### **Supporting Information**

Melting point were determined with a Yanaco micro melting point apparatus and are uncorrected.  $^{1}$ H and  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra were taken on a Varian Gemini 300 or Unity Plus 500 spectrometer.  $^{1}$ H NMR spectra were recorded at the indicated field strength as solutions in CDCl<sub>3</sub> unless otherwise indicated. Chemical shifts are given in parts per million (ppm,  $\delta$ ) downfield from TMS and are referenced to CHCl<sub>3</sub> (7.26 ppm) as internal standard. Splitting patterns are designated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; br, broad.  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra were recorded at the indicated field strength as solutions in CDCl<sub>3</sub> unless otherwise indicated. Chemical shifts are given in parts per million (ppm,  $\delta$ ) downfield from TMS and are referenced to the center line of CDCl<sub>3</sub> (77.0 ppm) as internal standard. Carbon signals were assigned by a DEPT pulse sequence, q = methyl, t = methylene, d = methine, and s = quaternary carbons. Infrared spectra (IR) were measured with a Perkin-Elmer 1600 series FT-IR spectrophotometer. Mass spectra (MS) and high-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were measured on a JEOL JMS-AX505HAD mass spectrometer. Optical rotations were measured on a JASCO DIP-1000 digital polarimeter. Column chromatography was performed on Merck silica gel 60 (No 7734-5B) or (No 9385).

### Methyl (6S)-(-)-2-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-6-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of **1** (1.85 g, 5.40 mmol) in THF (22 mL) was added a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6 m in hexane, 3.5 mL, 5.54 mmol) at –78 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at –78 °C for 30 min. To the reaction mixture was added ClCO<sub>2</sub>Me (0.43 mL, 5.54 mmol) at –78 °C, and then the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL x1, 15 mL x 2). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (50 g, hexane:acetone=30:1~20:1) to give the imide (2.10 g, 98%) as a colorless solid (mp 97-102 °C).

IR (KBr) 2958, 1718, 1113 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  1.06 (9H, s), 1.69-1.75 (1H, m), 1.86-1.99 (2H, m), 2.12-2.17 (1H, m), 2.49-2.52 (2H, m), 3.72-3.76 (2H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.41-4.44 (1H, m), 7.37-7.45 (6H, m), 7.63-7.67 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  17.44 (t), 18.96 (s), 24.18 (t), 26.63 (q), 34.64 (t), 53.52 (q), 56.16 (d), 64.10 (t), 127.60 (d), 129.65 & 129.68 (each d), 132.63 & 132.81 (each s), 135.36 & 135.42 (each d), 154.69 (s), 171.69 (s); MS: 425 (M<sup>+</sup>), 115 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>31</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si 425.2022; Found 425.2006; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> –41.6 (c 5.67, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Mehtyl (6S)-(-)-2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-6-trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-pyridine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of hexamethyldisilazane (1.5 mL, 6.97 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added a solution of n-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 4.4 mL, 6.97 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. To a stirred solution of the above imide (2.47 g, 5.81 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added a solution of LiHMDS prepared above at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. To the above reaction mixture was added a solution of 2-[N,N-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)amino]5-chloropyridine (Comins' reagent) (97%, 2.73 g, 6.97 mmol) in THF (6 mL) at -78 °C, and the resulting mixture was warned to -40 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow solid, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (60 g, hexane:acetone=100:1-50:1) to give enol triflate (3.0 g, 96%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2962, 1733, 1423, 1213, 1114 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  1.06 (9H, s), 1.69-1.76 (1H, m), 1.91-2.04 (2H, br m), 2.13-2.19 (1H, m), 3.57 (2H, dd, J = 10.2, 8.1 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 4.64-4.68 (1H, m), 5.17 (1H, t, J = 3.8 Hz), 7.37-7.46 (6H, m), 7.63-7.67 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  19.09 (t), 19.29 (s), 22.22 (t), 26.81 (q), 53.69 (q), 55.63 (d), 60.79 (t), 106.05 (d), 127.63 (d), 129.69 (d), 133.06 & 133.11 (each s), 135.42 & 135.44 (each d), 138.05 (s), 154.69 (s); MS: 557 (M<sup>+</sup>), 422 (100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{25}H_{30}F_3NO_6Si$  557.1515; Found 557.1518;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  –18.8 (c 1.57, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### Dimethyl (S)-(-)-6-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridine-1,2-dicarboxylate (2)

To a stirred solution of the above enol triflate (5.30 g, 9.52 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) was added Pd(Ph<sub>3</sub>P)<sub>4</sub> (550 mg, 0.48 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature under CO balloon pressure for 30 min. To the reaction mixture were added Et<sub>3</sub>N (5.3 mL, 38.1 mmol) and MeOH (15.4 mL, 381.0 mmol), and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 70 °C under CO balloon pressure for 15 h. After cooling, the reaction mixture was diluted with  $H_2O$  (100 mL) and brine (25 mL), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (80 g, hexane:acetone=50:1-30:1) to give 2 (3.91 g, 88%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2968, 1732, 1652, 1240 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  1.05 (9H, s), 1.77-1.85 (1H, m), 1.91-1.99 (1H, br m), 2.04-2.16 (1H, m), 3.52 (2H, dd, J = 10.2, 8.5 Hz), 3.70 (3H, s), 3.77 (1H, dd, J = 10.2, 6.3 Hz), 4.55 (1H, br), 5.96 (1H, t, J = 3.5 Hz), 7.37-7.45 (6H, m), 7.65-7.67 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  19.43 (t), 19.55 (s), 22.48 (t), 26.95 (q), 52.16 (q), 52.69 (d), 53.30 (q), 61.39 (t), 121.98 (s), 127.72 (d), 129.72 & 129.75 (each d), 130.59 (s), 133.31 & 133.41 (each s), 135.58 (d), 154.52 (s), 165.49 (s); MS: 467 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{26}H_{33}NO_5Si$  467.2128; Found 467.2134;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  –53.3 (c 1.33, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Dimethyl (2R, 3S, 6S)-(+)-6-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3-vinylpiperidine-1,2-dicarboxylate

To a stirred suspension of CuI (1.71 g, 9.00 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL) was added a solution of vinyl lithium, prepared from tetravinyltin (0.37 mL, 4.50 mmol) and MeLi (1.0 M in Et<sub>2</sub>O, 18 mL, 18.0 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL) at 0 °C for 30 min, at -78 °C, and the resulting suspension was warmed to -35 °C for 20 min. The resulting suspension was re-cooled to -78 °C, and a solution of **2** (1.05 g, 2.25 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) was added to the resulting suspension. The reaction mixture was warmed to -30 °C for 1 h, and the reaction was quenched with satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq). The aqueous mixture was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL), and the resulting suspension was filtered. The filtrate was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted

with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (20 mL x 2). The organic layer and extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (40 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-30:1) to give the adduct (1.07 g, 96%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3071, 2935, 2890, 1750, 1705, 1113 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  1.05 (9H, s), 1.41-1.43 (1H, m), 1.59 (1H, br), 1.74-1.81 (1H, br m), 1.85-1.88 (1H, m), 3.00 (1H, br), 3.45 (3H, s), 3.65 (3H, s), 3.67-3.70 (1H, m), 4.28 (1H, br), 4.78 (1H, br), 5.09-5.30 (2H, m), 5.81-5.88 (1H, m), 7.36-7.44 (6H, m), 7.65-7.67 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  18.68 (t), 19.56 (s), 21.03 (t), 27.15(q), 37.06 (d), 52.27 (d), 52.34 (q), 53.19 (q), 56.05 (d), 62.34 (t), 115.56 (t), 127.74 (d), 129.72 (d), 133.76 (s), 135.63 (d), 138.91 (d), 157.63 (s), 172.66 (s); MS: 495 (M<sup>+</sup>); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>37</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>Si 495.2441; Found 495.2464; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup>+2.1 (c 1.57, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2R, 3S, 6S)-(+)-6-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-2-hydroxymethyl-3-vinylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (3)

To a stirred solution of the above adduct (2.0 g, 4.04 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added Super-Hydride (1M in THF, 8.9 mL, 8.9 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 mL x 6). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (40 g, hexane:acetone=30:1-6:1) to give **3** (1.8 g, 96%) as a colorless oil. IR (neat) 3449, 3070, 2937, 2862, 1679 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  1.05 (9H, s), 1.26-1.39 (2H, m), 1.63-1.70 (1H, m), 1.79-1.86 (1H, br m), 2.35 (1H, br), 2.96 (1H, br), 3.55-3.69 (4H, m), 3.67 (3H, br s), 4.25-4.29 (1H, m), 4.39 (1H, br), 5.06-5.12 (2H, m), 5.79-5.86 (1H, m), 7.39-7.46 (6H, m), 7.66-7.72 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  19.03 (s), 19.95 (t), 21.27 (t), 26.67 & 26.72 (each q), 36.70 (d), 50.83 (d), 52.72 (q), 56.14 (d), 64.43 (t), 64.88 (t), 115.05 (t), 127.67 & 127.70 (each d), 129.74 (d), 132.93 & 133.02 (each s), 135.44 & 135.49 (each d), 140.18 (d), 157.97 (s); MS: 410 (M\*-57), 378 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si 410.1787; Found 410.1807; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>p</sub><sup>26</sup>+19.7 (c 1.53, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3S, 6S)-(-)-6-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-2-propenyl-3-vinylpiperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of  $(COCl)_2$  (0.24 mL, 2.77 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 mL) was added DMSO (0.38 mL, 5.43 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of **3** (857 mg, 1.84 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (4 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. Triethylamine (1.1 mL, 7.98 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$ , and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (10 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of EtP+Ph<sub>3</sub>Br<sup>-</sup> (2.73 g, 7.35 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6M ih hexane, 4 mL, 6.4 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting orange solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. To the solution was added a solution of the above oil in THF (6 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (30 g, hexane:acetone=100:1-80:1) to give the olefin (691 mg, 79% in 2 steps) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2938, 2860, 1697 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  1.06 (9H, s), 1.33-1.38 (1H, m), 1.67 (3H, t-like, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.69-1.75 (2H, br m), 1.81-1.88 (1H, m), 2.19 (1H, br), 3.58-3.69 (2H, m), 3.63 (3H, br s), 4.35 (1H, m), 4.90 (1H, d-like, J = 9.4 Hz), 5.05-5.10 (2H, m), 5.29-5.33 (1H, m), 5.38-5.43 (1H, m), 5.85-5.91 (1H, m), 7.38-7.45 (6H, m), 7.67-7.68 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  13.02 (q), 19.18 (s), 19.47 (t), 20.73 (t), 26.78 (q), 41.73 (d), 51.01 (d), 51.71 (d), 52.46 (q), 64.35 (t), 114.70 (t), 127.62 (d), 129.62 (d), 131.10 (d), 133.50 & 133.64 (each s), 135.56 & 135.59 (each d), 140.22 (d), 156.81 (s); MS: 420 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 423 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>Si 420.1995; Found 420.2017;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  –64.5 (c 2.09, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### Methyl (2S, 3R, 6S)-(-)-3-ethyl-6-hydroxymethyl-2-propylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (4)

