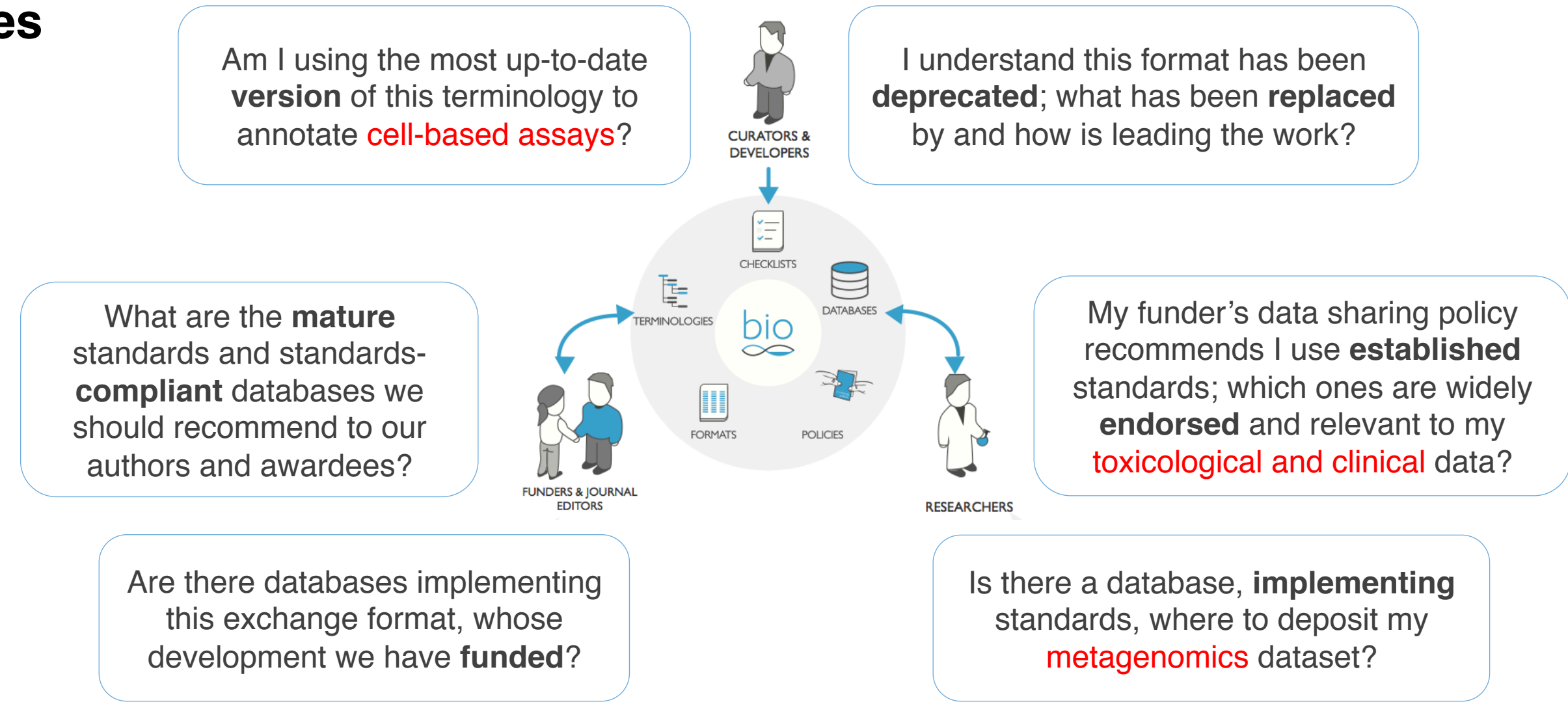


BioSharing maps the landscape of community developed standards, databases and data policies, ensuring they are registered, informative and discoverable, by monitoring their:

- ✓ development, evolution and integration
- ✓ implementation and use in databases
- ✓ adoption in data policies by funders and journals
- ✓ maturity, collecting metrics of usage and levels of endorsement

