

Supplemental Data

Characterization of the Aurantimycin Biosynthetic Gene Cluster and Enhancing Its Production by Manipulating Two Pathway-specific Activators in *Streptomyces aurantiacus* JA 4570

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Contents of Supplemental Data

1. Supplemental Tables	3
Table S1: Strains, plasmids, and cosmid used in this study	3
Table S2: PCR primers used in this study	5
Table S3: ATM-A Yields of related strains after culturing for 5 days in shake-flask for regulatory genes inactivation	6
Table S4: ATM-A Yields of related strains after culturing for 5 days in shake-flask for regulatory genes overexpression	6
2. Supplemental Methods	7
2.1 Construction of target gene disruption plasmids	7
2.2 Generation of <i>artB</i> , <i>artX</i> , and <i>artB</i> & <i>artX</i> overexpression vectors	7
3. Supplemental Figures	8
Figure S1: HPLC analysis of aurantimycin A	8
Figure S2: Alignment of ArtB and other regulators from <i>Streptomyces</i>	9
Figure S3: Construction of WL-02 mutant	10
Figure S4: Alignment of ArtX with other TetR regulators	11
Figure S5: Construction of WL-03 mutants	12
Figure S6: Identification of target gene overexpression strains	13
Figure S7: SDS-PAGE analysis of four purified A domains	14
Figure S8: Alignment of four KS domains in PKSs of the art cluster	15
Figure S9: Alignment of A domains activating piperazic acid	16
4. Supplemental References	17

1. Supplemental Tables

Table S1 Strains, plasmids, and cosmid used in this study

Strain, plasmids	Relevant genotype or description	Source/Reference
<i>Streptomyces</i>		
<i>S. aurantiacus</i>		
JA 4570	Wide-type strain producing aurantimycins	DMSZ [1]
WL01	<i>artG</i> mutant with insertion of <i>tsr</i>	This study
WL02	<i>artB</i> mutant with insertion of <i>tsr</i>	This study
WL03	<i>artX</i> mutant with insertion of <i>tsr</i>	This study
WT:: <i>artB</i>	<i>artB</i> overexpression strain of <i>S. aurantiacus</i> JA4570	This study
WT:: <i>artX</i>	<i>artX</i> overexpression strain of <i>S. aurantiacus</i> JA4570	This study
WT:: <i>artB</i> & <i>artX</i>	A JA4570 derivative with <i>artX</i> and <i>artX</i> tandemly overexpressed	This study
Δ <i>artB</i> :: <i>artB</i>	<i>artB</i> retro-complementation strains from WL02	This Study
Δ <i>artB</i> ::pIB139	WL02 with introduction of vector pIB139	This Study
Δ <i>artX</i> :: <i>artX</i>	<i>artX</i> retro-complementation strains from WL03	This Study
Δ <i>artX</i> ::pIB139	WL03 with introduction of vector pIB139	This Study
<i>E. coli</i>		
DH10B	F ⁻ <i>mcrA</i> Δ (<i>mrr-hsdRMS-mcrBC</i>) ϕ 80d <i>lacZ</i> Δ M15 Δ <i>lacX74</i> <i>deoR</i> <i>recA1endA1ara</i> Δ 139 D(<i>ara</i> , <i>leu</i>)7697 <i>galU</i> <i>galK</i> λ ⁻ <i>rpsL</i> <i>nupG</i>	GIBCO BRL
ET12567(pUZ8002)	<i>dam dcm hsdS</i> pUZ8002	[2]
Rosetta(DE3)	F ⁻ <i>ompT</i> <i>hsdS_B</i> (<i>r_B</i> ⁻ <i>m_B</i> ⁻) <i>gal dcm</i> (DE3) pRARE ² (Cam ^R)	Novagen
Plasmids		
pOJ446	<i>aa(3)IV</i> , SCP2, rep ^{pu} , att Φ C31, oriT	[3]
pIB139	<i>int</i> , <i>attp</i> , <i>aac(3)IV</i> , <i>PermE</i> *	[4]
pJTU968	pRSET-B derivative, <i>bla</i> , <i>PermE</i> *	[5]
pWHU1143-L	pOJ446 derivative carrying XbaI-BamHI engineered PCR fragment containing left arm of <i>artG</i> disruption vector	This study
pWHU1143-R	pWHU1143-L derivative carrying BamHI-EcoRI engineered PCR fragment containing right arm of <i>artG</i> disruption vector	This study
pWHU1143	pWHU1143-R derivative bearing BamHI engineered <i>tsr</i> fragment from pJTU2180 for <i>artG</i> mutation	This study
pWHU1144-L	pOJ446 derivative carrying XbaI-BamHI engineered PCR fragment containing left arm of <i>artB</i> disruption vector	This study
pWHU1144-R	pWHU1144-L derivative carrying BamHI-EcoRI	This study

