Supporting Information

Functionality of Nonfunctional Diluent Ligands within Bicomponent Layers on Nanoparticles

Sohyun Seo, Jang Ho Joo, Do Hyun Park and Jae-Seung Lee*

Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Korea University,

145 Anam-ro, Seongbuk-gu, Seoul, 02841, Republic of Korea.

E-mail: JSLEE79@korea.ac.kr

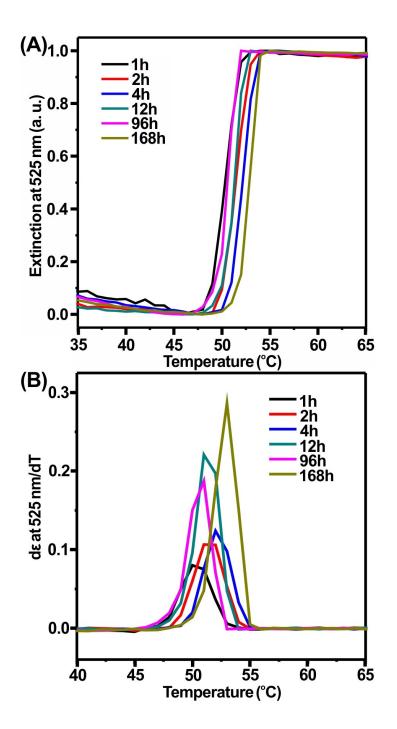


Figure S1. (A) Melting profiles of the hybridized DNA-AuNPs synthesized in the absence of HS-PEG (DNA 100%) over various conjugation time periods (1 h to 1 week) at 25 °C and (B) their first derivatives.

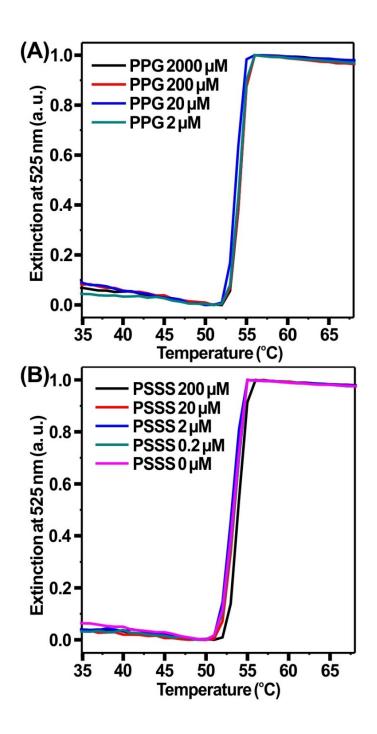


Figure S2. Melting profiles of the hybridized DNA-AuNPs synthesized with DNA and non-thiolated (A) poly(propylene glycol) (PPG) at various concentrations ranging from 2 to 2000 μ M and (B) poly(sodium 4-styrenesulfonate) (PSSS) at various concentrations ranging from 0.2 to 200 μ M for 6 h at 25 °C.

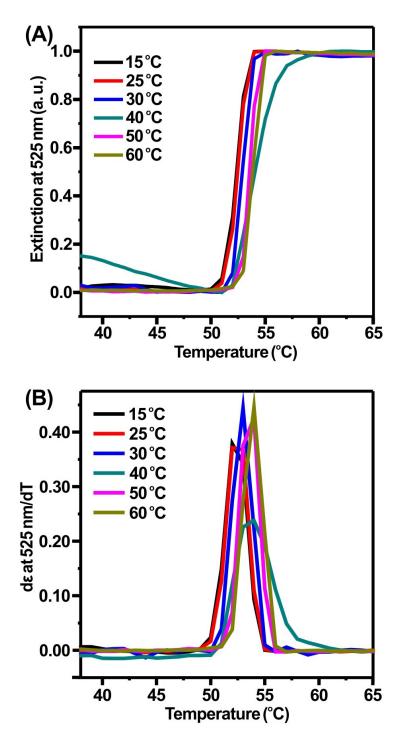


Figure S3. (A) Melting profiles of the hybridized DNA-AuNPs synthesized in the absence of HS-PEG (DNA 100%) at various conjugation temperatures (10 to 60 °C) for 9 h and (B) their first derivatives.

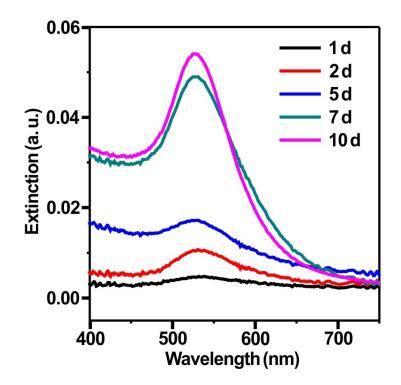


Figure S4. UV-vis spectra of DNA-AuNPs synthesized over various conjugation time periods (1 to 10 days) at 0.01 M Na⁺.