

Supporting Information

Sulfur Dioxide Mediated One-Pot, Three and Four-Component Syntheses of Polyfunctional Sulfonamides and Sulfonic Esters. Study of the Stereoselectivity of the Ene-Reaction of Sulfur Dioxide.

*Laure C. Bouchez, Srinivas Reddy Dubbaka, Māris Turks and Pierre Vogel**

Institute of Chemical Sciences and Engineering, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (EPFL) BCH, CH-1015 Lausanne-Dorigny, Switzerland
Tel.: +41/ 21/ 693/ 9371. Fax.: +41/ 21/ 693/ 9355.

e-mail: pierre.vogel@epfl.ch

Contents

General Methods,

1. Syntheses of sulfonamides **1–4** SM2
2. Syntheses of sulfonamides **5–9** and **11–14** SM3
3. Synthesis of sulfonamide **10** SM3
4. Preparation of enoxysilanes **3d** SM9, and **3e** SM10
5. Preparation of sulfone **28** SM12
6. Syntheses of one-pot four component sulfonic esters and sulfonamides SM18–SM24
7. ¹H and ¹³C NMR Data of Compounds **3d**, **3e**, **3f**, **3g**, **5–22**, **24**, **25**, **27**, **28**, **45b**, **46a**, **46b**, **47a**, **47b**, **48a**, **48b** with Peak Assignments SM4–SM24
8. NMR Spectra of **3d** (¹³C), **3e** (¹³C), **D-15** (¹H, ¹³C), **16** (¹H, ¹³C) SM25–SM33

Material and Methods:

All solvents were distilled prior to use: THF and Et₂O from Na and benzophenone; DMF, CH₂Cl₂, and toluene from P₂O₅. Solvent after reactions and extractions were evaporated in a rotatory evaporator under reduced pressure. Liquid/solid flash chromatography (FC): columns of silica gel (0.040-0.63 μ m, silica gel 60,240-400 mesh). Thin layer chromatography (TLC) for reaction monitoring; detection by UV light. *Pancaldi* reagent ((NH₄)₆MoO₄, Ce(SO₄)₂, H₂SO₄, H₂O), or KMnO₄. M.p.: uncorrected; IR Spectra : spectrometer; ν in cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR Spectra: 400 MHz spectrometer; δ (H) in ppm rel.to internal Me₄Si (= 0.00 ppm) or to the solvent's residual ¹H-signal (CH-Cl₃, δ (H) 7.27; C₆HD₅, δ (H) 7.16; CHD₂COCD₃, δ (H) 1.95; CD₂H₂CN, δ (H) 2.50; CHD₂SOCD₃, δ (H) 2.50, CH₂OD, δ (H) 3.31) as internal reference, all ¹H-signal assignments were confirmed by double irradiation experiments or by 2D COSY-DQF or COSY-45 spectra. ¹³C-NMR Spectra: same instruments as above (101.61MHz); δ (C) in ppm rel. to internal Me₄Si (= 0.00 ppm) or to solvents ¹³C-signal (CDCl₃, C₆D₆, δ (C) 128.4; (CD₃)₂CO, δ (C) 29.8; CD₃CN, δ (C) 1.3; (CD₃)₂SO, δ (C) 39.5, CD₃OD, δ (C) 49.2) as internal reference; coupling constants J in Hz (\pm 0.5 Hz). Ms, chemical ionization (NH₃) mode m/z amu [% relative base peak(100%)]

General Procedure 1 (Table 1, entries 1-4) for the three-component syntheses of sulfonamides.

(*t*-Bu)Me₂SiOSO₂CF₃ (37 mg, 0.14 mmol, 0.05 equiv) in anh. CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO₂ (1.2 mL, 27.4 mmol, 10 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH₂Cl₂ solution frozen at -196 °C. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78 °C. After 30 min at this temperature the enoxysilane **2a** (2.74 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added slowly. The mixture was stirred at during 2 h at -78 °C. Then the excess of SO₂ and the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure (10⁻¹ Torr) to dryness (ca. 1h), while temperature slowly reached 20 °C. Halogenating agent (Br₂, 0.15 mL, 3.01 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added at -20 °C. After 1 h at this temperature, the mixture was transferred to a solution of the amine (3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in 2 mL CH₂Cl₂ in presence of Et₃N (0.45 mL, 3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) under Ar atmosphere. The mixture was finally stirred at this temperature for 2 h, and poured into ice-water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL, 3 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20

mL), dried (Na_2SO_4) and the solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. Purification by FC.

General Procedure 2. (Table 1, entries 5-9 and 11-14) for the three component syntheses of sulfonamides.

(*t*-Bu) $\text{Me}_2\text{SiOSO}_2\text{CF}_3$ (37 mg, 0.14 mmol, 0.05 equiv) in anh. CH_3CN (2 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (1.8 mL, 41.1 mmol, 15 equiv) dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH_3CN solution frozen at -196°C . The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78°C . After 30 min at this temperature the enoxysilanes **2b**, **2c** or **2e** (2.74 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_3CN (2 mL) were added slowly. The mixture was stirred at -78°C during 5-7 h. Then, the excess of SO_2 and the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure (10^{-1} Torr) to dryness (ca. 1h), while temperature slowly reached 20°C . Halogenating agent (Br_2 , 0.15 mL, 3.01 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added at -20°C . After 1h at this temperature, the mixture was transferred into a solution of the amines (3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in 3 mL pyridine or in 2 mL CH_2Cl_2 in presence of Et_3N (0.45 mL, 3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) under Ar atmosphere. The mixture was finally stirred at this temperature for 2 h, and poured into ice-water (20 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL, 3 times). When pyridine was used 20 mL of ether were added and the mixture was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of CuSO_4 (30 mL, 3 times). Combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4) and the solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. Purification by FC.

General Procedure 3 (Table 1, entry 10) for sulfonamides preparation.

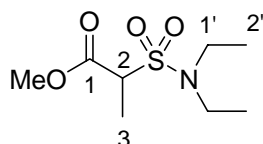
(*t*-Bu) $\text{Me}_2\text{SiOSO}_2\text{CF}_3$ (37 mg, 0.14 mmol, 0.05 equiv) in anh. CH_3CN (2 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (1.8 mL, 41.1 mmol, 15 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH_3CN solution frozen at -196°C . The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78°C . After 30 min at this temperature the enoxysilane **2d** (2.74 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_3CN (2 mL) was added slowly. The mixture was stirred at -78°C 3 h. Then the excess of SO_2 and the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure (10^{-1} Torr) to dryness (ca. 1h), while temperature slowly reached 20°C . Halogenating agent (only NCS, 402 mg, 3.01 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added at -20°C . After 1 h at this temperature, the mixture

was transferred to a solution of the Et₂NH (240 mg, 3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in 3 mL pyridine under Ar atmosphere. The mixture was finally stirred at this temperature for 2 h, and poured into a mixture of ice-water (10 mL) and ether (20 mL) and then washed with a saturated aqueous solution of CuSO₄ (30 mL, 3 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. Purification by FC.

General Procedure 4 (Table 1, entries 15-17) for the three component syntheses of sulfonic esters.

(*t*-Bu)Me₂SiOSO₂CF₃ (0.14 mmol, 0.05 equiv) in anh. CH₃CN (2 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO₂ (1.8 mL, 41.1 mmol, 15 equiv), dried through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminum oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH₃CN solution frozen at -196 °C. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -40 °C. After 30 min. at this temperature the methallylsilane **23** (2.74 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₃CN (2 mL) were added slowly. The mixture was stirred at -40 °C during 5 h. After cooling to -78 °C, the excess of SO₂ and the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure (10⁻¹ Torr) to dryness (ca. 1h). Halogenating agent (NCS, 3.01 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added at -20 °C. After 1h at this temperature, the mixture was transferred into a solution of alcohol in excess, in the presence of Et₃N (0.45 mL, 3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) under Ar atmosphere. The mixture was finally stirred at this temperature for 1 h, and poured into ice-water (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL, 3 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and the solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. The residue was purified by FC.

(±)-Methyl-2-[(diethylamino)sulfonyl]propanoate (**5**).



5 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 1** from enoxysilane **2a** and Et₂NH. FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.25): 398 mg (65%), colorless oil.

IR (film): ν 2980, 1750, 1455, 1385, 1340, 1205, 1140, 1020, 945 cm⁻¹. UV (CH₃CN): λ_{max} = 197 nm (ϵ = 2600). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.96 (q, 1H, ³*J* = 7.1, H-C(2)), 3.79 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.32 (m, 4H, CH₂N), 1.61 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.1, H-C(3)), 1.22 (t, 6H, ³*J* = 7.1, Me-C(2')).

^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 167.7 (s, C(1)), 62.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 140$, C(2)), 53.0 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 148$, OMe), 42.6 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 139$, C(1')), 14.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 127$, C(2')), 12.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 132$, C(3)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 241 (4, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 224 (100, $[\text{M}+1]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (223.29): C, 43.03, H, 7.67, N, 6.27. Found: C, 43.01, H, 7.65, N, 6.34.

(±)-Methyl-2-[(benzylamino)sulfonyl]propanoate (6).

6 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 1** from enoxysilane 2a and BnNH_2 . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.18): 430 mg (61%), yellow oil.

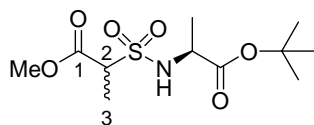
IR (film): ν 3305, 2955, 1740, 1335, 1205, 1130, 1065, 860, 700 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 269$ nm ($\epsilon = 2700$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.3-7.2 (m, 5H, Ph), 5.08 (t, 1H, $^3J = 6.1$, H-N), 4.36 (d, 2H, $^3J(\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn}), \text{NH}) = 6.1$, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 3.94 (q, 1H, $^3J = 7.1$, H-C(2)), 3.77 (s, 3H, OMe), 1.63 (d, 3H, $^3J = 7.1$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(3)$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 167.9 (s, C(1)), 136.8 (s, C(Ar)), 128.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 161$, C(Ar)), 128.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 166$, C(Ar)), 128.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 162$, C(Ar)), 62.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 140$, C(2)), 53.2 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 148$, OMe), 47.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 140$, C(1')), 12.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 132$, C(3)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 275 (16, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 258 (8, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 106 (100, $[\text{M}-151]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (257.30): C, 51.35, H, 5.88, N, 5.44. Found: C, 51.05, H, 5.83, N, 5.24.

(±)-Methyl-2-{[benzyl(methyl)amino]sulfonyl}propanoate (7).

7 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 1** from enoxysilane 2a and BnMeNH . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.26): 520 mg (70%), yellowish solid, mp 44-45°C.

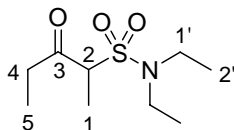
IR (KBr): ν 2955, 1745, 1455, 1438, 1340, 1201, 1150, 1140, 995, 940, 735 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 212$ nm ($\epsilon = 4780$), 200 nm ($\epsilon = 3800$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.3-7.2 (m, 5H, Ph), 4.34 (d, 1H, $^2J = 14.4$, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 4.25 (d, 1H, $^2J = 14.4$, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 4.02 (q, 1H, $^3J = 7.1$, H-C(2)), 3.74 (s, 3H, OMe), 2.73 (s, 3H, NMe), 1.59 (d, 3H, $^3J = 7.1$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(3)$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 167.4 (s, C(1)), 135.7 (s, C(Ar)), 128.6 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 156$, C(Ar)), 128.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 159$, C(Ar)), 127.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 159$, C(Ar)), 61.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 140$, C(2)), 54.4 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 139$, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 52.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 148$, OMe), 34.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 140$, NMe), 12.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 129$, C(3)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 289 (27, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 272 (42, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 120 (100, $[\text{M}-151]^+$), 91 (70, $[\text{M}-180]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (271.33): C, 53.12, H, 6.32, N, 5.16. Found: C, 53.11, H, 6.39, N, 5.14.

***Tert*-butyl(2*S*,1'*R*)-and(2*S*,1'*S*)-*N*-[1'-(methoxycarbonyl)ethanesulfonyl]*L*-alaninate (8)**



8 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 1** from enoxysilane **2a** using *L*-alanine *tert*-butyl ester hydrochloride, and Et₃N (2.4 equiv.). FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.26): 445 mg (55%) 4:1 mixture of two diastereoisomers, light yellow oil. IR (film): ν 3300, 2980, 2955, 1750, 1735, 1560, 1445, 1435, 1370, 1340, 1255, 1205, 1140, 1070, 980, 845 cm⁻¹. UV (CH₃CN): λ_{max} = 268 nm (ϵ = 2400), 197nm (ϵ = 4100). Data of major diastereoisomer (80%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.37 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 8.3, H-N), 4.08 (dq, 1H, ³*J* = 8.3, 7.3, H-C(2)), 4.05 (q, 1H, ³*J* = 7.3, H-C(1')), 3.78 (s, 3H, OMe), 1.63 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.3, H₃C(2')), 1.47 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.43 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.3, H₃C(3)). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.8 (s, CO₂Me), 167.9 (s, C(1)), 82.7 (s, C_{quat.}(*t*-Bu)), 63.1 (d, ¹*J*(C,H) = 140, C(2)), 62.5 (d, ¹*J*(C,H) = 140, C(1')), 53.1 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 140, OMe), 27.9 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 148, C_{quat.}(*t*-Bu)), 20.5 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 130, C(2')), 12.7 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 132, C(3)). Data of minor diastereoisomer (20%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.27 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 8.5, H-N), 4.11 (dq, 1H, ³*J* = 8.5, 7.3, H-C(2)), 3.99 (q, 1H, ³*J* = 7.3, H-C(1')), 3.79 (s, 3H, OMe), 1.62 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.3, H₃C(2')), 1.47 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.42 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.3, H₃C(3)). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.7 (s, CO₂Me), 167.7 (s, C(1)), 82.6 (s, C_{quat.}(*t*-Bu)), 63.1 (d, ¹*J*(C,H) = 140, C(2)), 62.5 (d, ¹*J*(C,H) = 140, C(1')), 53.0 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 140, OMe), 27.9 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 148, C_{quat.}(*t*-Bu)), 20.3 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 130, C(2')), 13.0 (q, ¹*J*(C,H) = 132, C(3)). CI-MS (NH₃): *m/z* 313 (100, [M+18]⁺), 296 (3, [M+1]⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₂₁NO₆S (295.35): C, 44.73, H, 7.17, N, 4.74. Found: C, 44.51, H, 7.15, N, 4.69.