	engineered PCR fragment containing right arm of <i>artB</i> disruption vector	
pWHU1144- <i>tsr</i>	pWHU1144-R derivative bearing BamHI engineered <i>tsr</i> fragment from pJTU2180 for <i>artB</i> mutation	This study
pWHU1145-L	pOJ446 derivative carrying XbaI-BamHI engineered PCR fragment containing left arm of <i>artX</i> disruption vector	This study
pWHU1145-R	pWHU1145-L derivative carrying BamHI-EcoRI engineered PCR fragment containing right arm of <i>artX</i> disruption vector	This study
pWHU1145- <i>tsr</i>	pWHU1145-R derivative bearing BamHI engineered <i>tsr</i> fragment from pJTU2180 for <i>artX</i> mutation	This study
pWHU1146	pIB139 derivative carrying NdeI-EcoRI digested PCR fragment containing <i>artB</i> from JA4570 genome for its overexpression	This study
pWHU1147	pIB139 derivative carrying NdeI-EcoRI digested PCR fragment containing <i>artX</i> from JA4570 genome for its overexpression	This study
pWHU1148	pJTU968 derivative bearing NdeI-EcoRI digested fragment containing <i>artX</i> from pWHU1147.	This study
pWHU1149	WHU1146 derivative carrying MfeI-EcoRI engineered fragment containing <i>PerME*</i> & <i>artX</i> from WHU1148 for <i>artB</i> & <i>artX</i> double overexpression	This study
pEASY-Blunt	<i>lacZα</i> , pUC <i>ori</i> , <i>f1 ori</i> , Amp ^r ,	TransGen Biotech
pEASY-Blunt- <i>artC</i>	pEASY-Blunt derivative carrying <i>artC</i> fragments amplified by PCR	This study
pEASY-Blunt- <i>artF-A2</i>	pEASY-Blunt derivative carrying <i>artF-A2</i> fragments amplified by PCR	This study
pEASY-Blunt- <i>artG-A1</i>	pEASY-Blunt derivative carrying <i>artG-A1</i> fragments amplified by PCR	This study
pEASY-Blunt- <i>artH-A</i>	pEASY-Blunt derivative carrying <i>artH-A</i> fragments amplified by PCR	This study
pET28a(+)	<i>Kan</i> , <i>lacI</i> , BR322, <i>ori</i>	Novagene
pET28a- <i>artC</i>	pET28a(+) derivative carrying <i>artC</i> NdeI-EcoRI engineered fragments from pEASY-Blunt- <i>artC</i>	This study
pET28a- <i>artF-A2</i>	pET28a(+) derivative carrying <i>artF-A1</i> NdeI-EcoRI engineered fragments from pEASY-Blunt- <i>artF-A2</i>	This study
pET28a- <i>artG-A1</i>	pET28a(+) derivative carrying <i>artG-A1</i> NdeI-EcoRI engineered fragments from pEASY-Blunt- <i>artG-A1</i>	This study
pET28a- <i>artH</i>	pET28a(+) derivative carrying <i>artH</i> NdeI-EcoRI engineered fragments from pEASY-Blunt- <i>artH</i>	This study

**oriT*, origin of transfer of plasmid RK2; *tsr*, thiostrepton resistance gene; *aac(3)IV*, apramycin resistance gene; DMSZ: Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen.