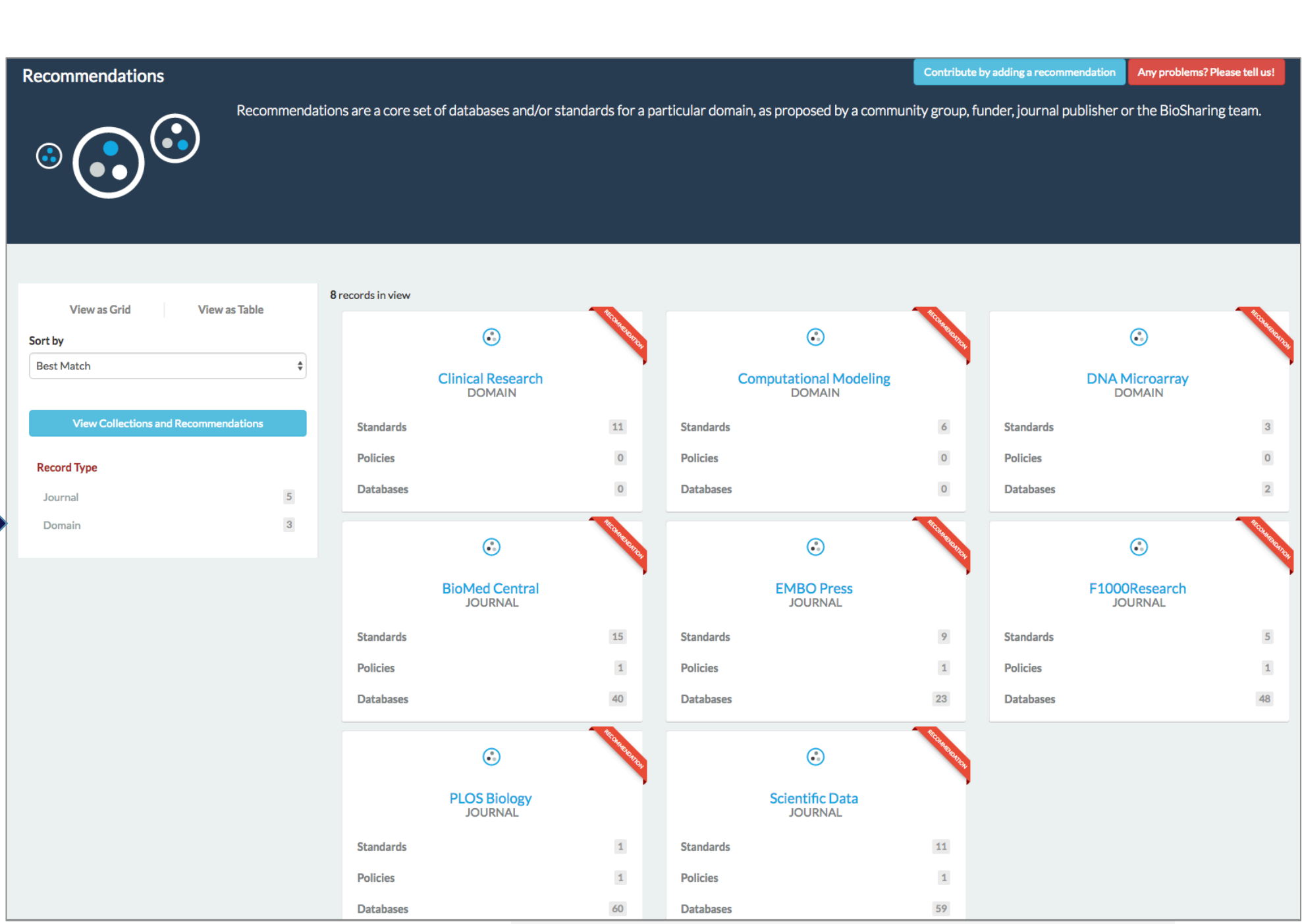
BioSharing offers extensive content, a network of linked collaborators, and growing visibility and recognition from groups and organizations, including funders and journals.