To a solution of the above olefin (704 mg, 1.48 mmol) in EtOAc (15 mL) was added 5% Pd-C (50 mg), and the resulting suspension was hydrogenated under hydrogen atmosphere at 1 atm for 48 h. The catalyst was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of the above oil in THF (10 mL) was added a solution of TBAF (1M in THF, 1.9 mL, 1.9 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction was quenched eith satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL x 8). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (20 g, hexane:acetone=20:1-7:1) to give 4 (276 mg, 77% in 2 steps) as a colorless oil. IR (neat) 3447, 2956, 2872, 2672 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) δ 0.87-0.91 (6H, m), 1.23-1.59 (9H, br m), 1.71-1.81 (2H, m), 2.94 (1H, br), 3.57-3.64 (2H, m), 3.68 (3H, s), 3.92 (1H, br), 4.25 (1H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR  $(125 \text{ MHz}) \delta 11.96 \text{ (q)}, 13.98 \text{ (q)}, 19.92 \text{ (t)}, 20.15 \text{ (t)}, 25.73 \text{ (t)}, 37.93 \text{ (d)}, 38.87 \text{ (t)}, 52.67 \text{ (q)}, 52.89 \text{ (d)},$ 54.46 (d), 52.46 (q), 65.77 (t), 158.85 (s); MS: 243 (M<sup>+</sup>), 131 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>

243.1833; Found 243.1821;  $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$  –21.8 (*c* 1.05, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### Dimethyl (2S, 5R, 6S)-(-)-5-ethyl-6-propylpiperidine-1,2-dicarboxylate

To a stirred solution of (COCl)<sub>2</sub> (0.53 mL, 6.12 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (12 mL) was added DMSO (0.88 mL, 12.38 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of 4 (1 g, 4.12 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (9 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. Triethylamine (2.6 mL, 18.47 mmol) at −78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (4.9 g, 40.83 mmol), 2-methyl-2-butene (8.8 mL, 82.5 mmol), and the above oil in *t*-BuOH (20 mL) was added a solution of NaClO<sub>2</sub> (80%, 2.7 g, 24.3 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (8 mL), and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 45 min. The reaction was quenched with satd. NaHSO<sub>3</sub> (aq) and 10% HCl at 0 °C, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with EtOAc (15 mL x 10). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of the above oil in EtOAc (20 mL) was added a solution of  $CH_2N_2$  in  $Et_2O$  at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (40 g, hexane:acetone=20:1) to give the methyl ester (1.008 g, 90% in 3 steps) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2957, 2872, 1740, 1701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.86 (6H, t-like, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.24-1.42 (7H, br m), 1.46-1.52 (1H, m), 1.71-1.87 (2H, m), 1.96 (1H, br), 3.66 (3H, s), 3.69 (3H, br s), 3.88-4.05 (1H, br), 4.63 & 4.84 (1H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.87 (q), 13.86 (q), 19.91 (t), 20.31 (t), 25.02 (t), 36.19 (t), 37.75 (d), 51.92 (q), 52.72 (q), 54.79 (d), 157.80 (s), 173.24 (s); MS: 271 (M<sup>+</sup>), 228 (100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{14}H_{25}NO_4$  271.1784; Found 271.1816;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  -65.1 (c 2.17, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### Dimethyl (5R, 6S)-(+)-5-ethyl-6-propyl-5,6-dihydro-4*H*-pyridine-1,2-dicarboxylate (5)

To a stirred solution of hexamethyldisilazane (0.32 mL, 1.5 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 0.94 mL, 1.5 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. To a stirred solution of the above methyl ester (271 mg, 1 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added a solution of LiHMDS prepared above at –78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at –78 °C for 30 min. To a stirred solution of PhSeCl (610 mg, 3 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added a solution of Li enolate prepared above at –78 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (30 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-35:1) to give **5** (207 mg, 77%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2958, 2874, 1708, 1646 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.91 & 0.93 (each 3H, each t, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.17-1.34 (4H, br m), 1.42-1.51 (3H, m), 1.99 (1H, dd, J = 19.2, 3.9 Hz), 2.27 (1H, ddd, J = 19.2, 7.3, 3.9 Hz), 3.70 (3H, br s), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.26 (1H, br), 5.97 (1H, t, J = 3.9 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.91 (q), 14.02 (q), 19.30 (t), 25.12 & 26.20 (each t), 33.04 (t), 36.30 (t), 37.99 & 38.66 (each d), 52.10 (q), 53.07 (q), 55.29 (d), 121.05 (d), 129.05 & 129.28 (each s), 155.49 (s), 165.40 (s); MS: 269 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> 269.1627; Found 269.1604; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> +63.4 (c 0.68, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### Dimethyl (2S, 3R, 5R, 6S)-(-)-5-ethyl-6-propyl-3-vinylpiperidine-1,2-dicarboxylate (6)

To a stirred suspension of CuI (622 mg, 3.27 mmol) in  $Et_2O$  (5 mL) was added a solution of vinyl lithium, prepared from tetravinyltin (0.31 mL, 1.63 mmol) and MeLi (1.01 M in  $Et_2O$ , 6.5 mL, 6.6 mmol) in  $Et_2O$  (3 mL) at 0 °C for 30 min, at -78 °C, and the resulting suspension was warmed to -35 °C for 20 min. The resulting suspension was re-cooled to -78 °C, and a solution of 5 (176 mg, 0.65 mmol) in  $Et_2O$  (4 mL) was added to the resulting suspension. The reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h, and the reaction was quenched with satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq). The aqueous mixture was diluted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL), and the resulting suspension was filtered. The filtrate was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL x 2). The organic layer and extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (20 g, hexane:acetone=70:1-40:1) to give 6 (174 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2957, 2873, 1747, 1702 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.88 & 0.89 (each 3H, each t, J = 7.3 Hz), 0.96 (1H, q, J = 12 Hz), 1.24-1.46 (6H, br m), 1.62-1.70 (1H, m), 1.70-1.77 (1H, m), 2.64 (1H, q-like, J = 8 Hz), 3.67 (3H, s), 3.69 (3H, s), 3.92 (1H, br), 4.29 (1H, br), 5.00-5.08 (2H, m), 5.71-5.78 (1H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.31 (q), 13.98 (q), 19.86 (t), 29.56 (t), 31.76 (t), 39.68 (d), 40.50 (t), 40.86 (d), 51.73 (q), 52.81 (q), 55.40 (d), 59.78 (d), 115.31 (t), 139.95 (d), 157.35 (s), 173.20 (s); MS: 254 (M<sup>+</sup>-43, 100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>-C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>) 254.1392; Found 254.1353; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> -65.9 (c 0.91, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### Methyl (2S, 3R, 5R, 6S)-(-)-5-ethyl-2-hydroxymethyl-6-propyl-3-vinylpiperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of 6 (45 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added a solution of Super-Hydride (1 M in THF, 0.4 mL, 0.4 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hr. The reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (10 g, hexane:acetone=30:1-15:1) to give the alcohol (41 mg, 99%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3456, 3078, 2958, 2873, 1672 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.88 & 0.92 (each 3H, each t, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.00 (1H, q, J = 10.7 Hz), 1.28-1.47 (6H, br m), 1.53-1.59 (1H, m), 1.62-1.66 (2H, m), 2.12 (1H, br q-like, J = 9.8 Hz), 3.54-3.59 (1H, m), 3.71 (3H, s), 3.72-3.85 (1H, br), 3.97 (2H, br), 5.03-5.29 (2H, m), 5.69 (1H, ddd, J = 17.1, 9.8, 8.1 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.22 (q), 13.88 (q), 19.65 (t), 29.56 (t), 32.50 (t), 40.51 (d), 41.63 (t), 41.74 (d), 52.98 (q), 55.65 (d), 60.40 (d), 67.09 (t), 115.63 (t), 141.02 (d); MS: 238 (M<sup>+</sup>-31), 117 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>-MeO), 238.1808; Found 238.1792; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> -93.4 (c 1.86, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### (5S, 6R, 8R, 9S)-(-)-6-Ethyl-5-propyl-8-vinylhexahydrooxazolo[3,4-a]pyridin-3-one (7)