Table S2. PCR primers used in this study

Primers	Sequence (5' - 3')
<i>artG</i> -LarmF	GCTCTAGAGAAGGACGCACCGACGAA
<i>artG</i> -LarmR	CGGGATCCGCGACGACCTGGATGGAA
<i>artG</i> -RarmF	CGGGATCCACCTGCTGCTGCTCTACGC
<i>artG</i> -RarmR	GGAATTCGCTGTTGCCCCGCTGTT
<i>artG</i> -idF	GACAGCATCCGTTCCATCC
<i>artG</i> -idR	CACCGAGTTCAACGACACG
<i>artB</i> -LarmF	GGGAACAGGACGAGAAGACGG
<i>artB</i> -LarmR	CCACGAAGGACAGCACCACAT
<i>artB</i> -RarmF	GGGTGACCCAGGTGCTCGAC
<i>artB</i> -RarmR	TCGGCAATCATCACAGTCCT
<i>artB</i> -idF	GAGCAGGTTGACCGAAGTGAA
<i>artB</i> -idR	CGACGAGCATGTGATGGAGT
<i>artB</i> -expF	AGGACCGCGAGCAGTTACCG
<i>artB</i> -expR	CTAGGCGGTGCGCCGCTC
<i>artX</i> -LarmF	GCTCTAGACGTTGGAGTCCCAGTTGTTG
<i>artX</i> -LarmR	GAAGATCTCTTCTTCGGGCTGCTCTTC
<i>artX</i> -RarmF	GAAGATCTGCCTGCTTCTCGTTCTCCTC
<i>artX</i> -RarmR	GGAATTCCTCCGACCAACGCCTTCT
<i>artX</i> -idF	TGAAGAGCAGCCCGAAGA
<i>artX</i> -idR	CAGCACCTGAGGAGAACGAG
<i>artX</i> -expF	ATGACAGCACCTGAGGAGAACG
<i>artX</i> -expR	TCACCTGGCGCTCCCCGC
pIB139F	CGATGCTGTTGTGGGC
pIB139R	TGGCGATAAGTCGTGTCT
<i>tsrF</i>	TTGGACACCATCGCAAATC
<i>tsrR</i>	AAACCGAGGCGGAAGACG

ArtC-pro-expF	CGCCATATGGTCCACCAGCAGTTC
ArtC-pro-expR	GGAATTCACTATGCCGTGGCCGTGGT
ArtF-pro-expF	CGCCATATGCTGGAACAGCTGATCGAG
ArtF-pro-expR	GGAATTCAGCCGCGGGCGTACTCGCC
ArtG-pro-expF	CGCCATATGGCCGTCGCCGAACCGGGC
ArtG-pro-expR	GGAATTCAGTTCAGTTTCCCGTTCGG
ArtH-pro-expF	CGCCATATGGTCGTCGCCGACCCCGAC
ArtH-pro-expR	GGAATTCACGCGGGCAGCGCCCGCTG

F stands the forward primers, and R indicates the reverse primer.

Table S3 Yields of ATM-A for related strains after culturing for 5 days in shake-flask for regulatory genes inactivation

Strains	WT	$\Delta artB$	$\Delta artB::ar$ pIB139	$\Delta artB::ar$ <i>tB</i>	$\Delta artX$	$\Delta artX::pl$ B139	$\Delta artX::ar$ <i>tX</i>
ATM-A ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	38.4 \pm 1.8	23.4 \pm 2.3	22.0 \pm 1.6	35.6 \pm 0.2	3.8 \pm 0.2	2.8 \pm 0.4	30.9 \pm 1.1

Table S4 Yields of ATM-A for related strains after culturing for 5 days in shake-flask for regulatory genes overexpression

Strains	WT	WT::pIB 139	WT::artB	WT::artB	WT::artB
ATM-A ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	100.3 \pm 1.8	73.4 \pm 5.2	190.9 \pm 9.4	203.9 \pm 10.4	248.1 \pm 3.0

2. Supplemental Methods

2.1 Construction of target gene disruption plasmids

For the construction of pWHU1143, the 2.2-kb homologous L- and R-arms for *artG* inactivation were amplified with primers *artG*-Larm-F/R and *artG*-Rarm-F/R. After treated by XbaI/BamHI, the left arm was cloned into the corresponding sites of pOJ446 to generate pWHU1143L, and then the BamHI/EcoRI right arm was cloned into the counterpart site of pWHU1143L to produce pWHU1143R. Subsequently, a thiostrepton resistance gene (*tsr*) was introduced to the BamHI site of this plasmid to give *artG* inactivation plasmid pWHU1143. Likewise, *artB/artX* inactivation plasmids pWHU1144/pWHU1145 were constructed using the methods and protocol as mentioned above.