With over 600+ standards and 700+ databases it's often difficult to know which are the most relevant resources for a specific domain.

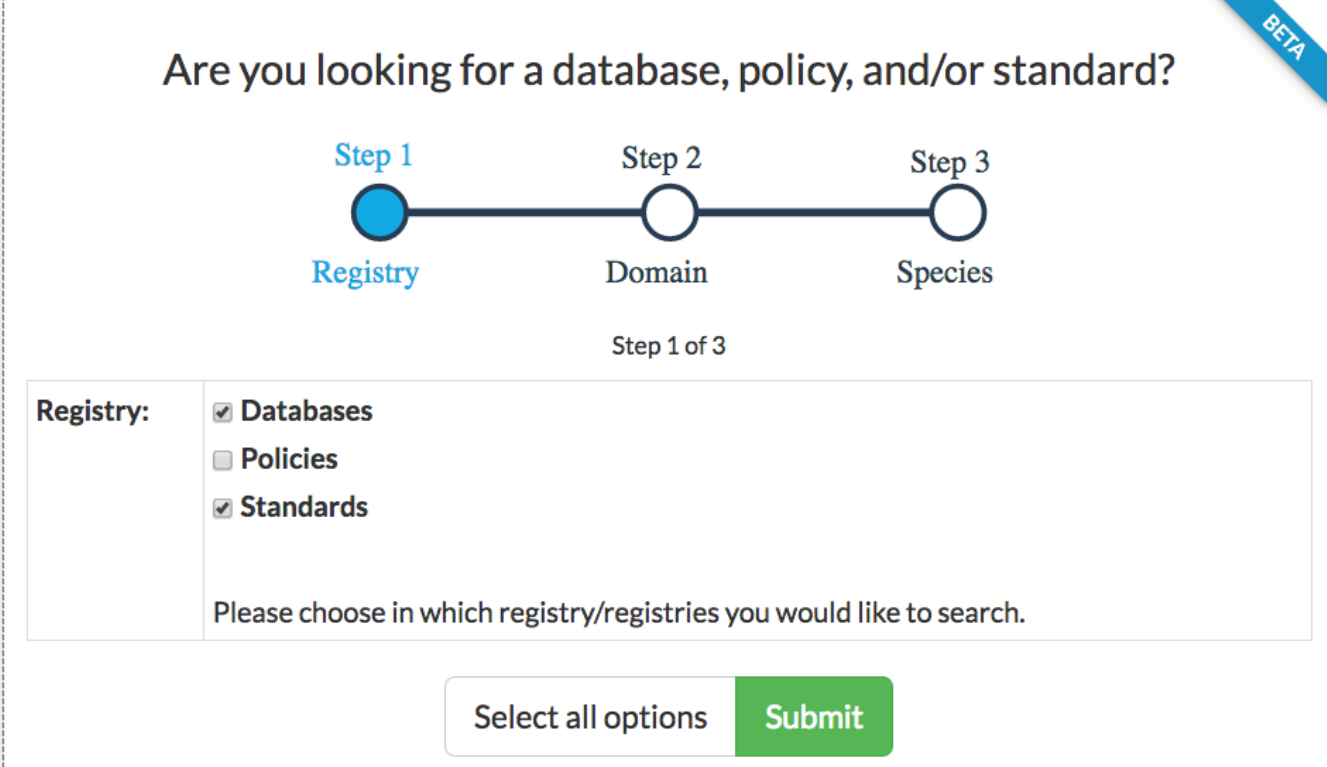
This is how we can help you find what you need!