***N,N*-Diethyl-3-oxopentane-2-sulfonamide (**9**).**



9 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2b** and Et₂NH. FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.32): 534 mg (88%), colorless oil. IR (film): ν 2980, 1740, 1320, 1120, 840, 795 cm⁻¹. UV (CH₃CN): λ_{max} = 197 nm (ϵ = 2660), 216 nm (ϵ = 2200). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.07 (q, 1H, ³*J* = 7.1, H-C(2)), 3.30 (q, 4H, ³*J* = 7.1, H₂C(1')), 2.91 (dq, 1H, ²*J* = 14.8, ³*J* = 6.5, H-C(4)), 2.68 (dq, 1H, ²*J* = 14.8, ³*J* = 6.5, H-C(4)), 1.53 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.1, H-C(1)), 1.24 (t, 6H, ³*J* = 7.1, H₃C(2')), 1.11 (t, 3H, ³*J* = 6.5, H₃C(5)). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.5 (s, C(3)), 68.1 (d, ¹*J*(C,H) = 164, C(2)),

42.3 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 169$, C(1')), 35.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 166$, C(4)), 14.5 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 176$, C(2')), 12.2 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$, C(1)), 7.5 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 158$, C(5)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 239 (52, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 222 (70, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 72 (100, $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{N}^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ (221.31): C, 48.84, H, 8.58. Found: C, 48.98, H, 8.54.

***N,N*-Diethyl-2-oxo-2-phenylethanesulfonamide (**10**)**

10 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2c** and Et_2NH . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.33), 470 mg (67%), yellow oil.

IR (film): ν 2975, 2940, 1680, 1598, 1450, 1337, 1275, 1205, 1145, 1020, 1005, 940, 755 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 248$ nm ($\epsilon = 6500$), 208 nm ($\epsilon = 5100$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.05 (dd, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.2$, $\text{H}_{\text{ortho-C(Ph)}}$), 7.64 (tt, 1H, $^3J = 7.3$, $^4J = 1.2$, $\text{H}_{\text{para-C(Ph)}}$), 7.52 (td, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.2$, $\text{H}_{\text{meta-C(Ph)}}$), 4.57 (s, 2H, H-C(1)), 3.30 (q, 4H, $^3J = 7.1$, $\text{H}_2\text{C}(1')$), 1.21 (t, 6H, $^3J = 7.1$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(2')$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 189.2 (s, C(2)), 135.8 (s, C(Ph)), 134.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$, HC(Ph)), 129.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$, HC(Ph)), 129.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 59.1 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 137$, C(1)), 42.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 139$, C(1')), 14.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 128$, C(2')). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 273 (5, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 256 (98, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 105 (71, $[\text{M}-150]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ (255.33): C, 56.45, H, 6.71, N, 5.49. Found: C, 56.51, H, 6.55, N, 5.21.

***N*-benzyl-2-oxo-2-phenylethanesulfonamide (**11**).¹**

11 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2c** and BnNH_2 . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, $R_f = 0.20$): 72%, light yellow crystals. Same spectral data as those reported for this compound.

***N*-Benzyl,*N*-methyl-2-oxo-2-phenylethanesulfonamide (**12**).**

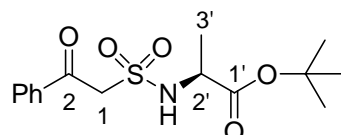
12 was prepared as described above in **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2c** and BnMeNH . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.30): 600 mg (72%), yellow oil.

IR (film): ν 3055, 2945, 1680, 1600, 1450, 1340, 1275, 1155, 995, 775 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 263$ nm ($\epsilon = 6800$), 252 nm ($\epsilon = 7600$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.05 (dd, 2H, $^3J = 8.0$, $^4J = 1.8$, $\text{H}_{\text{ortho-C(Ph)}}$), 7.58 (tt, 1H, $^3J = 7.3$, $^4J = 1.8$, $\text{H}_{\text{para-C(Ph)}}$), 7.46 (td, 2H, $^3J = 8.0$, $^4J = 1.8$, $\text{H}_{\text{meta-C(Ph)}}$), 7.29-7.18 (m, 5H, H-Ph(Bn)), 4.56 (s, 2H, H-C(1)), 4.27 (s, 2H, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 2.75 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C-N}$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 189.7 (s, C(2)), 135.9 (s,

¹ Vega, J.A. ; Alajarin, R. ; Vaquero, J. ; Alvarez-Builla, J. *Tetrahedron* **1998**, 54, 3589.

C(Ar)), 135.7 (s, C(Ar)), 134.6 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$, HC(Ph)), 129.6 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$, HC(Ph)), 129.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 128.5 (m, C(Ph)), 57.7 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 138$, C(1)), 54.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 139$, CH₂(Bn)), 34.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 140$, CH₃-N). CI-MS (NH₃): m/z 320 (2, [M+18]⁺), 304 (53, [M+1]⁺), 120 (100, [M-183]⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NO₃S (303.38): C, 63.35, H, 5.65, N, 4.62. Found: C, 63.57, H, 5.82, N, 4.45.

***Tert*-butyl*N*-[2-oxo-2-phenyl ethane-1-sulfonyl]*L*-alaninate (**13**)**



13 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2c**, *L*-alanine *tert*-butyl ester hydrochloride and Et₃N (2.4 equiv.). FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.21): 511 mg (57%), yellow oil.

IR (film): ν 3290, 2980, 2935, 1730, 1685, 1600, 1450, 1370, 1345, 1280, 1240, 1160, 1135, 980, 750 cm⁻¹. UV (CH₃CN): λ_{max} = 249 nm (ϵ = 7650), 208 nm (ϵ = 5700). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.95 (dd, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.2$, H_{ortho}-C(Ph)), 7.63 (tt, 1H, $^3J = 7.4$, $^4J = 1.2$, H_{para}-C(Ph)), 7.50 (td, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.2$, H_{meta}-C(Ph)), 5.58 (d, 1H, $^3J = 8.5$, H-N), 4.74 (d, 1H, $^2J = 15.6$, H-C(1)), 4.72 (d, 1H, $^2J = 15.6$, H-C(1)), 4.20 (qd, 1H, $^3J = 8.5$, $^3J = 7.1$, H-C(2')), 1.44 (d, 3H, $^3J = 7.1$, H₃C(3')), 1.43 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 187.7 (s, C(1)), 171.6 (s, COO), 135.5 (s, C(Ph)), 134.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 128.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 128.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 160$, HC(Ph)), 82.5 (s, C_{quat}(*t*-Bu)), 59.6 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 136$, C(1)), 52.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 144$, C(2')), 27.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 127$, Me(*t*-Bu)), 19.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 131$, H₃C(3')). CI-MS (NH₃): m/z 345 (14, [M+18]⁺), 328 (1, [M+1]⁺), 272 (100, [M-55]⁺), 105 (94, [M-222]⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₂₁NO₅S (327.40): C, 55.03, H, 6.47, Found: C, 55.20, H, 6.36.

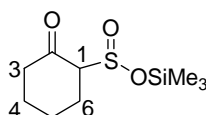
***N,N*-Diethyl-2-oxocyclohexanesulfonamide (**14**).**

14 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 3** from enoxysilane **2d** and Et₂NH. Purification by FC (85:15 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.3): 67%, colorless solid, mp 62-63°C.

IR (KBr): ν 2942, 1713, 1464, 1454, 1329, 1204, 1144, 1020, 941, 712 cm⁻¹. UV (CH₃CN): λ_{max} = 196 (ϵ = 5326). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.78 (*br.t*, 1H, $^3J = 4.8$, H-C(1)), 3.35-3.47 (m, 4H, H₂C(1')), 2.90 (dddd, 1H, $^2J = 14.1$, $^3J = 6.9$, 5.8, 4.8 H_a-C(6)), 2.62 (m, 1H, H-

C(3)), 2.45 (dt, 1H, $^2J = 14.1$, $^3J = 4.6$, H_{eq} -C(6)), 2.05-2.20 (m, 3H, H-C(3), H-C(4), H-C(5)), 1.72 (m, 2H, H-C(4), H-C(5)), 1.21 (t, 3H, $^3J = 7.8$, $H_3C(2'')$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 204.8 (s, CO), 69.9 (d, $^1J(C,H) = 137$, C(1)), 42.4 (t, $^1J(C,H) = 141$, C(1')), 40.9 (t, $^1J(C,H) = 138$, C(6)), 28.9 (t, $^1J(C,H) = 140$, C(2)), 26.5 (t, $^1J(C,H) = 152$, C(4)), 21.1 (t, $^1J(C,H) = 147.1$, C(5)), 14.5 (q, $^1J(C,H) = 139$, C(2')). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 234 (100, $[M+18]^+$), 251 (11, $[M+1]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $C_{10}H_{19}NO_3S$ (233.33): C, 51.48, H, 8.21. Found: C, 51.46, H, 8.29.

(±)-Trimethylsilyl-2-oxocyclohexane sulfinate (3d).



(*t*-Bu) $Me_2SiOSO_2CF_3$ (3.7 μ L, 0.05equiv) in anh. CD_3CN (0.4 mL) was degassed in an NMR tube by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.05 mL, 1.11 mmol, 15 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CD_3CN solution frozen at $-196^\circ C$. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to $-78^\circ C$. After 30 min at this temperature the enoxysilane 1-trimethylsilyloxycyclohexene 2d (16 mg, 0.07 mmol, 1 equiv) was added quickly under Ar. The mixture was monitored by 1H NMR at $-40^\circ C$ during 1 h, after which time formation of sulfinate 3d was complete. Only one single diastereoisomer was observed (*see Figure S1*).

1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 3.45 (dd, 1H, $^3J = 11.7$, $^3J = 8.2$, H-C(1)), 2.44 (dt, 1H, $^2J = 10.7$, $^3J = 5.3$, H-C(3)), 2.32 (dt, 1H, $^2J = 10.7$, $^3J = 5.3$, H-C(3)), 2.28 (ddd, 2H, $^2J = 11.9$, $^3J = 5.9$, $^3J = 3.3$, H-C(6)), 1.98 (m, 2H, H-C(4)), 1.83 (sx, 1H, $^3J = 5.9$, H-C(5)), 1.72 (dtt, 1H, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J = 3.9$, $^3J = 3.8$, H-C(5)), 0.3-0.11(m, TBS and TMS group). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 203K): δ 213.3 (s, C(2)); 80.0 (d, $^1J(H,C) = 132$, C(1)); 47.2 (t, $^1J(H,C) = 130$, C(3)); 31.7 (t, $^1J(H,C) = 134$, C(6)); 28.5 (t, $^1J(H,C) = 128$, C(5)); 28.0 (t, $^1J(H,C) = 126$, C(4)); 5.0 (q, $^1J(H,C) = 132$, C(Si)).

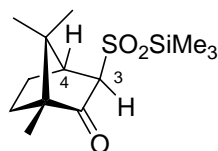
The same experiment was performed **without** Lewis acid.

Enoxysilane 2d (16 mg, 0.07 mmol, 1 equiv) in anh. CD_3CN (0.1 mL) was degassed in an NMR tube by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.3 mL) dried by passing through column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CD_3CN solution frozen at $-196^\circ C$. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm quickly to $-78^\circ C$. The mixture was monitored by 1H NMR at $-40^\circ C$ during 36 h, after which time no more change was observed.

After 2 h at -40 °C, 75% of starting material was converted into a mixture of two diastereoisomers in a proportion of 6:4. After 36 h at room temperature, reaction was complete and the ratio of two diastereoisomers was 5:4. No more change was observed (see Figure S2 and S3).

Data of the major diastereoisomer: ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 233K): δ 207.2 (s, C(2)); 76.7 (d, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 138$, C(1)); 42.4 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 130$, C(3)); 27.1 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 134$, C(6)); 26.3 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 127$, C(5)); 25.9 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 126$, C(4)); 4.8 (q, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 122$, C(Si)). Data of the minor diastereoisomer: ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 233K): δ 211.8 (s, C(2)); 77.7 (d, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 136$, C(1)); 41.7 (d, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 134$, C(3)); 25.9 (d, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 131$, C(6)); 23.6 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 126$, C(5)); 22.80 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 130$, C(4)); 3.8 (q, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 128$, C(Si)).

(1R,3R,4S)-Trimethylsilyl-1,7,7-trimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-3-*exo*-sulfinate (3e).



(*t*-Bu) $\text{Me}_2\text{SiOSO}_2\text{CF}_3$ (3.7 μl , 0.05equiv) in anh. CD_3CN (0.4 mL) was degassed in an NMR tube by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.03 mL, 0.6 mmol, 15 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CD_3CN solution frozen at -196 °C. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78 °C. After 30 min at this temperature the camphor-derived-enoxysilane **2e** (9 mg, 0.04 mmol, 1 equiv) was added quickly under Ar. The mixture was monitored by ^1H NMR at -78 °C. After 20 min the formation of sulfinate **3e** was complete. A mixture of two diastereoisomers in proportion of 95:5 was observed. By rising temperature to 25°C the reaction mixture became black and all the material was decomposed.

The same experiment was also performed **without** Lewis acid.

2d (9 mg, 0.04 mmol, 1 equiv) in anh. CD_3CN (0.1 mL) was degassed in an NMR tube by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.4 mL) dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CD_3CN solution frozen at -196 °C. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm quickly to -78 °C. The mixture was monitored by ^1H NMR at -40 °C during 12 h, after which time no more change was observed.

After 2 h at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, starting material was fully converted into a mixture of two diastereoisomers in a proportion of 95:5. After 6 h at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ the ratio of those two diastereoisomers was 75:25. After 12 h at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ the ratio was 1:1 and then more change was observed.