2.2 Generation of *artB*, *artX*, and *artB* & *artX* overexpression vectors.

To generate pWHU1146, the *artB* fragment was amplified with primers *artBexp*-F/R. After NdeI/EcoRI digestion, the fragment was inserted into the corresponding locus of plasmid pIB139 under the control of strong promoter *Perme** to give the *artB* overexpression plasmid pWHU1146. Similarly, pWHU1147 was constructed in consistence with the above method and protocol.

To construct pWHU1149, the *artX* fragment was amplified with primers *artXexp*-F/R and then it was cloned into pJTU968 under the control of *Perme** after the treatment by NdeI/EcoRI to generate pWHU1148. Subsequently, the MfeI-EcoRI engineered fragment containing *Perme** & *artX* was purified from pWHU1148 and it was inserted into the corresponding locus of pWHU1146 adjacent to *Perme** & *artB* region.

3. Supplemental Figures

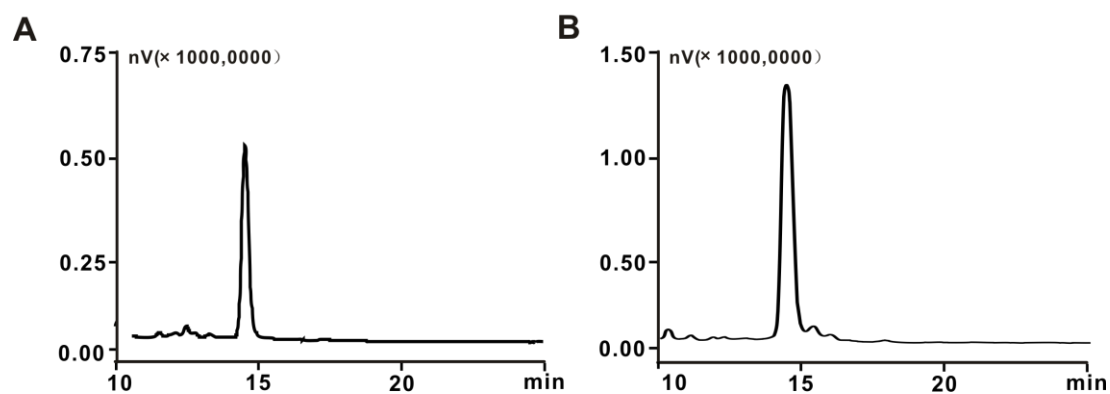


Figure S1. HPLC analysis of aurantimycin A. A: HPLC analysis of aurantimycin A standard; B: HPLC analysis of aurantimycin A production from *S. aurantiacus* JA 4570 wild type.