To a stirred solution of the above alcohol (41 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added NaH (60%, 7.9 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 0  $^{\circ}$ C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at 0  $^{\circ}$ C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with 10% AcOH, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (10 g, hexane:acetone=20:1) to give **7** (30.3 mg, 84%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3078, 2962, 2872, 1751 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.87 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 0.93 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.06-1.16 (2H, m), 1.26-1.33 (1H, br m), 1.51 (1H, qm, J = 11.5 Hz), 1.54-1.62 (2H, m), 1.73-1.80 (1H, m), 3.54-3.59 (1H, m), 1.97 (1H, dt, J = 13, 3.5 Hz), 2.17 (1H, qm, J = 11 Hz), 2.21-2.29 (1H, m), 2.82 (1H, td, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.24 (1H, ddd, J = 13, 7, 3 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.24 (1H, ddd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.24 (1H, ddd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8, 3 Hz), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.5 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 10, 3.96 (1H, dd,

8, 7 Hz), 5.10-5.14 (2H, m), 5.52 (1H, ddd, J = 16.5, 10, 8 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  10.20 (q), 14.01 (q), 19.49 (t), 24.19 (t), 29.34 (t), 35.98 (t), 39.97 (d), 44.78 (d), 61.16 (d), 61.20 (d), 64.87 (t), 117.44 (t), 137.61 (d), 155.82 (s); MS: 237 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, 237.1728; Found 237.1740;  $[\alpha]_D^{26} - 31.9$  (c 1.52, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3R, 6S)-(-)-2-(2-ethoxycarbonylvinyl)-5-ethyl-6-propyl-3-vinylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (8)

To a stirred solution of  $(COCl)_2$  (0.11 mL, 1.26 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 mL) was added DMSO (0.18 mL, 2.52 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of the above alcohol (150 mg, 0.56 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. Triethylamine (0.52 mL, 3.78 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$ , and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (10 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of NaH (60%, 25 mg, 0.61 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added (EtO)  $_2$ P(O)CH $_2$ CO $_2$ Et (0.12 mL, 0.59 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min. To the reaction mixture was added a slolution of the above oil in THF (4 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with H $_2$ O, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH $_2$ Cl $_2$  (10 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO $_2$  (12 g, hexane:acetone=80:1) to give 8 (181 mg, 96%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3078, 2958, 2873, 1697 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.86-0.92 (6H, m), 1.00 (1H, q, J = 11.1 Hz), 1.25 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.29-1.45 (7H, br m), 1.51-1.58 (1H, m), 1.68-1.72 (1H, m), 2.30 (1H, q-like, J = 11.1 Hz), 3.67 (3H, s), 4.16 (2H, q, J = 7.3 Hz), 4.18 (1H, br), 5.03-5.07 (2H, m), 5.59-5.66 (1H, m), 5.79-5.87 (1H, m), 6.77 (1H, dd, J = 15.8, 6.9 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.20 (q), 13.80 (q), 14.15 (q),

19.76 (t), 29.70 (t), 32.23 (t), 41.17 (t), 41.51 (d), 41.82 (d), 52.69 (q), 55.37 (d), 58.29 (d), 60.35 (t), 116.19 (t), 122.33 (d), 139.72 (d), 147.09 (d), 157.17 (s), 166.42 (s); MS: 337 (M $^{+}$ ), 294 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>31</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>, 337.2253; Found 337.2231;  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{26}$  –42.1 (*c* 1.08, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### Methyl (2R, 3S, 5R, 6S)-(-)-3,5-diethyl-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)-6-propylpiperidine-1-carboxylate

To a solution of **8** (200 mg, 0.59 mmol) in EtOAc (10 mL) was added 5% Pd-C (50 mg), and the resulting suspension was hydrogenated under hydrogen atmosphere at 1 atm for 72 h. The catalyst was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step. To a stirred solution of the above in THF (8 mL) was added a solution of Super-Hydride (1 M in THF, 1.3 mL, 1.3 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hr. The reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (20 g, hexane:acetone=30:1-8:1) to give the alcohol (157 mg, 89%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3448, 2957, 2872, 1674 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.63 (1H, q-like, J = 11.1 Hz), 0.86-0.89 (6H, m), 1.18-1.66 (15H, br m), 2.01 (1H, br), 2.60 (1H, br), 3.63 (3H, s), 3.76 (1H, br), 3.92 (1H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.46 (q), 14.02 (q), 20.09 (t), 28.45 (t), 28.82 (t), 29.73 (t), 30.60 (t), 34.41 (t), 40.46 (t), 42.12 (d), 52.43 (q), 55.23 (d), 56.74 (d), 62.70 (t), 158.40 (s); MS: 299 (M<sup>+</sup>), 256 (100); HRMS:

# Methyl (2R, 3S, 5R, 6S)-(+)-3,5-diethyl-2-(3-methoxymethoxypropyl)-6-propylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (9)

Calcd for  $C_{17}H_{33}NO_3$ , 299.2460; Found 299.2459;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  –7.2 (c 3.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

To a stirred solution of the above alcohol (217 mg, 0.73 mmol) in CHCl<sub>3</sub> (5 mL) were added MOMCl (0.22 mL, 2.9 mmol) and Hünig base (0.56 mL, 3.19 mmol), and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 2 h. After cooling, the solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (15 g, hexane:acetone=30:1) to give **9** (215 mg, 86%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2955, 2873, 1693, 1110 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.60 (1H, q-like, J = 8.8 Hz), 0.83-0.86 (6H, m), 1.19-1.62 (15H, br m), 2.04 (1H, br), 3.30 (3H, br s), 3.46 (2H, br), 3.60 (3H, br s), 3.71 (1H, br), 3.91 (1H, br), 4.55 (2H, br s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.42 (q), 14.00 (q), 20.10 (t), 27.17 (t), 28.60 (t), 30.60 (t), 34.38 (t), 40.21 (t), 42.08 (d), 52.22 (q), 54.91 (q), 56.76 (d), 67.52 (t), 96.20 (t), 158.13 (s); MS: 343 (M<sup>+</sup>), 300 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>37</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>, 343.2721; Found 343.2709; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> +0.126 (c 6.28, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### (5S, 6R, 8S, 9R)-(+)-6,8-Diethyl-5-propyloctahydroindolizine (10)

To a stirred solution of n-PrSLi, prepared from n-PrSH (0.11 mL, 1.17 mmol) and n-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 0.69 mL, 1.13 mmol) in HMPA (0.5 mL) at 0 °C for 30 min. To the reaction mixture was added a solution of **9** (40 mg, 0.17 mmol) in THF (2 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 48 h. The reaction was quenched with NH<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL x 10). The organic extracts were combined, dried over K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of the above oil in MeOH (4 mL) was added c. HCl (3 drops), and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 1 h. After cooling, the solvent was evaporated, and the residue was washed with  $Et_2O$ . To the residue was added  $NH_3$  (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $CHCl_3$  (5 mL x 8). The organic extracts were combined, dried over  $K_2CO_3$ , and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

Carbontetrabromide (55 mg, 0.16 mmol) and  $Ph_3P$  (46 mg, 0.17 mmol) were added to a solution of the above oil in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (1 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. To the reaction mixture was added  $Et_3N$  (0.26 mL, 1.87 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min. The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was extracted with *n*-pentane (5 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined and evaporated to give colorless solid, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (7 g, hexane:acetone: $Et_3N=50:1:5$  drops) to give **10** (14 mg, 52%) as a pale yellow oil.

IR (neat) 2959, 2872, 2778, 1461, 1379, 1324, 1247, 1172, 934, 901, 733 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.61 (1H, q-like, J = 12 Hz), 0.89 (9H, t, J = 7 Hz), 1.07 (2H, m), 1.20-1.80 (13H, br m), 1.93 (3H, br dt-like, J = 13, 3.5 Hz), 3.18 (1H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.08 (q), 14.76 (q), 18.00 (t), 20.71 (t), 24.71 (t), 26.03 (t), 28.80 (t), 32.98 (t), 35.23 (t), 39.94 (d), 52.06 (t), 67.49 (d); MS: 223 (M<sup>+</sup>), 190 (100);  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  +60.4 (c 0.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

**DCl salt**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  0.84-0.91 (9H, m), 1.01 (1H, q-like, J = 12.5 Hz), 1.23 (3H, m), 1.39 (1H, m), 1.55 (3H, br m), 1.65 (2H, m), 1.75 (2H, m), 1.94 (1H, quint-like, J = 11 Hz), 2.05 (2H, dm, J = 14 Hz), 2.33 (1H, m), 2.89 (1H, dt-like, J = 12, 2.5 Hz), 2.93 (1H, m), 3.03 (1H, q-like, J = 10 Hz), 3.65 (1H, td-like, J = 10, 3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  9.79 (q), 9.99 (q), 13.79 (q), 16.49 (t), 19.45 (t), 23.74 (t), 25.13 (t), 27.12 (t), 30.15 (t), 33.20 (t), 38.53 (d), 40.21 (d), 51.42 (t), 67.89 (d), 71.87 (d);  $[\alpha]_D^{26} + 17.2$  (c 0.3, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### (2S)-2-(2-Ethylbut-3-enyloxy)tetrahydropyran

To a stirred solution of (2R)-2-(hydroxymethyl)butyl acetate (730 mg, 5 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 mL) were added 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyran (0.55 mL, 6 mmol) and PPTS (251 mg, 1 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (a), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of the above oil in MeOH (5 mL) was added solid K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (414 mg, 3 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. The reaction was quenched with 10% AcOH, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 mL x 6). The organic extracts were combined, drie, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of  $(COCl)_2$  (0.65 mL, 7.5 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (7 mL) was added DMSO (1.06 mL, 15.0 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of the above oil in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (6 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30

min. Triethylamine (3.1 mL, 22.5 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$ , and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (15 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of MeP<sup>+</sup>Ph<sub>3</sub>Br<sup>-</sup> (8.08g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6M ih hexane, 12 mL, 19.0 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting orange solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. To the solution was added a solution of the above oil in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 h. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (40 g, hexane:acetone=100:1-80:1) to give **3** (695 mg, 76% in 4 steps) as a colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) δ 0.88 (3H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 1.22-1.35 (1H, m), 1.46-1.62 (5H, br m), 1.69 (1H, m), 1.80 (1H, m), 2.22 (1H, br), 3.31 (1H, m), 3.50 (1H, br), 3.68 (1H, m), 3.80 (1H, m), 4.59 (1H, br), 5.07 (2H, m), 5.63 (1H, m).