Data of the major diastereoisomer: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3CN , 203K): δ 3.36 (s, 1H, H-C(3)); 2.51 (d, 1H, $^3J = 4.1$, H-C(4)); 2.22 (tdd, 1H, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J = 4.1$, $^3J = 4.9$, H-C(5)); 1.87 (td, 1H, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J = 7.2$, H-C(5)); 1.59 (q, 2H, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J = 9.59$, H-C(6)); 1.07 (s, 3H, Me-C(7)); 0.99 (s, 3H, Me-C(7)); 0.98 (s, 3H, Me-C(1)). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 203K): δ 214.4 (s, C(2)); 83.9 (d, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 152$, C(3)); 62.0 (s, C(1)); 49.2 (s, C(7)); 48.7 (d, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 150$, C(4)); 30.3 (t, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 136$, C(6)); 28.2 (t, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 134$, C(5)); 24.0 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 130$, C(7)); 21.8 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 126$, C(7)); 12.4 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 126$, C(1)); 3.7 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 128$, C(Si)). Data of the minor diastereoisomer: ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 243K): δ 213.7 (s, C(2)); 80.0 (d, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 152$, C(3)); 60.3 (s, C(1)); 48.7 (s, C(7)); 46.0 (d, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 150$, C(4)); 29.8 (t, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 136$, C(6)); 25.1 (t, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 134$, C(5)); 22.5 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 130$, C(7)); 20.8 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 126$, C(7)); 12.2 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 126$, C(1)); 3.0 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 128$, C(Si)).

(±)-Trimethylsilyl 2-oxopropane-1-sulfinate (3g).

The enoxysilane **2** (10 mg, 0.08 mmol, 1 equiv) in anh. CD_3CN (0.1 mL) was degassed in an NMR tube by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.4 mL) dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CD_3CN solution frozen at $-196\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm quickly to room temperature. The mixture was monitored by ^1H NMR during 1 h at $27\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, after which time reaction was complete.

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3CN , 300K): δ 3.98 (*br.s*, 2H, H-C(3)); 2.24 (s, 3H, H-C(1)); 0.35 (s, 9H, Me_3Si). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 300K): δ 203.7 (s, C(1)); 70.9 (t, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 139$, C(3)); 31.5 (q, $^1J(\text{H,C}) = 129$, C(1)); 1.27 (m, C(Si)).

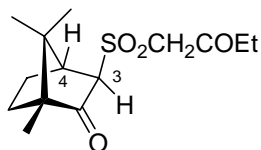
(±)-Trimethylsilyl 3,3-dimethyl-2-oxobutane-1-sulfinate (3f).

The enoxysilane **2f** (10 mg, 0.06mmol, 1 equiv) in anh. CD_3CN (0.1 mL) was degassed in an NMR tube by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.4 mL) dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CD_3CN solution frozen at $-196\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The mixture was allowed to melt and

to warm quickly to -78 °C. The mixture was monitored by ^1H NMR from -60 °C to -10 °C during 8 h, after which time no more change was observed.

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3CN , 283K): δ 3.96 (*br.s*, 2H, H-C(4)); 1.13 (s, 3H, H-C(1)); 0.28 (s, 9H, H-C(Si)). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 283K): δ 220.0 (s, C(3)); 72.1 (t, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 150$, C(4)); 49.9 (s, C(2)), 30.3 (q, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 128$, C(1)); 5.6 (q, $^1J(\text{H},\text{C}) = 127$, C(Si)).

(1*R*,3*R*,4*S*)-3-[(2-Ethoxyprop-2-enyl)sulfonyl]-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one (28).

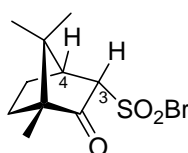


(*t*-Bu) $\text{Me}_2\text{SiOSO}_2\text{CF}_3$ (37 mg, 0.14 mmol, 0.05equiv) in anhyd. CH_3CN (2 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (1.8 mL, 41.1 mmol, 15 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminium oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH_3CN solution frozen at -196 °C. The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78 °C. After 30 min at this temperature enoxysilane **2e** (615 mg, 2.74 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_3CN (2 mL) was added slowly. After stirring the mixture 3 h at -78 °C, the excess of SO_2 and the solvent were slowly evaporated under reduced pressure (10^{-1} Torr) to dryness (ca. 1 h) at 20 °C. A 1 M solution of Bu_4NF in THF (2.74 mL, 2.74 mmol, 1 equiv) and 1-bromobut-2-one (6.85 mmol, 2.5 equiv) were added under Ar. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 1 h, then at -40 °C for 1 h, and gradually allowed to reach 20 °C in about 10 h. After the addition of H_2O (20 mL), and neutralization with NaHCO_3 , the moisture was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL, 3 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (MgSO_4) and the solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. FC (85:15 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.3): 685 mg (92%), white solid, mp 76-78 °C.

IR (KBr): ν 3479, 2974, 2877, 1744, 1451, 1397, 1322, 1256, 1144, 1038, 990 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 223$ ($\epsilon = 5234$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 4.62 (d, AB, 1H, $^2J = 14.6$, Ha-C(1')), 4.51 (d, AB, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_3-\text{H}_4) = 1.5$, H-C(3)), 4.18 (d, 1H, $^2J = 14.6$, Hb-C(1')), 2.8 (dq, 1H, $^2J = 10.9$, $^3J(\text{H}_1'-\text{H}_2'') = 7.8$, Ha-C(1'')), 2.7 (td, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_4-\text{H}_5) = 6.2$, $^3J(\text{H}_4-\text{H}_3) = 1.5$, H-C(4)), 2.65 (dq, 1H, $^2J = 10.9$, $^3J(\text{H}_1'-\text{H}_2'') = 7.8$, Hb-C(1'')), 2.3 (dddd, 1H, $^2J = 12.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_5-\text{H}_4) = 5.1$, $^3J(\text{H}_5-\text{H}_6) = 4.5$, Ha-C(5)), 1.97 (m, 1H, Hb-C(5)), 1.8 (ddd, 2H, $^2J = 12.7$,

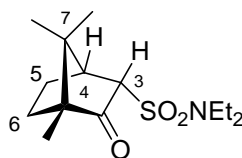
$^3J(\text{H}_6\text{-H}_{5a}) = 4.5$, $^3J(\text{H}_6\text{-H}_{5b}) = 2.3$, H-C(6)), 1.13 (t, 3H, $^3J(\text{H}_2\text{'-H}_{1\text{'}}) = 7.8$, H-C(2')), 1.06 (s, 3H, Me-C(7)), 0.99 (s, 3H, Me-C(7)), 0.94 (s, 3H, Me-C(1)). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 207.7 (s, CO), 200.4 (s, CO), 68.6 (d $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 148$, C(3)), 59.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 137$, C(1')), 46.1 (s, C(1)), 42.7 (s, C(7)), 40.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 136$, C(1')), 38.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 129$, C(4)), 29.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 145$, C(6)), 23.1 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 129$, C(5)), 19.6 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 135$, C(2')), 18.1 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 138$, Me-C(7)), 9.5 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 142$, Me-C(7)), 9.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 140$, Me-C(1)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 290 (100, $[\text{M}+18]^+$, 273 (46, $[\text{M}+1]^+$).

(1R,3S,4S)-Trimethylsilyl-1,7,7-trimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-3-endo-sulfonylbromide (27).



^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3CN , 203K): δ 3.36 (d, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_{\text{exo}}\text{-H}_4) = 4.1$, $\text{H}_{\text{exo}}\text{-C}(3)$), 2.51 (dd, $^3J(\text{H}_4\text{-H}_{5a}) = 4.1$, $^3J(\text{H}_4\text{-H}_{\text{exo}}) = 4.1$, H-C(4)), 2.22 (dtd, 1H, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J(\text{H}_{5a}\text{-H}_6) = 4.9$, $^3J(\text{H}_{5a}\text{-H}_4) = 4.1$ H_a-C(5)), 1.87 (td, 1H, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J(\text{H}_{5b}\text{-H}_6) = 7.2$, H_b-C(5)), 1.59 (q, 2H, $^3J(\text{H}_6\text{-H}_5) = 9.6$, H-C(6)), 1.07 (s, 3H, Me-C(7)), 0.99 (s, 3H, Me-C(7)), 0.98 (s, 3H, Me-C(1)). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 211.4 (s, CO), 79.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 152$, C(3)), 58.5 (s, C(1)), 46.4 (s, C(7)), 45.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 150$, C(4)), 28.2 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 136$, C(6)), 26.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 134$, C(5)), 20.2 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 130$, Me-C(7)), 18.2 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 126$, Me-C(7)), 8.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 126$, Me-C(1)).

(1R,3S,4S)-N,N-Diethyl-1,7,7-trimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-3-endo-sulfonamide (15).

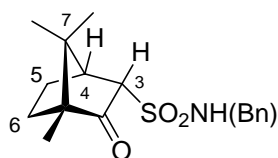


15 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2e** and Et_2NH . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/ EtOAc , $R_f = 0.5$), 543 mg (69%), colorless solid, mp = 70-71°C.

IR (KBr): ν 2965, 1740, 1445, 1325, 1135, 1015, 940, 685 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 194$ nm ($\epsilon = 3036$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 3.77 (dd, 1H, $^3J = 4.3$, $^4J = 1.8$, $\text{H}_{\text{exo}}\text{-C}(3)$), 3.48 (dq, 1H, $^2J = 14.5$, $^3J = 7.1$, CH_2N), 3.27 (dq, 1H, $^2J = 14.5$, $^3J = 7.1$, CH_2N), 2.51 (t, 1H, $^3J =$

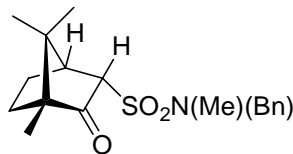
4.3, H-C(4)), 2.31 (m, 1H, H_a-C(5)), 1.86 (m, 1H, H_b-C(5)), 1.71 (m, 2H, H-C(6)), 1.21 (t, 3H, ³J = 7.1, CH₃(Et)), 1.04 (s, 3H, CH₃-C(7)), 0.95 (s, 3H, CH₃-C(7)), 0.87 (s, 3H, CH₃-C(1)). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 208.5 (s, CO), 70.5 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 136, C(3)), 59.3 (s, C(1)), 47.5 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 148, C(4)), 45.6 (s, C(7)), 42.1 (t, ¹J(C,H) = 139, CH₂N), 29.7 (t, ¹J(C,H) = 134, C(6)), 21.8 (t, ¹J(C,H) = 137, C(5)), 19.7 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 125, Me-C(7)), 18.6 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 126, Me-C(7)), 14.8 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 127, C(2')), 9.7 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 127, Me-C(1)). CI-MS (NH₃): m/z 305 (16, [M+18]⁺), 288 (100, [M+1]⁺), 124 (17, [M-163]⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₂₅NO₃S (287.42): C, 58.51, H, 8.77, N, 4.87. Found: C, 58.35, H, 8.87, N, 4.78. (*see Figure S5*)

(1*R*,3*S*,4*S*)-*N*-Benzyl-1,7,7-trimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-3-*endo*-sulfonamide
(16).



16 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2e** and BnNH₂. FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.41), (60%), yellow solid, mp 113-114°C. IR (KBr): ν 3445, 3310, 2965, 2940, 1740, 1330, 1320, 1155, 1040, 700, 610 cm⁻¹. UV (CH₃CN): λ_{max} = 190 (ε = 8070). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41-7.27 (m, 5H, Ph(Bn)), 5.18 (t, ³J = 6.1, HN), 4.42 (dd, 1H, ²J = 14.5, ³J = 6.1, H₂C(Bn)), 4.33 (dd, 1H, ²J = 14.5, ³J = 6.1, H₂C(Bn)), 3.61 (dd, 1H, ³J = 4.3, ⁴J = 1.8, H_{exo}-C(3)), 2.51 (t, 1H, ³J = 4.3, H-C(4)), 2.30 (m, 1H, H_a-C(5)), 1.85 (m, 1H, H_b-C(5)), 1.71 (m, 2H, H-C(6)), 1.00 (s, 3H, H₃C(7)), 0.93 (s, 3H, H₃C(7)), 0.66 (s, 3H, H₃C(1)). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 208.5 (s, CO), 136.2 (s, C_{quat}(Ph)), 129.0 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 153, HC(Ph)), 128.3 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 160, HC(Ph)), 128.2 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 160, HC(Ph)), 69.7 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 135, C(3)), 59.4 (s, C(1)), 47.6 (d, ¹J(C,H) = 148, C(4)), 46.6 (t, ¹J(C,H) = 140, H₂C(Bn)), 45.9 (s, C(7)), 30.2 (t, ¹J(C,H) = 134, C(6)), 21.6 (t, ¹J(C,H) = 137, C(5)), 19.5 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 125, C(7)), 18.5 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 126, C(7)), 9.6 (q, ¹J(C,H) = 127, Me-C(1)). EI-MS: m/z = 321 (2, [M+1]), 106 (100, [M-215]). Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₃NO₃S (321.43): C, 63.52, H, 7.21, N, 4.36. Found: C, 63.57, H, 7.34, N, 4.23.

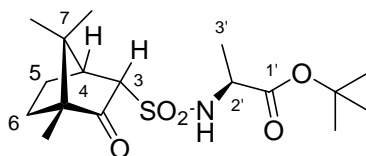
(1*R*,3*S*,4*S*)-*N*-Benzyl-*N*,1,7,7-tetramethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-3-endo-sulfonamide (17**).**



17 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2e**. Purification by FC (9:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.3), 521 mg (75%), colorless solid, mp 92-93 °C.

