ * ~ * ~ *	<u> </u>	
	0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0	8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0	15.0 16.0 17.0 18.0 19.0 20.0 21.0 22.0 23.0 24.0	min

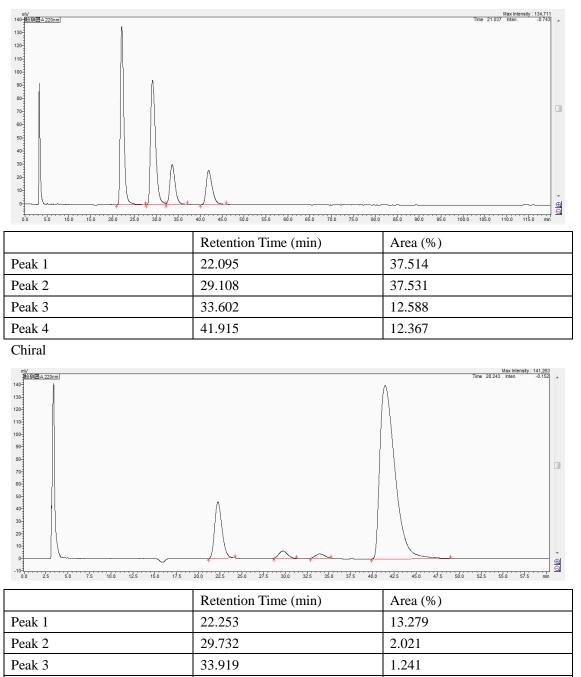
	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	8.044	12.177
Peak 2	9.626	2.891
Peak 3	10.613	82.607
Peak 4	13.918	2.325

# N-((1R,2R)-4-fluoro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2j)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40  $^{\circ}$ C

Racemic

Peak 4

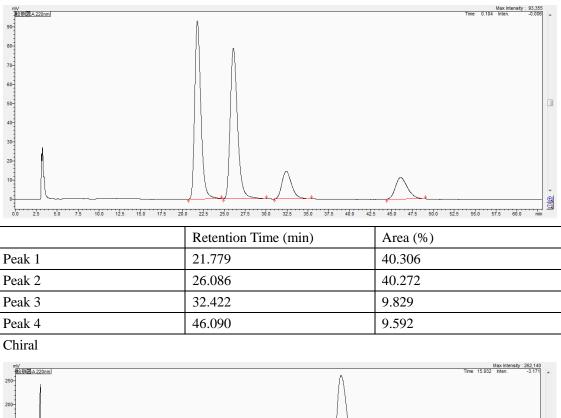


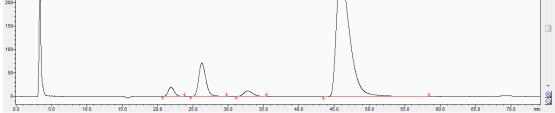
83.459

41.464

## *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-6-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2k)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40  $^{\circ}$ C

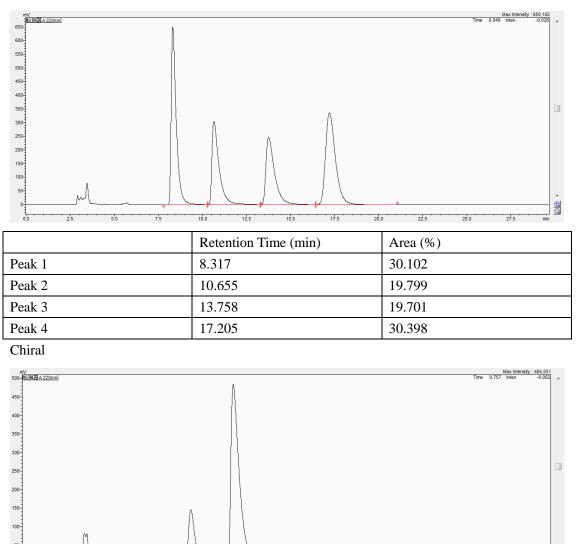




	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	21.916	2.818
Peak 2	26.276	12.020
Peak 3	32.773	2.532
Peak 4	45.974	82.630

# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2l)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

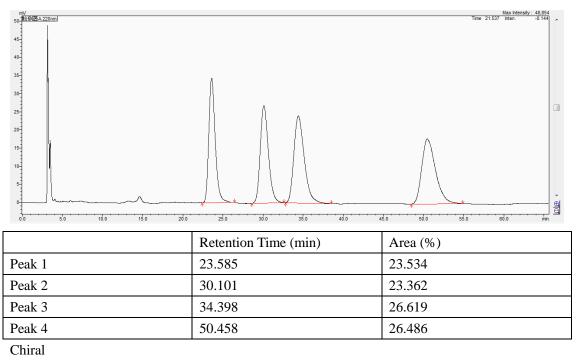


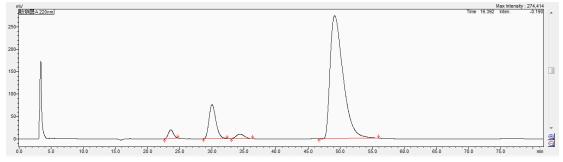


	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	8.377	17.227
Peak 2	10.491	79.619
Peak 3	14.088	1.073
Peak 4	17.420	2.081

# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-6-bromo-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2m)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 40  $^{\circ}$ C