### (2R, 3R)-3-(Tetrahydropyran-2-yloxymethyl)pentane-1,2-diol

To a stirred solution of the above olefin (690 mg, 3.75 mmol) in t-BuOH (10 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) was added (DHQD)<sub>2</sub>PYR (4 g) at 0 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at 0 °C for 24 h. The reaction was quenched with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> (4 g), and the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (20 g, hexane:acetone=10:1-4:1) to give **3** (654 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil. IR (neat) 3405, 2940, 2877, 1124 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.91-0.94 (3H, m), 1.31-1.78 (9H, br m), 2.22 & 2.28 (1H, each br), 3.46-3.65 (3H, m), 3.66-3.72 (3H, m), 3.78 (1H, br), 3.82-3.93 (2H, br m), 4.52 & 4.57 (1H, each br), 3.91 (1H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.60 & 11.61 (each q), 19.37 & 19.76 (each

t), 21.22 & 21.43 (each t), 25.13 (t), 30.41 & 30.55 (each t), 42.13 & 42.27 (each d), 62.38 & 62.99 (each t), 65.11 (t), 67.74 & 68.15 (each t), 73.61 & 73.59 (each d), 98.88 & 99.74 (each d).

### (2R, 3R)-1-(tert-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-3-(tetrahydropyran-2-yloxymethyl)pentan-2-ol

To a stirred solution of the above diol (590 mg, 2.71 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) were added TBDPSCl (0.8 mL, 2.98 mmol), Et<sub>3</sub>N (0.5 mL, 3.52 mmol), and DMAP (70 mg, 0.54 mmol) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. The solvent was evaporated and the redisue was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (30 g, hexane:acetone=50:1-30:1) to give **3** (1.21 g, 98%) as a colorless oil. IR (neat) 3486, 3069, 2935, 2864, 1113 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.95 & 0.96 (3H, each t, each J = 7.7 Hz), 1.06 (9H, s), 1.42-1.76 (9H, br m), 3.01-3.05 (1H, m), 3.44-3.52 (2H, m), 3.72-3.95 (5H, br m), 4.52 (1H, br), 7.40-7.46 (6H, m), 7.69-7.72 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.62 & 11.76 (each q), 19.12 & 19.14 (each t), 19.32 (s), 21.02 & 21.08 (each t), 25.24 & 25.27 (each t), 26.77 (q), 30.38 & 30.41 (each t), 41.57 (d), 61.77 & 61.82 (each t), 66.33 (t), 66.97 (t), 73.18 & 73.24 (each d), 98.55 & 99.12 (each d), 127.61 (d), 129.61 & 129.62 (each d), 133.27 & 133.28 (each s), 135.47 (d).

### (2S, 3S)-1-(tert-Butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-3-(tetrahydropyran-2-yloxymethyl)pentan-2-azide

To a stirred solution of the above silyl ether (1.49 g, 3.27 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (4 mL) were added MsCl (0.28 mL) and  $Et_3N$  (0.68 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and aqueous mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of the above oil in DMF (10 mL) was added NaN<sub>3</sub> (2.1 g, 32.65 mmol), and the resulting suspension was stirred at 80 °C for 15 h. After cooling, the insoluble material was filtered, washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, and filtrate was evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (30 g, hexane:acetone=50:1-40:1) to give **3** (1.3 g, 83%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2936, 2098, 1112, 1032 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.88 & 0.90 (3H, each t, each J = 7.3 Hz), 1.10 (9H, s), 1.44-1.75 (9H, br m), 3.22-3.29 (1H, m), 3.44-3.52 (1H, m), 3.66-3.83 (5H, br m), 4.46 & 4.51 (1H, each br), 7.39-7.47 (6H, m), 7.70-7.74 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.82 & 11.91 (each q), 19.06 & 19.14 (each t), 19.42 (s), 20.09 & 20.26 (each t), 25.35 & 25.38 (each t), 26.66 (q), 30.45 & 30.49 (each t), 41.26 & 41.32 (each d), 61.76 & 62.22 (each t), 65.49 & 65.55 (each d), 65.68 (t), 66.19 (t), 66.83 (t), 98.32 & 99.35 (each d), 127.70 (d), 129.70 & 129.72 (each d), 133.03 & 133.14 (each s), 135.58 & 135.60 (each d).

### Ethyl (4R, 5S)-5-azide-6-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxy)-4-ethyl-2-hexenoate

To a stirred solution of the above azide (1.1 g, 2.29 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL) was added PPTS (115 mg, 0.46 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h. After cooling, the reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of  $(COCl)_2$  (0.3 mL, 3.43 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (6 mL) was added DMSO (0.5 mL, 6.86 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of the above alcohol in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (8 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. Triethylamine (1.4 mL, 10.29 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$ , and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (15 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of NaH (60%, 100 mg, 2.52 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added (EtO)  $_2$ P(O)CH $_2$ CO $_2$ Et (0.5 mL, 2.52 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min. To the reaction mixture was added a solution of the above aldehyde in THF (6 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with H $_2$ O, and the

aqueous mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (15 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (25 g, hexane:acetone=80:1) to give **9** (935 mg, 88% in 3 steps) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2962, 2934, 2861, 1720, 1110 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.84-0.92 (3H, m), 1.11 (9H, s), 1.31 (3H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.33-1.40 (1H, m), 1.69-1.77 (1H, m), 2.30-2.44 (1H, m), 3.36-3.40 (1H, m), 3.56-3.74 (1H, m), 3.78-3.81 (1H, m), 4.21 (2H, q, J = 6.0 Hz),5.83 (1H, d, J = 15.4 Hz), 6.63 (1H, dd, J = 15.4, 7.7 Hz), 7.40-7.48 (6H, m), 7.69-7.73 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.35 (q), 14.17 (q), 19.00 (s), 23.36 (t), 26.62 (q), 44.97 (d), 60.28 (t), 65.37 (t), 66.12 (d), 123.73 (d), 127.71 & 127.75 (each d), 129.78 & 129.80 (each d), 132.64 & 132.66 (each s), 135.47 & 135.50 (each d), 139.33 (d), 147.35 (d), 165.79 (s).

### (5R, 6S)-(+)-6-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-5-ethylpiperidin-2-one (12)

To a solution of **9** (3.88 g, 8.34 mmol) in EtOAc (100 mL) was added 5% Pd-C (800 mg), and the resulting suspension was hydrogenated under hydrogen atmosphere at 4 atm for 72 h. The catalyst was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (80 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-8:1) to give **12** (2.4 g, 73%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3402, 3206, 2933, 1666, 1108 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.81 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.05 (9H, s), 1.17-1.26 (2H, m), 1.66-1.70 (2H, m), 1.72-1.76 (1H, m), 2.30-2.39 (2H, m), 3.53-3.57 (1H, m), 3.58 (1H, t-like, J = 9 Hz), 3.63 (1H, dd, J = 9, 3 Hz), 7.37-7.46 (6H, m), 7.62-7.65 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.57 (q), 19.05 (s), 21.19 (t), 23.00 (t), 26.73 (q), 29.48 (t), 35.73 (d), 56.78 (d), 64.42 (t), 127.79 & 127.81 (each d), 129.85 & 129.88 (each d), 132.79 (s), 135.44 & 135.46 (each d), 171.89 (s); MS: 338 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 199 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>) 338.1577; Found 338.1592; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> +28.2 (c 2.94, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### Methyl (2S, 3R)-(-)-2-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3-ethyl-6-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of **12** (1.7 g, 4.30 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 3.0 ml, 4.80 mmol) at –78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at –78 °C for 30 min. To the reaction mixture was added ClCO<sub>2</sub>Me (0.5 mL, 6.33 mmol) at –78 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (30 g, hexane:acetone=20:1-15:1) to give the imide (1.88 g, 97%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3069, 3049, 2957, 2883, 2860, 1774, 1719, 1108 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz)  $\delta$  0.93 (3H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 1.02 (9H, s), 1.23-1.44 (2H, m), 1.81-1.88 (2H, m), 1.99-2.06 (1H, m), 2.49-2.70 (2H, m), 3.73 (1H, dd, J = 11, 3.3 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.83 (1H, dd, J = 11, 4.4 Hz), 4.28 (1H, br), 7.35-7.47 (6H, m), 7.61-7.68 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  12.02 (q), 18.96 (s), 24.53 (t), 25.68 (t), 26.71 (q), 34.38 (t), 39.11 (d), 53.69 (q), 59.25 (d), 61.48 (t), 127.55 & 127.58 (each d), 129.62 (d), 132.08 & 132.63 (each s), 135.41 & 135.52 (each d), 154.82 (s), 171.78 (s); MS: 396 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 84 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>) 396.1631; Found 396.1631;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  –34.9 (c 3.38, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3R)-(-)-2-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3-ethyl-6-trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyridine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of hexamethyldisilazane (1.03 mL, 4.87 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was added a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 3.03 mL, 4.86 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. To a stirred solution of the above imide (1.84 g, 4.06 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added a solution of LiHMDS prepared above at –78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at –78 °C for 30 min. To the above reaction mixture was added a solution of 2-[*N*,*N*-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)amino]5-chloropyridine (Comins' reagent) (97%, 1.96 g, 4.85 mmol) in THF (6 mL) at –78 °C, and the resulting mixture was warned to –45 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and