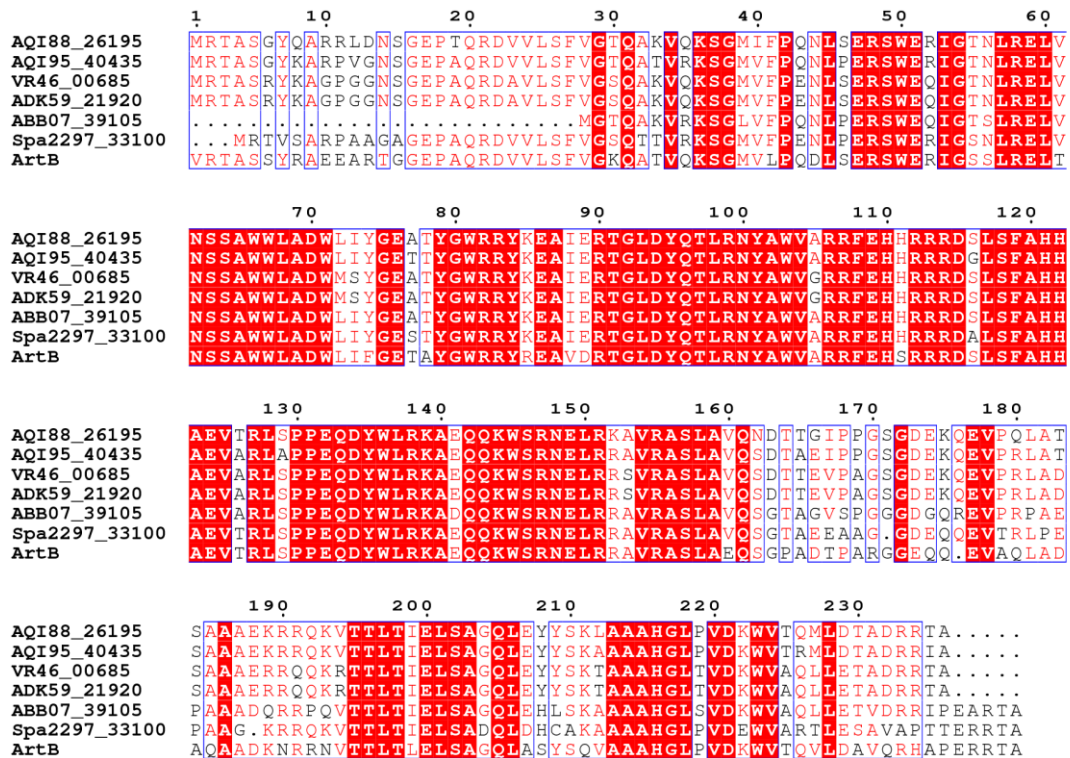


Figure S2. Alignment of ArtB and other regulators from *Streptomyces*. AQI88_26195: the amino acid sequence and secondary structure of AQI88_26195 from *Streptomyces resistomycificus* (Accession no. KUN90566); AQI95_40435: the amino acid sequence and secondary structure of AQI95_40435 from *Streptomyces yokosukanensis* (Accession no. KUM99164); VR46_00685: the amino acid sequence and secondary structure of VR46_00685 from *Streptomyces* sp. NRRL S-444 (Accession no. KJY47946); ADK59_21920: the amino acid sequence of ADK54_22460 ADK59_21920 from *Streptomyces* sp. XY332 (Accession no. KOY55936); ABB07_39105: the amino acid sequence of ABB07_39105 from *Streptomyces incarnatus* (Accession no. AKJ15893); Spa2297_33100: the amino acid sequence of Spa2297_33100 from *Streptomyces parvulus* (Accession no. ANJ11944).

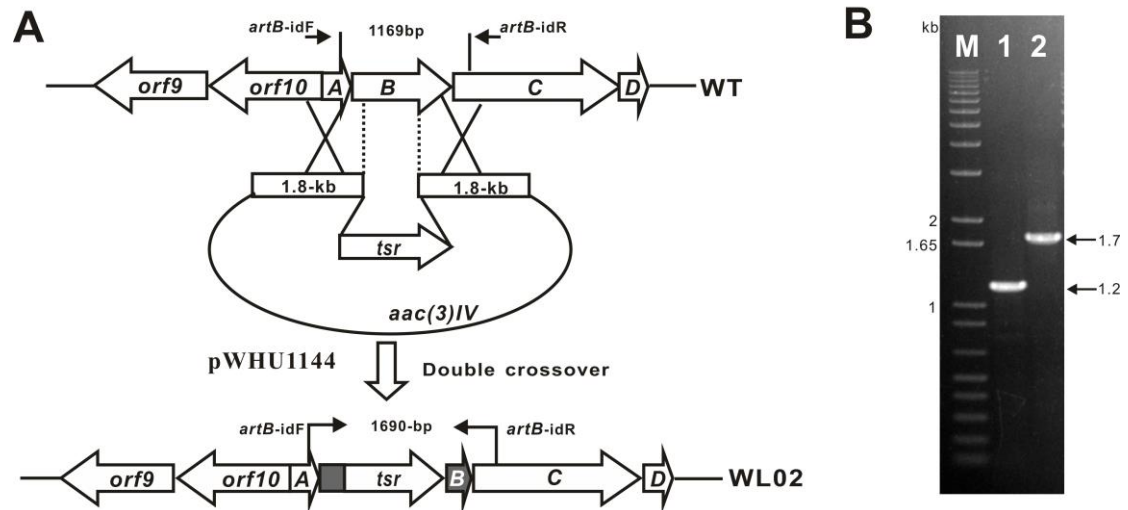


Figure S3. Construction of WL-02 Mutant. (A) Schematic representation for construction of WL-02 mutants. **(B)** PCR identification of the WL-02 mutants. M: 1kb plus ladder, 1: Using genomic DNA of JA4570 wild type as template, 2: Using genomic DNA of WL-02 mutants as template.