We provide you several search options



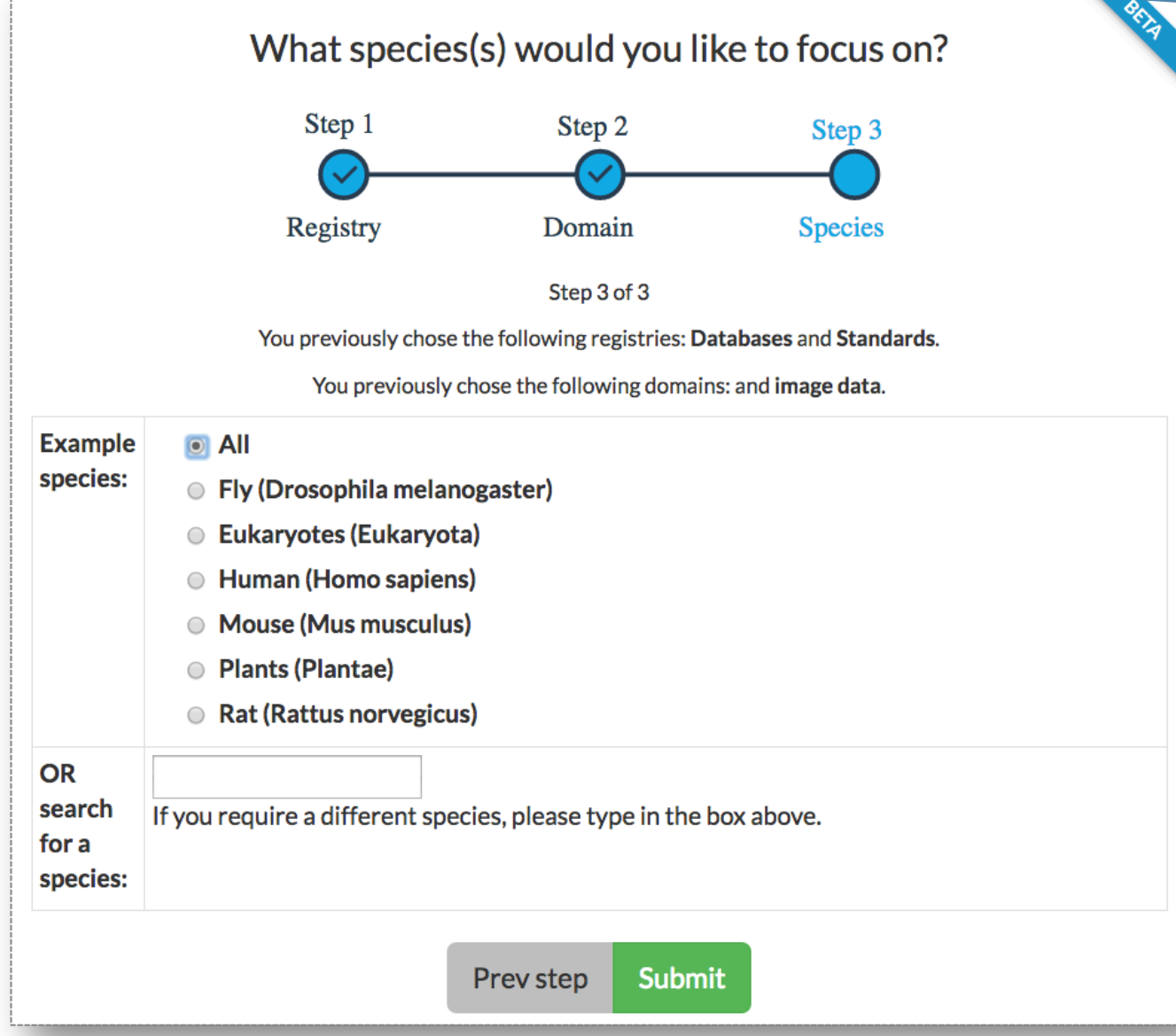