evaporated to give pale yellow solid, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (40 g, hexane:acetone=50:1-40:1) to give the enol triflate (2.3 g, 97%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2959, 2933, 2887, 2860, 1733, 1684, 1213, 1111 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz)  $\delta$  0.83 (3H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 1.06 (9H, s), 1.13-1.30 (2H, m), 1.60-1.81 (2H, m), 2.32 (1H, dm, J = 16.4 Hz), 3.57-3.63 (1H, m), 3.71-3.78 (1H, m), 3.85 (3H, s), 4.61-4.67 (1H, m), 5.23 (1H, t, J = 3.4 Hz), 7.38-7.48 (6H, m), 7.67-7.75 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.89 (q), 19.11 (s), 25.44 (t), 26.49 (t), 26.59 (q), 37.62 (d), 53.46 (q), 59.25 (d), 58.43 (t), 59.75 (d), 105.51 (d), 127.51 & 127.56 (each d), 129.52 & 129.60 (each d), 133.09 & 133.14 (each s), 135.42 & 135.51 (each d), 138.13 (s), 153.80 (s); MS: 528 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 308 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>F<sub>3</sub>SiS (M<sup>+</sup>-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>) 528.1124; Found 528.1115;  $[\alpha]_D^{26} - 43.8$  (c 5.73, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Dimethyl (5R, 6S)-(-)-6-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-5-ethyl-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridine-1,2-dicarboxylate (13)

To a stirred solution of the above enol triflate (2.3 g, 3.93 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was added Pd(Ph<sub>3</sub>P)<sub>4</sub> (230 mg, 0.20 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature under CO balloon pressure for 30 min. To the reaction mixture were added Et<sub>3</sub>N (2.2 mL, 15.73 mmol) and MeOH (6.4 mL, 157.26 mmol), and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 70 °C under CO balloon pressure for 14 h. After cooling, the reaction mixture was diluted with  $H_2O$  (50 mL) and brine (10 mL), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (50 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (40 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-20:1) to give 13 (1.46 g, 75%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3048, 2955, 2882, 2859, 1919, 1650 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.87 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.04 (9H, s), 1.18-1.32 (2H, m), 1.66-1.72 (1H, m), 1.82-1.86 (1H, m), 2.27-2.33 (1H, m), 3.59-3.71 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 4.54 (1H, br), 6.01 (1H, br), 7.36-7.45 (6H, m), 7.66-7.73 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz)  $\delta$  11.80 (q), 19.14 (s), 26.02 (t), 26.55 (q), 27.43 (t), 37.51 (d), 51.89 (q), 53.04 (q), 56.29 (d), 59.14 (t), 121.34 (d), 127.43 & 127.46 (each d), 129.41 & 129.47 (each d), 133.28 (s), 133.26 (s), 135.44

& 135.47 (each d), 154.42 (s), 165.58 (s); MS: 438 (M $^{+}$ -57), 68 (100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{24}H_{28}NO_{5}Si$  (M $^{+}$ - $C_{4}H_{9}$ ) 438.1736; Found 438.1741;  $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$  –47.1 (c 4.22, CHCl $_{3}$ ).

# Dimethyl (2R, 3S, 5R, 6S)-(+)-6-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-5-ethyl-3-vinylpiperidine-1,2-dicarboxylate (14)

To a stirred suspension of CuI (2.69 g, 14.14 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL) was added a solution of vinyl lithium, (prepared from tetravinyltin (1.2 mL, 7.07 mmol) and MeLi (1.0 M in Et<sub>2</sub>O, 28 mL, 28.0 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) at 0 °C for 30 min), at -78 °C, and the resulting suspension was warmed to -35 °C for 20 min. The resulting suspension was re-cooled to -78 °C, and a solution of 13 (1.4 g, 2.82 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (8 mL) was added to the resulting suspension. The reaction mixture was warmed to -20 °C for 1 h, and the reaction was quenched with satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq). The aqueous mixture was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL), and the resulting suspension was filtered. The filtrate was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL x 2). The organic layer and extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (30 g, hexane:acetone=50:1-30:1) to give 14 (1.41 g, 95%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2954, 2860, 1704, 1112 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.80 (3H, t-like, J = 7 Hz), 1.05 (9H, s), 1.11-1.18 (1H, m), 1.36 (1H, quint-like, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.52 (1H, d-like, J = 13.7 Hz), 1.64 (1H, td, J = 13.2, 4.7 Hz), 1.72-1.77 (1H, m), 3.09 (1H, br), 3.45 (3H, s), 3.63 (2H, d, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.70 (3H, br s), 4.40 (1H, br), 4.98 (1H, br), 5.07-5.13 (2H, m), 5.79-5.85 (1H, m), 7.36-7.45 (6H, m), 7.68-7.69 (4H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.91 (q), 19.21 (s), 25.70 (t), 26.83 (q), 27.81 (t), 34.63 (d), 36.99 (d), 52.00 (q), 52.97 (q), 54.80 (d), 61.18 (t), 115.07 (t), 127.46 (d), 129.49 (d), 133.34 & 133.39 (each s), 135.42 (d), 139.15 (d), 156.91 (s), 172.52 (s); MS: 466 (M<sup>+</sup>-57, 100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{26}H_{32}NO_5Si$  (M<sup>+</sup>- $C_4H_9$ ) 466.2050; Found 466.2035;  $[\alpha]_D^{26} + 26.6$  (c 5.52, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3R, 5S, 6R)-(+)-2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3-ethyl-6-hydroxymethyl-5-vinylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (15)

To a stirred solution of **14** (1.38 g, 2.64 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added a solution of Super-Hydride (1 M in THF, 6 mL, 6.0 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 mL x 6). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give a colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (25 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-15:1) to give **15** (1.26 g, 96%) as a colorless oil. IR (neat) 3459, 3071, 2957, 2932, 1692, 1111 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.53 & 0.64 (3H, br), 0.90-0.99 (2H, br), 1.02 (9H, s), 1.40-1.44 (1H, br), 1.56 (1H, td, J = 13.7, 4.7 Hz), 1.71-1.77 (1H, br), 2.30 & 2.41 (1H, br), 3.61-3.91 (5H, br), 4.44-4.69 (2H, br), 5.00-5.14 (2H, m), 5.83-5.90 (1H, m), 7.39-7.46 (6H, m), 7.65-7.88 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.04 (q), 18.95 (s), 25.11 (t), 26.65 (q), 27.43 (t), 33.67 (d), 36.62 (d), 52.81 (q), 54.61 (d), 61.95 (t), 64.36 (t), 114.75 (t), 127.58 & 127.69 (each d), 129.68 & 129.78 (each d), 132.66 (s), 135.21 (d), 140.12 (d), 157.90 (s); MS: 438 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 407 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>32</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>) 438.2101; Found 438.2099; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> +22.7 (c 2.37, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### (5S, 6R, 8R, 9R)-(-)-5-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-6-ethyl-8-vinyl-hexahydrooxazolo-[3,4-a]pyridin-3-one (16)

To a stirred solution of **15** (50 mg, 0.10 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added NaH (60%, 4.8 mg, 0.12 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with 10% AcOH, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (10 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-25:1) to give **16** (44 mg, 94%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2958, 2933, 1753, 1110 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.92 (3H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 1.09 (9H, s), 1.25-1.32 (1H, m), 1.41 (1H, ddd, J = 15, 12, 5 Hz), 1.49-1.57 (1H, m), 2.01-2.05 (2H, m), 2.27 (1H, ddd, J = 12, 10, 5 Hz), 3.35 (1H, ddd, J = 10.5, 8.5, 5 Hz), 3.42 (1H, ddd, J = 8.5, 5.5, 3 Hz), 3.94 (1H, dd, J =

8.5, 5 Hz), 4.25 (1H, t, J = 8.5 Hz), 4.32 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 8.5 Hz), 4.35 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 5.5 Hz), 5.05-5.16 (2H, m), 5.48-5.55 (1H, m), 7.37-7.45 (6H, m), 7.65-7.73 (4H, m);  $^{13}$ C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.89 (q), 18.25 (t), 19.34 (s), 26.99 (q), 32.81 (t), 35.42 (d), 40.53 (d), 59.77 (d), 60.11 (d), 60.42 (t), 66.44 (t), 117.09 (t), 127.55 (d), 129.55 (d), 133.35 & 133.42 (each s), 135.41 & 135.44 (each d), 137.46 (d), 156.38 (s); MS: 406 (M<sup>+</sup>-57, 100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{24}H_{28}NO_3Si$  (M<sup>+</sup>- $C_4H_9$ ) 406.1839; Found 406.1841;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  -32.8 (c 2.03, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### Methyl (2S, 3R, 5S, 6R)-(-)-2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3,5-diethyl-6-(2-ethoxycarbonylvinyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of  $(COCl)_2$  (0.26 mL, 3.03 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (8 mL) was added DMSO (0.43 mL, 6.06 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of **15** (1.0 g, 2.02 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. Triethylamine (1.26 mL, 9.09 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$ , and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (20 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of NaH (60%, 90 mg, 2.22 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added (EtO)  $_2$ P(O)CH $_2$ CO $_2$ Et (0.44 mL, 2.22 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min. To the reaction mixture was added a solution of the above oil in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with H $_2$ O, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH $_2$ Cl $_2$  (30 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on SiO $_2$  (30 g, hexane:acetone=80:1-40:1) to give the  $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -unsaturated ester (1.05 g, 92%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3070, 2957, 2932, 1703, 1111 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.62 (3H, br t-like, J = 7 Hz), 0.95 (2H, quint-like, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.07 (9H, s), 1.20 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.44 (1H, d-like, J = 14 Hz), 1.60 (1H,