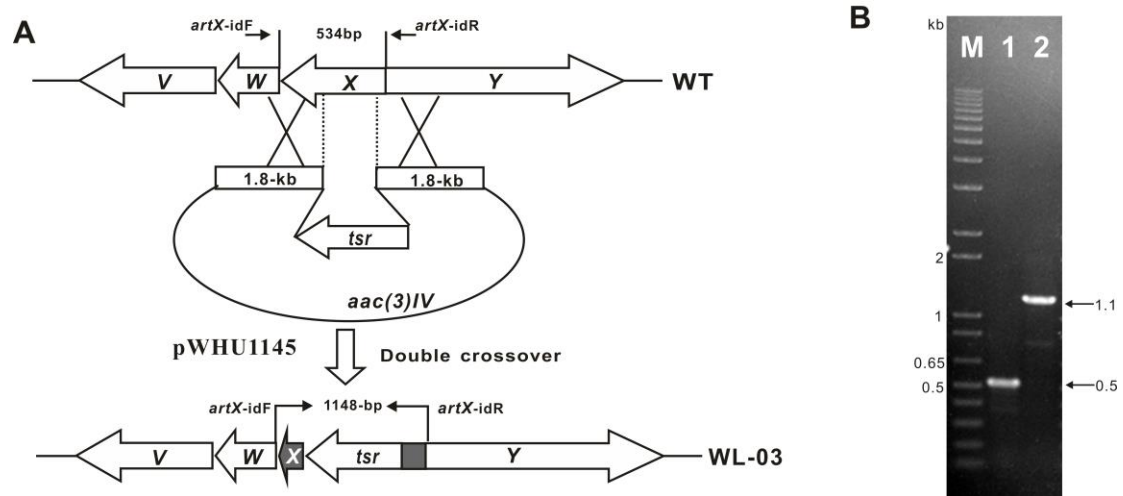


Figure S5. Construction of WL-03 mutants. (A) Schematic representation for construction of WL-03 mutants. **(B)** PCR identification of the WL-03 mutants. M: 1kb plus ladder, 1: Using genomic DNA of JA4570 wild type as template, 2: Using genomic DNA of WL-03 mutants as template.