IR (KBr): ν = 2970, 2930, 1745, 1335, 1150, 990, 938, 765, 735 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): λ_{max} = 211 nm (ϵ = 5400). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.41-7.27 (m, 5H, Ph), 4.61(d, 1H, 2J = 14.7, $\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{Bn})$), 4.31 (d, 1H, 2J = 14.7, $\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{Bn})$), 3.82 (dd, 1H, 3J = 4.1, 4J = 1.8, $\text{H}_{\text{exo}}\text{-C}(3)$), 2.87 (s, 3H, $\text{CH}_3\text{-N}$), 2.55 (t, 1H, 3J = 4.1, $\text{H-C}(4)$), 2.36 (td, 1H, 2J = 13.2, 3J = 8.2, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(5)$), 1.93 (m, 1H, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(5)$), 1.76 (m, 2H, $\text{H-C}(6)$), 1.05 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(7)$), 0.96 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(7)$), 0.85 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(1)$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 208.5 (s, CO), 136.2 (s, $\text{C}_{\text{quat}}(\text{Ph})$), 128.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 153, C(Ph)), 128.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 160, C(Ph)), 127.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 160, C(Ph)), 69.3. (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 135, C(3)), 59.4 (s, C(1)), 54.3 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 140, $\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{Bn})$), 47.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 148, C(4)), 45.9 (s, C(7)), 34.6 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 140, MeN), 29.7 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 134, C(6)), 22.0 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 137, C(5)), 19.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 125, C(7)), 18.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 126, C(7)), 9.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H})$ = 127, Me-C(1)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 353 (59, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 336 (53, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 170 (100, $[\text{M}-165]^+$), 153 (52, $[\text{M}-182]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ (335.46): C, 64.45, H, 7.51, N, 4.18. Found: C, 64.41, H, 7.55, N, 4.14. (see Figure S6 and S7)

***Tert*-butyl *N*-{[[(1*R*,3*S*,4*S*)1,7,7-trimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-3-endo-yl]}sulfonyl] *L*-alaninate (**18**).**



18 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 2** from enoxysilane **2e** and *L*-alanine *tert*-butyl ester hydrochloride using Et_3N (2.4 equiv.). FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.49) 572 mg (58%), light yellow oil.

IR (film): ν 3290, 2970, 2935, 1745, 1340, 1160, 1135, 735, 605 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): λ_{max} =

195 nm ($\epsilon = 4400$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 5.44 (d, 1H, $^3J = 8.8$, HN), 4.1 (m, 2H, H-C(3), H-C(2')), 2.56 (t, 1H, $^3J = 4.1$, H-C(4)), 2.25 (m, 1H, H_a -C(5)), 1.85 (m, 1H, H_b -C(5)), 1.71 (m, 2H, H-C(6)), 1.46 (d, 3H, $^3J = 7.1$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(3')$), 1.45 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.0 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(7)$), 0.96 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(7)$), 0.87 (s, 3H, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(1)$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 208.8 (s, CO), 171.9 (s, COO), 82.6 (s, $\text{C}_{\text{quat-}t\text{Bu}}$), 70.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 135$, C(3)), 59.4 (s, C(1)), 52.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 144$, C(2')), 46.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 149$, C(4)), 45.9 (s, C(7)), 30.3 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 134$, C(6)), 27.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 127$, *t*-Bu), 21.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 137$, C(5)), 20.1 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 135$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(3')$), 19.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 125$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(7)$), 18.5 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 126$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(7)$), 9.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 127$, $\text{H}_3\text{C}(1)$). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 377 (14, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 360 (1, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 304 (100, $[\text{M}-55]^+$), 258 (55, $[\text{M}-101]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{29}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$ (359.48): C, 56.8, H, 8.13, N, 3.9. Found: C, 55.32, H, 8.02, N, 3.64.

***N,N*-Diethyl-2-methylprop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (**24**).**

24 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 4** from **23** and Et_2NH . FC (5:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.47), (78%), colorless oil.

IR (film): ν 2976, 2936, 1644, 1458, 1382, 1350, 1329, 1201, 1143, 1126, 1019, 936, 790, 711cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 210$ nm ($\epsilon = 1364$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 5.13 (*br.s*, 1H, H-C(3)), 5.02 (*br.s*, 1H, H-C(3)), 3.62 (s, 2H, H-C(1)), 3.29 (q, 4H, $^3J = 7.1$, H-C(1')), 2.0 (s, 3H, Me-C(2)), 1.21 (t, 6H, $^3J = 7.1$, H-C(2')). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 134.9 (s, C(2)), 119.6 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 157$, C(3)), 60.3 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 138$, C(1)), 42.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 139$, C(1')), 22.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 128$, Me-C(2)), 14.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 127$, C(2')). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 209 (14, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 192 (74, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 176 (12, $[\text{M}-15]^+$), 136 (14, $[\text{M}-55]^+$), 127 (47, $[\text{M}-64]^+$), 112 (100, $[\text{M}-79]^+$), 86 (42, $[\text{M}-105]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2\text{S}$ (191.29): C, 50.53, H, 8.96, N, 7.32. Found: C, 50.28, H, 8.85, N, 7.40.

***N*-Benzyl-2-methylprop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (**25**).**

25 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 4** from **23** and BnNH_2 . FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, $R_f = 0.32$), (75%), colorless solid, mp : 68-69°C.

IR (film): ν 3236, 3032, 2976, 2928, 1647, 1492, 1453, 1400, 1310, 1134, 10612, 902, 875, 734, 695cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.42-7.31 (m, 5H, H-Ph (Bn)), 5.16 (*br.s*, 1H, H-C(3)), 4.97 (*br.s*, 1H, H-C(3)), 4.56 (t, 1H, $^3J = 6.1$, H-N), 4.32 (d, 2H, $^3J = 6.1$, $\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{Bn})$), 3.68 (s, 2H, H-C(1)), 1.96 (s, 3H, Me-C(2)). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 136.9 (s, $\text{C}_{\text{quat}}(\text{Ph})$), 134.9 (s, C(2)), 129.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 160$, HC(Ph)), 128.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$,

HC(Ph)), 128.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 161$, HC(Ph)), 119.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 160$, C(3)), 61.1 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 140$, C(1)), 47.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 139$, C(CH₂N)), 22.8(q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 131$, Me-C(2)). CI-MS (NH₃): m/z 243 (20, [M+18]⁺), 226 (74, [M+1]⁺), 160 (35, [M-65]⁺), 145 (25, [M-80]⁺), 120 (13, [M-105]⁺), 106 (100, [M-119]⁺), 91 (50, [M-105]⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₅NO₂S (225.31): C, 58.64, H, 6.71, N, 6.22. Found: C, 58.77, H, 6.72, N, 6.19.

Methyl 2-oxo-2-phenylethane-1-sulfonate (19)².

19 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 5** from enoxysilane **2c** and MeOH. FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.25), 68%, colorless crystal. Same characteristics as those reported in literature.

Ethyl 2-oxo-2-phenylethanesulfonate (20)².

20 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 5** from enoxysilane **2c** and EtOH. FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.25), 65%, colorless crystal.

Isopropyl 2-oxo-2-phenylethanesulfonate (21):

21 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 5** from enoxysilane **2c** and isopropanol. FC (9:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.18), (30%), light yellow solid
IR (KBr): ν 2990, 1685, 1600, 1450, 1360, 1275, 1175, 1095, 915 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (dd, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.3$, H_{ortho}-C(Ph)), 7.67 (tt, 1H, $^3J = 7.4$, $^4J = 1.3$, H_{para}-C(Ph)), 7.53 (td, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.3$, H_{meta}-C(Ph)), 5.05 (q, 1H, $^3J = 6.1$, H-C(isopropyl)), 4.69 (s, 2H, H-C(1)), 1.42 (d, 6H, $^3J = 6.1$, Me₂C(isopropyl)). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 187.7 (s, CO), 135.7 (s, C_{quat}(Ph)), 134.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 162$, HC(Ph)), 129.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 129.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 162$, HC(Ph)), 79.6 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 151$, Me₂C(isopropyl)), 58.2 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 138$, C(1)), 23.1 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 128$, Me(isopropyl)). CI-MS (NH₃): m/z 260 (1, [M+18]⁺), 243 (1, [M+1]⁺), 105 (100, [M-137]⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄O₄S (242.29): C, 54.53, H, 5.82. Found: C, 54.48, H, 5.89.

Phenyl 2-oxo-2-phenylethane-1-sulfonate (22).

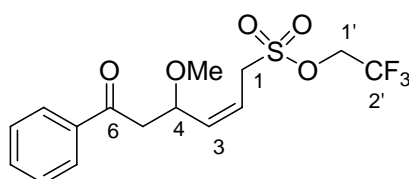
22 was prepared as described above in the **general procedure 5** from enoxysilane **2c** and phenol. FC (9:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.19), 265 mg (35%), colorless solid.

IR (KBr): ν 3065, 2970, 1685, 1595, 1585, 1490, 1450, 1380, 1275, 1190, 1140, 870, 785,

² Efimova, T.P. ; Lipina, E. S. ; Berkova, G. A. ; Pozdnyakov, v. p. *Zh. Org. Khim.*, **1996**, 32, 1424.

6890 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 249 \text{ nm}$ ($\epsilon = 9400$), 211 nm ($\epsilon = 7800$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.03 (dd, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.3$, $\text{H}_{\text{ortho-C(Ph)}}$), 7.67 (tt, 1H, $^3J = 7.4$, $^4J = 1.3$, $\text{H}_{\text{para-C(Ph)}}$), 7.54 (td, 2H, $^3J = 8.2$, $^4J = 1.3$, $\text{H}_{\text{meta-C(Ph)}}$), 7.4 (m, 5H, Ph(phenoxy)), 4.81 (s, 2H, H-C(1)). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 186.6 (s, CO), 149.4 (s, $\text{C}_{\text{quat}}(\text{Ar})$), 135.4 (s, C(Ph)), 134.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 132.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, C(Ar)), 130.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 165$, C(Ar)), 129.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 164$, HC(Ph)), 129.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 163$, HC(Ph)), 127.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 168$, C(Ar)), 56.3 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 139$, C(1)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 294 (6, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 277 (2, $[\text{M}+1]^+$), 121 (88, $[\text{M}-156]^+$), 105 (100, $[\text{M}-172]^+$).

(\pm)-2',2',2'-Trifluoroethyl (2Z)-4-methoxy-6-oxo-6-phenyl hex-2-ene-1-sulfonate (45b).

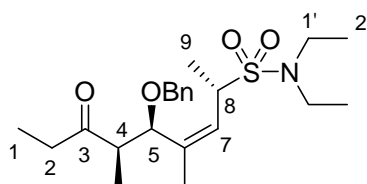


(*t*-Bu) $\text{Me}_2\text{SiOSO}_2\text{CF}_3$ (0.94 mmol, 0.1 equiv) in anh. CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (122 mmol, 13 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminum oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH_2Cl_2 solution frozen at -196°C . The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78°C . After 30 min at this temperature a solution of (*E*)-1-methoxy-1,3-butadiene 35 (4.7 mmol, 0.5 equiv) and 1-phenyl-1-trimethylsiloxyethylene 2c (9.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL) were added dropwise under vigorous stirring and Ar atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78°C for 5 h. After cooling to -78°C , the excess of SO_2 and the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure (10^{-1} Torr) to dryness (ca. 1h) while temperature slowly reached 20°C . Halogenating agent (only NCS 12.2 mmol, 1.3 equiv, dissolving in CH_2Cl_2) was added at -20°C . After 2.5 h at this temperature, the trifluoroethanol (56.4 mmol, 6equiv) and pyridine (56.4 mmol, 6 equiv) was added at a time to the reaction mixture under Ar. The mixture was finally stirred at this temperature for 2 h, and poured into a CH_2Cl_2 (200 mL) and then washed with a saturated aqueous solution of CuSO_4 (250 mL, 3 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4) and the solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. The residue was purified by FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.25) afforded (70%) of a brownish oil.

IR (film): 2984, 2936, 2827, 1684, 1598, 1581, 1450, 1373, 1285, 1177, 1104, 1041, 962, 755, 733, 690. UV (CH_3CN): 283 (1750), 260 (1850), 242 (5400), 201 (8700). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.93 (dd, 2H, $^3J = 8.0$, $^4J = 1.3$, $\text{H}_{\text{ortho-C(Ph)}}$), 7.59 (tt, 1H, $^3J = 8.0$, $^4J = 1.3$,

$H_{\text{para-C(Ph)}}$), 7.47 (td, 2H, $^3J = 8.0$, $^4J = 1.3$, $H_{\text{meta-C(Ph)}}$), 5.85 (ddt, 1H, $^3J = 11.4$, $^3J = 8.9$, $^4J = 1.2$, H-C(3)), 5.75 (dt, 1H, $^3J = 11.4$, $^3J = 6.8$, H-C(2)), 4.65 (dq, 1H, $^3J = 8.9$, $^3J = 6.8$, H-C(4)), 4.56 (q, 2H, $^3J = 8.0$, H-C(1')), 4.44 (ddd, 1H, $^2J = 14.8$, $^3J = 8.3$, $^4J = 1.2$, H-C(1)), 4.16 (ddd, 1H, $^2J = 14.8$, $^3J = 6.8$, $^4J = 1.2$, H-C(1)), 3.42 (dd, 1H, $^2J = 17.0$, $^3J = 6.2$, H-C(5)), 3.33 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.16 (dd, 1H, $^3J = 17.0$, 6.8, H-C(5)). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 197.2 (s, C(6)), 139.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 158$, C(3)), 136.7 (s, C(Ph)), 133.5 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 161$, HC(Ph)), 128.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 162$, HC(Ph)), 128.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 160$, HC(Ph)), 123.6 (q, $^1J(\text{C,F}) = 278$, C(2')), 117.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 166$, C(2)), 73.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 145$, C(4)), 64.2 (dq, $^2J(\text{C,F}) = 155$, C(1')), 56.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 142$, OMe), 50.4 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 140$, C(1)), 43.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H}) = 126$, C(5)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z 367 (13, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$), 247 (3), 203 (16), 173 (8), 105 (100), 78 (14). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{F}_3\text{O}_5\text{S}$ (366.36): C 49.18, H 4.68. Found: C 49.18, H 4.64.