td, J = 13, 4.7 Hz), 1.76 (1H, br), 2.71 (1H, br), 3.49 (1H, dd, J = 11, 5.2 Hz), 3.64-3.76 (3H, br m), 4.10-4.24 (2H, m), 5.09-5.28 (2H, m), 5.88-5.94 (1H, m), 6.16 (1H, d-like, J = 16 Hz), 7.26 (H, d-like, J = 16 Hz), 7.36-7.45 (6H, m), 7.67-7.81 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.30 (q), 14.27 (q), 19.01 (s), 25.29 (t), 26.71 (q), 27.46 (t), 33.70 (d), 39.16 (d), 52.81 (q), 53.41 (d), 54.32 (d), 60.16 (t), 60.37 (t), 115.15 (t), 121.36 (d), 129.42 & 129.50 (each d), 133.35 (s), 135.38 (d), 139.62 (d), 149.26 (d), 157.15 (s), 166.12 (s); MS: 506 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 69 (100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{29}H_{36}NO_5Si$  (M<sup>+</sup>- $C_4H_9$ ) 506.2363; Found 506.2363;  $[\alpha]_D^{26} -10.8$  (c 4.43, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2*S*, 3*R*, 5*R*, 6*S*)-(+)-2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3,5-diethyl-6-(3-hydroxypropyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (17)

To a solution of the above  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated ester (1.0 g, 1.78 mmol) in EtOAc (30 mL) was added 5% Pd-C (100 mg), and the resulting suspension was hydrogenated under hydrogen atmosphere at 1 atm for 72 h. The catalyst was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of the above in THF (12 mL) was added a solution of Super-Hydride (1 M in THF, 4.0 mL, 4.0 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hr. The reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was chromatographed on SiO<sub>2</sub> (25 g, hexane:acetone=40:1-12:1) to give **17** (913 mg, 98%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3448, 2998, 2962, 2839, 1738, 1240 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) δ 0.76-0.95 (6H, m), 1.04 (9H, s), 1.15-1.86 (10H, br m), 1.98-2.23 (1H, br), 2.72 (1H, br), 3.58-3.71 (4H, br m), 3.62 (3H, s), 3.91-4.08 (1H, br), 4.41-4.45 (1H, br), 7.39-7.41 (6H, m), 7.63-7.69 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz) δ 11.89 (q), 12.38 & 12.54 (each q), 19.16 (s), 22.67 (t), 25.53 (t), 25.71 (t), 26.78 (q), 29.53 (t), 31.16 (t), 33.51 (d), 33.67 (d), 52.59 (q), 53.54 (d), 54.74 (d), 59.25 (t), 61.99 (t), 127.50 & 127.56 (each d), 129.49 & 129.58 (each

d), 133.21 & 133.35 (each s), 135.33 & 135.41 (each d), 158.23 (s); MS: 468 (M<sup>+</sup>-57), 256 (100); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{27}H_{38}NO_4Si$  (M<sup>+</sup>- $C_4H_9$ ) 468.2570; Found 468.2568;  $[\alpha]_D^{26} + 10.6$  (c 1.57, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3R, 5R, 6S)-(-)-2-(*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyloxymethyl)-3,5-diethyl-6-(3-methoxymethoxypropyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred soultion of **17** (913 mg, 1.74 mmol) in  $CHCl_3$  (12 mL) were added MOMCl (0.52 mL, 6.96 mmol) and Hünig base (1.4 mL, 7.66 mmol), and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 2 h. After cooling, the solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (25 g, hexane:acetone=40:1) to give the MOM ether (878 mg, 89%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2932, 1692, 1111 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.73 & 0.79 (3H, each t, each J = 7.3 Hz), 0.90 (3H, t-like, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.02 (9H, s), 1.14-1.77 (12H, br m), 3.30 (3H, s), 3.41-3.45 (1H, m), 3.49-3.58 (1H, m), 3.64 (3H, s), 3.61-3.69 (2H, m), 3.93 & 4.12 (1H, m), 4.42 & 4.68 (1H, m), 4.57 (2H, s), 7.37-7.44 (6H, m), 7.67-7.78 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.70 & 11.86 (each q), 12.36 & 12.48 (each q), 19.09 (s), 25.47 (t), 25.66 (t), 26.70 (q), 27.81 (t), 31.81 (t), 33.41 & 33.77 (each d), 37.59 & 38.01 (each d), 52.39 (q), 54.38 (d), 54.75 (d), 54.98 (q), 62.12 (t), 67.70 (t), 96.27 (t), 127.43 & 127.48 (each d), 129.41 (d), 133.27 & 133.37 (each s), 135.28 & 135.33 (each d), 157.53 (s); MS: 512 (M<sup>+</sup>-57, 100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>5</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>) 512.2832; Found 512.2829; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26</sup> –0.98 (c 3.37, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3R, 5R, 6S)-(+)-3,5-diethyl-2-hydroxymethyl-6-(3-methoxymethoxy-propyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylate (18)

To a stirred solution of the above MOM ether (240 mg, 0.42 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was added a solution of TBAF (1 M in THF, 1.5 mL, 1.5 mmol) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 22 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated to give a

colorless oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (15 g, hexane:acetone=30:1-6:1) to give **18** (110 mg, 79%) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 3461, 2955, 2878, 1680, 1114, 1042 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.86 (3H, t-like, J = 7.3 Hz), 0.90 (3H, t, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.12 (1H, m), 1.22-1.38 (2H, m), 11.40-1.59 (3H, m), 1.61-1.72 (4H, m), 2.17 (1H, br), 2.46 (1H, br), 3.32 (3H, s), 3.50 (2H, m), 3.57-3.66 (1H, m), 3.67 (3H, s), 3.69-3.76 (1H, br), 3.93-4.14 (1H, br), 4.31-4.46 (1H, br), 4.58 (2H, s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.93 (q), 12.30 (q), 25.29 (t), 25.50 (t), 27.43 (t), 32.15 (t), 33.28 (d), 37.94 (d), 52.84 (q), 54.43 (d), 55.11 (q), 55.21 (d), 62.12 (t), 67.47 (t), 96.25 (t), 159.39 (s); MS: 330 (M<sup>+</sup>-1), 300 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>5</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>-H) 330.2279; Found 330.2291;  $\lceil \alpha \rceil_D^{26} + 3.6$  (c 4.85, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# Methyl (2S, 3R, 5R, 6S)-(+)-3,5-diethyl-2-(3-methoxymethoxypropyl)-6-propenylpiperidine-1-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of  $(COCl)_2$  (0.12 mL, 1.41 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (4 mL) was added DMSO (0.2 mL, 2.82 mmol) at -78 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of **18** (311 mg, 0.94 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (4 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. Triethylamine (0.58 mL, 4.23 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction was quenched with  $H_2O$ , and the aqueous mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$  (10 mL x 4). The organic extracts were combined, dried and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred suspension of EtP+Ph<sub>3</sub>Br<sup>-</sup> (1.7 g, 4.70 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added a solution of n-BuLi (1.6M ih hexane, 2.6 mL, 4.22 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting orange solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. To the solution was added a solution of the above oil in THF (6 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O, and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL x 3). The organic extracts were combined, dried, and evaporated

to give pale yellow oil, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (20 g, hexane:acetone=100:1-30:1) to give the olefin (266 mg, 83% in 2 steps) as a colorless oil.

IR (neat) 2929, 1693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.80 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 0.86 (3H, m), 1.01-1,08 (1H, m), 1.09-1.15 (1H, m), 1.22-1.74 (12H, br m), 1.77 (1H, d-like, J = 6 Hz), 3.31 (3H, s), 3.44-3.48 (2H, br), 3.63 & 3.66 (3H, each s), 3.94 & 4.27 (1H, each br), 4.56 (2H, s), 4.93 & 5.11 (1H, each br), 5.48 (1H, q-like, J = 9.4 Hz), 5.54 (1H, br); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.44 (q), 12.38 (q), 13.19 & 13.63 (each q), 25.37 & 25.42 (each t), 25.76 (t), 26.99 & 27.20 (each t), 32.60 (t), 34.14 (d), 38.07 & 38.65 (each d), 49.96 (d), 52.38 (q), 54.15 (d), 55.01 (q), 67.54 (t), 96.17 (t), 126.28 & 126.51 (each d), 127.37 & 128.42 (each d), 156.83 (s); MS: 341 (M<sup>+</sup>), 239 (100); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>35</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> 341.2564; Found 341.2583;  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  +34.7 (c 1.50, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### (5R, 6R, 8R, 9S)-(-)-6,8-Diethyl-5-propyloctahydroindolizine (11)

To a solution of the above olefin (120 mg, 0.35 mmol) in EtOAc (12 mL) was added 5% Pd-C (100 mg), and the resulting suspension was hydrogenated under hydrogen atmosphere at 1 atm for 84 h. The catalyst was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

To a stirred solution of *n*-PrSLi, prepared from *n*-PrSH (0.32 mL, 3.50 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 2.1 mL, 3.33 mmol) in HMPA (3 mL) at 0 °C for 30 min. To the reaction mixture was added a solution of the above oil in THF (3 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 60 h. The reaction was quenched with NH<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL x 10). The organic extracts were combined, dried over K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, and evaporated to give pale yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step.