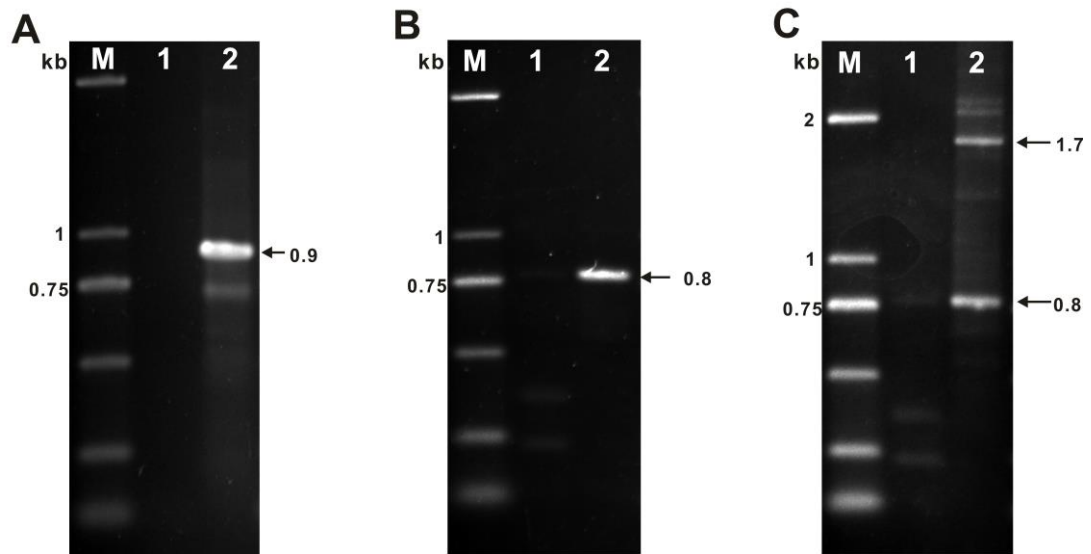


Figure S6. Identification of target gene overexpression strains. (A) PCR identification of the *artB* overexpression strains WL-04. M: DM2000, 1, Using genomic DNA of JA4570 wild type as template, 2 Using genomic DNA of WL-04 mutants as template; (B) PCR identification of the *artX* overexpression strains WL-05. M: DM2000, 1, Using genomic DNA of JA4570 wild type as template, 2 Using genomic DNA of WL-05 mutants as template; (A) PCR identification of the *artB&artX* overexpression strains WL-06. M: DM2000, 1, Using genomic DNA of JA4570 wild type as template, 2 Using genomic DNA of WL-06 mutants as template.

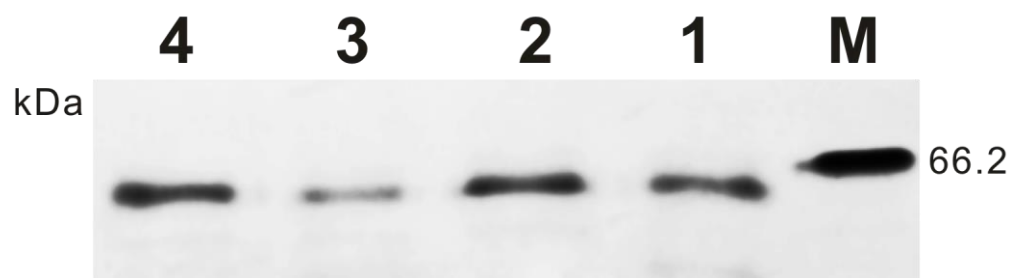


Figure S7. SDS-PAGE analysis of four A domains. M: protein ladder, Unstained Protein Molecular Weight Marker; 1: purified His6-tagged ArtC, 56.9kDa; 2: purified His6-tagged ArtF-A2, 59.6kDa; 3: purified His6-tagged ArtG-A1, 57.3kDa; 4: purified His6-tagged ArtH-A, 57.9kDa.