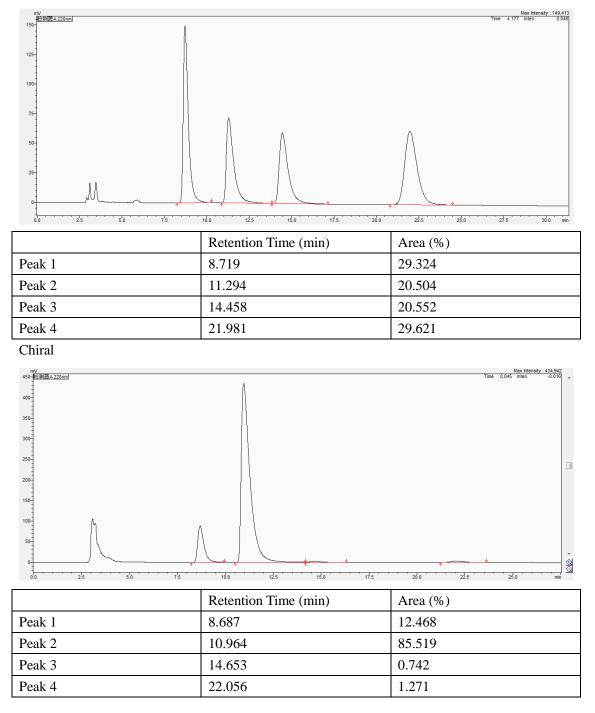




	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	23.614	2.326
Peak 2	30.030	12.211
Peak 3	34.385	1.857
Peak 4	49.141	83.606

## *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4-bromo-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (2n)

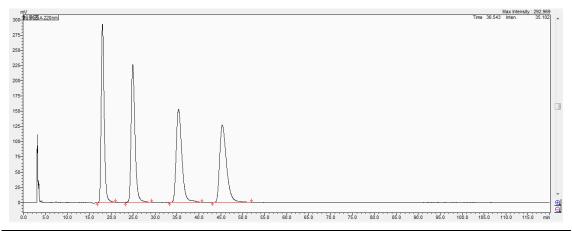
HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 



## *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-4,5-dichloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)acetamide (20)

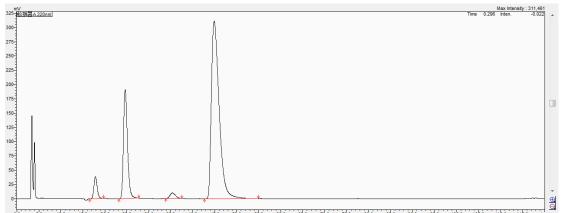
HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak OZ column, Hexene/i-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min,  $40 \ ^{o}C$ 

Racemic



	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	18.009	25.016
Peak 2	24.905	25.229
Peak 3	35.345	24.890
Peak 4	45.341	24.866

Chiral



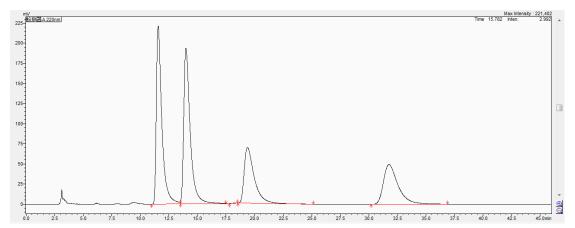
40.0 45.0 50.0 55.0 60.0 65.0 70.0 75.0 80.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 35.0 85.0 90.0 95.0 100.0 105.0 110.0 115.0 min 0.0 5.0

	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	17.852	3.722
Peak 2	24.630	22.701
Peak 3	35.391	1.627
Peak 4	44.873	71.951

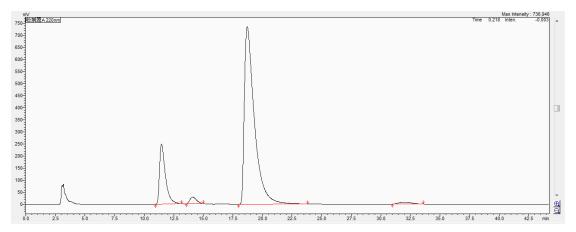
# *N*-((1*R*,2*R*)-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]naphthalen-2-yl)acetamide (2p)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak AD column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\circ}$ C

Racemic



	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	11.555	31.571
Peak 2	13.993	32.066
Peak 3	19.382	17.846
Peak 4	31.767	18.517

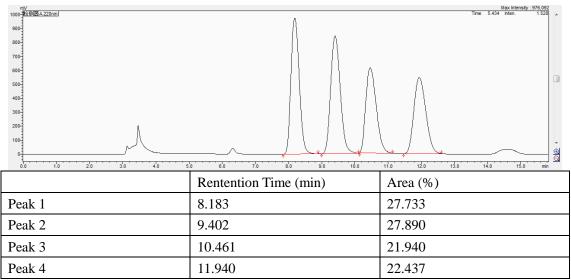


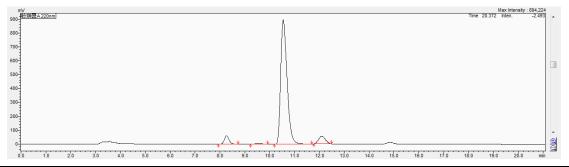
	Retention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	11.468	16.006
Peak 2	14.091	1.919
Peak 3	18.713	80.870
Peak 4	31.978	1.204

# *tert*-Butyl ((1*S*,2*R*)-1-azido-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)carbamate (4a)

HPLC conditions: DAICEL Chiralpak IC-3 column, Hexene/*i*-PrOH = 98/2, 220 nm, 1.0 mL/min, 25  $^{\circ}$ C

Racemic





	Rentention Time (min)	Area (%)
Peak 1	8.264	4.391
Peak 2	9.554	0.458
Peak 3	10.547	89.277
Peak 4	12.097	5.874