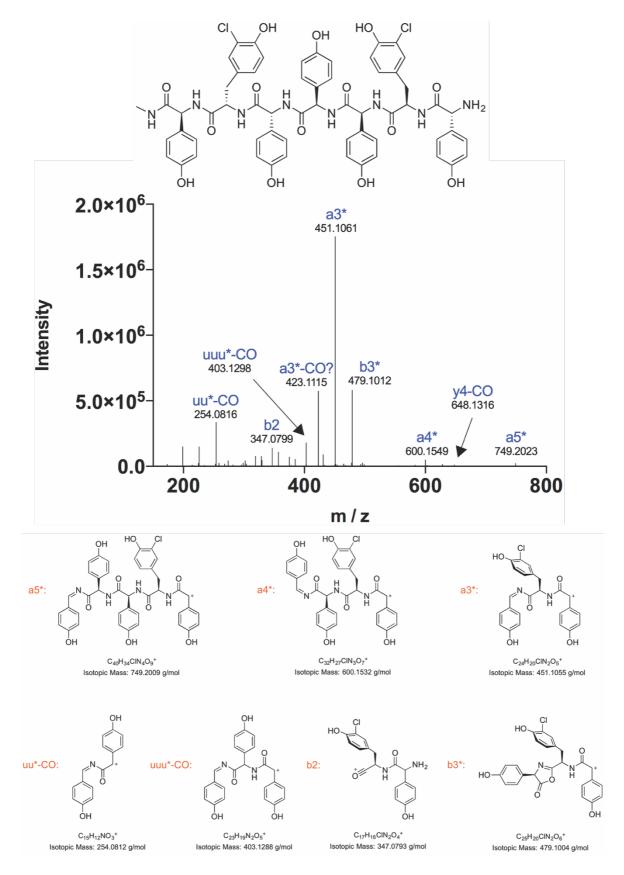
## Chlorinated Glycopeptide Antibiotic peptide precursors improve Cytochrome P450-catalyzed cyclization cascade efficiency

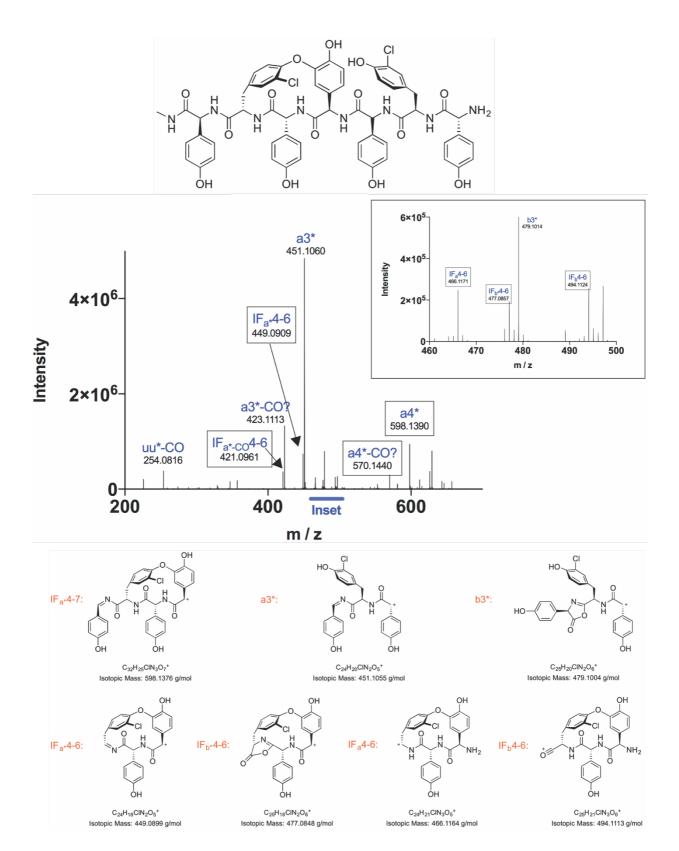
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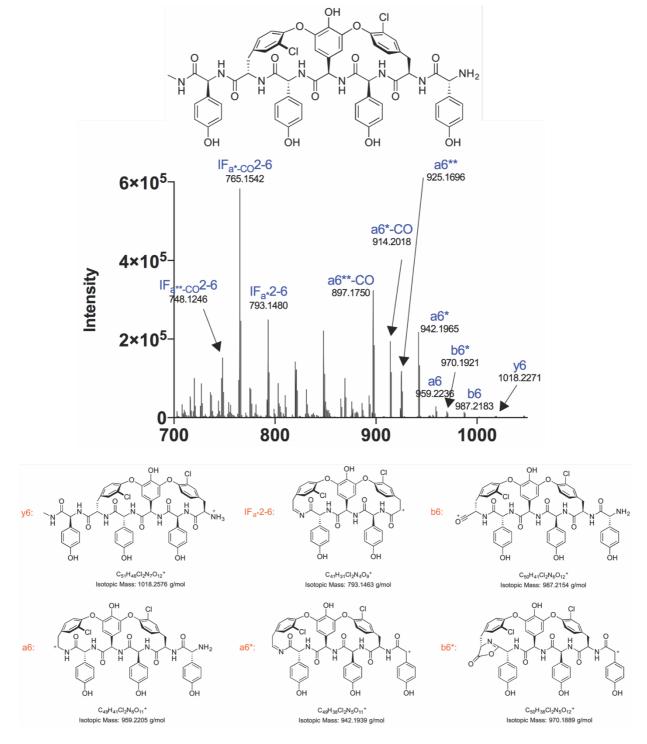
## **Supporting Information**