(±)-(4*RS*,5*RS*,7*Z*,8*RS*)-5-(Benzyloxy)-*N,N*-diethyl-4,6-dimethyl-3-oxonon-7-ene-8-sulfonamide (46a**).**

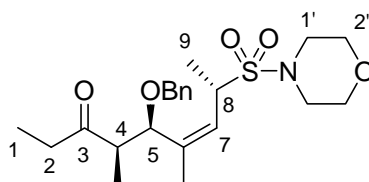


NHTf_2 (0.5 M in CH_2Cl_2 , 0.59 mL, 0.29 mmol, 0.3 equiv) in anh. CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) was degassed by freeze-thaw cycles on the vacuum line. SO_2 (0.8 mL, 19.4 mmol, 20 equiv), dried by passing through a column packed with phosphorus pentoxide and aluminum oxide, was transferred on the vacuum line to the CH_2Cl_2 solution frozen at -196°C . The mixture was allowed to melt and to warm to -78°C . After 30 min at this temperature a solution of diene **36** (181mg, 0.96 mmol, 1 equiv) and the enoxysilane **2b** (200 mg, 1.26 mmol, 1.3 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 mL) were added dropwise under vigorous stirring and Ar atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78°C for 12 h. At this temperature, the excess of SO_2 and the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure (10^{-1} Torr) to dryness (ca. 1h) while temperature slowly reached 20°C . Halogenating agent (only NCS, 402 mg, 3.01 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added at -20°C . After 1h at this temperature, the dark mixture was transferred into a solution of the Et_2NH (240 mg, 3.29 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in 3 mL pyridine under Ar. The mixture was finally stirred at this temperature for 2 h, and poured into a mixture of ice-water (10 mL) and Et_2O (20 mL) and then washed with a aqueous saturated solution of CuSO_4 (30 mL, 3 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4) and the

solvent eliminated under reduced pressure under reflux. Purification by FC (4:1 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f = 0.31), 910 mg (81%), yellowish oil.

IR (film): ν 2974, 2875, 1713, 1455, 1332, 1140, 1010, 937, 737 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): λ_{max} = 216 (ϵ = 5338). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.35-7.28 (m, 5H, Ph(Bn)), 5.57 (d, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_8\text{-H}_7)$ = 9.2, H-C(7)), 4.48 (d, AB, 1H, 2J = 12.0, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 4.34 (d, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_5\text{-H}_4)$ = 8.0, H-C(5)), 4.24 (d, AB, 1H, 2J = 12.0, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 4.02 (qd, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_8\text{-H}_7)$ = 9.2, $^3J(\text{H}_8\text{-H}_9)$ = 6.8, H-C(8)), 3.31 (m, 4H, H-C(1')), 2.98 (dq, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_4\text{-H}_5)$ = $^3J(\text{H}_4\text{-Me}_4)$ = 7.7, H-C(4)), 2.53 (dq, 1H, 2J = 18.8, $^3J(\text{H}_2\text{-H}_1)$ = 7.1, H-C(2)), 2.41 (dq, 1H, 2J = 18.8, $^3J(\text{H}_2\text{-H}_1)$ = 7.1, H-C(2)), 1.79 (s, 3H, Me-C(6)), 1.32 (d, 3H, $^3J(\text{H}_9\text{-H}_8)$ = 6.8, H-C(9)), 1.19 (t, 6H, 3J = 7.7, $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{N}$), 1.03 (t, 3H, $^3J(\text{H}_1\text{-H}_2)$ = 7.1, H-C(1)). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 213.2 (s, CO), 140.1 (s, C(6)), 130.6-125 (C(ar)), 122.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 153, C(7)), 70.1 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 147, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 56.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 139, C(8)), 49.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 140, C(5)), 43.5 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 143, C(4)), 42.0 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 146, C(1')), 36.4 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 128, C(2)), 19.1 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 152, Me-C(6)), 16.7 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 145, Me-C(9)), 14.3 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 144, $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{N}$), 13.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 139, Me-C(4)), 7.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})$ = 130, C(1)). CI-MS (NH_3): m/z = 427 (100, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 410 (20, $[\text{M}+1]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{35}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (409.23): C, 64.51, H, 8.61, N, 3.42. Found: C, 64.70, H, 8.55, N, 3.36.

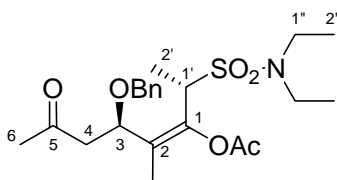
(\pm)-Morpholine (4*RS*, 5*RS*, 7*Z*, 8*SR*)-5-(Benzyloxy)-4,6-dimethyl-3-oxooct-7-ene-8-sulfonamide (46b**).**



Sulfonamide **46b** was prepared as described above for **46a** from the same starting diene **36** and enoxysilane **2b**. The intermediate sulfonyl chloride was reacted with *N*-morpholine (289 mg, 3.29 mmol). FC (7:3 light petroleum ether/EtOAc, R_f 0.32), 703 mg (63%), colorless oil. IR (film): ν 2973, 2937, 1713, 1497, 1455, 1337, 1261, 1149, 1115, 1071, 1028, 956, 743, 699 cm^{-1} . UV (CH_3CN): λ_{max} = 218 (ϵ = 4178). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.41-7.35 (m, 5H, Ph(Bn)), 5.59 (d, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_7\text{-H}_8)$ = 10.6, H-C(7)), 4.48 (d, AB, 1H, 2J = 11.5 $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 4.39 (d, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_5\text{-H}_4)$ = 7.7, H-C(5)), 4.24 (d, AB, 1H, 2J = 11.5, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 4.04 (dq, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_8\text{-H}_7)$ = 10.6, $^3J(\text{H}_8\text{-H}_9)$ = 6.7, H-C(8)), 3.74 (t, 2H, $^3J(\text{H}_{2'\text{a}}\text{-H}_{1'})$ = 4.5, H-C(2')), 3.72 (t, 2H, $^3J(\text{H}_{2'\text{b}}\text{-H}_{1'})$ = 4.2, H-C(2')), 3.38 (t, 2H, $^3J(\text{H}_{1'\text{a}}\text{-H}_{2'})$ = 4.2, H-C(1')), 3.34 (t, 2H, $^3J(\text{H}_{1'\text{b}}\text{-H}_{2'})$ = 4.2, H-C(1'b)), 2.96 (qd, 1H, $^3J(\text{H}_4\text{-H}_5)$ = $^3J(\text{H}_4\text{-Me}_4)$ = 7.7, H-C(4)), 2.64 (qd,

1H , $^2J = 16.6$, $^3J(\text{H}_{2a}-\text{H}_1) = 6.7$, $\text{H}_a-\text{C}(2)$), 2.54 (qd, 1H , $^2J = 16.6$, $^3J(\text{H}_{2b}-\text{H}_1) = 6.7$, $\text{H}_b-\text{C}(2)$), 1.80 (s, 3H , $\text{CH}_3-\text{C}(6)$), 1.39 (d, 3H , $^3J(\text{H}_9-\text{H}_8) = 6.7$, $\text{H}-\text{C}(9)$), 1.27 (t, 3H , $^3J(\text{H}_1-\text{H}_2) = 6.7$, $\text{H}-\text{C}(1)$), 1.03 (d, 3H , $^3J(\text{H}_4-\text{Me}_4) = 7.7$, $\text{Me}-\text{C}(4)$). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 214.5 (s, CO), 140.1 (s, C(6)), 130.6-125 (C(ar)), 122.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 153$, C(7)), 70.6 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 152$, $\text{CH}_2(\text{Bn})$), 67.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 161$, C(2')), 56.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 132$, C(8)), 48.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 143$, C(5)), 43.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 139$, C(4)), 38.2 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 139$, C(1')), 37.7 (t, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 148$, C(2)), 18.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 139$, C(6)), 17.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 142$, C(9)), 13.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 155$, $\text{Me}-\text{C}(4)$), 7.9 (q, $^1J(\text{C},\text{H}) = 134$, C(1)). CI-MS (NH_3): $m/z = 425$ (100, $[\text{M}+18]^+$), 408 (12, $[\text{M}+1]^+$). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{33}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (407.63): C, 62.38, H, 7.85, N, 3.31. Found: C, 62.26, 7.76, N, 3.22.

(±)-(1*E*,3*RS*)-3-(Benzyloxy)-1-[(1'*RS*)-1'-[(diethylamino)sulfonyl]ethyl]-2-methyl-5-oxohex-1-enyl acetate (47a**)**



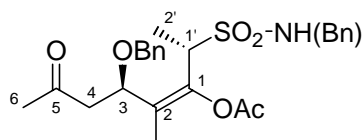
The 0.5 M solution of Ti_2NH (0.61 ml, 0.30 mmol, 0.2 eq.) in CH_2Cl_2 was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (3.5 ml). SO_2 (2.5 ml) was condensed at $-196\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The mixture was stirred at $-78\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 15 min, when the solution of **37** (0.42 g, 1.5 mmol, 1 eq.) and isopropenyloxy trimethylsilane **38** (0.5 ml, 3.0 mmol, 2 eq.) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 ml) was added slowly dropwise at $-95\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 14 h at $-80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Reaction mixture was degassed at $-78\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.01 mbar) for 2 h, followed by evaporation at $20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to dryness.

The oily residue was dissolved in MeCN (2 ml) and NCS (0.23 g, 1.68 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was added at $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and stirring was continued for 0.5 h. Then the mixture was cannulated into a solution of Et_2NH (0.17 ml, 1.68 mmol, 1.1 eq.) in pyridine (3 ml) at $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The mixture was allowed to reach $20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and HCl (2 M). The aqueous phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic layers were washed with aqueous NaHCO_3 , brine (10 ml), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (light petroleum ether/ EtOAc 1:1 : 0.22 g (30%) of **47a**, colorless oil.

IR (film): ν 2978, 2938, 2876, 1760, 1716, 1670, 1626, 1595, 1455, 1370, 1353, 1327, 1201, 1166, 1142, 1129, 1070, 1045, 1018, 938, 917 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.37-7.25 (m, 5H, Ph), 4.70 (dd, 1H , $J=9.3$, 1.8 Hz, H(3)), 4.60 (d, 1H , $J=12.3$, OCH_2Ph), 4.28 (d, 1H , $J=12.3$, OCH_2Ph), 3.70 (q, 1H , $J=6.8$, H(1')), 3.25 (dq, 2H , $J=14.5$, 7.1, Ha(1'')), 3.08 (dq, 2H ,

$J=14.5$, 7.1, Hb(1'')), 2.87 (dd, 1H, $J=9.3$, 16.3, Ha(4)), 2.76 (dd, 1H, $J=1.8$, 16.3, Hb(4)), 2.23 (s, 3H, OAc), 2.16 (s, 3H, H(5)), 1.60 (s, 3H, Me(2)), 1.27 (d, 3H, $J=6.8$, H(2')), 1.07 (t, 3H, $J=7.1$, H(2'')). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 205.9 (s, C(5)), 168.4 (s, COCH_3), 138.8 (s, C(1)), 137.7 (s, Ar), 128.3 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=154$, Ar), 128.2 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=157$, Ar), 127.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=155$, Ar), 127.6 (s, C(2)), 70.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=145$, C(3)), 69.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=144$, CH_2Ph), 57.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=141$, C(1')), 46.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=129$, C(4)), 41.9 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=138$, C(1'')), 30.5 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=125$, C(6)), 20.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=128$, COCH_3), 14.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=134$, Me(3)), 11.3 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=128$, C(2')). CI-MS (NH_3) : m/z 457 ($[\text{M}+18]$, 15), 290(3), 243(3), 224(8), 214(9), 169(14), 155(48), 153(14), 141(8), 139(15), 137(30), 136(30), 125(19), 113(43), 111(27), 108(11), 105(15), 92(11), 91(100), 82(8), 74(98), 73(15), 72(97). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{33}\text{NO}_6\text{S}$ (439.24): C 60.11, H 7.57. Found: C 59.96, H 7.66.

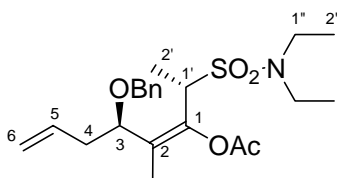
(\pm)-(1*E*, 3*RS*)-1'-{(1'*RS*)-1'-[(Benzylamino)sulfonyl]ethyl}-3-(benzyloxy)-2-methyl-5-oxohex-1-enyl acetate (47b**)**



Same procedure as for the preparation of **47a**, using BnNH_2 instead of Et_2NH . Yield: 30% of **47b**.

IR (film): ν 3274, 3066, 3034, 2929, 1754, 1718, 1670, 1496, 1455, 1417, 1371, 1326, 1204, 1150, 1067, 1046, 1028 cm^{-1} . ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.39-7.29 (m, 10H, Ar), 4.77 (dd, 1H, $J=9.3$, 2.2, H(3)), 4.68 (b.t, 1H, $J=5.6$, NH), 4.50 (d, 1H, $J=11.5$, OCH_2Ph), 4.28 (d, 1H, $J=11.5$, OCH_2Ph), 4.22 (d, 2H, $J=5.6$, NHCH_2Ph), 4.07 (q, 1H, $J=6.7$, H(1')), 2.92 (dd, 1H, $J=9.3$, 16.3, Ha(4)), 2.60 (b.d, 1H, $J=16.3$, Hb(4)), 2.33 (s, 3H, OAc), 2.16 (s, 3H, H(6)), 1.62 (s, 3H, Me(2)), 1.45 (d, 3H, $J=6.7$, H(2')). Rotamer in NH region (1:9): 4.41 (t, 1H, $J=5.76$, NH), 4.21 (d, 2H, $J=5.76$, NHCH_2Ph). ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 205.9 (s, C(5)), 168.8 (s, COCH_3), 138.8 (s, C(1)), 137.6 (s, Ar), 131.0 (s, Ar), 128.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=161$, Ar), 128.5 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=160$, Ar), 128.2 (s, C(2)), 128.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=160$, Ar), 128.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=160$, Ar), 127.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=157$, Ar), 72.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=141$, C(3)), 70.2 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=140$, OCH_2Ph), 58.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=136$, C(1')), 47.4 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=130$, NHCH_2Ph), 47.2 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=127$, C(4)), 30.8 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=127$, C(6)), 20.6 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=130$, COCH_3), 12.6 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=130$, Me(2)), 11.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=129$, C(2')). Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{NO}_6\text{S}$ (473.58): C, 63.40, H, 6.60. Found: C, 63.24, H, 6.51.