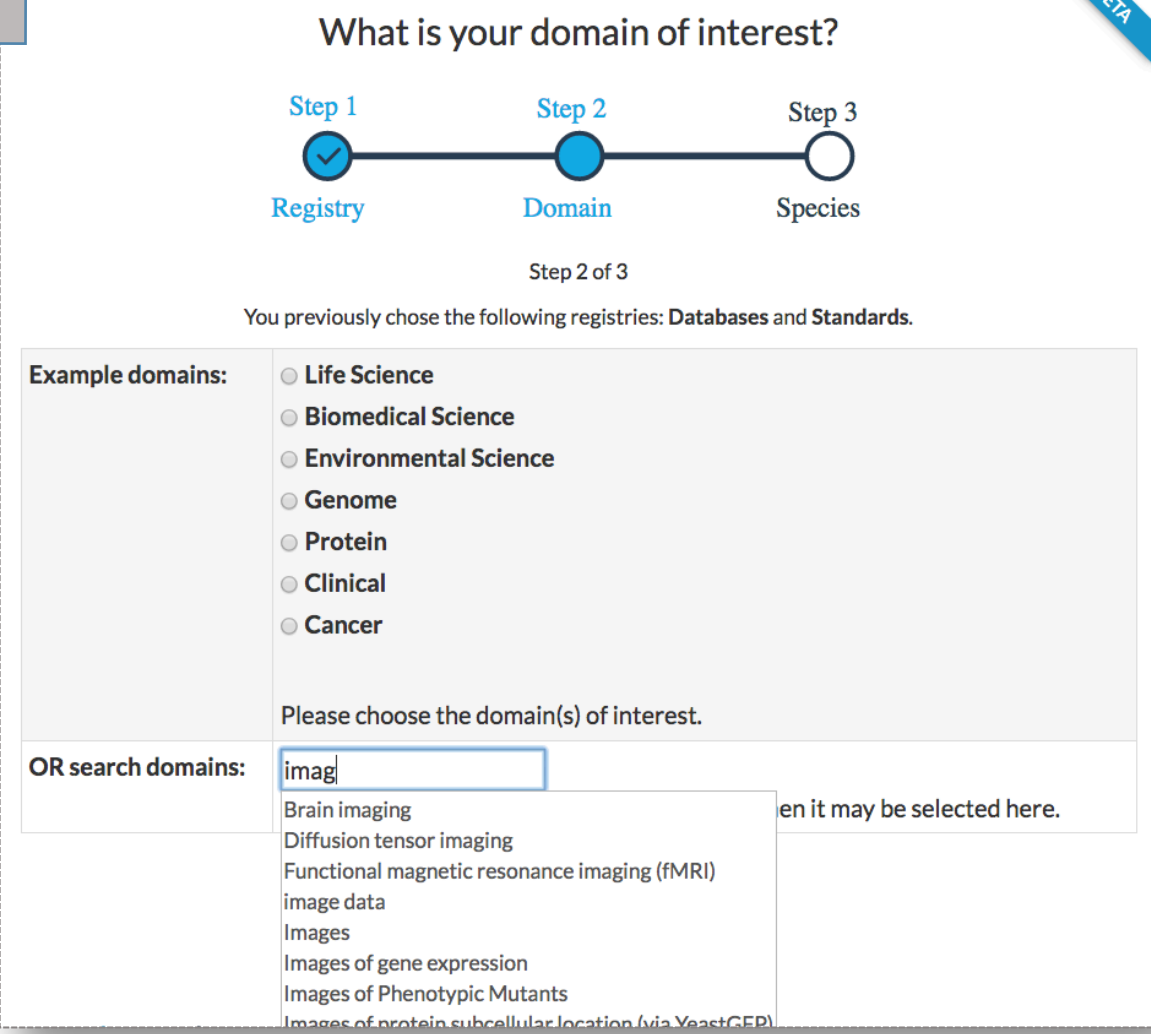
Recommendations