**Figure S1**. MS<sup>2</sup> fragmentation spectra and assignment of methylamine cleaved chlorinated, linear teicoplanin-like peptide **1**. MS<sup>2</sup> spectra are derived from the initial peptide with doubly <sup>35</sup>Cl labeling (isotopic mass: 1170.3293 g/mol).



**Figure S2**. MS<sup>2</sup> fragmentation spectra and assignment of methylamine cleaved chlorinated, monocyclic teicoplanin-like peptide **1**; MS<sup>2</sup> spectra are derived from the initial peptide with doubly  $^{35}$ Cl labeling (isotopic mass: 1168.3137 g/mol). Spectra clearly indicate the presence of the C-O-D ring installed by OxyB<sub>tei</sub>.



**Figure S3**. MS2 fragmentation spectra and assignment of methylamine cleaved chlorinated, bicyclic teicoplanin-like peptide **1**; MS<sup>2</sup> spectra are derived from the initial peptide with doubly  $^{35}$ Cl labeling (isotopic mass: 1166.2980 g/mol). Spectra clearly indicate the presence of both the C-O-D ring installed by OxyB<sub>tei</sub> and the presence of the D-O-E ring installed by OxyA<sub>tei</sub>.

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--MFEEINVVRAAELHRRDRFDPVPQLRSLMAEGPLTTLGTEESPGGRTAWLATGYDEIR
tei
dbv
      MEVFEELNVVLPGELHWRDRFDPVPQLRSFMAEGPMTELGAEEGPGGRTAWLATGFDEVR
        OVLSSDDFSARLLYGGTAAGITWPGFLTOYDPPEHTRLRRMVAPAFAVRRMOKFOPOVER
tei
      QVLGSDKFSSRLLYGGTAAGIVFPGFITQYDPPEHTRLRRVVSPAFTVRRMERFRPQVDQ
       tei
      VVQDSLDAIEALGGPVDFVPRFGWSVATTATCDFLGIPRDDQADLARSLHASRTERSGKR
dbv
       VVEDCLDAIESIGGPLDFVPHFGWSIATTATCDFLGIPRDDQAELSRSLHASRSQRAASR
       tei RTAAGNKFMTYMNKMTARTRRDPGDDMFGVVVREYGDEITDAELTGVAAFVMGAGADQVA dbv RGAAGNKFMTYMGQVVARTRRDPGDDMLSVVVREHGDEITDAELTGLAAFVMGAGGDOVA
       RFLAAGAWLMADDPEQFALLREKPDTVPDWLDEVIRYLTT<mark>DEKT</mark>HPRVATDDVRIGDHLI
RFLAAGAWLMAEVPEQFALLRDKPDVVPDWLEEMVRYLTI<mark>DEKL</mark>TPRIALEDVRIGDRIV
tei
       tei KAGDTVTCSLLAANRRNFPRPEDRFDITRVRPEHLAFGHGIHHCLGRSLAELVFRTAIPA
dbv KAGDTVTCSLLGANRRHFPGPDDOFDLTRDRAPNVAFGHGIHHCLGRPLAELIFRSAIPA
       KAGDTVTCSLLGANRRHFPGPDDQFDLTRDRAPNVAFGHGIHHCLGRPLAELIFRSAIPA
dby
       tei
      LAHRFPTLRLAEPHREIRLGPPPFDVEALLLDW
dbv
       LARRFPALRLAEPEQEIRLGPPPFDVKALLLDW
       **********
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**Figure S4**. Sequence alignment of the OxyA homologues from the teicoplanin (tei) and A40926 (dbv) GPA biosynthetic machineries, showing the high degree of overall similarity as well as in the regions of the protein closest to the active site heme moiety. Specific structural regions close to the active site that are specifically indicated include portions of the B-C loop region (highlighted in magenta), the I-helix (highlighted in light blue and containing the conserved P450 catalytic residues essential for enzyme function) and the loop following the K-helix (highlighted in apple green).