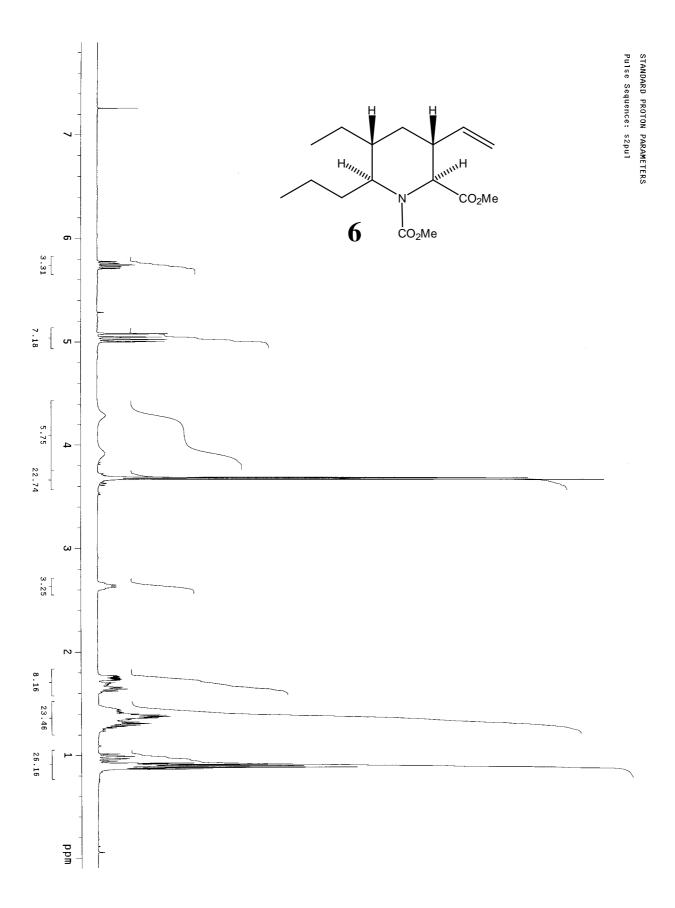
To a stirred solution of the above oil in MeOH (10 mL) was added c. HCl (8 drops), and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 2 h. After cooling, the solvent was evaporated, and the residue was washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O. To the residue was added NH<sub>3</sub> (aq), and the aqueous mixture was extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 mL x

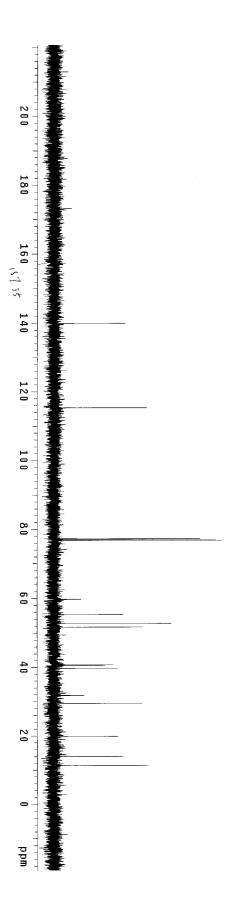
8). The organic extracts were combined, dried over  $K_2CO_3$ , and evaporated to give colorless oil, which was used directly in the next step.

Carbontetrabromide (163 mg, 0.49 mmol) and  $Ph_3P$  (138 mg, 0.53 mmol) were added to a solution of the above oil in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (6 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. To the reaction mixture was added  $Et_3N$  (0.77 mL, 5.60 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting suspension was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was extracted with *n*-pentane (10 mL x 5). The organic extracts were combined and evaporated to give colorless solid, which was chromatographed on  $SiO_2$  (15 g, hexane:acetone: $Et_3N=50:1:5$  drops) to give **11** (40 mg, 51%) as a pale yellow oil.

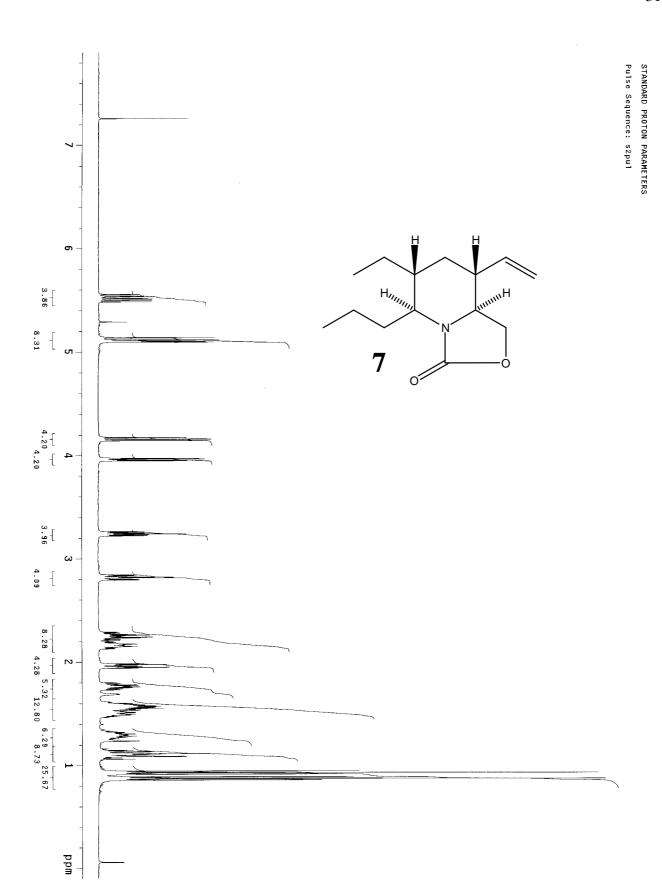
IR (neat) 2958, 2874, 2776, 1460, 1378, 1316, 1180, 1112, 928, 888 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz)  $\delta$  0.86 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 0.87 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 0.91 (3H, t, J = 7 Hz), 0.97-1.06 (1H, m), 1.13-1.21 (1H, m), 1.21-1.52 (11H, br m), 1.55-1.62 (1H, m), 1.70-1.77 (1H, m), 1.86 (1H, q, J = 9 Hz), 1.86-1.92 (1H, m), 1.94 (1H, dt, J = 13, 3 Hz), 1.95-1.99 (1H, m), 3.12 (1H, td, J = 8, 2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  11.23 (q), 12.56 (q), 14.68 (q), 18.45 (t), 19.17 (t), 20.49 (t), 26.00 (t), 29.29 (t), 32.49 (t), 33.51 (t), 37.28 (d), 37.86 (d), 52.13 (t), 66.82 (d), 71.34 (d); MS: 223 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100);  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  -100.9 (c 1.76, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

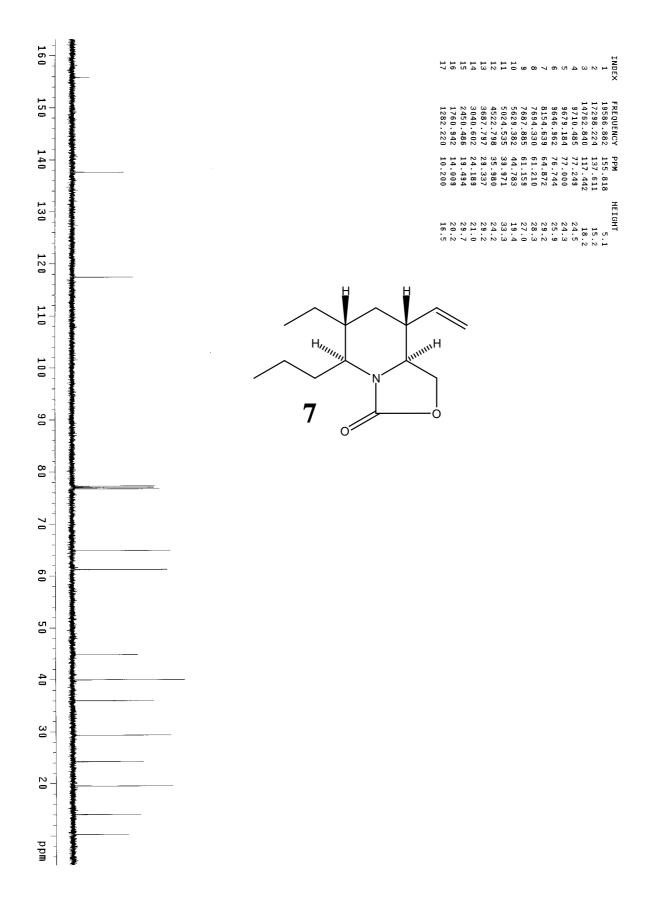
**DCI salt**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  0.83-0.89 (9H, m), 1.10-1.23 (4H, m), 1.32-1.39 (1H, m), 1.42-1.51 (2H, br m), 1.53-1.62 (3H, m), 1.66-1.74 (1H, m), 1.85-2.01 (3H, m), 2.07 (1H, dm, J = 13.5 Hz), 2.27-2.34 (1H, m), 2.85 (1H, td-like, J = 11, 6 Hz), 2.94 (1H, q-like, J = 10 Hz), 3.14 (1H, dm, J = 11 Hz), 3.58 (1H, tm, J = 10 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  9.47 (q), 11.10 (q), 12.77 (q), 16.57 (t), 17.35 (t), 18.27 (t), 24.06 (t), 26.39 (t), 29.43 (t), 29.48 (t), 34.92 (d), 35.00 (d), 51.08 (t), 66.13 (d), 71.82 (d);  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  –40.9 (c 0.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).