(±)-(1*E*, 3*RS*)-3-(Benzyloxy)-1-[(1'*RS*)-1'-[(diethylamino)sulfonyl]ethyl]-2-methylhexa-1,5-dienyl acetate (**48a**):

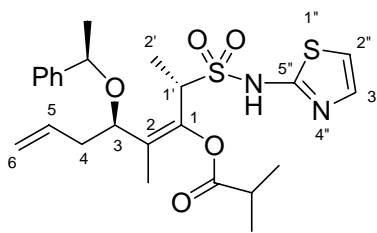


Same procedure as for the preparation of **47a**, using diene **37**, allyltrimethylsilane (**40**) and Et₂NH. FC (light petroleum ether/ EtOAc 1:1): 25% of **48a**, colorless oil.

IR (film): ν 3066, 2978, 2937, 1761, 1671, 1642, 1497, 1454, 1370, 1351, 1329, 1199, 1165, 1143, 1130, 1091, 1072, 1046, 1018 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.39-7.24 (m, 5H, Ar), 5.82 (dddd, 1H, J =17.3, 10.2, 8.0, 6.8, H(5)), 5.14 (dq, 1H, J =17.3, 1.5, Ha(6)), 5.09 (dm, 1H, J =10.2, Hb(6)), 4.58 (d, 1H, J =12.3, OCH₂Ph), 4.50 (d, 1H, J =12.3, OCH₂Ph), 4.27 (dd, 1H, J =8.0, 6.5, H(3)), 4.21 (q, 1H, J =7.0, H(1')), 3.37 (dq, 2H, J =14.8, 7.0, Ha(1'')), 3.22 (dq, 2H, J =14.8, 7.0, Hb(1'')), 2.54 (ddd, 1H, J =14.8, 8.0, 6.5, Ha(4)), 2.34 (ddd, 1H, J =14.5, 8.0, 6.8, Hb(4)), 2.24 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.62 (s, 3H, Me(2)), 1.36 (d, 3H, J =7.0 Hz, H(2'')), 1.18 (t, 6H, J =7.0, H(2'')). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 168.1 (s, COCH₃), 139.0 (s, C1), 138.6 (s, Ar), 134.1 (d, 1J (C,H)=160, C(5)), 130.9 (s, C2), 128.3 (d, 1J (C,H)=160, Ar), 127.6 (d, 1J (C,H)=157, Ar), 127.4 (d, 1J (C,H)=161, Ar), 117.9 (t, 1J (C,H)=154, C(6)), 77.8 (d, 1J (C,H)=141, C(3)), 70.5 (t, 1J (C,H)=142, OCH₂Ph), 58.4 (d, 1J (C,H)=137, C(1')), 42.1 (t, 1J (C,H)=136, C(1'')), 38.6 (t, 1J (C,H)=129, C(4)), 20.6 (q, 1J (C,H)=130, COCH₃), 14.6 (q, 1J (C,H)=127, C(2'')), 13.2 (q, 1J (C,H)=132, Me(2)), 11.5 (q, 1J (C,H)=129, C(2'')).

CI-MS (NH₃) : m/z 441 ([M+18], 10), 340(5), 245(3), 192(4), 153(7), 137(5), 120(8), 105(7), 92(11), 91(100), 77(5), 74(18), 72(15). Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₃₃NO₅S (423.21): C, 62.38, H 7.85. Found: C, 62.38, H, 7.81.

(±)-(1*E*, 3*RS*)-2-Methyl-3-[[[(1*SR*)-1-phenylethyl]oxy]-1-[(1*SR*)-1-[(1,3 thiazol-2-ylamino)sulfonyl]ethyl]hexa-1,5-dien-1-yl 2-methylpropanoate (**48b**):



Same procedure as for the preparation of **48a**, using diene **37**, allyltrimethylsilane (**40**) and 2-aminothiazole. FC (CH₂Cl₂/ Et₂O 3:2). 20% of **48b**, colorless oil.

IR (film): ν 3147, 3106, 2978, 2928, 2812, 1752, 1668, 1641, 1572, 1538, 1451, 1418, 1330, 1301, 1224, 1116, 915 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.46-7.18 (m, 5H, Ar), 6.95 (d, 1H, $J=4.5$, H(3'')), 6.44 (d, 1H, $J=4.5$, H(2'')), 5.97-5.84 (m, 1H, H(5)), 5.14 (d, 1H, $J=17.3$, Ha(6)), 5.08 (d, 1H, $J=10.2$, Hb(6)), 4.42 (q, 1H, $J=6.4$, OCH(Me)Ph), 3.98 (dd, 1H, $J=8.3$, 3.8, H(3)), 3.58 (q, 1H, $J=7.0$, H(1')), 2.65 (sp, 1H, $J=7.0$, OC(O)CH(CH₃)₂), 2.50-2.41 (m, 2H, H(4)), 1.51 (s, 3H, Me(2)), 1.38 (d, 3H, $J=6.4$, OCH(Me)Ph), 1.29 (d, 3H, $J=7.0$, H(2')), 1.22, 1.21 (2d, 6H, $J=7.0$, OCOCH(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.6 (s, C(1'')), 171.0 (s, COCH(CH₃)₂), 143.6 (s, C(1)), 137.9 (s, Ph), 135.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=153$, C(5)), 128.4 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=160$, Ph), 127.7 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=161$, Ph), 126.5 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=158$, Ph), 124.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=195$, C(3'')), 117.7 (s, C(2)), 116.8 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=157$, C(6)), 108.0 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=196$, C(2'')), 73.9 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=144$, OCH(Me)Ph), 73.5 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=143$, C(3)), 57.8 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=137$, C(1')), 37.5 (t, $^1J(\text{C,H})=125$, C(4)), 34.1 (d, $^1J(\text{C,H})=130$, OCOCH(CH₃)₂), 25.0 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=131$, OCH(Me)Ph), 19.1, 19.0 (2q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=128$, OCOCH(CH₃)₂), 12.4 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=131$, C(2')), 11.0 (q, $^1J(\text{C,H})=128$, Me(2)). CI-MS (NH₃): m/z 492 ([M+1], 73), 492([M], 1), 451(3), 429(4), 389(2), 376(9), 359(12), 331(7), 301(31), 259(5), 246(10), 205(5), 171(5), 138(7), 105(18), 101(100), 100(11). HRMS Calcd for C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₅S₂ + Na 515.1650. Found: 515.1659.

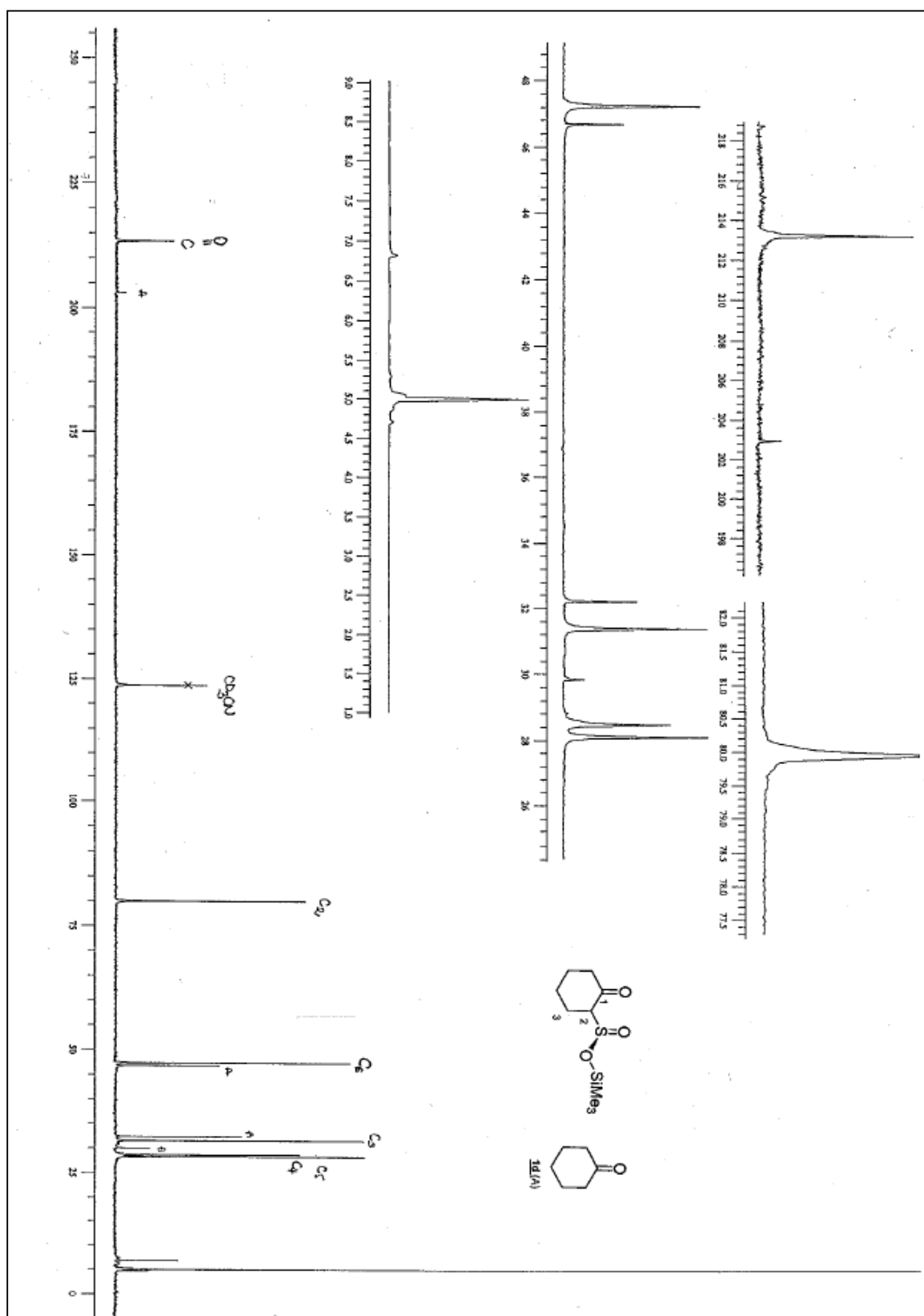


Figure S1: ^{13}C NMR (proton noise decoupled) spectrum of **3d** and **1d** (ca. 15%). Mixture obtained by reaction of **2d** + SO_2 / $(t\text{Bu})\text{Me}_2\text{SiOTf}$, shows as a single diastereoisomer for **3d**.

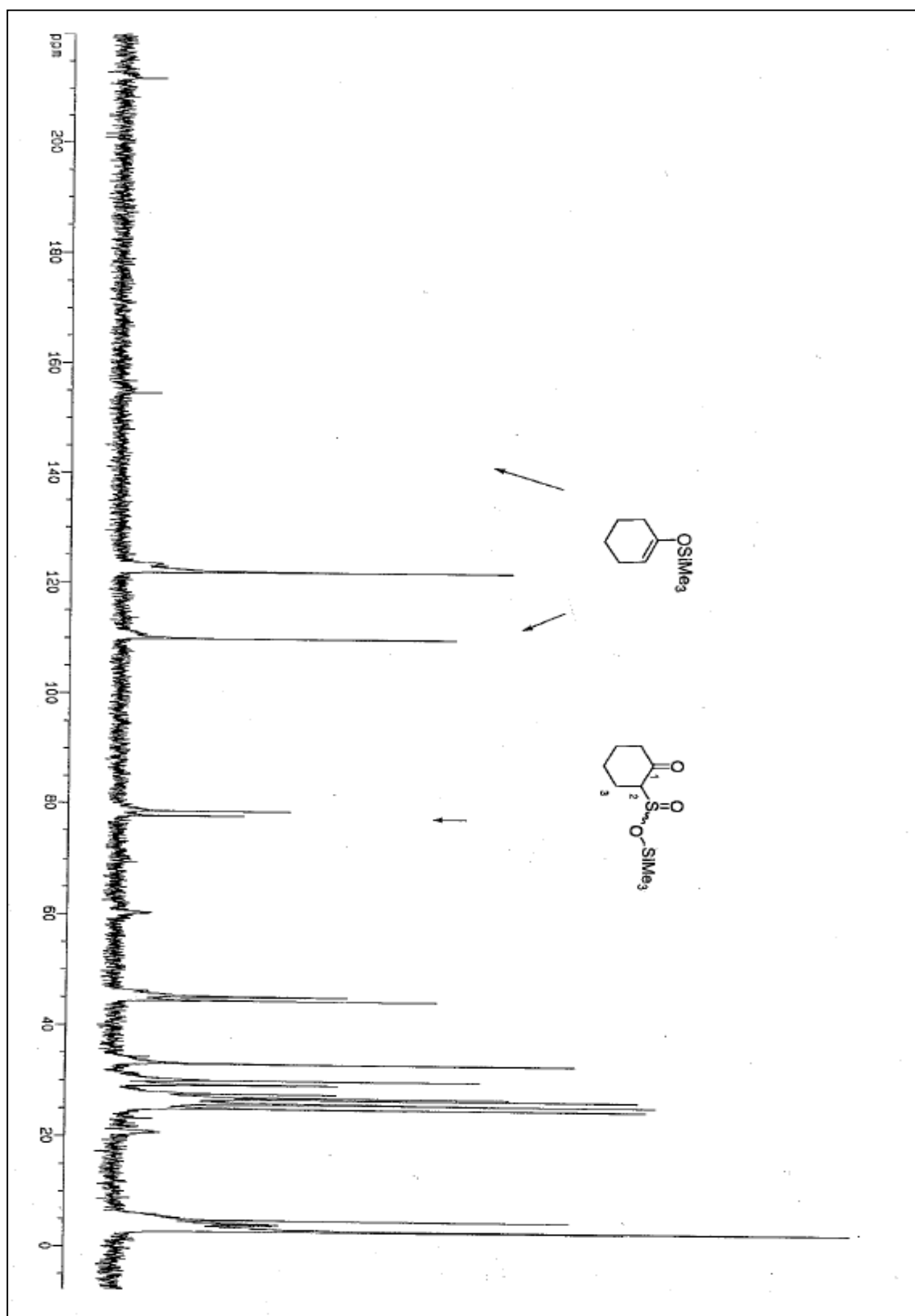


Figure S2: ^{13}C NMR (proton noise decoupled) spectrum of **3d** and **2d** (30%) obtained by reaction of **2d** + SO_2 in CD_3CN , no Lewis acid. A 6:4 mixture of two diastereoisomers for **3d** is formed.