A core-set of resources that are selected and proposed by a community group or organization.

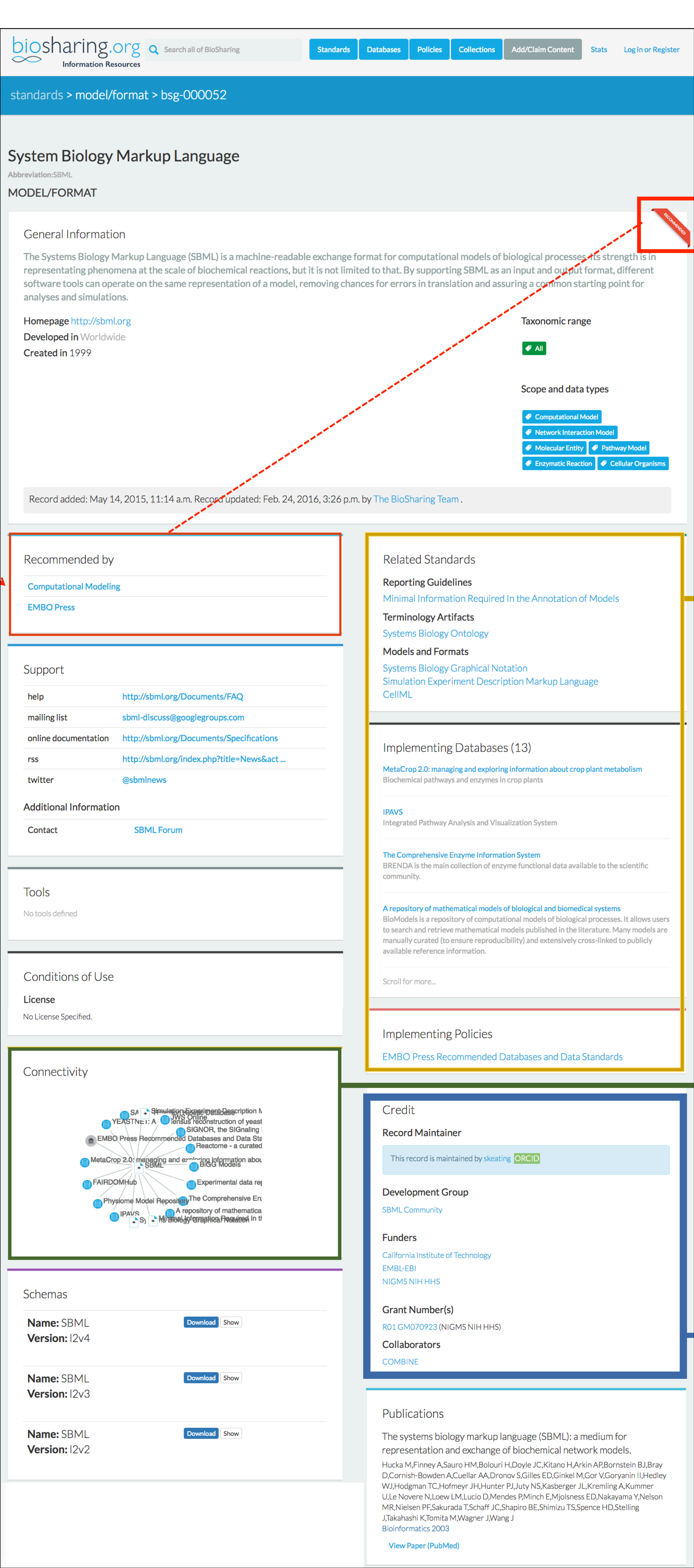
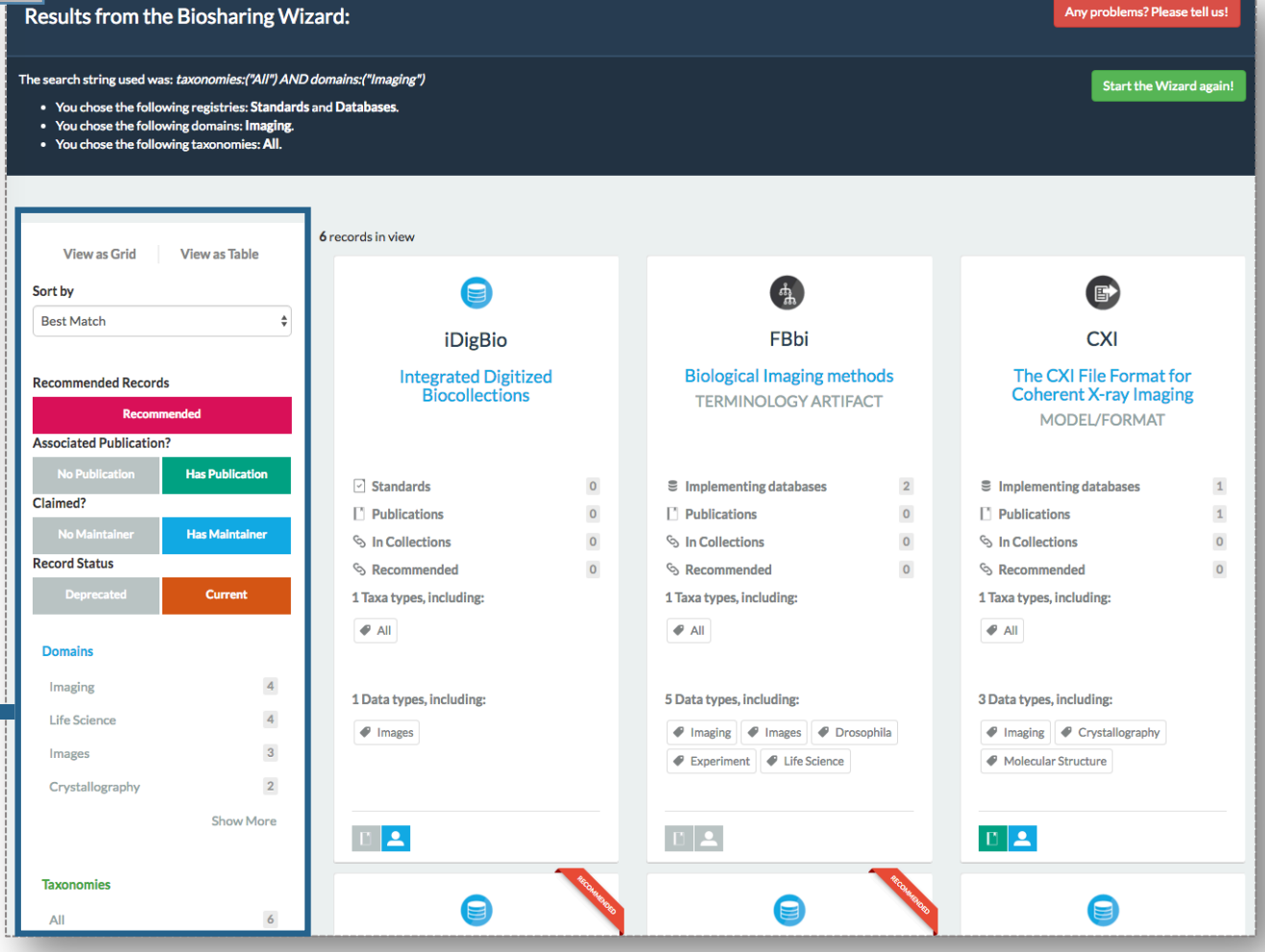