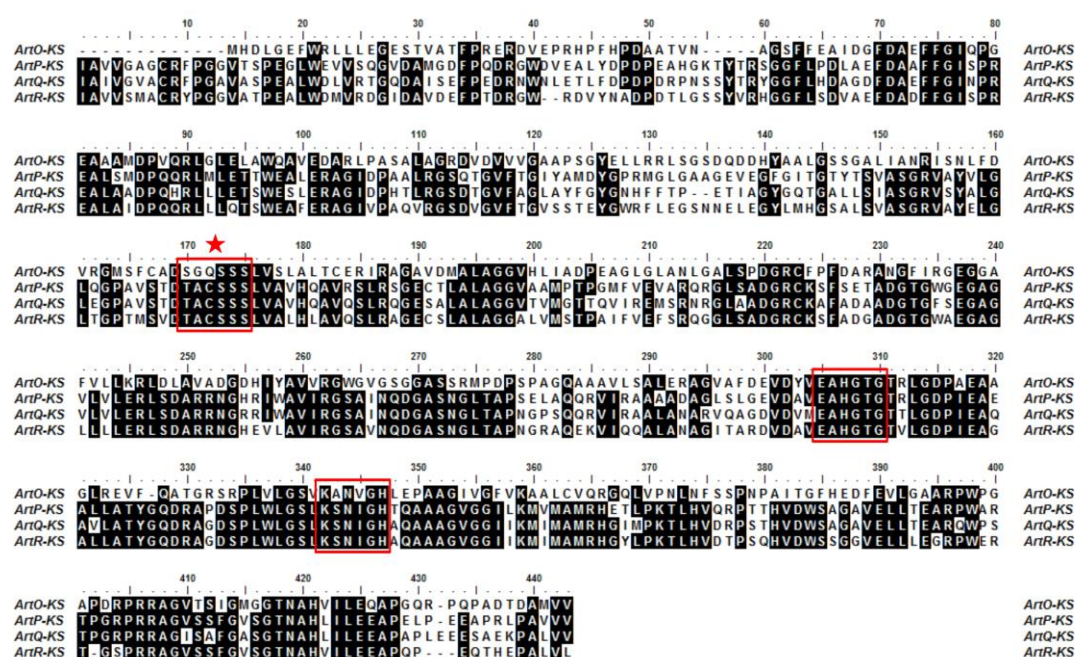


Figure S8. Alignment of four KS domains in PKs of the *art* cluster. The sequences in rectangular signify the conserved sites for KS domains. The star demonstrates the substitution of the transtioesterification site Cys (C) of ArtP-KS.

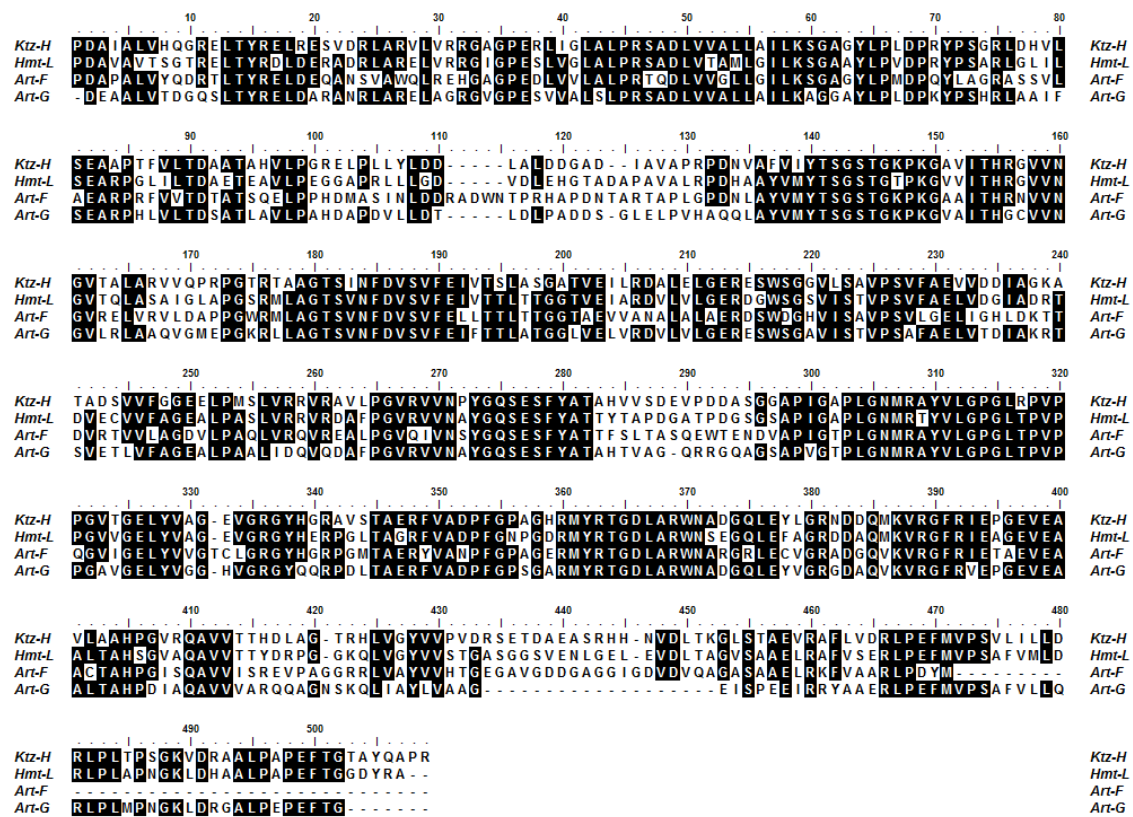


Figure S9. Alignment of A domains activating piperazic acid. Ktz-H: the amino acid sequence of A domain of Ktz-H from *Kutzneria* sp. 744 (Accession no. EU074211); Hmt-L: the amino acid sequence of A domain of Hmt-L from *Streptomyces himastatinicus* ATCC 53653 (Accession no. FR823394).

4. Supplemental References

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