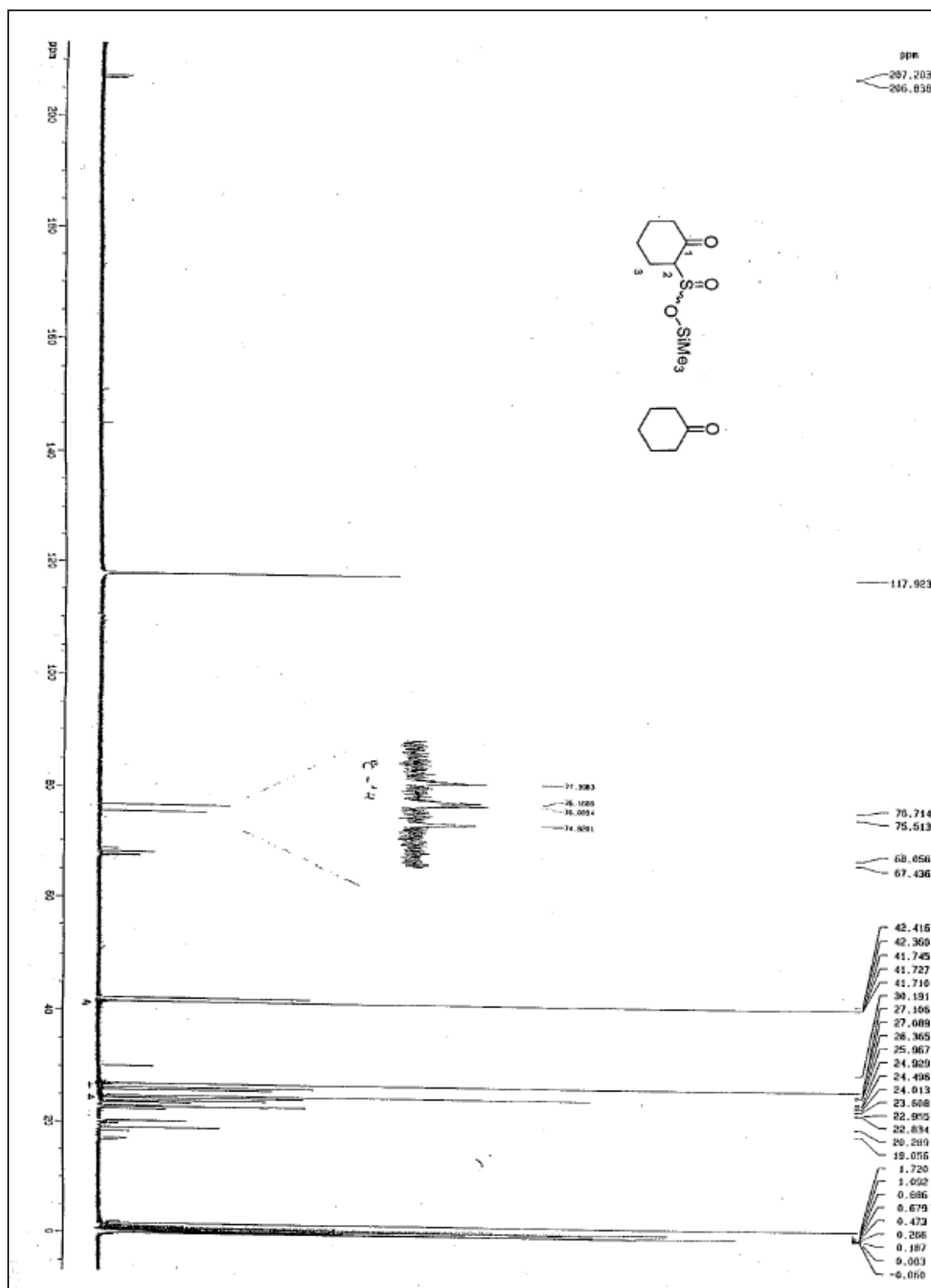


Figure S3: ^{13}C NMR (proton noise decoupled) spectrum of **3d** and **1d** (<5%) obtained by reaction of **2d** + SO_2 in CD_3CN , no Lewis acid. A 5:4 mixture of two diastereoisomer **3d** is obtained after 36 h at 300 K.

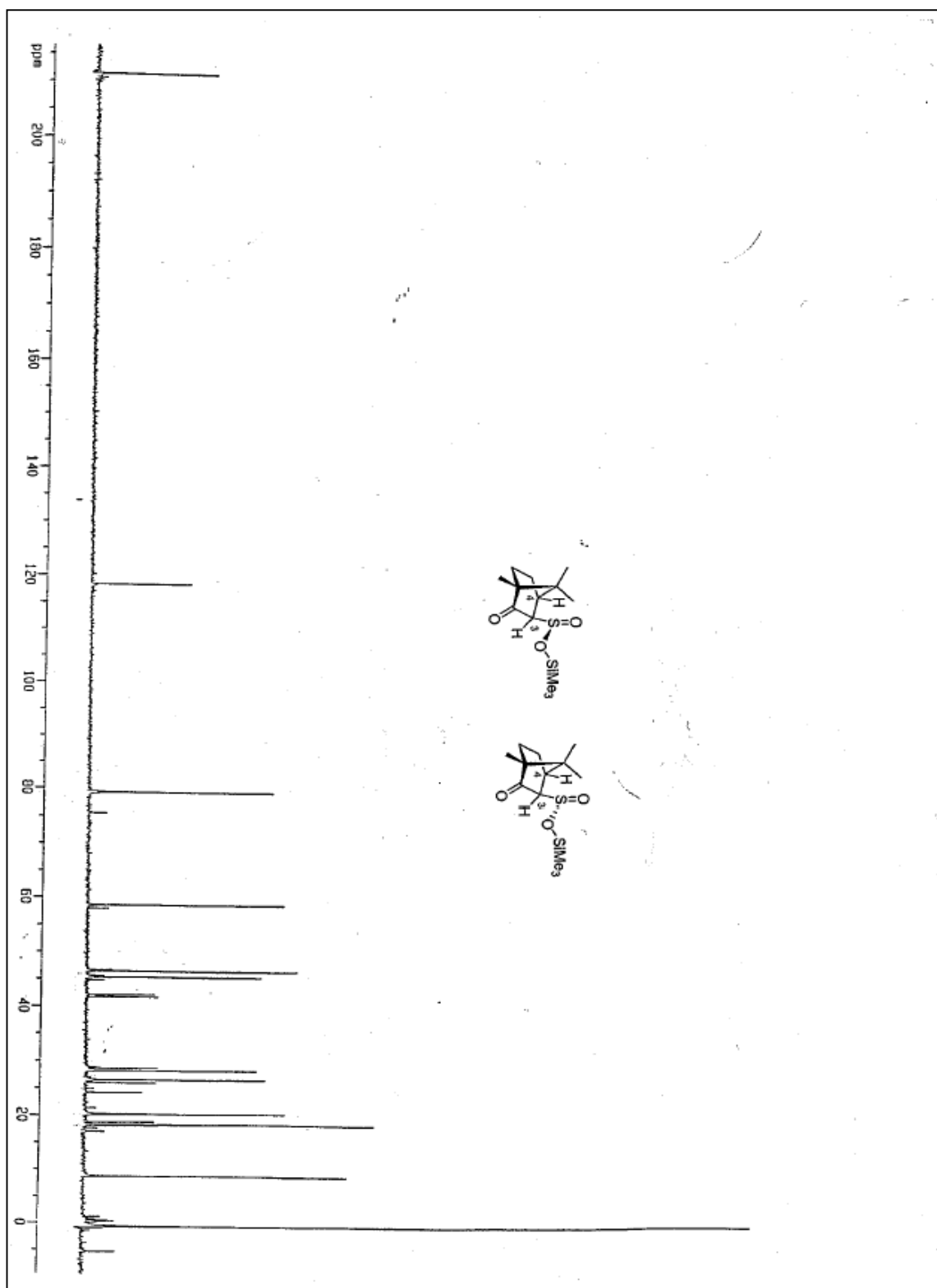


Figure S4: ^{13}C NMR (proton noise decoupled) spectrum of **3e** in presence of TBSOTf obtained by reaction of **2e** + SO_2 in CD_3CN at -78°C , 20 min. It shows one major diastereoisomer.

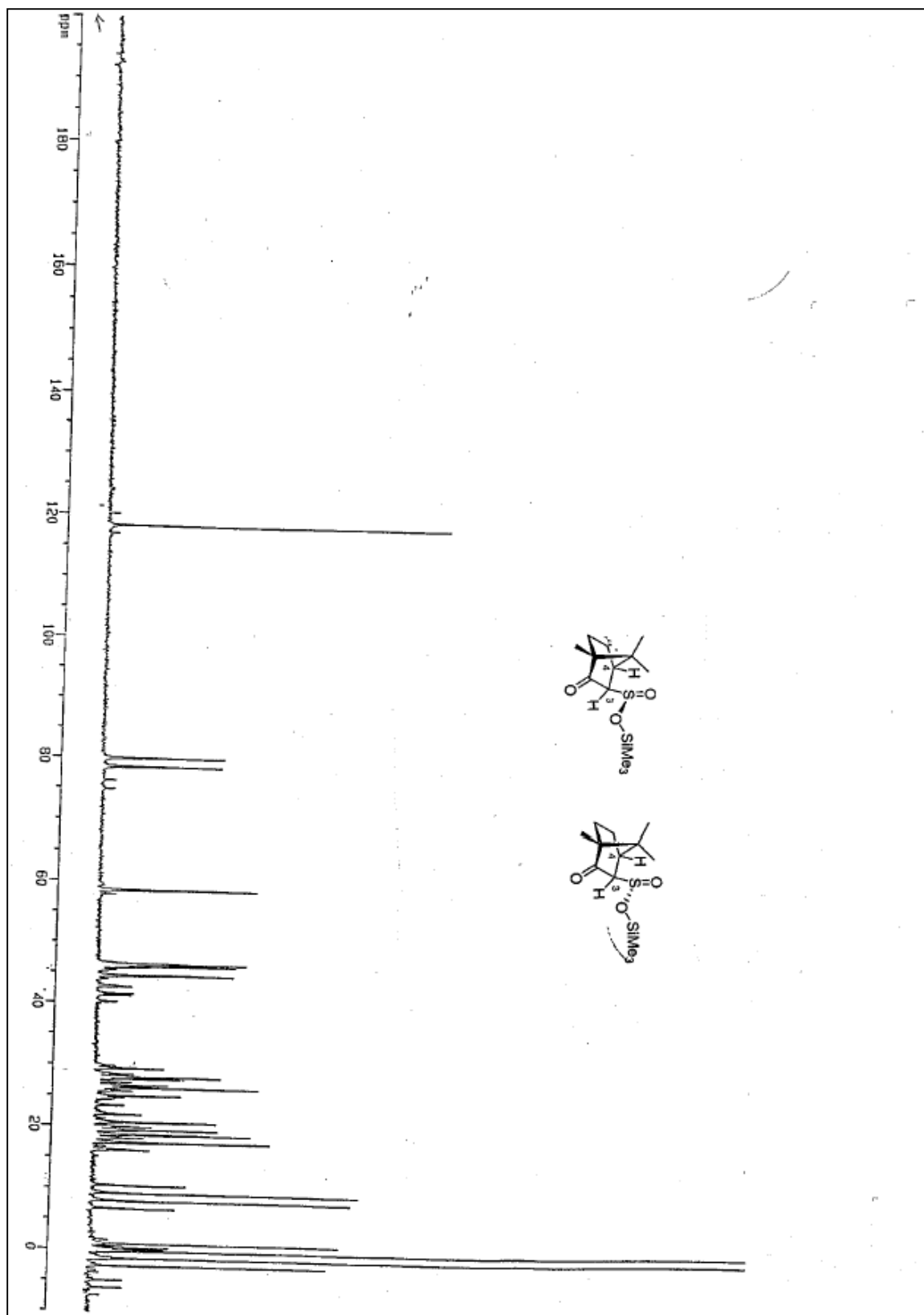


Figure S5: ^{13}C NMR (with ^1H coupling) spectrum of **3e** before equilibration of the diastereoisomers (-78°C , 40 min.).