Wizard (beta)

It guides you step-by-step through a series of questions, narrowing down the number of search results. Progressively, further options are added to help you refining the search by funder, license type etc.



Search results can be refined using our faceted-search matrix, also filtering for recommended records only.



We describe the resources to help you make informed decisions

Recommendation indicator

Resources that are recommended by a community group and/or funder, journal publisher are identified by a ribbon. The BioSharing curation team works with and for the communities to identify the resources to recommend.

Relations and implementations

Standards, databases and policies are interlinked, where relevant. A standard can be related to others, highlighting their combined or complementary use (e.g. SBML format uses SBO terminology). The databases implementing the standards are also linked, along with data policies (by e.g. journals, funders) that recommend the standard.

Landscape mapping

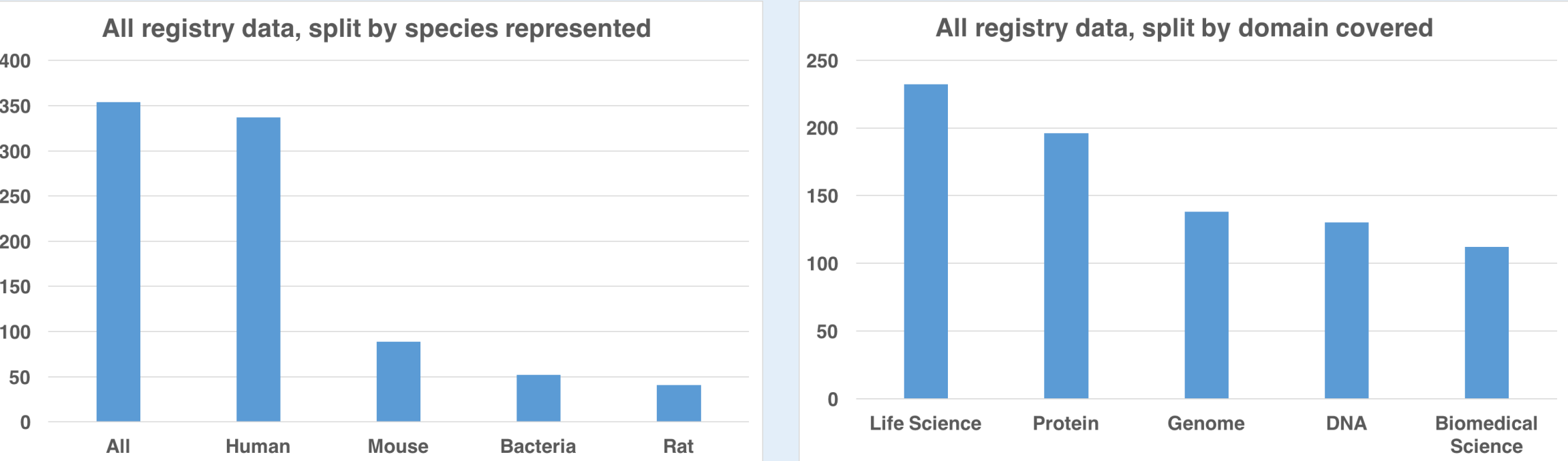
Visualizing the relations between and among resources is essential to provide a view of their place in the landscape and help navigating between records. We are progressively adding these connectivity maps across the site, e.g. to visualize recommendations and search results.

Credit and acknowledgements

All records can be claimed by the owner of the resource (a person or organization) to edit and update the description, as well as acknowledging contributors, funders etc. The BioSharing curation team checks and enrich all the contributed descriptions.

Content types and some statistics to date

- >1300 records
- > 600 standards:
 - 347 Terminologies (e.g. Disease Ontology)
 - 198 Models/Formats (e.g. SBML)
 - 86 Reporting guidelines (e.g. MIRIAM)
- > 700 databases
- > 26 policies
- and in curation: other standards type, e.g. common data elements



If you are a Standard and/or Database curators/maintainers here is how we can help you

By *registering* your resource:

- You gain increased exposure outside of your immediate community. This facilitates the broader adoption (e.g. by journals, funders' and other data policies) and use of your work (e.g. by researchers and other developers).

By *claiming* your resource:

- You can ensure it is an accurate reflection of your work, and add any missing information. By claiming, you also gain personal acknowledgement for your work and provide a contact point for prospective users.

To check if your database or standard is already in BioSharing, simply use one of the search boxes and type in the name of your resource, the domain (e.g. 'protein structure'), country of origin, or URL. If your resource is not there, you can register it by clicking on the 'Contribute new content' link on the homepage.

If you work on an ontology that is part of the OBO Foundry or BioPortal then we've already done the work for you, as all ontologies (in our Terminology Artifact class) are automatically imported into BioSharing. By maintaining your ontologies at these sites you will automatically keep the BioSharing record updated.