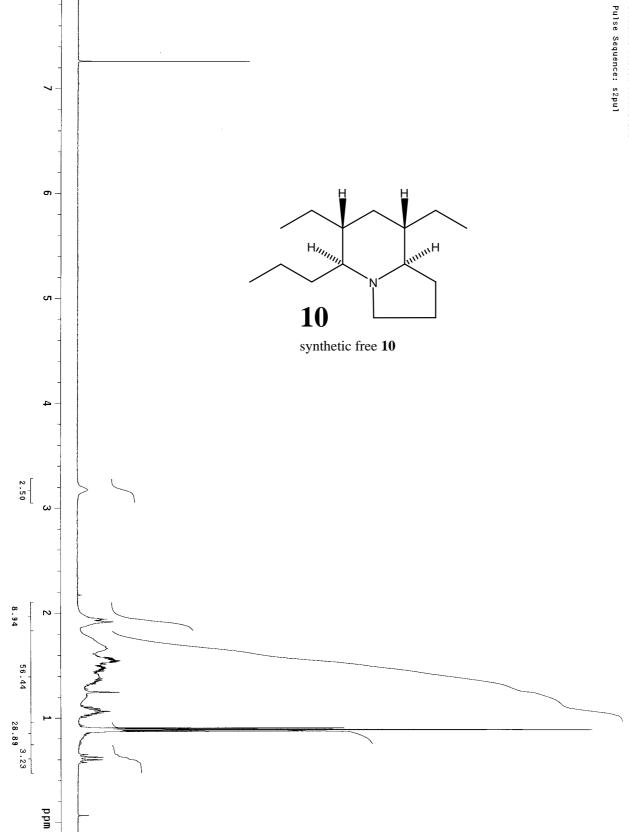


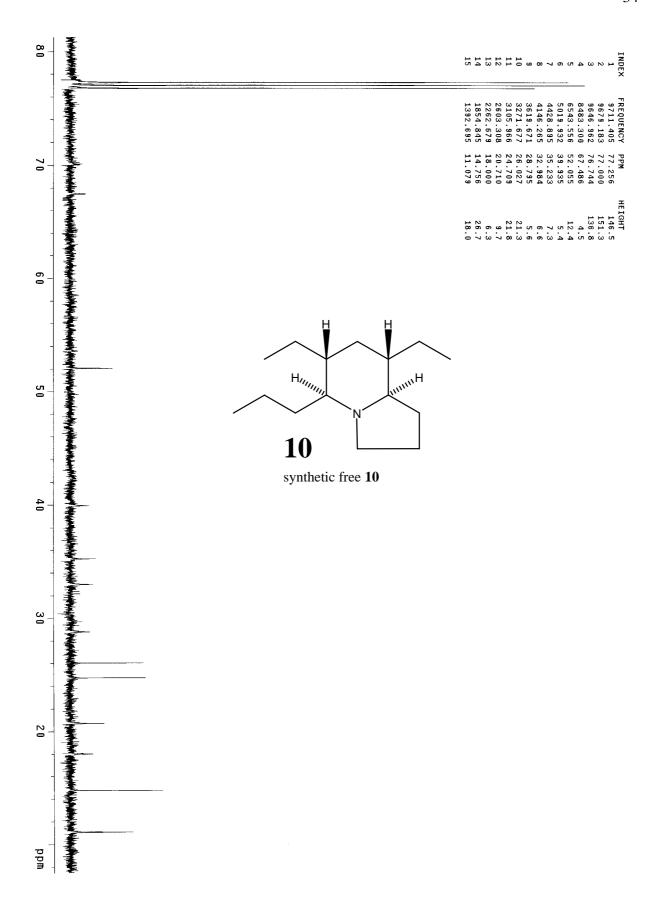
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1.30	3.9	9.86	. 55	1.76	9.6	0.49	0.85	1.72	2.81	5.40	9.7	6.74	7.00	7.2	15.	39.9	173.197	Ö
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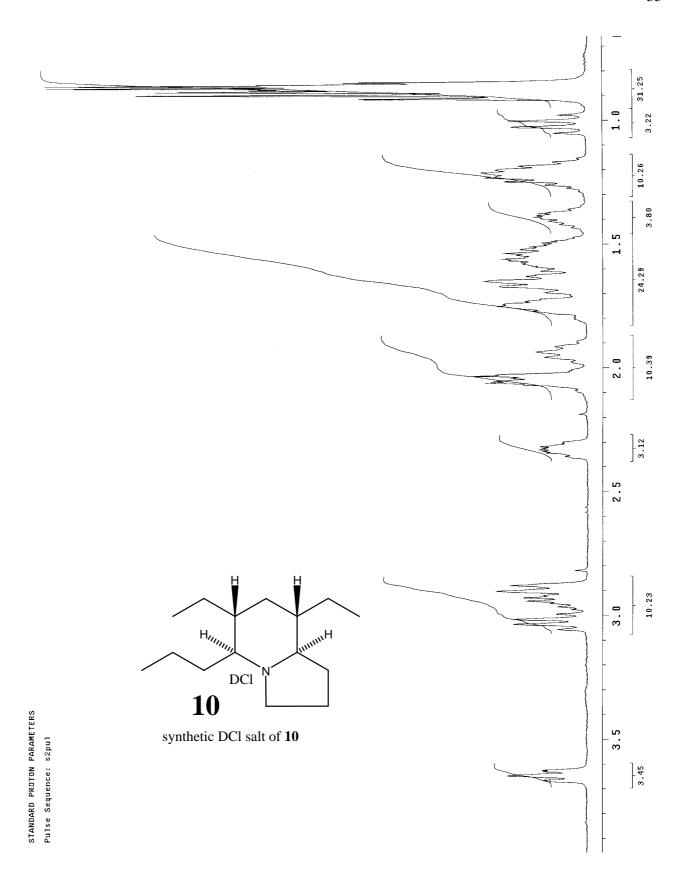


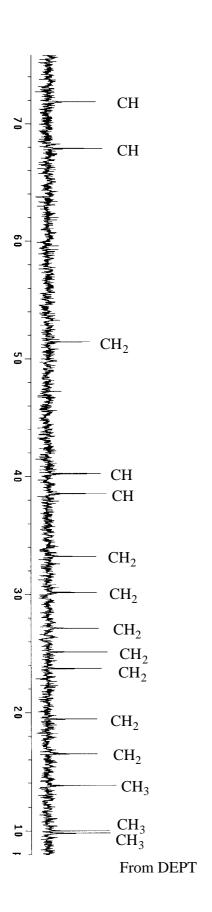


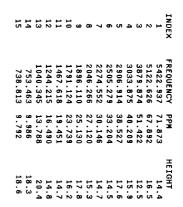




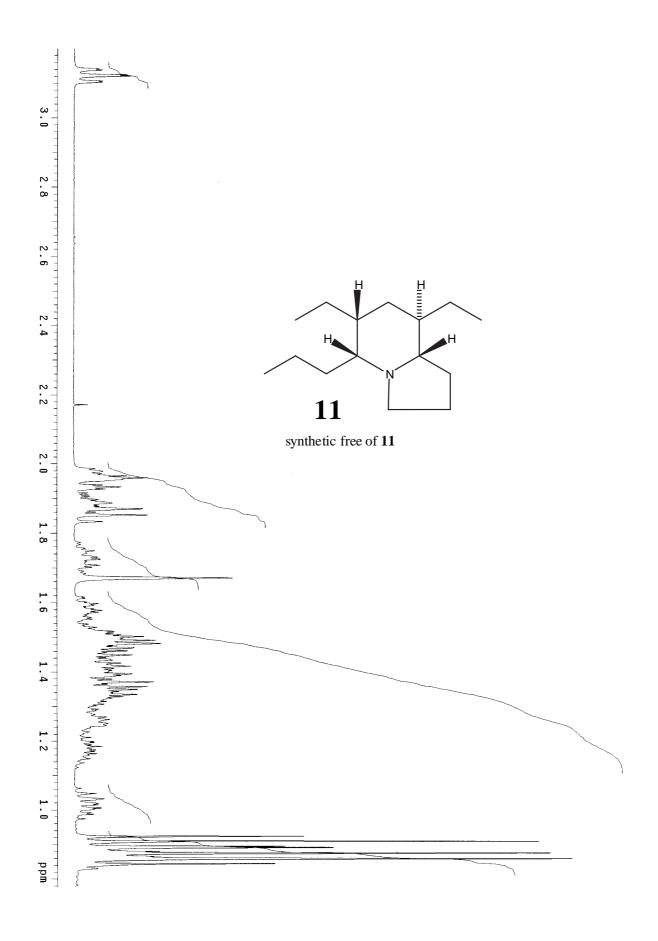


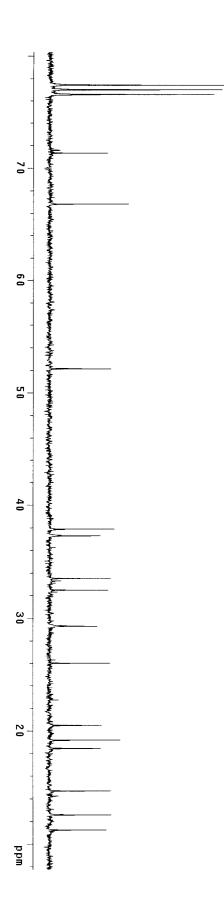


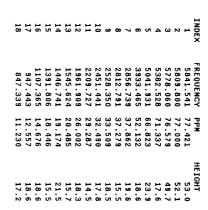


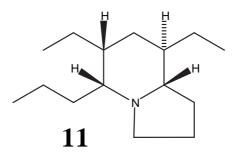


synthetic DCl salt of 10









synthetic free of 11