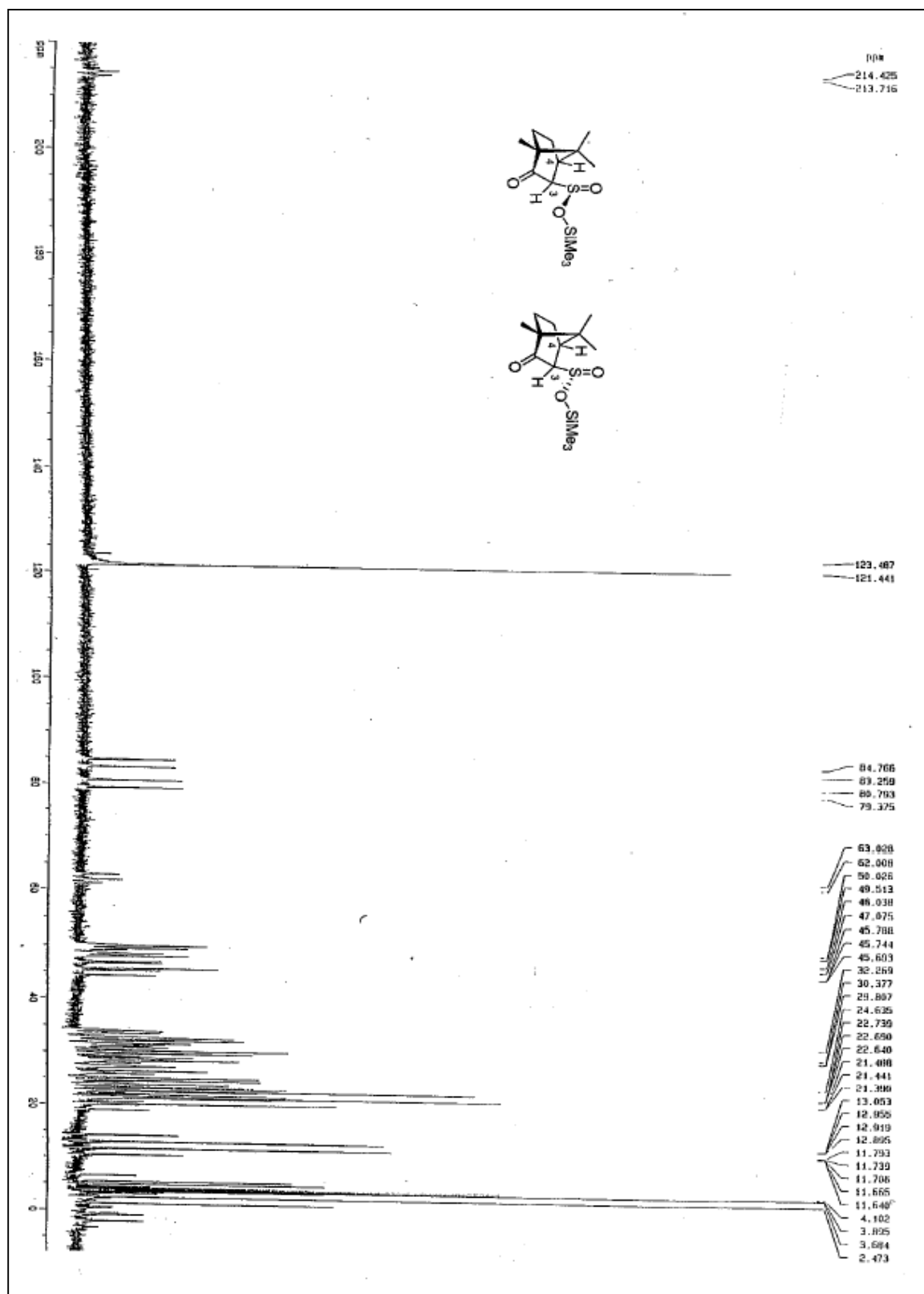


Figure S6: ^{13}C NMR spectrum (with ^1H coupling) of **3e** in absence of Lewis acid, after equilibration for 12 h. at -40°C in CD_3CN . A 1:1 mixture of two diastereoisomeric sulfonates **3e** is obtained.

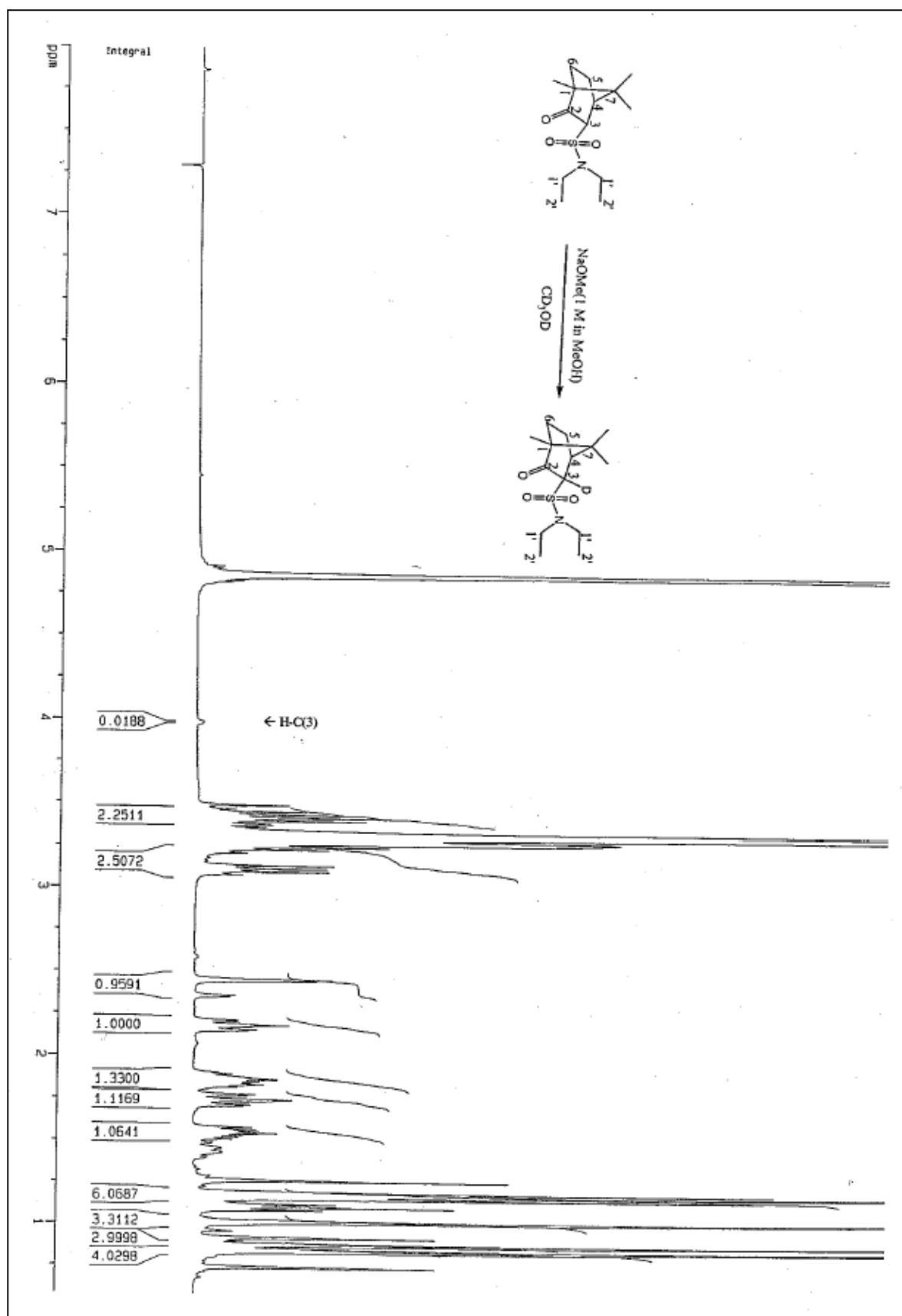


Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectrum of **15/D-15** in CD₃OH / CD₃OD.

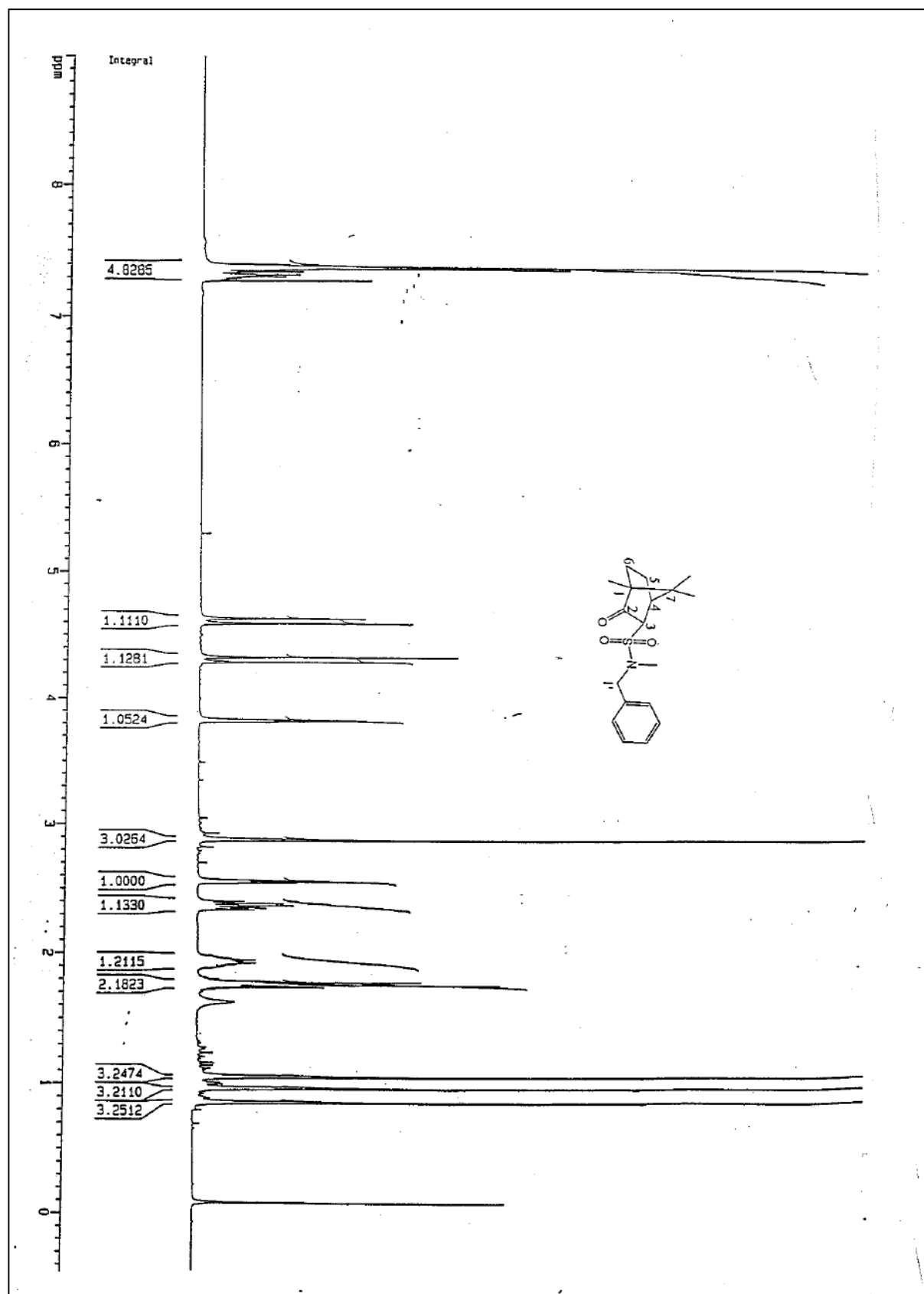


Figure S8. ^1H NMR spectrum of **16** in CDCl_3 .

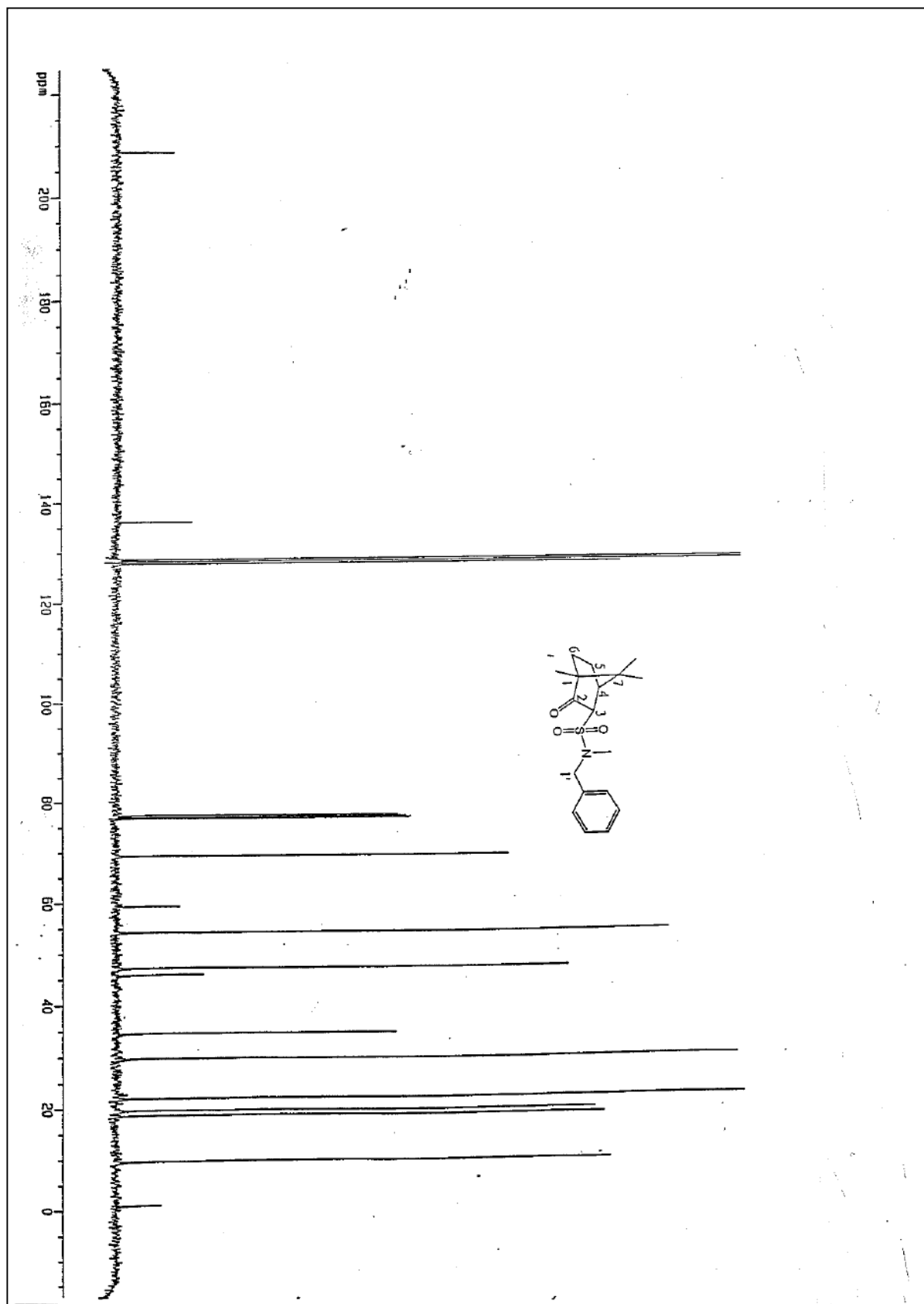


Figure S9. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **16** in CDCl_3 .